# Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake

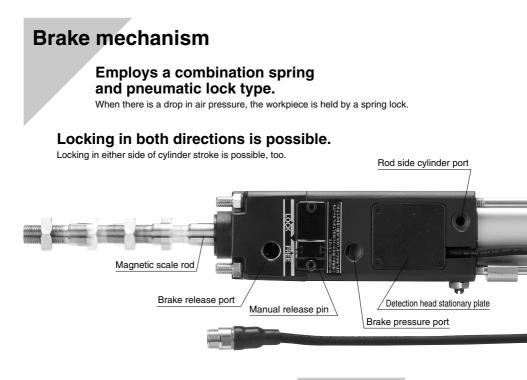
## Series CE2

ø40, ø50, ø63, ø80, ø100

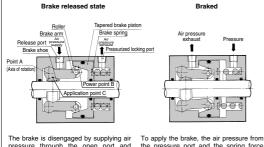


# Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake/CE2 Controller/CEU2

A cylinder capable of highly reproducible positioning (stopping accuracy of  $\pm 0.5$  mm) has been created by adding a brake mechanism to a stroke reading cylinder which can measure stroke length.



## Working Principle of Brake Mechanism



The brake is disengaged by supplying air pressure through the open port and discharging air from the pressure port, thus pushing the brake piston in the opposite direction. To apply the brake, the air pressure from the pressure port and the spring force push the brake piston, and the perpendicular force that is created by the taper of the piston is amplified by the brake arm to push the brake shoe against the rod.

## Measuring

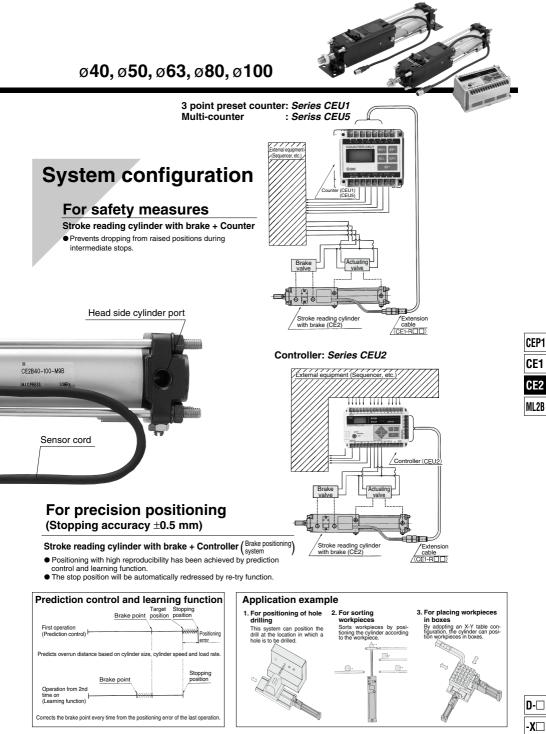
## Smallest measuring unit 0.1 mm

Magnetic scale rod and built-in detection head

Relation between displacement and output pulse on stroke reading cylinder

Re	verse table moving direction
Cylinder 0.0 0.1 0.2 displacement (mm)	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7
A phase output pulse	
B phase output pulse	
Counter value 0 1 2	3 4 3 2 1



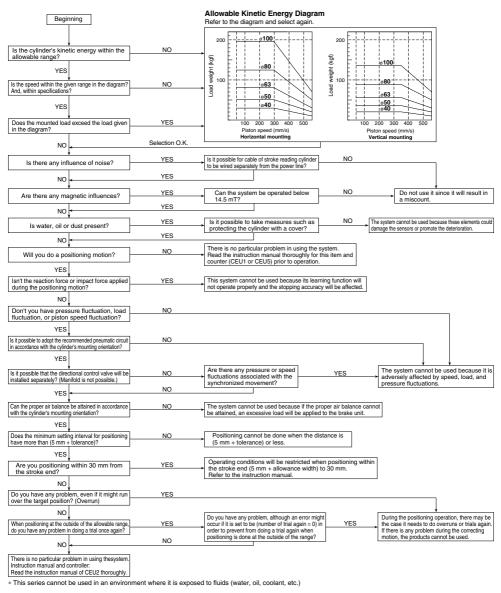


**SMC** 

CEP1 CE1 CE2 ML2B

## Flow Chart to Confirm Utility of Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake

Depending on the operating conditions, stable stopping accuracy may not be obtained. Therefore, make sure to follow the flow chart shown below.

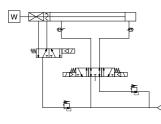


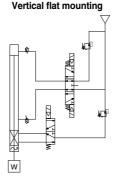
## Handling Technical Material

Be sure to read before handling brake positioning system (CE2 + CEU2).

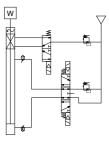
## Example of Recommended Pneumatic Circuit

## Horizontal mounting





## Vertical overhead mounting



Note) In the case of light load, regulate head side supply pressure. \* SMC original symbols are used for Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake.

## **Recommended Pneumatic Equipment**

Bore size (mm)	Directional control valve	Brake valve	Regulator	Piping	Silencer	Speed controller
ø40	VFS24□OR	VFS21DO	AR425	Nylon ø8/6 or larger	AN200-02	AS4000-02
ø50	VFS24□OR	VFS21DO	AR425	Nylon ø10/7.5 or larger	AN200-02	AS4000-02
ø63	VFS34□OR	VFS21DO	AR425	Nylon ø12/9 or larger	AN300-03	AS4000-03
ø80	VFS44□OR	VFS31DO	AR425	Nylon ø12/9 or larger	AN300-03	AS420-03
ø100	VFS44□OR	VFS31DO	AR425	Nylon ø12/9 or larger	AN400-04	AS420-04

## **Caution on Pneumatic Circuit Design**

#### Air balance

Unlike the conventional pneumatic cylinder that performs a simple reciprocal movement, the stroke reading cylinder with a brake also makes intermediate stops. Thus, it must maintain the proper air balance in a stopped state.

Therefore, the proper air balance must be established in accordance with the mounting orientation of the cylinder.

Use caution the piston rod may be lurched when the next motion gets started after the intermediate stops or commence the operation after the reverse motion gets done, unless the air balance is taken. It may result in degrading its accuracy.

#### Supply pressure

If line pressure is used directly as supply pressure, any fluctuation in pressure will appear in the form of changes in cylinder characteristics. Therefore, make sure to use a pressure regulator to convert line pressure into supply pressure (Drive: 0.1 to 1 MPa, Brake: 0.3 to 0.5 MPa) for the actuating valve and the brake valve. In order to actuate multiple cylinders at once, use a pressure regulator that can handle a large air flow volume and also consider installing a surge tank.



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## Series CE2 **Specific Product Precautions**

Be sure to read before handling.

Refer to front matter 39 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 12 for Actuator and Auto Switch Precautions.

