## Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake

## Series CE2

ø40, ø50, ø63, ø80, ø100

## Brake mechan ding cylinder

$\frac{\text { which can }}{\text { stroke length. }}$


Controller/CEU2

|l|liticl

# Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake/CE2 Controller/CEU2 

A cylinder capable of highly reproducible positioning (stopping accuracy of $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) has been created by adding a brake mechanism to a stroke reading cylinder which can measure stroke length.

## Brake mechanism

## Employs a combination spring and pneumatic lock type.

When there is a drop in air pressure, the workpiece is held by a spring lock.

## Locking in both directions is possible.

Locking in either side of cylinder stroke is possible, too.


## Working Principle of Brake Mechanism



## Measuring

Smallest measuring unit 0.1 mm
Magnetic scale rod and built-in detection head
Relation between displacement and output pulse on stroke reading cylinder



## System configuration

For safety measures
Stroke reading cylinder with brake + Counter

- Prevents dropping from raised positions during intermediate stops.


For precision positioning (Stopping accuracy $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ )

Stroke reading cylinder with brake + Controller $\binom{$ Brake positioning }{ system }


- Positioning with high reproducibility has been achieved by prediction control and learning function.
- The stop position will be automatically redressed by re-try function.



## Series CE2 Prior to Use

Flow Chart to Confirm Utility of Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake
Depending on the operating conditions, stable stopping accuracy may not be obtained. Therefore, make sure to follow the flow chart shown below.


* This series cannot be used in an environment where it is exposed to fluids (water, oil, coolant, etc.)


## Handling Technical Material

Be sure to read before handling brake positioning system (CE2 + CEU2).

Horizontal mounting


Vertical flat mounting


Vertical overhead mounting


Note）In the case of light load，regulate head side supply pressure．
＊SMC original symbols are used for Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake．

Recommended Pneumatic Equipment

| Bore size（mm） | Directional control valve | Brake valve | Regulator | Piping | Silencer | Speed controller |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\varnothing 40$ | VFS24■OR | VFS21ロ0 | AR425 | Nylon ø8／6 or larger | AN200－02 | AS4000－02 |
| $\varnothing 50$ | VFS24■OR | VFS21ロO | AR425 | Nylon ø10／7．5 or larger | AN200－02 | AS4000－02 |
| ø63 | VFS34ロOR | VFS21ロO | AR425 | Nylon $\varnothing 12 / 9$ or larger | AN300－03 | AS4000－03 |
| $\varnothing 80$ | VFS44ロOR | VFS31ロO | AR425 | Nylon ø12／9 or larger | AN300－03 | AS420－03 |
| $\varnothing 100$ | VFS44ロOR | VFS31■O | AR425 | Nylon ø12／9 or larger | AN400－04 | AS420－04 |

## Caution on Pneumatic Circuit Design

## Supply pressure

If line pressure is used directly as supply pressure，any fluctuation in pressure will appear in the form of changes in cylinder characteristics． Therefore，make sure to use a pressure regulator to convert line pressure into supply pressure（Drive： 0.1 to 1 MPa ，Brake： 0.3 to 0.5 MPa ）for the actuating valve and the brake valve．In order to actuate multiple cylinders at once，use a pressure regulator that can handle a large air flow volume and also consider installing a surge tank．

# Be sure to read before handling. <br> Refer to front matter 39 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions. 

## Sensor

## $\triangle$ Caution

Because a magnetic system is adopted in the sensor unit of the stroke reading cylinder with brake, the presence of a strong magnetic fields in the vicinity of the sensor could lead to a malfunction.
Operate the system with an external magnetic field of 14.5 mT .
This is equivalent to a magnetic field of approximately 18 cm in radius from a welding area using a welding amperage of almost 15,000 amperes. To use the system in a magnetic field that exceeds this value, use a magnetic material to shield the sensor unit


The sensor unit is adjusted to an appropriate position at the time of shipment. Therefore, never detach the sensor unit from the body. Make sure that water does not splash on the sensor unit (enclosure IP65). Do not pull on the sensor cable.

## Noise

Operating the stroke reading cylinder with brake in the vicinity of equipment that generates noise, such as a motor or a welder, could result in miscounting. Therefore, minimize the generation of noise as much as possible, and keep the wiring separate.
Also, the maximum transmission distance of the stroke reading cylinder with brake is 20.5 m . Make sure that the wiring does not exceed this distance. Besides, when the transmission distance is over 20.5 m , use the dedicated transmission box (Part no. CE1-H0374).


## How to Manually Disengage the Lock and Changg from the Unlocked to the Locked State

## Manual unlocking

1. Loosen the two hexagon socket head cap bolts and remove the pin guide.
2. As viewed from the end of the rod, the pin is tilted $15^{\circ}$ to the left of the center.
3. Supply an air pressure of 0.3 MPa or more to the unlocking port.
4. Rotate the pin $30^{\circ}$ to the right with a wooden implement such as the grip of a wooden hammer or a resin stick without scratching

How to manually change from an unlocked state to a locked state

1. Loosen the two hexagon socket head cap bolts and remove the pin guide.
2. As viewed from the end of the rod, the pin is tilted $15^{\circ}$ to the right of the center.
3. Supply air pressure of 0.3 MPa to the unlocking port.
4. Rotate the pin $30^{\circ}$ by pushing it with a wooden implement such as the grip of a wooden hammer or a resin stick.
Note) Never rotate the pin by striking it since this may bend or damage the pin. Be careful when pushing the pin since the surface is slippery.
5. Inside the pin guide, there is a slotted hole that is slightly larger than the pin. Align the pin with the slotted hole and secure them to cover, using the hexagon socket head cap screws that were removed in step 1. The convex of the pin guide and "LOCK" on the locking condition indication plate will align.


