Can precisely control the temperature of a heat source or process fluid.
Precisely control the temperature of the circulating fluid by using the Peltier device. Generates little vibration, and is refrigerant-free and environmentally friendly.
Can control the temperature of the heat source by using the external temperature sensor (sold separately). (Automatically adjusts to the effects of ambient temperature.)

- Temperature range setting: 10°C to 60°C
- Temperature stability: ±0.01°C to 0.03°C

**Air-cooled** **HEC-A Series**
- Air-cooled: Can be used in the environments with no cooling equipment.
- Cooling capacity: 230 W, 600 W

**Water-cooled** **HEC-W Series**
- Water-cooled: Can be used in the environments with facility water equipment.
- Cooling capacity: 140 W, 320 W, 600 W, 1200 W
A Peltier device (thermo-module) is a plate type element, inside which P-type semiconductors and N-type semiconductors are located alternately. If direct current is supplied to the Peltier device (thermo-module), heat is transferred inside the device, and one face generates heat and increases temperature while the other face absorbs heat and decreases temperature. Therefore, changing the direction of the current supplied to the Peltier device (thermo-module) can achieve heating and cooling operation. This method has a fast response and can shift quickly between heating and cooling, so temperature can be controlled very precisely.

**Learning Control Function (Temp. control by external temperature sensor)**

This function adjusts the fluid temperature to the set value with an automatic offset setting. Set the external temperature sensor at the circulating fluid inlet located just in front of the heat source, which allows the Thermo-con to sample the fluid temperature. This function is effective when automatically adjusting for heat exhaust from piping, etc. If the external temperature sensor is installed directly on the heat source, the learning control function may not work properly due to large heat volume or large temperature difference. Be sure to install the sensor at the circulating fluid inlet.

**Principle of Peltier Device (Thermo-module)**

---

Compliant with safety standard for medical equipment IEC 60601-1 (Air-cooled/HEC002-A series)

- Power supply: Applicable to 100 V to 240 V (Air-cooled/HEC-A series, Water-cooled/HEC001-W, HEC003-W)
- Suitable to fluorinated fluids (Fluorinert™ FC-3283, GALDEN® HT135) (Water-cooled/HEC006-W, HEC012-W)
- Compatible with ethylene glycol 20% (Water-cooled/HEC001-W, HEC003-W)
The thermo-con is constructed as shown in Figure 1. It interposes a Peltier device (thermo-module) between the heat exchangers for the circulating fluid and facility water and controls the pulse width of supply direct current to achieve the target outlet temperature of circulating fluid precisely.

The circulating fluid returns to the tank, and is transferred by the pump which is built in the thermo-con, and goes through the heat exchangers and internal sensors and out from the circulating fluid outlet.

Figure 2 shows an example of circulating fluid piping. The circulating fluid is transferred at a constant temperature by the pump.
When to Use Air-cooled and Water-cooled Thermo-con

Both air-cooled and water-cooled thermo-cons are available. Select a proper thermo-con by referring to the following.

**Air-cooled**
- No facility water equipment
- Frequent piping changes

  Can install the unit easily without facility water equipment.
  Can reduce the piping installation labor since facility water piping is not required.

**Water-cooled**
- Need to avoid effects of ambient temperature.
- Want to reduce the installation space.

  Since the unit is water-cooled, the ambient temperature will have little effect.
  Can reduce the space since the unit is compact.

---

### Application Examples

#### Semiconductor

Example: Temperature control of a chamber electrode
- Etching equipment
- Spatter equipment
- Cleaning equipment
- Coating equipment
- Dicing equipment
- Tester, etc.

#### Medical

Example: Blood preservation
- X-ray diagnostic instrument
- MRI
- Blood preservation equipment

#### Machine tool

Example: Laser machining
- Wire cutting
- Grinder
- Spot welding
- Plasma welding
- Laser machining, etc.

**Analysis**

Example: Electronic microscope
- Electron microscope
- X-ray analytical instrument
- Gas chromatography
- Sugar level analytical instrument, etc.