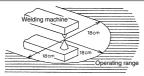
Sensor

## Caution

Because a magnetic system is adopted in the sensor unit of the stroke reading cylinder with brake, the presence of a strong magnetic fields in the vicinity of the sensor could lead to a malfunction

Operate the system with an external magnetic field of 14.5 mT.

This is equivalent to a magnetic field of approximately 18 cm in radius from a welding area using a welding amperage of almost 15,000 amperes. To use the system in a magnetic field that exceeds this value, use a magnetic material to shield the sensor unit.



The sensor unit is adjusted to an appropriate position at the time of shipment. Therefore, never detach the sensor unit from the body Make sure that water does not splash on the sensor unit (enclosure IP65). Do not pull on the sensor cable.

#### Noise

Operating the stroke reading cylinder with brake in the vicinity of equipment that generates noise, such as a motor or a welder, could result in miscounting. Therefore, minimize the generation of noise as much as possible, and keep the wiring separate.

Also, the maximum transmission distance of the stroke reading cylinder with brake is 20.5 m. Make sure that the wiring does not exceed this distance. Besides, when the transmission distance is over 20.5 m, use the dedicated transmission box (Part no. CE1-H0374)

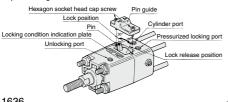


### How to Manually Disengage the Lock and Change from the Unlocked to the Locked State Manual unlocking

- 1. Loosen the two hexagon socket head cap bolts and remove the pin guide. 2. As viewed from the end of the rod, the pin is tilted  $15^{\circ}$  to the left of the
- center Supply an air pressure of 0.3 MPa or more to the unlocking port.
- Rotate the pin 30° to the right with a wooden implement such as the grip
- of a wooden hammer or a resin stick without scratching.

#### How to manually change from an unlocked state to a locked state 1. Loosen the two hexagon socket head cap bolts and remove the pin

- guide. 2. As viewed from the end of the rod, the pin is tilted 15° to the right of the center
- 3. Supply air pressure of 0.3 MPa to the unlocking port.
- 4. Rotate the pin 30° by pushing it with a wooden implement such as the grip of a wooden hammer or a resin stick.
- Note) Never rotate the pin by striking it since this may bend or damage the pin. Be careful when pushing the pin since the surface is slippery
- 5. Inside the pin guide, there is a slotted hole that is slightly larger than the pin. Align the pin with the slotted hole and secure them to cover, using the hexagon socket head cap screws that were removed in step 1. The convex of the pin guide and "LOCK" on the locking condition indication plate will align



### Caution on Handling

## A Caution

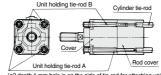
1. Operate the cylinder in such a way that the load is always applied in the axial direction

In case the load is applied in a direction other than the axial direction of the cylinder, provide a guide to constrain the load itself. In such a case, take precautions to prevent off-centering. If the piston rod and the load are off-centered, the speed of the movement of the piston could fluctuate, which could affect the piston's stopping accuracy and shorten the life of the brake unit.

- 2. If there is a large amount of dust in the operating environment, use a cylinder with a bellows to prevent the intrusion of dust. Also, be aware that the operating temperature range is between 0 and 60°C
- 3. The brake unit and the cylinder rod cover area are assembled as shown in the diagram below. For this reason, unlike ordinary cylinders, it is not possible to use the standard style mounted directly onto a machine by screwing in the cylinder tie-rods.

Furthermore, when replacing mounting brackets, the unit holding tie-rods may get loosen. Tighten them once again in such a case

Use a socket wrench when replacing mounting brackets or retightening the unit holding tie-rods.



(ø2 depth 1 mm hole is on the side of tie-rod for attaching unit A.)

Bore size				ding tie-rod	
(mm)	Nut	Width across flats Socket		Width across flats	Socket
40	JIS B 1181 Class 3	13	JIS B 4636	10	JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 10
50	M8 x 1.25	13	2 point angle socket 13	13	JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 13
63	JIS B 1181 Class 3 M10 x 1.25	17	JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 17	13	JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 13
80 100	JIS B 1181 Class 3 M12 x 1.75	19	JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 19	17	JIS B 4636 2 point angle socket 17

## Counting speed of the counter

Be aware that if the speed of the stroke reading cylinder with brake is faster than the counting speed of the counter, the counter will miscount

**Operating Cautions** 

Use CEU1, CEU2, CEU5.

SMC

Cylinder speed < Counting speed of the counter

(Cylinder speed 500 mm/sec = Counting speed of the counter 5 kcps)

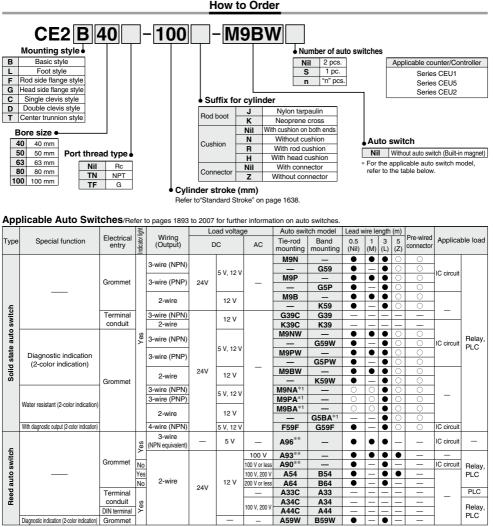
### Miscounting by lurching or bounding

If the stroke reading cylinder with brake lurches or bounds during an IN or OUT movement, or due to other factors, be aware that the cylinder speed could increase momentarily, possibly exceeding the counter's counting speed or the sensor's response speed, which could lead to miscounting.

## Stroke Reading Cylinder with Brake

Series CE2 ø40, ø50, ø63, ø80, ø100

Note) CE-compliant: When connecting to a 3-point preset counter (CEU1 -D, power supply voltage 24 VDC) and a multi-counter (CEU5□□-D, power supply voltage 24 VDC). Refer to the counter operation manual for details



Water resistant type auto switches can be mounted on the above models, but in such case SMC cannot guarantee water resistance Consult with SMC regarding water resistant types with the above model numbers. \*1

\* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m ..... Nil

(Example) M9NW 1 m ..... M

(Example) M9NWM (Example) M9NWL 3 m ..... I

\*\* Since D-A9□ and D-A9□V cannot be mounted on ø50, use of D-Z7□ or D-780 is recommended

(Example) M9NWZ

5 m ..... Z

Since there are other applicable auto switches than listed, refer to page 1649 for details

For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to page 1960 and 1961.
 D-A9□/M9□/M9□W/M9□A(V) auto switches are shipped together (not assembled). (Only auto switch mounting brackets are assembled before shipped.)