## Caution on Handling

## . Caution

1. Operate the cylinder in such a way that the load is always applied in the axial direction.
In case the load is applied in a direction other than the axial direction of the cylinder, provide a guide to constrain the load itself. In such a case, take precautions to prevent off-centering. If the piston rod and the load are off-centered, the speed of the movement of the piston could fluctuate, which could affect the piston's stopping accuracy and shorten the life of the brake unit.
2. If there is a large amount of dust in the operating environment, use a cylinder with a bellows to prevent the intrusion of dust.
Also, be aware that the operating temperature range is between 0 and $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3. The brake unit and the cylinder rod cover area are assembled as shown in the diagram below. For this reason, unlike ordinary cylinders, it is not possible to use the standard style mounted directly onto a machine by screwing in the cylinder tie-rods.
Furthermore, when replacing mounting brackets, the unit holding tie-rods may get loosen. Tighten them once again in such a case.
Use a socket wrench when replacing mounting brackets or retightening the unit holding tie-rods.


| Bore size (mm) | Mounting bracket nut |  |  | Unit holding tie-rod |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nut | Wioth acooss flats | Socket | Width across flats | Socket |
| 40 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { JIS B } 1181 \text { Class } 3 \\ \text { M8 } \times 1.25 \end{array}$ | 13 | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { JIS B B } 4636 \\ \text { 2pangle socket 13 } \end{array}\right\|$ | 10 | JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 10 |
| 50 |  |  |  | 13 | JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 13 |
| 63 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { JIS B } 1181 \text { Class } 3 \\ & \text { M10 } 1.25 \end{aligned}$ | 17 | JIS B 4636 <br> 2 point angle socket 17 | 13 | JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 13 |
| $\begin{gathered} 80 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { JIS B } 1181 \text { Class } 3 \\ \text { M12 } 1.75 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 19 | JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 19 | 17 | JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 17 |

## Operating Cautions

## Counting speed of the counter

Be aware that if the speed of the stroke reading cylinder with brake is faster than the counting speed of the counter, the counter will miscount.

```
Use CEU1, CEU2, CEU5.
    Cylinder speed < Counting speed of the counter
(Cylinder speed 500 mm/sec = Counting speed of the counter 5 kcps)
```


## Miscounting by lurching or bounding

If the stroke reading cylinder with brake lurches or bounds during an IN or OUT movement, or due to other factors, be aware that the cylinder speed could increase momentarily, possibly exceeding the counter's counting speed or the sensor's response speed, which could lead to miscounting.

# Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake Series CE2 $\varnothing 40, \varnothing 50, \varnothing 63, \varnothing 80, \varnothing 100$ 

Note）CE－compliant：When connecting to a 3－point preset counter（CEU1口－D， power supply voltage 24 VDC ）and a multi－counter（CEU5ロロ－D，power supply voltage 24 VDC ）． Refer to the counter operation manual for details．

## How to Order


＊1 Water resistant type auto switches can be mounted on the above models，but in such case SMC cannot guarantee water resistance．
Consult with SMC regarding water resistant types with the above model numbers．
Consult with SMC regarding water resistant types with the above model numbers．
＊Lead wire length symbols： $0.5 \mathrm{~m} \ldots \ldots . . .$. Nil（Example）M9NW $\quad$ Solid state auto switches marked with＂$O$＂are produced upon receipt of order $\begin{array}{lll}\text {（Example）M9NW } & \text {＊Solid state auto switches marked with＂O＂are produced upon receipt of order } \\ 1 \mathrm{~m} \ldots \ldots \ldots . . \mathrm{M} & \text {（Example）M9NWM } & \text {＊＊Since D－A9 and D－A9■V cannot be mounted on } \varnothing 50 \text { ，use of D－Z7 } \square \text { or } \\ 3 \mathrm{~m} \ldots \ldots . . \mathrm{L} & \text {（Example）M9NWL } & \text { D－Z80 is recommended．}\end{array}$
＊Since there are other applicable auto switches than listed，refer to page 1649 for details．
＊For details about auto switches with pre－wired connector，refer to pages 1960 and 1961.
＊D－A9 $\square / \mathrm{M} 9 \square / \mathrm{M} 9 \square \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{M} 9 \square \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{~V})$ auto switches are shipped together（not assembled）．（Only auto switch mounting brackets are assembled before shipped．）

## Series CE2



## Model

| Series | Type | Action | Bore size <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Lock <br> action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CE2 | Non-lube | Double <br> acting | $40,50,63$ <br> 80,100 | Spring and <br> pneumatic lock |

## Rod Boot Material

| Symbol | Rod boot material | Maximum ambient temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{J}$ | Nylon tarpaulin | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathbf{K}$ | Neoprene cross | $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{*}$ |

* Maximum ambient temperature for the rod boot itself.

Refer to pages 1644 to 1649 for cylinders with auto switches.

- Auto switch proper mounting position (detection at stroke end) and its mounting height
- Operating range
- Minimum stroke for auto switch mounting
- Auto switch mounting brackets/Part no.