Prevents the distortion caused by the heat generated by the electronic gun in an electronic microscope.

---

**Bonding of DVD including next generation**

**Cooling of semiconductor laser**

**Temperature control of die-cast mold**
CONTENTS

HEC Series

Model Selection .................................................................................................................................................................. Page 315

Thermo-con

Air-cooled HEC-A Series

How to Order/Specifications ........................................ Page 317
Cooling Capacity/Heating Capacity/Pump Capacity (Thermo-con Outlet) ........ Page 318
Parts Description .................................................. Page 319
Dimensions ......................................................... Page 320
Connectors .......................................................... Page 322
Alarm/Maintenance ............................................. Page 323
Options ............................................................... Page 324
Specific Product Precautions ..................................... Page 325

Thermo-con

Water-cooled HEC-W Series

How to Order/Specifications ........................................ Page 329
Cooling Capacity/Heating Capacity/Pump Capacity (Thermo-con Outlet)/Pressure Loss in Facility Water Circuit Page 331
Parts Description .................................................. Page 334
Dimensions ......................................................... Page 335
Connectors .......................................................... Page 338
Alarm/Maintenance ............................................. Page 339
Options ............................................................... Page 340
Specific Product Precautions ..................................... Page 341
1. What radiation method will be used?

Without a cooling tower .......... Air-cooled HEC-A series
With a cooling tower .......... Water-cooled HEC-W series

When to Use Air-cooled and Water-cooled Thermo-con

<Air-cooled>
- No facility water equipment → Can install the unit easily without facility water equipment.
- Frequent piping changes → Can reduce the piping installation labor since facility water piping is not required.

<Water-cooled>
- Need to avoid effects of ambient temperature. → Since the unit is water-cooled, the ambient temperature will have little effect.
- Want to reduce installation space. → Can reduce the space since the unit is compact.

2. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the circulating fluid?

Temperature range which can be set with the thermo-con: 10 to 60°C
If a lower temperature (down to –20°C) or higher temperature (up to 90°C) than this range is necessary, select the thermo-chiller HRZ series.

3. What kind of the circulating fluids will be used?

Circulating fluids that can be used in the thermo-con

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tap water</th>
<th>Fluorinert™ FC-3238 GALDEN® HT135</th>
<th>20% ethylene glycol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HEC001-W, HEC003-W</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>Option</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEC006-W, HEC012-W</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEC002-A, HEC006-A</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

○: Usable  ×: Unusable

4. How much cooling capacity required?

 Allows a safety factor of 20% over the capacity that is actually required, taking into account the changes in the operating conditions. If a larger capacity than this thermo-con is necessary, select the thermo-cooler HRG series or thermo-chiller HRZ series.

**Example 1** When the heat generation amount in the user’s equipment is known.

Heat generation amount: 400 W

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, $400 \times 1.2 = 480$ W
Guide to Model Selection

Example 2  When the heat generation amount in the user’s equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the fluid inside the user’s equipment.

- Heat generation amount \( Q \)
- Circulating fluid temperature difference \( \Delta T = T_2 - T_1 \)
- Circulating fluid outlet temperature \( T_1 \)
- Circulating fluid return temperature \( T_2 \)
- Circulating fluid flow rate \( L \)

\[
Q = \Delta T \times L \times \gamma \times C
\]

- Density \( \gamma \) 1 x 10^3 kg/m^3
- Specific heat \( C \) 4.2 x 10^3 J/(kg·K)

\[
Q = \frac{0.8 \times 3 \times 1 \times 10^3 \times 4.2 \times 10^3}{60 \times 1000}
\]

\[
= 167 \text{ W}
\]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

\[
167 \text{ W} \times 1.2 = 200 \text{ W}
\]

Example 3  When cooling the object below a certain temperature in certain period of time.