\* Solid state auto switches marked with "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

1637 ®

D-

-X

CEP1

CE1

CE2

ML2B

## Series CE2





## Model

Series	Туре	Action	Bore size (mm)	Lock action	
CE2	Non-lube	Double acting	40, 50, 63 80, 100	Spring and pneumatic lock	

## **Rod Boot Material**

Symbol	Rod boot material	Maximum ambient temperature
J	Nylon tarpaulin	60°C
к	Neoprene cross	110°C*

\* Maximum ambient temperature for the rod boot itself.

#### Refer to pages 1644 to 1649 for cylinders with auto switches.

· Auto switch proper mounting position (detection at stroke end) and its mounting height

- Operating range
- · Minimum stroke for auto switch mounting
- · Auto switch mounting brackets/Part no.

## **Cylinder Specifications**

Bore size (m	m)	ø40 ø50 ø63 ø80 ø10			ø100	
Fluid		Air (Non-lube)				
Due of museours	Drive	1.5 MPa				
Proof pressure	Brake	0.75 MPa				
Maximum	Drive			1 MPa		
operating pressure	Brake	0.5 MPa				
Minimum	Drive	0.1 MPa				
operating pressure	Brake	0.3 MPa				
Piston speed			50	0 to 500 mm/	s*	
Ambient temperatu	Ambient temperature			60°C (No fre	ezing)	
Brake system		Spring and pneumatic lock type				
Sensor cord length		ø7-500 mm Oil-resistant				
Stroke length tolera	ance	Up	to 250 mm:	<sup>+1.0</sup> , 251 mm	to 1000 mm	+1.4 0

\* Be aware of the constraints in the allowable kinetic energy.

#### Sensor Specifications

Cable	ø7, 6 core twisted pair shielded wire (Oil, Heat and Flame resistant cable)
Maximum transmission distance	20.5 m (when using SMC cable while using controller or counter)
Position detection method	Magnetic scale rod/Sensor head <incremental type=""></incremental>
Magnetic field resistance	14.5 mT
Power supply	10.8 to 26.4 VDC (Power supply ripple: 1% or less)
Current consumption	40 mA
Resolution	0.1 mm/pulse
Accuracy	±0.2 mm Note)
Output type	Open collector (Max. 35 VDC, 80 mA) Note)
Output signal	A/B phase difference output
Insulation resistance	50 M $\alpha$ or more (500 VDC measured via megohmmeter) (between case and 12E)
Vibration resistance	33.3 Hz, 6.8 G 2 hrs. each in X, Y directions 4 hrs. in Z direction based upon JIS D 1601
Impact resistance	30 G, 3 times at X, Y, Z
Enclosure	IP65 (IEC standard) Except connector part
Extension cable (Option)	5 m, 10 m, 15 m, 20 m

Note) Digital error under Controller (CEU2), Counter (CEU1 or CEU5) is included. Besides, the whole accuracy after mounting on an equipment may be varied depending on the mounting condition and surroundings. As an equipment, calibration should be done by customer.

### Standard Stroke

Bore size (mm)	Standard s	troke (mm)	Range of manufacturable stroke*		
Bore size (mm)	Without rod boot With rod boot V		Without rod boot	With rod boot	
40	25 to 850	25 to 700	Up to 1200	Up to 950	
50	25 to 800	25 to 650	Up to 1150	Up to 900	
63	25 to 800	25 to 650	Up to 1150	Up to 900	
80	25 to 750	25 to 600	Up to 1100	Up to 900	
100	25 to 750	25 to 600	Up to 1100	Up to 850	

\* Strokes longer than the standard stroke are made-to-order products.

### Weight

Weight (kg)							
Bore si	ze (mm)		40	50	63	80	100
	Basic sty	le	2.18	3.39	5.29	8.66	12.09
	Foot style	e	2.37	3.61	5.63	9.33	13.08
Basic weight	Flange s	tyle	2.55	3.84	6.08	10.11	14.01
basic weight	Single cl	evis style	2.41	3.73	5.92	9.77	13.87
	Double of	levis style	2.45	3.82	6.08	10.06	14.39
	Trunnion	style	3.63	3.92	6.18	10.36	14.49
Additional weight per each 50 mm of stroke	Aluminum tube	Mounting bracket	0.22	0.28	0.37	0.52	0.65
	Single kr	luckle	0.23	0.26	0.26	0.60	0.83
Accessory bracket	Double k	nuckle	0.32	0.38	0.38	0.73	1.08
	Knuckle	pin	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.14	0.19

Calculation example: CE2L40-100

Basic weight ......2.37 (Foot style, ø40)
 Additional weight .....0.22/50 stroke

- - 2.37 + 0.22 x 100/50 = 2.81 kg

#### Accessories

	Mounting	Basic	Axial foot	Rod flange	Head flange	Single clevis	Double clevis	Center trunnion
Standard	Rod end nut	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Standard	Clevis pin	_	-	-	-	-	•	-
	Single knuckle joint	۲	•	•	•	•	•	•
Option	Double knuckle joint (with pin)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	With rod boot	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•

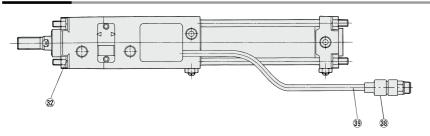
\* Refer to page 1642 for dimensions and part numbers of the option. Refer to page 1640 for dimensions of the rod boot.

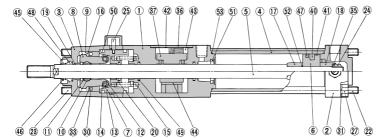


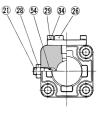
A 1638



## Construction







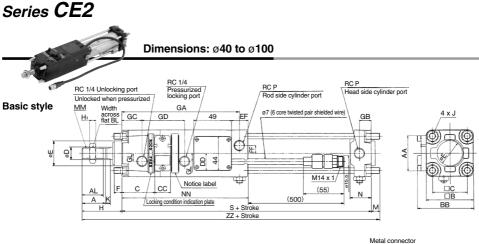
## **Component parts**

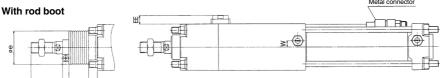
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Rod cover	Aluminum alloy	Black painted after hard anodized
2	Head cover	Aluminum alloy	Black painted
3	Cover	Aluminum alloy	Black painted after hard anodized
4	Cylinder tube	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
5	Piston rod	Free-cutting steel	Hard chrome plated
6	Piston	Aluminum alloy	Chromated
7	Brake piston	Carbon steel	Nitriding
8	Brake arm	Carbon steel	Nitriding
9	Brake arm holder	Carbon steel	Nitriding
10	Brake shoe holder	Carbon steel	Nitriding
11	Brake shoe	Special friction material	
12	Roller	Chromium molybdenum steel	Nitriding
13	Pin	Chrome bearing steel	Heat treated
14	Type E retaining ring	Stainless steel	JIS B 2805E
15	Brake spring	Steel wire	Dacrodized
16	Retaining plate	Rolled steel plate	Zinc chromated
17	Cushion ring A	Rolled steel	Electroless nickel plated
18	Cushion ring B	Rolled steel	Electroless nickel plated
19	Bushing	Lead-bronze casted	
20	Bushing	Lead-bronze casted	
21	Cushion valve	Rolled steel plate	Electroless nickel plated
22	Tie-rod	Carbon steel	Chromated
23	Unit holding tie-rod	Carbon steel	Chromated
24	Piston nut	Rolled steel plate	Zinc chromated
25	Non-rotating pin	Carbon steel	High frequency quenched
26	Pin guide	Carbon steel	Black painted after nitriding
27	Tie-rod nut	Carbon steel	Black zinc chromated