Cylinder Specifications

| Bore size (mm) |  | $\varnothing 40$ | $\varnothing 50$ | ø63 | $ø 80$ | $\varnothing 100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fluid |  | Air (Non-lube) |  |  |  |  |
| Proof pressure | Drive | 1.5 MPa |  |  |  |  |
|  | Brake | 0.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum operating pressure | Drive | 1 MPa |  |  |  |  |
|  | Brake | 0.5 MPa |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum operating pressure | Drive | 0.1 MPa |  |  |  |  |
|  | Brake | 0.3 MPa |  |  |  |  |
| Piston speed |  | 50 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}^{*}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  | 00 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (No freezing) |  |  |  |  |
| Brake system |  | Spring and pneumatic lock type |  |  |  |  |
| Sensor cord length |  | $\varnothing 7-500 \mathrm{~mm}$ Oil-resistant |  |  |  |  |
| Stroke length tolerance |  | Up to $250 \mathrm{~mm}:{ }_{0}^{+1.0}, 251 \mathrm{~mm}$ to $1000 \mathrm{~mm}{ }_{0}^{+1.4}$ |  |  |  |  |

* Be aware of the constraints in the allowable kinetic energy.


## Sensor Specifications

| Cable | $\varnothing 7,6$ core twisted pair shielded wire (Oil, Heat and Flame resistant cable) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maximum transmission distance | 20.5 m (when using SMC cable while using controller or counter) |
| Position detection method | Magnetic scale rod/Sensor head <Incremental type> |
| Magnetic field resistance | 14.5 mT |
| Power supply | 10.8 to 26.4 VDC (Power supply ripple: $1 \%$ or less) |
| Current consumption | 40 mA |
| Resolution | $0.1 \mathrm{~mm} /$ pulse |
| Accuracy | $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ Note) |
| Output type | Open collector (Max. 35 VDC, 80 mA ) Note) |
| Output signal | A/B phase difference output |
| Insulation resistance | $50 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more ( 500 VDC measured via megohmmeter) (between case and 12E) |
| Vibration resistance | 33.3 Hz, 6.8 G 2 hrs. each in X, Y directions 4 hrs. in Z direction based upon JIS D 1601 |
| Impact resistance | $30 \mathrm{G}, 3$ times at $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z}$ |
| Enclosure | IP65 (IEC standard) Except connector part |
| Extension cable (Option) | $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{~m}$ |

Note) Digital error under Controller (CEU2), Counter (CEU1 or CEU5) is included. Besides, the whole accuracy after mounting on an equipment may be varied depending on the mounting condition and surroundings. As an equipment, calibration should be done by customer.

## Standard Stroke

| Bore size $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Standard stroke (mm) |  | Range of manufacturable stroke* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without rod boot | With rod boot | Without rod boot | With rod boot |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | 25 to 850 | 25 to 700 | Up to 1200 | Up to 950 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 25 to 800 | 25 to 650 | Up to 1150 | Up to 900 |
| $\mathbf{6 3}$ | 25 to 800 | 25 to 650 | Up to 1150 | Up to 900 |
| $\mathbf{8 0}$ | 25 to 750 | 25 to 600 | Up to 1100 | Up to 900 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 25 to 750 | 25 to 600 | Up to 1100 | Up to 850 |

* Strokes longer than the standard stroke are made-to-order products.

Weight

| Bore size (mm) |  |  | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic weight | Basic style |  | 2.18 | 3.39 | 5.29 | 8.66 | 12.09 |
|  | Foot style |  | 2.37 | 3.61 | 5.63 | 9.33 | 13.08 |
|  | Flange style |  | 2.55 | 3.84 | 6.08 | 10.11 | 14.01 |
|  | Single clevis style |  | 2.41 | 3.73 | 5.92 | 9.77 | 13.87 |
|  | Double clevis style |  | 2.45 | 3.82 | 6.08 | 10.06 | 14.39 |
|  | Trunnion style |  | 3.63 | 3.92 | 6.18 | 10.36 | 14.49 |
| Additional weight per each 50 mm of stroke | Aluminum tube | Mounting bracket | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.37 | 0.52 | 0.65 |
| Accessory bracket | Single knuckle |  | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.60 | 0.83 |
|  | Double knuckle |  | 0.32 | 0.38 | 0.38 | 0.73 | 1.08 |
|  | Knuckle pin |  | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.19 |

Calculation example: CE2L40-100

- Basic weight....................... 2.37 (Foot style, ø40)
- Additional weight................0.22/50 stroke
- Cylinder stroke................... 100 stroke
$2.37+0.22 \times 100 / 50=2.81 \mathrm{~kg}$


## Accessories

| Mounting |  | Basic | Axial <br> foot | Rod <br> flange | Head <br> flange | Single <br> clevis | Double <br> clevis | Center <br> trunnion |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard | Rod end nut | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
|  | Clevis pin | - | - | - | - | - | $\bullet$ | - |
| Option | Single knuckle joint | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
|  | Double knuckle joint <br> (with pin) | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
|  | With rod boot | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |

* Refer to page 1642 for dimensions and part numbers of the option. Refer to page 1640 for dimensions of the rod boot.