- Cooled substance total volume \( V \) 20 L
- Cooling time \( h \) 15 min
- Cooling temperature difference \( \Delta T \) Temperature difference: 10°C (10 K). Cool from 30°C (303 K) to 20°C (293 K).
- Circulating fluid Tap water
  - Density \( \gamma \) 1 x 10^3 kg/m^3
  - Specific heat \( C \) 4.2 x 10^3 J/(kg·K)

\[
Q = \frac{\Delta T \times V \times \gamma \times C}{h \times 60 \times 1000}
\]

\[
= \frac{10 \times 20 \times 1 \times 10^3 \times 4.2 \times 10^3}{15 \times 60 \times 1000}
\]

\[
= 933 \text{ W}
\]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

\[
933 \text{ W} \times 1.2 = 1120 \text{ W}
\]

Precautions on Model Selection

The flow rate of the circulating fluid depends on the pressure loss of the user’s equipment and the length, diameter and resistance created by bends in the circulating fluid piping, etc. Check if the required flow rate of circulating fluid can be obtained before selecting.

Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fluorinated Fluids</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Density ( \gamma ) [kg/m^3]</th>
<th>Specific heat ( C ) [J/(kg·K)]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>–10°C</td>
<td>1.87 x 10^3</td>
<td>0.87 x 10^7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20°C</td>
<td>1.80 x 10^3</td>
<td>0.96 x 10^7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50°C</td>
<td>1.74 x 10^3</td>
<td>1.05 x 10^7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>80°C</td>
<td>1.67 x 10^3</td>
<td>1.14 x 10^7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Water

Density \( \gamma \) 1 x 10^3 [kg/m^3]  Specific heat \( C \) 4.2 x 10^3 [J/(kg·K)]
# Peltier-Type Chiller

## Thermo-con (Air-cooled)

### HEC-A Series

## How to Order

**HEC 002 – A 5 B**

- **Cooling capacity**
  - 002: 230 W
  - 006: 600 W

- **Radiating method**
  - A: Air-cooled

- **Power supply**
  - 5: 100 to 240 VAC

### Option

- Nil
- F: With flow switch
- N: NPT thread

### Communication

- A: RS-485
- B: RS-232C

> The option should be specified when ordering.

> Select B when communication is not used.

## Specifications

(For details, please refer to our “Product Specifications” information.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>HEC002-A5A</th>
<th>HEC002-A5B</th>
<th>HEC006-A5A</th>
<th>HEC006-A5B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cooling method</strong></td>
<td>Thermoelectric device (Thermo-module)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Radiating method</strong></td>
<td>Forced air cooling</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Control method</strong></td>
<td>Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambient temperature/humidity</strong></td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Circulating fluid</strong></td>
<td>Tap water, 20% ethylene glycol aqueous solution</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating temperature range</strong></td>
<td>10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cooling capacity</strong></td>
<td>230 W&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td>600 W&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Heating capacity</strong></td>
<td>600 W&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td>900 W&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temperature stability</strong></td>
<td>±0.01 to ±0.03°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pump capacity</strong></td>
<td>Refer to performance chart.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tank capacity</strong></td>
<td>Approx. 1.2 L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Port size</strong></td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc1/4</td>
<td></td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fluid contact material</strong></td>
<td>Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Ceramics, PPS glass 30%, Carbon, PE, Polyurethane</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power supply</strong></td>
<td>Single-phase 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Overcurrent protector</strong></td>
<td>15 A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current consumption</strong></td>
<td>8 A (100 VAC) to 3 A (240 VAC)</td>
<td>10 A (100 VAC) to 4 A (240 VAC)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Alarm</strong></td>
<td>Refer to alarm function.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communications</strong></td>
<td>RS-485</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
<td>RS-485</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>Approx. 17.5 kg (including foot for fixing)</td>
<td>Approx. 27.5 kg (including foot for fixing)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Safety standards</strong></td>
<td>CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards, Safety standard for medical equipment (IEC 60601-1)</td>
<td>CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>1</sup> Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Ambient temperature 25°C, Circulating flow rate 3 L/min

<sup>2</sup> Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Ambient temperature 20°C, Circulating flow rate 8 L/min