No.			
		Material	Note
28	Lock nut	Carbon steel	Nickel plated
29	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Chromium molybdenum steel	Black zinc chromated
30	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Stainless steel	
31	Spring washer	Steel wire	Black zinc chromated
32	Spring washer	Steel wire	Black zinc chromated
33	Spring washer	Steel wire	Black zinc chromated
34	Spring washer	Steel wire	Black zinc chromated
35	Spring washer	Steel wire	Zinc chromated
36	Sensor cover	Carbon steel	
37	Detection head assembly	—	
38	Connector	—	
39	Cable	—	
40	Rubber magnet	NBR	
41	Wear ring	Resin	
42	Gasket	NBR	
43	Bushing	NBR	
44	Amp cushion	NBR	
45	Seal retainer	Aluminum alloy	
46	Coil scraper	Phosphor bronze	
47	Piston seal	NBR	
	Rod seal A	NBR	
49	Rod seal B	NBR	
	Brake piston seal	NBR	
51	Cushion seal	NBR	
	Piston gasket	NBR	
53	Cylinder tube gasket	NBR	
54	Cushion valve seal	NBR	



D-□ -X□





																										(	(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke	range					BL		с	00		-	D	EF	EE	Е	-	FF	GA	0.0	GC	~	~			к	м
Bore size (mm)	Without rod boot	With rod	boot A	AA	AL	вв	BL	шв	C	cc		טט	U	EF	EE	E	F	FF	GA	GB	GC	GD	GL	<b>H</b> 1	J	r.	IVI
40	25 to 850	25 to 7	700 30	45	27	71.5	22	60	42	20	44	22	16	21	11.5	32	10	10	150.5	15	26	54	10	8	M8 x 1.25	6	11
50	25 to 800	25 to 6	50 35	50	32	80.5	27	70	46	21	52	24	20	28.5	10.5	40	10	12	162.5	17	27	59	13	11	M8 x 1.25	9	11
63	25 to 800	25 to 6	50 35	60	32	98.5	27	85	48.5	23	64	24	20	28.5	13.5	40	10	15	174	17	26	67	18	11	M10 x 1.25	9	14
80	25 to 750	25 to 6	600 40	70	37	117.5	32	102	55	23	78	26.5	25	36	15.5	52	14	17	189	21	30	72	23	13	M12 x 1.75	11	17
100	25 to 750	25 to 6	600 40	80	37	131.5	41	116	56.5	25	92	35.5	30	36	15.5	52	14	19	198	21	31	76	25	16	M12 x 1.75	11	17
Bore size (mm)	ММ	N	NN		Р		s		w	Withou	t rod b	oot			With	rod l	boot										
Dore Size (mm)	14111		ININ				3		"	н	ZZ		e	f	h		l		ZZ								
40	M14 x 1.5	27	161.5		1/4		218.	.5	8	51	280.	5 4	43	11.2	59				288.5	;							

12.5 

Foot style
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9e

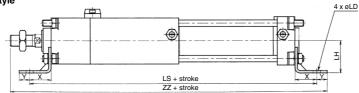
h + i ZZ + 5/4 stroke

> M18 x 1.5 175.5

M18 x 1.5 

M22 x 1.5 

M26 x 1.5 





312.5

1/4

stroke

								(mm)
Bore size (mm)	В	LH	LS	LX	X	Y	ZZ	LD
40	58.5	40	272.5	42	27	13	309.5	9
50	68.5	45	289.5	50	27	13	333.5	9
63	83	50	322	59	34	16	362	11.5
80	100	65	372	76	44	16	415	13.5
100	114	75	386	92	43	17	432	13.5

3/8

3/8

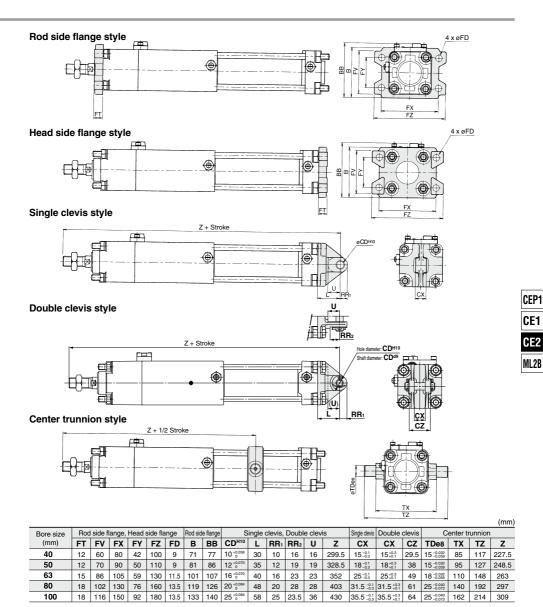
1/2

1/2

235.5 304.5 11.2 

11.2 





## Mounting Bracket Part No.

Bore size (mm)	40	50	63	80	100
Foot *	CA1-L04	CA1-L05	CA1-L06	CA1-L08	CA1-L10
Flange	CA1-F04	CA1-F05	CA1-F06	CA1-F08	CA1-F10
Single clevis	CA1-C04	CA1-C05	CA1-C06	CA1-C08	CA1-C10
Double clevis **	CA1-D04	CA1-D05	CA1-D06	CA1-D08	CA1-D10

\* When ordering foot style brackets, 2 pcs. should be ordered for each cylinder.

\*\* Clevis pin, flat washer and cotter pin are shipped together with double clevis style.