Construction


## Component parts

| No. | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Rod cover | Aluminum alloy | Black painted after hard anodized |
| 2 | Head cover | Aluminum alloy | Black painted |
| 3 | Cover | Aluminum alloy | Black painted after hard anodized |
| 4 | Cylinder tube | Aluminum alloy | Hard anodized |
| 5 | Piston rod | Free-cutting steel | Hard chrome plated |
| 6 | Piston | Aluminum alloy | Chromated |
| 7 | Brake piston | Carbon steel | Nitriding |
| 8 | Brake arm | Carbon steel | Nitriding |
| 9 | Brake arm holder | Carbon steel | Nitriding |
| 10 | Brake shoe holder | Carbon steel | Nitriding |
| 11 | Brake shoe | Special friction material |  |
| 12 | Roller | Chromium molybdenum steel | Nitriding |
| 13 | Pin | Chrome bearing steel | Heat treated |
| 14 | Type E retaining ring | Stainless steel | JIS B 2805E |
| 15 | Brake spring | Steel wire | Dacrodized |
| 16 | Retaining plate | Rolled steel plate | Zinc chromated |
| 17 | Cushion ring A | Rolled steel | Electroless nickel plated |
| 18 | Cushion ring B | Rolled steel | Electroless nickel plated |
| 19 | Bushing | Lead-bronze casted |  |
| 20 | Bushing | Lead-bronze casted |  |
| 21 | Cushion valve | Rolled steel plate | Electroless nickel plated |
| 22 | Tie-rod | Carbon steel | Chromated |
| 23 | Unit holding tie-rod | Carbon steel | Chromated |
| 24 | Piston nut | Rolled steel plate | Zinc chromated |
| 25 | Non-rotating pin | Carbon steel | High frequency quenched |
| 26 | Pin guide | Carbon steel | Black painted after nitriding |
| 27 | Tie-rod nut | Carbon steel | Black zinc chromated |


| No. |  | Material | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | Lock nut | Carbon steel | Nickel plated |
| 29 | Hexagon socket head cap screw | Chromium molybdenum steel | Black zinc chromated |
| 30 | Hexagon socket head cap screw | Stainless steel |  |
| 31 | Spring washer | Steel wire | Black zinc chromated |
| 32 | Spring washer | Steel wire | Black zinc chromated |
| 33 | Spring washer | Steel wire | Black zinc chromated |
| 34 | Spring washer | Steel wire | Black zinc chromated |
| 35 | Spring washer | Steel wire | Zinc chromated |
| 36 | Sensor cover | Carbon steel |  |
| 37 | Detection head assembly | - |  |
| 38 | Connector | - |  |
| 39 | Cable | - |  |
| 40 | Rubber magnet | NBR |  |
| 41 | Wear ring | Resin |  |
| 42 | Gasket | NBR |  |
| 43 | Bushing | NBR |  |
| 44 | Amp cushion | NBR |  |
| 45 | Seal retainer | Aluminum alloy |  |
| 46 | Coil scraper | Phosphor bronze |  |
| 47 | Piston seal | NBR |  |
| 48 | Rod seal A | NBR |  |
| 49 | Rod seal B | NBR |  |
| 50 | Brake piston seal | NBR |  |
| 51 | Cushion seal | NBR |  |
| 52 | Piston gasket | NBR |  |
| 53 | Cylinder tube gasket | NBR |  |
| 54 | Cushion valve seal | NBR |  |




## Foot style



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bore size $(\mathrm{mm})$ | B | LH | LS | LX | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | ZZ | LD |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | 58.5 | 40 | 272.5 | 42 | 27 | 13 | 309.5 | 9 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 68.5 | 45 | 289.5 | 50 | 27 | 13 | 333.5 | 9 |
| $\mathbf{6 3}$ | 83 | 50 | 322 | 59 | 34 | 16 | 362 | 11.5 |
| $\mathbf{8 0}$ | 100 | 65 | 372 | 76 | 44 | 16 | 415 | 13.5 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 114 | 75 | 386 | 92 | 43 | 17 | 432 | 13.5 |

## Rod side flange style



Head side flange style


## Single clevis style



Double clevis style


## Center trunnion style


(mm)

| Bore size ( mm ) | Rod side flange, Head side flange |  |  |  |  |  | Rod side flange |  | Single clevis, Double clevis |  |  |  |  |  | Single clevis CX | Double clevis |  | Center trunnion |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FT | FV | FX | FY | FZ | FD | B | BB | $C^{\text {H10 }}$ | L | $\mathbf{R R}_{1}$ | $\mathbf{R R}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | U | Z |  | CX | CZ | TDe8 | TX | TZ | Z |
| 40 | 12 | 60 | 80 | 42 | 100 | 9 | 71 | 77 | $10_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 30 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 299.5 | $15_{-0.3}^{-0.1}$ | $15_{+0.1}^{+0.3}$ | 29.5 | $15_{-0.059}^{-0.052}$ | 85 | 117 | 227.5 |
| 50 | 12 | 70 | 90 | 50 | 110 | 9 | 81 | 86 | $12_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 35 | 12 | 19 | 19 | 328.5 | $18_{-0.3}^{-0.1}$ | $18_{+0.1}^{+0.3}$ | 38 | $15_{-0.059}^{-0.032}$ | 95 | 127 | 248.5 |
| 63 | 15 | 86 | 105 | 59 | 130 | 11.5 | 101 | 107 | $16_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 40 | 16 | 23 | 23 | 352 | $25_{-0.3}^{-0.1}$ | 25 ${ }_{+0.1}^{+0.3}$ | 49 | $18_{-0.059}^{-0.032}$ | 110 | 148 | 263 |
| 80 | 18 | 102 | 130 | 76 | 160 | 13.5 | 119 | 126 | $20^{+0.084}$ | 48 | 20 | 28 | 28 | 403 | $31.5_{-0.3}^{-0.1}$ | $31.5_{+0.1}^{+0.3}$ | 61 | $25_{-0.073}^{-0.040}$ | 140 | 192 | 297 |
| 100 | 18 | 116 | 150 | 92 | 180 | 13.5 | 133 | 140 | $25_{0}^{+0.084}$ | 58 | 25 | 23.5 | 36 | 430 | $35.5{ }_{-0.3}^{-0.1}$ | $35.5{ }_{+0.1}^{+0.3}$ | 64 | $25_{-0.073}^{-0.040}$ | 162 | 214 | 309 |

## Mounting Bracket Part No.

| Bore size (mm) | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foot $^{*}$ | CA1-L04 | CA1-L05 | CA1-L06 | CA1-L08 | CA1-L10 |
| Flange | CA1-F04 | CA1-F05 | CA1-F06 | CA1-F08 | CA1-F10 |
| Single clevis | CA1-C04 | CA1-C05 | CA1-C06 | CA1-C08 | CA1-C10 |
| Double clevis $^{* *}$ | CA1-D04 | CA1-D05 | CA1-D06 | CA1-D08 | CA1-D10 |

* When ordering foot style brackets, 2 pcs. should be ordered for each cylinder.
** Clevis pin, flat washer and cotter pin are shipped together with double clevis style.