<sup>3</sup> The indicated values are with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range in some other operating conditions.
Cooling Capacity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEC002</th>
<th>Circulating fluid: Tap water</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Heating Capacity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEC002</th>
<th>Circulating fluid: Tap water</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pump Capacity (Thermo-con Outlet)

The pressure on the y-axis shows the discharge pressure of circulating fluid in the thermo-con.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEC002</th>
<th>Circulating fluid: Tap water</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEC006</th>
<th>Circulating fluid: Tap water</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The values shown on the performance chart are not guaranteed, but typical. Allow margins for safety when selecting the model.
Parts Description

HEC002

- Power connector
- Handle
- Communication connector
  - RS-232C type: 1 pc.
  - RS-485 type: 2 pcs.
- Alarm connector
- External temperature sensor connector

HEC006

- Power connector
- Handle
- Communication connector
  - RS-232C type: 1 pc.
  - RS-485 type: 2 pcs.
- Alarm connector
- External temperature sensor connector

HEC-A Series

319
**Dimensions**

**HEC002**

---

**Option (Fitting part)**

**NPT fitting specification (N, -FN)**

- Circulating fluid outlet NPT1/4
- Circulating fluid inlet NPT1/4
- Circulating fluid drain port (with plug) NPT1/4

---

**Power Cable (Accessory)**

Connector: IEC 60320 C13 or equivalent

Cable: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire color</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green/Yellow</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Technical Data**
Connectors

1. Power connector (AC)
IEC 60320 C14 or equivalent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Communication connector (RS-232C or RS-485)
D-sub 9 pin (socket)
Holding screw: M2.6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal contents</th>
<th>RS-232C</th>
<th>RS-485</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unused</td>
<td>BUS+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>RD</td>
<td>BUS–</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>SD</td>
<td>Unused</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Unused</td>
<td>Unused</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SG</td>
<td>SG</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-9</td>
<td>Unused</td>
<td>Unused</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. External sensor connector (EXT SENSOR)
D-sub 15 pin (socket)
Holding screw: M2.6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-2</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Terminal A of resistance temperature detector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Terminal B of resistance temperature detector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Terminal B of resistance temperature detector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-14</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>FG</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Alarm output connector (ALARM)
D-sub 9 pin (pin)
Holding screw: M2.6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Contact a for output cut-off alarm (open when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Common for output cut-off alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Contact b for output cut-off alarm (closed when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-5</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Contact a for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (open when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Common for upper/lower temp. limit alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Contact b for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (closed when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Alarm

This unit is equipped as standard with a function allowing 15 kinds of alarms to display on the LCD and can be read out by serial communication. Also, it can generate relay output for upper/lower temperature limit alarm and output cut-off alarm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm code</th>
<th>Alarm description</th>
<th>Operation status</th>
<th>Main reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRN</td>
<td>Upper/Lower temp. limit alarm</td>
<td>Continue</td>
<td>The temperature has exceeded the upper or lower limit of the target temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR00</td>
<td>CPU hung-up</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The CPU has crashed due to noise, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR01</td>
<td>CPU check error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The contents of the CPU cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR03</td>
<td>Back-up data error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The contents of the back-up data cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR04</td>
<td>EEPROM writing error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The data cannot be written to EEPROM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR11</td>
<td>DC power supply failure</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The DC power supply has failed (due to fan stop or abnormal high temperature) or the thermo-module has been short-circuited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR12</td>
<td>Internal temp. sensor high temp. error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the upper limit of cut-off temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR13</td>
<td>Internal temp. sensor low temp. error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the lower limit of cut-off temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR14</td>
<td>Thermostat alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The thermostat has been activated due to filter clog or fan/pump failure, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR15</td>
<td>Abnormal output alarm</td>
<td>Continue</td>
<td>The temperature cannot be changed even at 100% output due to overload or disconnection of the thermo-module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR16</td>
<td>Low flow rate alarm (option)</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The flow rate of the circulating fluid has dropped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR17</td>
<td>Internal temp. sensor disconnection alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The internal temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR18</td>
<td>External temp. sensor disconnection alarm</td>
<td>Continue</td>
<td>The external temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited. (Only detected when in learning control or external tune control)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR19</td>
<td>Abnormal auto tuning alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>Auto tuning has not been completed within 20 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR20</td>
<td>Low fluid level alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The amount of circulating fluid in the tank has dropped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maintenance

Maintenance of this unit is performed only in the form of return to and repair at SMC’s site. As a rule, SMC will not conduct on-site maintenance. Separately, the following parts have a limited life and need to be replaced before the life ends.