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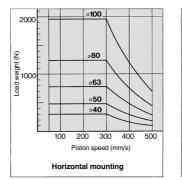
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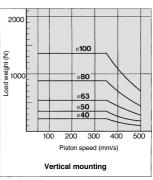
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## Allowable Kinetic Energy

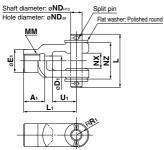
Operate the stroke reading cylinder with brake within the proper allowable kinetic energy. It must not be operated out of the allowable range, which is shown in the graph on the right. All sizes must be operated within this range. (Supply pressure 0.5 MPa)





## **Dimensions of Accessories**

## Y Type Double Knuckle Joint



#### Material: Cast iron (mm) Flat washer Applicable Split pin Part no **A**1 E1 D1 L ММ R1 U1 ND NX NZ L bore size size size Polished 12 16 +0.3 Y-04D 22 24 10 55 M14 x 1.5 13 25 38 55.5 ø3 x 18 L 40 round 12 Polished Y-05D 50, 63 27 28 14 60 M18 x 1.5 15 27 12 16 +0.3 38 55.5 ø3 x 18 L round 12 Polished Y-08D 80 37 36 18 71 M22 x 1.5 19 28 18 28 +0.3 +0.1 55 76.5 ø4 x 25 L round 18 Polished Y-10D 100 37 40 21 83 M26 x 1.5 21 38 20 30 +0.3 61 83 ø4 x 30 L round 20

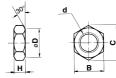
\* A knuckle pin, split pins and flat washers are included

### orial: Carbon steel

Material: C	arbon stee	I							(mm)
Part no.	Applicable	e bore size	Dd9	Lı	1.0	-	d	Included	Included
Faitilo.	Clevis	Knuckle	Dug	<b>–</b>	L2	m	Drill through	split pin	flat washer
CDP-2A	40	—	10 <sup>-0.040</sup> -0.076	46	38	4	3	ø3 x 18 L	Polished round 10
CDP-3A	50	40, 50, 63	12 <sup>-0.050</sup> -0.093	55.5	47.5	4	3	ø3 x 18 L	Polished round 12
CDP-4A	63	—	16 <sup>-0.050</sup> -0.093	71	61	5	4	ø4 x 25 L	Polished round 16
CDP-5A	_	80	18 <sup>-0.050</sup> -0.093	76.5	66.5	5	4	ø4 x 25 L	Polished round 18
CDP-6A	80	100	20 -0.065 -0.117	83	73	5	4	ø4 x 30 L	Polished round 20
CDP-7A	100	_	25 -0.065	88	78	5	4	ø4 x 36 L	Polished round 24

\* Split pins and flat washers are included.

## Rod End Nut (Standard)

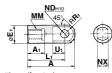


Material:	Rolled steel					(mm)
Part no.	Applicable bore size	d	н	в	с	D
NT-04	40	M14 x 1.5	8	22	25.4	21
NT-05	50, 63	M18 x 1.5	11	27	31.2	26
NT-08	80	M22 x 1.5	13	32	37.0	31
NT-10	100	M26 x 1.5	16	41	47.3	39

## **Clevis Pin/Knuckle Pin**



## **I Type Single Knuckle Joint**



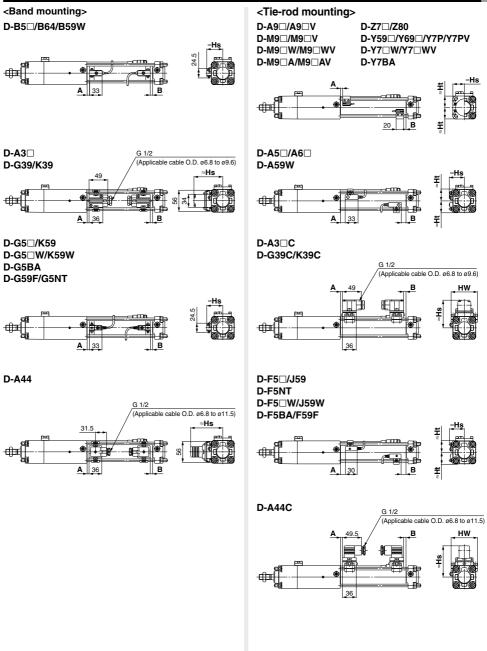
Materia	al: Free cu	utting	sultu	r stee	el					(mm)
Part no.	Applicable bore size	Α	<b>A</b> 1	E1	L1	мм	R1	U1	ND <sub>H10</sub>	NX
I-04A	40	69	22	24	55	M14 x 1.5	15.5		12 <sup>+0.070</sup>	16 -0.1
I-05A	50, 63	74	27	28	60	M18 x 1.5	15.5		12 <sup>+0.070</sup>	16 -0.1
I-08A	80	91	37	36	71	M22 x 1.5	22.5		18 <sup>+0.070</sup>	28 -0.1
I-10A	100	105	37	40	83	M26 x 1.5	24.5	28	20 <sup>+0.084</sup>	30 -0.1

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## Series CE2 Auto Switch Mounting 1

Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End) and Its Mounting Height



SMC \$

## Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End) and Its Mounting Height

Auto Sv	vitch I	Prope	r Mou	Inting	Posi	tion												(mm)
Auto switch model Bore size			D-M90 D-M90 D-M90 D-M90 D-M90 D-M90	_V _W _WV _A	D-B5 D-Z7 D-Z8 D-Y5 D-Y6 D-Y7 D-Y7 D-Y7 D-Y7 D-Y7	0 90 90 P PV 0W	D-A D-A D-A D-A D-A D-A D-G D-G D-K	6 3 3 3 3 C 44 44 44 39 39 39 39 39	D-E D-E		D-F5 D-J5 D-F5 D-F5 D-J5 D-F5	9 9F ©W 9W	D-G5 D-K5 D-G5 D-G5 D-K5 D-G5	9 int i⊡W i9W iBA	D-A	59W	D-F\$	5NT
(mm) \	Α	в	Α	в	A	в	Α	в	A	в	Α	в	Α	в	Α	в	A	в
40	6	4	10	8	3.5	1.5	0	0	0.5	0	6.5	4.5	2	0	4	2	11.5	9.5
50	—	-	10	8	3.5	1.5	0	0	0.5	0	6.5	4.5	2	0	4	2	11.5	9.5
63	8.5	7.5	12.5	11.5	6	5	2.5	1.5	3	2	9	8	4.5	3.5	6.5	5.5	14	13
80	12	10	16	14	9.5	7.5	6	4	6.5	4.5	4.5	12.5	8	6	10	8	17.5	15.5
100	13.5	12.5	17.5	16.5	11	10	7.5	6.5	8	7	14	13	9.5	8.5	11.5	10.5	19	18

\* D-A9□ and D-A9□V cannot be mounted on ø50.

Note) Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.