## Series CE2

## Allowable Kinetic Energy

Operate the stroke reading cylinder with brake within the proper allowable kinetic energy. It must not be operated out of the allowable range, which is shown in the graph on the right. All sizes must be operated within this range. (Supply pressure 0.5 MPa )



## Dimensions of Accessories

## Y Type Double Knuckle Joint



## Clevis Pin/Knuckle Pin



## I Type Single Knuckle Joint



| Material: Cast ir |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part no. | Applicable bore size | A1 | $\mathrm{E}_{1}$ | D1 | L1 | MM | R1 | $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ | ND | NX | NZ | L | Split pin size | Flat washer size |
| Y-04D | 40 | 22 | 24 | 10 | 55 | M14 $\times 1.5$ | 13 | 25 | 12 | $16{ }_{+0.1}^{0.3}$ | 38 | 55.5 | ¢3 $\times 18 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 12 |
| Y-05D | 50,63 | 27 | 28 | 14 | 60 | M18 $\times 1.5$ | 15 | 27 | 12 | $16_{+0.1}^{0.3}$ | 38 | 55.5 | ø3×18L | Polished round 12 |
| Y-08D | 80 | 37 | 36 | 18 | 71 | M22 $\times 1.5$ | 19 | 28 | 18 | $28+{ }_{+0.1}^{+0.3}$ | 55 | 76.5 | $\varnothing 4 \times 25 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 18 |
| Y-10D | 100 | 37 | 40 | 21 | 83 | M26 1.5 | 21 | 38 | 20 | $30_{+0.1}^{0+3 .}$ | 61 | 83 | ¢4×30 L | Polished round 20 |

* A knuckle pin, split pins and flat washers are included.

Material: Carbon steel

| Part no. | Applicable bore size |  | Dd9 | L1 | L2 | m | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { d } \\ \text { pill trough } \end{array}\right\|$ | Included split pin | Included flat washer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Clevis | Knuckle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CDP-2A | 40 | - | $10^{-0.040}$ | 46 | 38 | 4 | 3 | $\varnothing 3 \times 18 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round |
| CDP-3A | 50 | 40, 50, 63 | $12_{-0.093}^{-0.050}$ | 55.5 | 47.5 | 4 | 3 | $03 \times 18 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 12 |
| CDP-4A | 63 | - | $16_{-0.093}^{-0.050}$ | 71 | 61 | 5 | 4 | $04 \times 25 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 16 |
| CDP-5A | - | 80 | $18_{-0.093}^{-0.050}$ | 76.5 | 66.5 | 5 | 4 | $04 \times 25 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 18 |
| CDP-6A | 80 | 100 | $20_{-0.117}^{-0.065}$ | 83 | 73 | 5 | 4 | $\varnothing 4 \times 30 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 20 |
| CDP-7A | 100 | - | $25_{-0.117}^{-0.065}$ | 88 | 78 | 5 | 4 | $\varnothing 4 \times 36 \mathrm{~L}$ | Polished round 24 |

* Split pins and flat washers are included.


## Rod End Nut (Standard)



| Material: Rolled steel |  |  |  |  |  | (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part no. | Applicable bore size | d | H | B | C |  |
| NT-04 | 40 | M14 $\times 1.5$ | 8 | 22 | 25.4 | 21 |
| NT-05 | 50, 63 | M18 $\times 1.5$ | 11 | 27 | 31.2 | 26 |
| NT-08 | 80 | M $22 \times 1.5$ | 13 | 32 | 37.0 | 31 |
| NT-10 | 100 | M26 $\times 1.5$ | 16 | 41 | 47.3 | 39 |

Series CE2

## Auto Switch Mounting 1

Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End) and Its Mounting Height
<Band mounting>
D-B5 $\square / B 64 / B 59 W$


D-A3 $\square$
D-G39/K39


D-G5 $\square / K 59$
D-G5 WW/K59W
D-G5BA
D-G59F/G5NT


## D-A44


<Tie-rod mounting>
D-A9ㅁ/A9■V
D-Z7ロ/Z80
D-M9■/M9■V
D-M9■W/M9■WV
D-M9 $\square A / M 9 \square A V$
D-Y59■/Y69■/Y7P/Y7PV
D-Y7■W/Y7ロWV
D-Y7BA