Parts Life Expectation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Expected life</th>
<th>Possible failure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pump</td>
<td>3 to 5 years</td>
<td>The bearing is worn so the pump fails to transfer the circulating fluid, which results in temperature control failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fan</td>
<td>5 to 10 years</td>
<td>The bearing uses up lubrication and makes the fan unable to supply enough air, which deteriorates the cooling and heating capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC power supply</td>
<td>5 to 10 years</td>
<td>The capacity of the electrolytic condenser decreases, and causes abnormal voltage which results in DC power supply failure and stops the thermo-con.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display panel</td>
<td>50,000 hours (approx. 5 years)</td>
<td>The display turns off when the backlight of the LCD reaches the end of its life.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**With Flow Switch**

**Option symbol**

With Flow Switch

HEC□□□□-□□□□-F

- With flow switch

This is an ON/OFF switch detecting low levels of the circulating fluid. When the fluid volume is 1 L/min. or less, "ERR16" is displayed and the thermo-con stops. This switch is installed between the circulating fluid inlet and the tank, and built into the thermo-con. Refer to page 312.

**NPT Thread**

**Option symbol**

NPT Thread

HEC□□□□-□□□□-N

- NPT thread

The connection parts of circulating fluid piping, facility water piping and circulating fluid drain port are NPT thread type.

---

* Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-con. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.
**HEC-A Series**

**Specific Product Precautions 1**

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 383 for safety instructions and pages 384 to 387 for temperature control equipment precautions.

---

### Design

⚠️ **Warning**

1. This catalog shows the specifications of the Thermo-con.
   1. Check detailed specifications in the separate “Product Specifications”, and evaluate the compatibility of the thermo-con with user’s system.
   2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, the user is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.

---

### Radiation Air

⚠️ **Caution**

1. The inlet for radiation air must not be exposed to particles and dust as far as possible.
2. Do not let the inlet and outlet for radiation air get closed.

<HEC002>

If radiation is prevented, the set temperature may not be achieved depending on the value of the set temperature and the load. Keep a space of 100 mm for opened rear side or 200 mm for closed rear side respectively.

---

### Handling

⚠️ **Warning**

2. If the set temperature is repeatedly changed by 10°C or more, the thermo-con may fail in short periods of time.

---

### Operating Environment/Storage Environment

⚠️ **Warning**

1. Keep within the specified ambient temperature and humidity range.
   Also, if the set temperature is too low, condensation may form on the inside of the thermo-con or the surface of piping even within the specified ambient temperature range. Dew condensation can cause failure, and so must be avoided by considering operating conditions.
2. The thermo-con is not designed for clean room usage.
   It generates dust from the pump inside the unit and the cooling fan.
3. Low molecular siloxane can damage the contact of the relay.
   Use the thermo-con in a place free from low molecular siloxane.

---

<HEC006>

*The space must be 500 mm or more. Be sure that the ambient temperature is within the specification range.*
**Caution**

3. If more than one thermo-con is used, consider their arrangement so that the downstream sides of the thermo-cons suck radiation air from the upstream sides. Otherwise, the performance at the downstream sides may deteriorate. Also, the set temperature may not be achieved depending on the value of the set temperature and the load. In such a case, take countermeasures such as changing the direction of the thermo-cons to prevent the deterioration of performance.

4. If dust adheres to the filter, remove dust with a vacuum cleaner or a dry cloth.

5. Do not operate without the filter. Otherwise, dust may accumulate on the heat sink and electrical components, causing abnormal heating.