## Auto Switch Mounting Height

/1010 01																					()	
Auto switch model Bore size		⊡ ⊡W⊡	D-A	9⊡V	D-M91 D-M91 D-M91	⊐wv	D-Z7 D-Z8 D-Y5 D-Y7 D-Y7 D-Y7	80 59⊡ 7P 7BA	D-Y6 D-Y7 D-Y7	PV	D-B5 D-B64 D-B59W D-G5 D-K59 D-G5NT D-G5 W D-K59W D-K59W D-G5BA D-G59F	D-A3□ D-G39 D-K39	D-A44	D-A D-A D-A	6□	D-F5 D-J5 D-F5 D-J5 D-F5 D-F5 D-F5	i9 i⊡W i9W iBA i9F	D-A: D-G: D-K:	39C	D-A	44C	CEP1
(mm)	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Hs	Hs	Hs	Ht	Hs	Ht	Hs	Hw	Hs	Hw	CE1
40	30	30	32	30	35	30	30	30	30.5	30	38	72.5	80.5	40	31	38.5	31	73	69	81	69	CE2
50	34	34	36.5	34	39	34	34	34	35	34	43.5	78	86	43.5	35	42.5	35	78.5	77	86.5	77	ULZ
63	41	41	43.5	41	46	41	41	41	42.5	41	50.5	85	93	49	42	48	42	85.5	91	93.5	91	ML2B
80	49.5	49	51.5	49	54	49	49.5	48.5	51	48.5	59	93.5	101.5	55.5	50	54	50	94	107	102	107	IMILZD
100	57	56	59.5	56	62.5	56	58.5	56	59	56	69.5	104	112	63	57.5	62	57.5	104	121	112	121	j

\* D-A9□ and D-A9□V cannot be mounted on ø50.

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D-🗆 -X□

(mm)

## Series CE2 **Auto Switch Mounting 2**

## Minimum Auto Switch Mounting Stroke

						n: No. of	auto switches (mm
Auto switch model	No. of auto	Mounting brackets other	- 40	- 50	Center trunnion	- 00	-100
	switch mounted	than center trunnion	ø <b>40</b>	ø <b>50</b>	ø <b>63</b>	Ø <b>80</b>	ø100
D-A9□	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	15	75	_	80	85	90
D-A9	n	$15 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	$75 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)		$80 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	85 + 40 (n - 4) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	$90 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
		(n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)
	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	10	50		55	60	65
D-A9⊡V	n	10 + 30 (n - 2) (n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	50 + 30 (n - 4) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	—	55 + 30 (n - 4) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	$60 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	65 + 30 (n - 4) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)
D-M9□	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	15	1	30	85	90	95
D-M9□W		$15 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	80 + 4	$\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$85 \pm 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$90 \pm 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$95 \pm 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
	n	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12	2 16) Note 2)	(n = 4 8 12 16) Note 2)	90 + 40 (n - 4) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4 8 12 16) Note 2)
	2 (Different surfaces,		(11 = 1, 0, 12	, 10 /			(1 = 1, 0, 12, 10 )
D-M9⊡V	Same surface) 1	10		55	60	65	70
D-M9□WV		$10 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	55 + 3	$\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$60 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$65 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	$70 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
	n	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12	. 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)
	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	15	8	30	85	95	100
D-M9□A		$15 \pm 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	80 + 4	0 <u>(n - 4)</u>	$85 \pm 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$95 \pm 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$100 \pm 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
	n	$15 + 40 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	80 + 4 (n = 4, 8, 12	2 . 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	$95 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)
	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	10		50	65	70	75
D-M9□AV	n	$10 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	60 + 3	$0\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$65 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$70 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	$75 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
		(n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12	, 16 ···) <sup>(Note 2)</sup>	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) (Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) <sup>NOLE 2)</sup>	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) <sup>(NOUE 2)</sup>
D-A5□/A6 D-F5□/J59	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	15		90	100	110	120
D-F5 W/J59W	n (Same surface)	$15 + 55 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	90 + 5	$5\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$100 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$110 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	$120 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
D-F5BA/F59F	(ouno oundoo)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12	, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)
	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface)	20		90	100	110	120
D-A59W	n (Same surface)	20 + 55 (n - 2) (n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	90 + 55 (n = 4, 8, 12	5 (n - 4) 2 (n - 4) 16) Note 2)	$100 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$110 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	$120 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n - 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)
	1	15		, <u>10</u> /	100	110	120
	2 (Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	25	11	0	120	130	140
D-F5NT	,	$25 + 55 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	110	$55\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	100 . FF (n - 4)	100 · FF (n-4)	1 40 . FF (n - 4)
	n (Same surface)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8 ···) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12	16 \ Note 2)	120 + 55 2 (n = 4 9 12 16 ) Note 2)	$130 + 55 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$ (n = 4, 8, 12, 16 ···) Note 2)	(n = 4 9 12 16 \ Note 2)
	(Different surfaces)					(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10)	(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10 m)
D-B5□/B64 D-G5□/K59	2 (Same surface)	75		90	100	1.	10
D-G5□W	(Different surfaces)	15 + 50 (n - 2) (n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note 1)	90 + 5	$0\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$100 + 50 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	110 + 5	$0\frac{(n-4)}{2}$
D-K59W D-G5BA	n		(n = 4, 8, 12		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16,) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12	
D-G58A D-G59F	(Same surface)	75 + 50(n - 2)	90 + 50		100 + 50 (n - 2)		0 (n - 2)
D-G5NT	1	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···) 10	(n = 2, 4, 6	, 8,) Note 1) 90	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) <sup>Note 1)</sup> 100		8,) Note 1)
	(Different surfaces)						
	2 (Same surface)	75	1	90	100	1.	10
D DCOW	(Different surfaces)	$20 + 50 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	90 + 5	$0\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$100 + 50 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	110 + 5	$0\frac{(n-4)}{2}$
D-B59W	n	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8,) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16, ···) Note 2)		
	(Same surface)	75 + 50 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, ···)	90 + 50 (n = 2, 4, 6		100 + 50 (n - 2) (n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note 1)		0 (n – 2) . 8, …) <sup>Note 1)</sup>
	1	15	9	90	100	1	10

Note 1) When "n" is an odd number, an even number that is one larger than this odd number is used for the calculation. Note 2) When "n" is an odd number, a multiple of 4 that is larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.