D-A5 $\square /$ A6 $\square$
D-A59W


D-A3 $\square$ C
D-G39C/K39C


D-F5 $\square / J 59$
D-F5NT
D-F5 $\quad$ W/J59W
D-F5BA/F59F


Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End) and Its Mounting Height
Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position
(mm)

| Auto switch model <br> Bore size (mm) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A9 } \square \\ & \text { D-A9 } \square \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-M9 } \square \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square V \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \text { W } \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \mathbf{W V} \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \text { A } \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \text { AV } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-B59W } \\ & \text { D-Z7 } \\ & \text { D-Z80 } \\ & \text { D-Y59 } \\ & \text { D-Y69 } \\ & \text { D-Y7P } \\ & \text { D-Y7PV } \\ & \text { D-Y7 } \square W \\ & \text { D-Y7 } \square W V \\ & \text { D-Y7BA } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { D-A5 } \square \\ & \text { D-A6 } \square \\ & \text { D-A3 } \square \\ & \text { D-A3 } \square \text { C } \\ & \text { D-A44 } \\ & \text { D-A44C } \\ & \text { D-G39 } \\ & \text { D-G39C } \\ & \text { D-K39 } \\ & \text { D-K39C } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-B5 } \\ & \text { D-B64 } \end{aligned}$ |  | D-F5 $\square$ <br> D-J59 <br> D-F59F <br> D-F5 $\square$ W <br> D-J59W <br> D-F5BA |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-G5ם } \\ & \text { D-K59 } \\ & \text { D-G5NT } \\ & \text { D-G5 } \quad \text { W } \\ & \text { D-K59W } \\ & \text { D-G5BA } \\ & \text { D-G59F } \end{aligned}$ |  | D-A59W |  | D-F5NT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | A | B | A | B | A | B | A | B | A | B | A | B | A | B | A | B |
| 40 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 11.5 | 9.5 |
| 50 | - | - | 10 | 8 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 11.5 | 9.5 |
| 63 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 12.5 | 11.5 | 6 | 5 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 3 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 14 | 13 |
| 80 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 14 | 9.5 | 7.5 | 6 | 4 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 12.5 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 17.5 | 15.5 |
| 100 | 13.5 | 12.5 | 17.5 | 16.5 | 11 | 10 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 8 | 7 | 14 | 13 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 10.5 | 19 | 18 |

* D-A9 and D-A9 $\square$ V cannot be mounted on $\varnothing 50$.

Note) Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.
Auto Switch Mounting Height
(mm)

| Auto switch model (mm) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A9 } \square \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \mathbf{W} \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \mathbf{A} \end{aligned}$ |  | D-A9 $\square$ V |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-M9 } \square V \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \text { WV } \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square A V \end{aligned}$ |  | D-Z7■ <br> D-Z80 <br> D-Y59 <br> D-Y7P <br> D-Y7BA <br> D-Y7 $\square \mathbf{W}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-Y69 } \\ & \text { D-Y7PV } \\ & \text { D-Y7 } \square W V \end{aligned}$ |  | D-B5 $\square$ <br> D-B64 <br> D-B59W <br> D-G5 $\square$ <br> D-K59 <br> D-G5NT <br> D-G5 $\square$ W <br> D-K59W <br> D-G5BA <br> D-G59F | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A3 } \\ & \text { D-G39 } \\ & \text { D-K39 } \end{aligned}$ | D-A44 <br> Hs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A5 } \square \\ & \text { D-A6 } \square \\ & \text { D-A59W } \end{aligned}$ |  | D-F5 $\square$ <br> D-J59 <br> D-F5 $\square$ W <br> D-J59W <br> D-F5BA <br> D-F59F <br> D-F5NT |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A3 } \square \text { C } \\ & \text { D-G39C } \\ & \text { D-K39C } \end{aligned}$ |  | D-A44C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hs | Ht | Hs | Ht | Hs | Ht | Hs | Ht | Hs | Ht |  |  |  | Hs | Ht | Hs | Ht | Hs | Hw | Hs | Hw |
| 40 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 30 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30.5 | 30 | 38 | 72.5 | 80.5 | 40 | 31 | 38.5 | 31 | 73 | 69 | 81 | 69 |
| 50 | 34 | 34 | 36.5 | 34 | 39 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 34 | 43.5 | 78 | 86 | 43.5 | 35 | 42.5 | 35 | 78.5 | 77 | 86.5 | 77 |
| 63 | 41 | 41 | 43.5 | 41 | 46 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 42.5 | 41 | 50.5 | 85 | 93 | 49 | 42 | 48 | 42 | 85.5 | 91 | 93.5 | 91 |
| 80 | 49.5 | 49 | 51.5 | 49 | 54 | 49 | 49.5 | 48.5 | 51 | 48.5 | 59 | 93.5 | 101.5 | 55.5 | 50 | 54 | 50 | 94 | 107 | 102 | 107 |
| 100 | 57 | 56 | 59.5 | 56 | 62.5 | 56 | 58.5 | 56 | 59 | 56 | 69.5 | 104 | 112 | 63 | 57.5 | 62 | 57.5 | 104 | 121 | 112 | 121 |

* D-A9 $\square$ and D-A9■V cannot be mounted on $\varnothing 50$.