---

**Caution**

1. Use tap water or fluid which will not damage the wetted material. (Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Polypropylene, PE, PPE, Ceramics, Polyurethane)

2. Deionized water (with an electric conductivity of approx. 1 μS/cm) can be used, but may lose its electric conductivity.

   Also, if a facility supplying deionized water is used, the thermo-con may be damaged by static electricity.

3. If deionized water is used, bacteria and algae may grow in short periods of time.

   If the thermo-con is operated with bacteria and algae, its cooling capacity or the capacity of the pump may deteriorate. Exchange all deionized water regularly depending on the conditions (once a month as a guide).

4. If using a fluid other than water, please contact SMC beforehand.

5. The maximum operating pressure of circulating fluid circuit is 0.1 MPa.

   If this pressure is exceeded, leakage from the tank in the thermo-con can result.

6. Select a pipe with a length and diameter which allow a flow rate of 1 L/min or more (HEC002) or 3 L/min or more (HEC006) for the circulating fluid.

   If the flow rate is less than these values, the thermo-con cannot provide precise control, but also can fail because of the repeated cooling and heating operation.

7. A magnet driven pump is used as a circulating pump.

   A fluid which contains metal powders such as iron powder cannot be used.

8. The thermo-con must not be operated without circulating fluid.

   The pump can break due to idling.

---

**Caution**

9. If the tank lid is opened after the supply of circulating fluid, the circulating fluid may spill out depending on the condition of external piping.

10. If an external tank is used, the circulating fluid may spill out from the internal tank lid depending on where the external tank is installed.

   Check that the internal tank has no leakage if using an external tank.

11. If there is a point where fluid is released to atmosphere externally (tank or piping), minimize the piping resistance at the circulating fluid return side.

   If the piping resistance is too large, the piping may be crushed, or the built-in circulator tank may be deformed or cracked because the pressure in the piping for return will become negative. The built-in circulator tank is made of resin (PE). Therefore, the tank may be crushed if the pressure is negative. Special attention must be paid if the flow rate of the circulating fluid is high. To avoid a negative pressure of –0.02 MPa or below, the piping for return should be as thick and short as possible to minimize the piping resistance. It is also effective to restrict the flow rate of circulating fluid or remove the gasket of internal tank for the release to atmosphere.

12. Fluorinated fluid is outside of the specifications.

   If it is used in the thermo-con, static electricity will be generated by the flow of fluid. This static electricity may be discharged to the board of the thermo-con, causing damage or operation failure and loss of data of such set temperature. Also, as the specific gravity of the fluorinated fluid is 1.5 to 1.8 times of water, the pump will be overloaded, which also causes fluorinated fluid to be outside the specifications. Therefore, if fluorinated fluid is used, please contact SMC and we will introduce a suitable special product (water-cooled type).

13. Avoid operation with cavitation or bubbles due to low fluid level in the tank. This may shorten the pump life.

14. If tap water is used, it should satisfy the quality standards shown below.

---

### Tap Water (as Circulating Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 “Cooling water system – Circulating type – Supply water”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Standard value</th>
<th>Influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH (at 25 °C)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>6.0 to 8.0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric conductivity (25 °C)</td>
<td>μS/cm</td>
<td>100<em>1 to 300</em>1</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chloride ion (Cl⁻)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid ion (SO₄²⁻)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acid consumption amount (at pH 8)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total hardness</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>70 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium hardness (CaCO₃)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ionic state silica (SiO₂)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>30 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron (Fe)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>0.3 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper (Cu)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>0.1 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfide ion (S⁻)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Should not be detected</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium ion (NH₄⁺)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>0.1 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residual chlorine (Cl)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>0.3 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free carbon (CO₂)</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>4.0 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 In the case of [μS/cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

○: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.

Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
HEC-A Series
Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 383 for safety instructions and pages 384 to 387 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Communication

⚠️ Caution

1. The set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 1 million times.
   In particular, pay attention to how many of times the writing is performed using the communication function.

Maintenance

⚠️ Warning

1. Prevention of electric shock and fire
   Do not operate the switch with wet hands. Also, do not operate the thermo-con with water left on it.