## Minimum Auto Switch Mounting Stroke

		No. of auto	Mounting brackets other			Center trunnion		auto switches (m
Auto switch model		switch mounted	than center trunnion	ø <b>40</b>	ø <b>50</b>	Ø63	ø <b>80</b>	ø100
		(Different surfaces)	35		75	80		90
	2	(Same surface)	100		100	100	1	00
D-A3□			35 + 30 (n - 2)	75 + 3	0 (n – 2)	80 + 30 (n - 2)	90 + 30	) (n – 2)
D-A3 D-G39		(Different surfaces)	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···)		5, 8,) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8,) Note 1)		8,) Note 1)
D-K39	n		100 + 100 (n - 2)			100 + 100 (n - 2)		
5 105		(Same surface)	(n = 2, 3, 4,)		(	n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note	1)	
		1	10		75	80		90
	2	(Different surfaces)	35		75			
	2	(Same surface)	55		75	80		90
			35 + 30 (n - 2)	75 + 3	0 (n – 2)	80 + 30 (n - 2)	90 + 30	) (n – 2)
D-A44		(Different surfaces)	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···)		5, 8,) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8,) Note 1)		8,) Note 1)
	n	(2)	55 + 50 (n - 2)	75 + 5	i0 (n - 2)	80 + 50 (n - 2)	90 + 50	) (n – 2)
		(Same surface)	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···)		5, 8,) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8,) Note 1)		8,) Note 1)
		1	10		75	80		90
		(Different surfaces)	20		75	80		90
	2	(Same surface)	100		100	100	1	00
D-A3⊟C			20 + 35 (n - 2)	75 + 3	5 (n – 2)	80 + 35 (n - 2)	90 + 35	i (n – 2)
D-G39C		(Different surfaces)	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···)		5, 8,) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6,	
D-K39C	n	-	100 + 100 (n - 2)		,	100 + 100 (n - 2)		
		(Same surface)	(n = 2, 3, 4, 5···)		(	n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note	1)	
		1	10		75	80		90
		(Different surfaces)	20					
	2	(Same surface)	55		75	80	'	90
			20 + 35 (n - 2)	75 + 3	5 (n – 2)	80 + 35 (n – 2)	90 + 35	i (n – 2)
D-A44C		(Different surfaces)	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···)		5, 8,) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6,	
	n		55 + 50 (n - 2)		0 (n - 2)	80 + 50 (n - 2)	90 + 50	
		(Same surface)	(n = 2, 3, 4, ···)		5, 8, ···) <sup>Note 1)</sup>	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8, ···) Note 1)	(n = 2, 4, 6,	
		1	10		75	80		90
D-Z7□/Z80		(Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	15	80	85	90	95	105
D-Y59□/Y7P			45 . 40 (n - 2)	oo to (n−4)	$85 + 40 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	00 40 (n - 4)	or to (n - 4)	4 o 5 4 o (n - 4
D-Y7⊟W		n						
			(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2	) (n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) No
D-Y69□/Y7PV		(Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	10		65	75	80	90
D-Y7DWV			$10 + 30 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	65 ±	$30\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$75 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$80 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$90 + 30 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$
		n	(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)		2, 16) Note 2)		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	
	0	(Different ourfor	(11 - 2, 4, 0, 0)	(1 = 4, 0, 1	2, 10	(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10)	(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10)	(11 = 4, 0, 12, 10)
		(Different surfaces, Same surface) 1	20		95	100	105	110
D-Y7BA	-	Same Sunace/ I	(- 0)		(- 4)	(- 4)	(- 4)	(- 4
BIIIBA		n	$20 + 45 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$	95 +	$45\frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$100 + 45 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	$105 + 45 \frac{(n-4)}{2}$	110 + 45 (n - 4)
			(n = 2, 4, 6, 8) Note 1)	(n = 4, 8, 1	2, 16) Note 2)		(n = 4, 8, 12, 16) Note 2)	

Note 1) When "n" is an odd number, an even number that is one larger than this odd number is used for the calculation. Note 2) When "n" is an odd number, a multiple of 4 that is larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.



D-□ -X□

## Series CE2 Auto Switch Mounting 3

## **Operating Range**

					(mm)
Auto switch model		Bor	e size (I	nm)	
Auto switch model	40	50	63	80	100
D-A9□/A9□V	7	-	9	9	9
D-M9□/M9□V D-M9□W/M9□WV D-M9□A/M9□AV	5	5	5.5	6	6.5
D-Z7□/Z80	8	7	9	9.5	10.5
D-A3□/A44 D-A3□C/A44C D-A5□/A6□	9	10	11	11	11
D-B5□/B64					
D-A59W	13	13	14	14	15
D-B59W	14	14	17	16	18

					(mm)
Auto switch model	Bore size (mm)				
Auto switch model	40	50	63	80	100
D-Y59□/Y69□ D-Y7P/Y7□V D-Y7□W/Y7□WV D-Y7BA	8	7	5.5	6.5	6.5
D-F5□/J59/F5□W D-J59W/F5BA D-F5NT D-F59F	4	4	4.5	4.5	4.5
D-G5□/K59/G5□W D-K59W/G5BA D-G5NT/G59F	5	6	6.5	6.5	7
D-G39/K39 D-G39C/K39C	9	9	10	10	11

\* D-A9□ and D-A9□V cannot be mounted on ø50.

\* Since the operating range is provided as a guideline including hysteresis, it cannot be guaranteed (assuming approximately

± 30% dispersion). It may vary substantially depending on an ambient environment.

## Auto Switch Mounting Bracket: Part No.

## <Tie-rod mounting>

	Bore size (mm)				
Auto switch model	40	50	63	80	100
D-A9 /A9 V D-M9 /M9 V D-M9 W/M9 WV D-M9 A/M9 AV	BA7-040	BA7-040	BA7-063	BA7-080	BA7-080
D-A5□/A6□ D-A59W D-F5□/J59 D-F5□W/J59W D-F59F/F5NT	BT-04	BT-04	BT-06	BT-08	BT-08
D-A3□C/A44C D-G39C/K39C	BA3-040	BA3-050	BA3-063	BA3-080	BA3-100
D-Z7 280 D-Y59 /Y69 D-Y7P/Y7PV D-Y7 W/Y7 WV D-Y7BA	BA4-040	BA4-040	BA4-063	BA4-080	BA4-080

### <Band mounting>

Auto switch model	Bore size (mm)				
Auto switch model	40	50	63	80	100
D-A3□/A44 D-G39/K39	BD1-04M	BD1-05M	BD1-06M	BD1-08M	BD1-10M
D-B5□/B64 D-B59W D-G5□/K59 D-G5□W/K59W D-G59F D-G59F	BA-04	BA-05	BA-06	BA-08	BA-10

Note 1) D-A9 and D-A9 V cannot be mounted on ø50.

Note 2) Auto switch mounting brackets are included in D-A3 C/A44C/G39C/K39C.

Order them in accordance with the cylinder size as shown below.

(Example) ø40: D-A3□C-4, ø50: D-A3□C-5

ø63: D-A3□C-6, ø80: D-A3□C-8, ø100: D-A3□C-10

Order them with the part numbers above when the mounting brackets are required separately.

[Mounting screw set made of stainless steel]

The following set of mounting screws made of stainless steel (including nuts) is available. Use it in accordance with the operating environment.

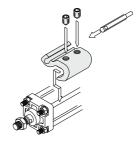
(Please order the auto switch mounting bracket and band separately, since they are not included.)

BBA1: For D-A5/A6/F5/J5 types BBA3: For D-B5/B6/G5/K5 types

D-F5BA/G5BA auto switches are set on the cylinder with the stainless steel screws above when shipped. When an auto switch is shipped independently, BBA1 or BBA3 is attached.

Note 3) Refer to pages 1989 and 1997 for the details of BBA1 and BBA3.