Series CE2
Auto Switch Mounting 2
Minimum Auto Switch Mounting Stroke

|  |  |  |  |  |  | n : No. of | auto switches (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auto switch model | No. of auto switch mounted |  | Mounting brackets other than center trunnion | Center trunnion |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ø40 $\quad$ ø50 | $ø 63$ | $\varnothing 80$ | $\varnothing 100$ |
| D-A9 $\square$ |  | Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 |  | 15 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 90 |
|  |  | n | $\begin{gathered} 15+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note 1 })} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 75+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 80+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 90+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{array}$ |
| D-A9 $\square$ V |  | Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 | 10 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 |
|  |  | n | $\begin{gathered} 10+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots) \text { Note 2) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 55+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 65+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-M9 } \square \\ & \text { D-M9 } \quad \text { W } \end{aligned}$ |  | Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 | 15 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 |
|  |  | n | $\begin{gathered} 15+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 80+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 95+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-M9 } \square V \\ & \text { D-M9 } \square \mathbf{W V} \end{aligned}$ | 2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 |  | 10 | 55 | 60 | 65 | 70 |
|  |  | n | $\begin{gathered} 10+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 55+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \ldots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 65+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 70+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{array}$ |
| D-M9 $\square$ A | 2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 |  | 15 | 80 | 85 | 95 | 100 |
|  |  | n | $\begin{gathered} 15+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 80+40 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 95+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 100+40 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| D-M9 $\square$ AV | 2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 |  | 10 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 |
|  | n |  | $\begin{gathered} 10+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 65+30 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 75+30 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{array}$ |
| D-A5 $\square / A 6$ <br> D-F5 $\square / J 59$ <br> D-F5 $\square$ W/J59W <br> D-F5BA/F59F | 2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1 |  | 15 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 |
|  | n (Same surface) |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 15+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note 1 })} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ \left(\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16^{\cdots}\right)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100+55 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 110+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \ldots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 120+55 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{array}$ |
| D-A59W | 2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) |  | 20 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 |
|  | n (Same surface) |  | $\begin{gathered} 20+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 110+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \ldots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | 1 | 15 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 |
| D-F5NT | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { (Different surfaces, } \\ & \text { Same surface) } 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 25 | 110 | 120 | 130 | 140 |
|  | n (Same surface) |  | $\begin{gathered} 25+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8 \cdots)^{\text {Note 1 })} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 110+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 130+55 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16 \ldots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 140+55 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16 \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-B5ם/B64 } \\ & \text { D-G5 } \square / K 59 \\ & \text { D-G5 } \square \text { W } \\ & \text { D-K59W } \\ & \text { D-G5BA } \\ & \text { D-G59F } \\ & \text { D-G5NT } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | (Different surfaces) | 15 | 90 | 100 | 110 |  |
|  |  | (Same surface) | 75 |  |  |  |  |
|  | n | (Different surfaces) | $\begin{gathered} 15+50 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8, \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+50 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16, \cdots) \text { Note } 2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100+50 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16, \cdots)^{\text {Note } 2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110+5 \\ (n=4,8,12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ & , 16 \cdots) \text { Note 2) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | (Same surface) | $\begin{gathered} 75+50(n-2) \\ (n=2,3,4, \cdots) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+50(n-2) \\ (n=2,4,6,8, \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100+50(\mathrm{n}-2) \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8, \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110+5 \\ (n=2,4,6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0(n-2) \\ & , 8, \cdots)^{\text {Note 1) }} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 1 | 10 | 90 | 100 |  | 10 |
| D-B59W | 2 | (Different surfaces) | 20 | 90 | 100 | 110 |  |
|  |  | (Same surface) | 75 |  |  |  |  |
|  | n | (Different surfaces) | $\begin{gathered} 20+50 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-2)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8, \cdots)^{\text {Note } 1)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+50 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ (n=4,8,12,16, \cdots) \text { Note } 2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100+50 \frac{(\mathrm{n}-4)}{2} \\ (\mathrm{n}=4,8,12,16, \cdots)^{\text {Note 2) }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110+5 \\ (n=4,8,12 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \frac{(n-4)}{2} \\ & , 16, \cdots) \text { Note } 2) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | (Same surface) | $\begin{aligned} & 75+50(n-2) \\ & (n=2,3,4, \cdots) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90+50(n-2) \\ (n=2,4,6,8, \cdots) \text { Note } 1) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100+50(n-2) \\ (\mathrm{n}=2,4,6,8, \cdots)^{\text {Note 1 })} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110+5 \\ (n=2,4,6, \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0(n-2) \\ & , 8, \cdots)^{\text {Note 1) }} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 1 | 15 | 90 | 100 |  | 10 |

[^0]Auto Switch Mounting Series CE2

Minimum Auto Switch Mounting Stroke


[^1]
## Series CE2

Auto Switch Mounting 3

## Operating Range

|  | (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auto switch model | Bore size (mm) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 |
| D-A9 $\square /$ A9 $\square$ V | 7 | - | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| D-M9 $\square / M 9 \square V$ <br> D-M9 $\square$ W/M9 $\square$ WV <br> D-M9 $\square$ A/M9 $\square$ AV | 5 | 5 | 5.5 | 6 | 6.5 |
| D-Z7口/Z80 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 9.5 | 10.5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { D-A3 } \square / \text { A44 } \\ & \text { D-A3 } \square \text { C/A44C } \end{aligned}$ | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| D-A5 $\square / \mathrm{A6} \square$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| D-B5 $\square / B 64$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| D-A59W | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 15 |
| D-B59W | 14 | 14 | 17 | 16 | 18 |


| Auto switch model | Bore size (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| D-Y59 $\square / Y 69 \square$ <br> D-Y7P/Y7 $\square \mathbf{V}$ <br> D-Y7 $\square W / Y 7 \square W V ~$ <br> D-Y7BA | 8 | 7 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| D-F5 $\square / J 59 / F 5 \square W ~$ <br> D-J59W/F5BA <br> D-F5NT <br> D-F59F | 4 | 4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| D-G5 $\square / K 59 / G 5 \square W ~$ <br> D-K59W/G5BA <br> D-G5NT/G59F | 5 | 6 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 7 |
| D-G39/K39 <br> D-G39C/K39C | 9 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 11 |

* D-A9 $\square$ and D-A9■V cannot be mounted on $\varnothing 50$.
* Since the operating range is provided as a guideline including hysteresis, it cannot be guaranteed (assuming approximately $\pm 30 \%$ dispersion). It may vary substantially depending on an ambient environment.
Auto Switch Mounting Bracket: Part No.