2. Action in the case of error
   If any error such as abnormal sounds, smoke, or bad smell occurs, cut off the power at once, and stop supplying and conveying fluid. Please contact SMC or a sales distributor to repair the thermo-con.

3. Regular inspection
   Check the following items at least once a month. The inspection must be done by an operator who has sufficient knowledge and experience.
   a) Check of displayed contents.
   b) Check of temperature, vibration and abnormal sounds in the body of the thermo-con.
   c) Check of the voltage and current of the power supply system.
   d) Check for leakage and contamination of the circulating fluid and intrusion of foreign matter to it, and subsequent replacement of the fluid.
   e) Check for flow condition, temperature and filter of radiation air.
# Peltier-Type Chiller
## Thermo-con (Water-cooled)
### HEC-W Series

## How to Order

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cooling capacity</th>
<th>Radiating method</th>
<th>Power supply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>140 W, 320 W</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Communication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>With flow switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>NPT thread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>With level switch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The option should be specified when ordering.

## Specifications
(For details, please refer to our “Product Specifications” information.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>HEC001-W5A</th>
<th>HEC001-W5B</th>
<th>HEC003-W5A</th>
<th>HEC003-W5B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cooling method</td>
<td>Thermoelectric device (Thermo-module)</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiating method</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control method</td>
<td>Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control</td>
<td>Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control</td>
<td>Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control</td>
<td>Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature/humidity</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circulating fluid</td>
<td>Tap water, 20% ethylene glycol</td>
<td>Tap water, 20% ethylene glycol</td>
<td>Tap water, 20% ethylene glycol</td>
<td>Tap water, 20% ethylene glycol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating temp. range</td>
<td>10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)</td>
<td>10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)</td>
<td>10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)</td>
<td>10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling capacity</td>
<td>140 W*1</td>
<td>320 W*1</td>
<td>770 W*1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating capacity</td>
<td>400 W*1</td>
<td>770 W*1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature stability*2</td>
<td>±0.01 to 0.03°C</td>
<td>±0.01 to 0.03°C</td>
<td>±0.01 to 0.03°C</td>
<td>±0.01 to 0.03°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump capacity</td>
<td>Refer to performance chart.</td>
<td>Refer to performance chart.</td>
<td>Refer to performance chart.</td>
<td>Refer to performance chart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tank capacity</td>
<td>Approx. 1.2 L</td>
<td>Approx. 1.2 L</td>
<td>Approx. 1.2 L</td>
<td>Approx. 1.2 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port size</td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/8</td>
<td>Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/8</td>
<td>Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature range</td>
<td>10 to 35°C (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C (no condensation)</td>
<td>10 to 35°C (no condensation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure range</td>
<td>Within 1 MPa</td>
<td>Within 1 MPa</td>
<td>Within 1 MPa</td>
<td>Within 1 MPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required flow rate*3</td>
<td>3 to 7 L/min</td>
<td>3 to 7 L/min</td>
<td>3 to 7 L/min</td>
<td>3 to 7 L/min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port size</td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/8</td>
<td>Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/8</td>
<td>Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluid contact material</td>
<td>Stainless steel 304</td>
<td>Stainless steel 304</td>
<td>Stainless steel 304</td>
<td>Stainless steel 304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply</td>
<td>Single-phase 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Single-phase 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Single-phase 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Single-phase 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overcurrent protector</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>10 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current consumption</td>
<td>3.5 A (100 VAC) to 1.5 A (240 VAC)</td>
<td>5.5 A (100 VAC) to 2.5 A (240 VAC)</td>
<td>5.5 A (100 VAC) to 2.5 A (240 VAC)</td>
<td>5.5 A (100 VAC) to 2.5 A (240 VAC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Refer to alarm function.</td>
<td>Refer to alarm function.</td>
<td>Refer to alarm function.</td>
<td>Refer to alarm function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications</td>
<td>RS-485</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
<td>RS-485</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>Approx. 12 kg</td>
<td>Approx. 13 kg</td>
<td>Approx. 12 kg</td>
<td>Approx. 13 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessories</td>
<td>Power cable, Foot for fixing, Splashproof cover</td>
<td>Power cable, Foot for fixing, Splashproof cover</td>
<td>Power cable, Foot for fixing, Splashproof cover</td>
<td>Power cable, Foot for fixing, Splashproof cover</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety standards</td>
<td>CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards, SEMI</td>
<td>CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards, SEMI</td>
<td>CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards, SEMI</td>
<td>CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards, SEMI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1 Circulating fluid/Tap water conditions: Circulating fluid set temperature 20°C, Flow rate 5 L/min., Facility water temperature 20°C, Flow rate 5 L/min., Ambient temperature 25°C