Note 4) When using M9□A(V)/Y7BA, do not use the steel set screws which is included with the auto switch mounting brackets above (BA7-□□□, BA4-□□□). Order a stainless steel screw set (BBA1) separately, and select and use the M4 x 6L stainless steel set screws included in the BBA1.



Mounting example of D-A9
 (V)/M9
 (V)/M9
 W(V)/M9
 A(V)



			witch Mounting S	
	listed in How to Order, the f	0	ire applicable.	
Refer to pages 1893	B to 2007 for detailed specific	cations.		
Auto switch type	Part no.	Electrical entry (Fetching direction)	Features	
	D-A93V, A96V	Grommet (Perpendicular)	_	
Reed	D-A90V	Giommet (Ferpendicular)	Without indicator light	
Reed	D-A53, A56, B53, Z73, Z76	Grommet (In-line)	-	
	D-A67, Z80		Without indicator light	
	D-M9NV, M9PV, M9BV			
	D-Y69A, Y69B, Y7PV	Grommet (Perpendicular)	_	
	D-M9NWV, M9PWV, M9BWV	Giommer (Ferpendicular)	Diagnostic indication	
	D-Y7NWV, Y7PWV, Y7BWV		(2-color indication)	
	D-M9NAV, M9PAV, M9BAV		Water resistant (2-color indication	
Solid state	D-Y59A, Y59B, Y7P		-	
	D-F59, F5P, J59			
	D-Y7NW, Y7PW, Y7BW		Diagnostic indication	
	D-F59W, F5PW, J59W	Grommet (In-line)	(2-color indication)	
	D-F5BA, Y7BA		Water resistant (2-color indication	
	D-F5NT, G5NT		With timer	
	auto switches with a pre-wired connector a			

1649

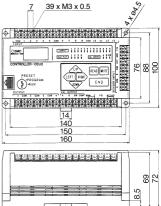
## es CE2



## **Controller CEU2/Specifications**

Model	CEU2 CEU2P			
Туре	Controller			
Mounting	Surface mounting (DIN rail or screw stop)			
Operation mode	PRESET mode, PROGRAM mode, RUN mode			
Display system	LCD (with back light)			
No. of digits	Program 1 to 16, Step 1 to 32			
Position control system	P.T.P control (	point to point)		
No. of control shaft	1 axis			
Positioning system	Key input (o	n front face)		
Positioning range	9999.9 mm			
Min. setting range	0.1 mm			
Memory system	Static RAM 8 K bite (Battery back up: life 5 years)			
Min. interval	5 mm or more			
Input signal	Start     Geturn to origin     Program selection (4 bit     Geturn to origin     Automatic/Manual     Manual: extended, retracted (2 bit)     Reset			
Output signal	Completion of positioning signal     Program END signal     Abnormal signal			
Control output	NPN open collector         PNP open collector           (30 VDC, 50 mA)         (30 VDC, 50 mA)			
Counting speed	20 kHz (kcps)			
Power supply	90 to 110 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 21.6 to 26.4 VDC, 0.4 A			
Operating temperature range	0 to 50°C (No freezing)			
Humidity range	25 to 85% (No condensation)			
Shock resistance	Endurance 10 to 55 Hz, Amplitude 0.75 mm, X, Y, Z for 2 hours each			
Noise resistance	Square wave noise from a noise simulator (Pulse duration 1 µs)			
Noise resistance	Between 100 VAC line $\pm 1500$ V, I/O line $\pm 600$ V			
Impact resistance	Endurance 10 G; X, Y, Z directions, 3 times each			
Withstand voltage	Between case and AC line: 1500 VAC for 1 min. (3 mA or less)			
Williotand Voltage	Between case and 12 VDC line: 500 VAC for 1 min. (3 mA or less)			
Power consumption	100 VA or less			
Insulation resistance	Between case and AC line: 50 $\mbox{M}\Omega$ or more (500 VDC measured via megohmmeter)			
Weight	690 g			

# Dimensions



\* Refer to operation manual of CEU2 regarding detailed positioning system.

As for 3 point preset counter and multi counter, it will be common to CEP1 and CE1 series. For details, refer to 3 point preset counter/CEU1 on page 1618, and Multi counter/CEU5 on page 1615 respectively.

## Wiring with External Equipment

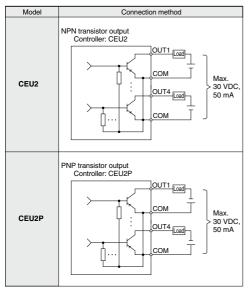
#### <Wiring with controller CEU2>

#### 1. Wiring of driving power of controller

To operate the controller, use a power supply with the following specifications: 90 to 110 VAC, 50/60 Hz, and 21.6 to 26.4 VDC, 0.4 A or higher.

#### 3. Output circuit

There are two outputs, the NPN open collector and the PNP open collector. The maximum rating is 30 VDC, 50 mA. Operating the controller by exceeding this voltage and amperage could damage the electric circuit. Therefore, the equipment to be connected must be below this rating.



\* However, on the valve output side, the COM of the input circuit and the COM of the output circuit are electrically insulated from each other.

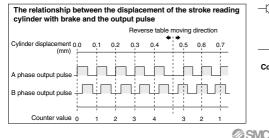
## **Electrical Wiring**

#### <Output system of positioning detection sensor>

The position detection sensor of the stroke reading cylinder outputs an A/B phase difference (open collector output) as shown in the diagram below.

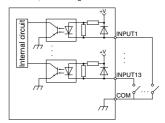
The relation between the moving distance and the output signal of the stroke reading cylinder with brake is as follows: Every 0.1 mm of movement of the stroke reading cylinder with brake outputs 1 pulse signal to both output terminals A and B.

The maximum response speed of the sensor for the stroke reading cylinder with brake is at a maximum cylinder speed of 1500 mm/s (15 kcps).



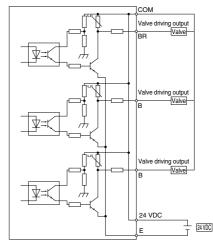
### 2. Input circuit

The voltage and the amperage capacity of the switch or the PLC to be connected are 24 VDC, 10 mA or higher.



#### 4. Valve output circuit

The maximum rating is 24 VDC, 80 mA. Operating the controller by exceeding this voltage and amperage could damage the electric circuit. Therefore, the equipment to be connected must be below this rating.





## <Input, Output>

The connection of the input/output signals of the position detection sensor of the stroke reading cylinder is effected through the connector that extends from the cylinder. The output circuit and the connection of the connectors are described in the diagram below. Output circuit of stroke Signal

F

F

G

#### Output circuit of stroke reading cylinder with brake

## A phase B phase COM (0V)

Connector pin arrangement



 Contact signal
 Wire color
 Signal name

 A
 White
 A phase

 B
 Yellow
 B phase

 C
 Brown
 COM (0 V)

 D
 Blue
 COM (0 V)

Red

Black



+12 V to 24 V

οv

Shield