## <Tie-rod mounting>

| Auto switch model | Bore size (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 |
| D-A9■/A9 $\square V$ <br> D-M9 $\square / M 9 \square V$ <br> D-M9■W/M9■WV <br> D-M9 $\square$ A/M9 $\square$ AV | BA7-040 | BA7-040 | BA7-063 | BA7-080 | BA7-080 |
| D-A5 $\square / A 6 \square$ <br> D-A59W <br> D-F5 $\square / J 59$ <br> D-F5 $\square$ W/J59W <br> D-F59F/F5NT | BT-04 | BT-04 | BT-06 | BT-08 | BT-08 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A3 } \square C / A 44 C \\ & \text { D-G39C/K39C } \end{aligned}$ | ВАЗ-040 | ВАЗ-050 | ВАЗ-063 | ВАЗ-080 | ВАЗ-100 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { D-Z7ロ/Z80 } \\ \text { D-Y59 } / \text { Y69 } \\ \text { D-Y7P/Y7PV } \\ \text { D-Y7 } \square W / Y 7 \square W V ~ \\ \text { D-Y7BA } \end{array}$ | BA4-040 | BA4-040 | BA4-063 | BA4-080 | BA4-080 |



- Mounting example of D-A9 $\square(\mathrm{V}) / \mathrm{M} 9 \square(\mathrm{~V}) / \mathrm{M} 9 \square \mathrm{~W}(\mathrm{~V}) / \mathrm{M} 9 \square \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{~V})$


## <Band mounting>

| Auto switch model | Bore size (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A3 } \square / A 44 \\ & \text { D-G39/K39 } \end{aligned}$ | BD1-04M | BD1-05M | BD1-06M | BD1-08M | BD1-10M |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { D-B5 } \square / B 64 \\ \text { D-B59W } \\ \text { D-G5 } \square / K 59 \\ \text { D-G5 } \square \text { W/K59W } \\ \text { D-G59F } \\ \text { D-G5NT } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | BA-04 | BA-05 | BA-06 | BA-08 | BA-10 |

Note 1) D-A9 $\square$ and D-A9 $\square$ V cannot be mounted on $\varnothing 50$.
Note 2) Auto switch mounting brackets are included in D-A3■C/A44C/G39C/K39C. Order them in accordance with the cylinder size as shown below. (Example) ø40: D-A3 $\square \mathrm{C}-4, \varnothing 50: \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{A3} \square \mathrm{C}-5$
ø63: D-A3 $\square C-6, ~ ø 80: ~ D-A 3 \square C-8, ~ \varnothing 100: ~ D-A 3 \square C-10 ~$ Order them with the part numbers above when the mounting brackets are required separately.

## [Mounting screw set made of stainless steel]

The following set of mounting screws made of stainless steel (including nuts) is available. Use it in accordance with the operating environment.
(Please order the auto switch mounting bracket and band separately, since they are not included.)
BBA1: For D-A5/A6/F5/J5 types
BBA3: For D-B5/B6/G5/K5 types
D-F5BA/G5BA auto switches are set on the cylinder with the stainless steel screws above when shipped. When an auto switch is shipped independently, BBA1 or BBA3 is attached.

Note 3) Refer to pages 1989 and 1997 for the details of BBA1 and BBA3.
 Order a stainless steel screw set (BBA1) separately, and select and use the M4 x6L stainless steel set screws included in the BBA1.

## Auto Switch Mounting Series CE2



## Controller CEU2/Specifications



* Refer to operation manual of CEU2 regarding detailed positioning system.

Dimensions


As for 3 point preset counter and multi counter, it will be common to CEP1 and CE1 series. For details, refer to 3 point preset counter/CEU1 on page 1618, and Multi counter/CEU5 on page 1615 respectively.

## Wiring with External Equipment

## <Wiring with controller CEU2>

## 1. Wiring of driving power of controller

To operate the controller, use a power supply with the following specifications: 90 to $110 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and 21.6 to $26.4 \mathrm{VDC}, 0.4 \mathrm{~A}$ or higher.

## 3. Output circuit

There are two outputs, the NPN open collector and the PNP open collector. The maximum rating is $30 \mathrm{VDC}, 50 \mathrm{~mA}$. Operating the controller by exceeding this voltage and amperage could damage the electric circuit. Therefore, the equipment to be connected must be below this rating.


* However, on the valve output side, the COM of the input circuit and the COM of the output circuit are electrically insulated from each other.


## 2. Input circuit

The voltage and the amperage capacity of the switch or the PLC to be connected are 24 VDC, 10 mA or higher.


## 4. Valve output circuit

The maximum rating is $24 \mathrm{VDC}, 80 \mathrm{~mA}$. Operating the controller by exceeding this voltage and amperage could damage the electric circuit. Therefore, the equipment to be connected must be below this rating.


## <Input, Output>

The connection of the input/output signals of the position detection sensor of the stroke reading cylinder is effected through the connector that extends from the cylinder. The output circuit and the connection of the connectors are described in the diagram below.

Output circuit of stroke reading cylinder with brake


## Connector pin arrangement <br> 



Signal

| Contact signal | Wire color | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | White | A phase |
| B | Yellow | B phase |
| C | Brown | COM $(0 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| D | Blue | COM $(0 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| E | Red | +12 V to 24 V |
| F | Black | 0 V |
| G | - | Shield |


[^0]:    Note 1) When " $n$ " is an odd number, an even number that is one larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.
    Note 2) When " $n$ " is an odd number, a multiple of 4 that is larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.

[^1]:    Note 1) When " n " is an odd number, an even number that is one larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.
    Note 2) When " $n$ " is an odd number, a multiple of 4 that is larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.