*2 The indicated values are with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range in some other operating conditions.

*3 The flow rate beyond the proper range may deteriorate performance or generate noise, causing the piping to break.
Peltier-Type Chiller  
Thermo-con (Water-cooled)  
**HEC-W Series**

### How to Order

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>600 W, 1200 W</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>HEC</strong> 012 - W 2 B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Cooling capacity**
  - 06: 600 W
  - 012: 1200 W

- **Radiating method**
  - W: Water-cooled

- **Power supply**
  - 2: 200 to 220 VAC

- **Communication**
  - A: RS-485
  - B: RS-232C

- **Option**
  - Nil: None
  - N: NPT thread

* The option should be specified when ordering.

### Specifications (For details, please refer to our “Product Specifications” information.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>HEC006-W2A</th>
<th>HEC006-W2B</th>
<th>HEC012-W2A</th>
<th>HEC012-W2B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cooling method</strong></td>
<td>Thermoelectric device (Thermo-module)</td>
<td>Water-cooled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Radiating method</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Control method</strong></td>
<td>Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambient temperature/humidity</strong></td>
<td>10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating temperature range</strong></td>
<td>10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Circulating fluid</strong></td>
<td>Tap water, Fluorinated fluid (Fluorinert™ FC-3283, GALDEN® HT135)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cooling capacity</strong></td>
<td>600 W (Tap water), 400 W (Fluorinert™ FC-3283)</td>
<td>1200 W (Tap water), 800 W (Fluorinert™ FC-3283)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Heating capacity</strong></td>
<td>900 W (Tap water), 600 W (Fluorinert™ FC-3283)</td>
<td>2200 W (Tap water), 1500 W (Fluorinert™ FC-3283)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temperature stability</strong></td>
<td>±0.01 to 0.03°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temperature range</strong></td>
<td>10 to 35°C (no condensation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pressure range</strong></td>
<td>Within 1 MPa</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Required flow rate</strong></td>
<td>8 to 15 L/min</td>
<td>10 to 15 L/min</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Port size</strong></td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/8, Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
<td>IN/OUT: Rc3/4, Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fluid contact material</strong></td>
<td>Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Ceramics, PPS glass 30%, Carbon, PE, Polyurethane, Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Ceramics, PP, PE, Polyurethane, SiC, PPS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power supply</strong></td>
<td>Single-phase 200 to 220 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Overcurrent protector</strong></td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td>15 A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current consumption</strong></td>
<td>5 A</td>
<td>10 A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>Approx. 25 kg (including foot for fixing)</td>
<td>Approx. 40 kg (including foot for fixing)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communications</strong></td>
<td>RS-485</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
<td>RS-485</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Use</strong></td>
<td>Power cable, Foot for fixing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Technical Data

- **Safety standards**
  - CE marking

---

*1 GALDENE® is a registered trademark, belonging to the Solvay Group or its corresponding owner. Fluorinert™ is a trademark of 3M. Regarding the fluid other than the above, please consult with SMC.

*2 Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Facility water temperature 20°C, Facility water flow rate 8 L/min, Ambient temperature 25°C.

*3 Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Facility water temperature 20°C, Facility water flow rate 10 L/min, Ambient temperature 25°C.

*4 The indicated values are with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range in some other operating conditions.

*5 The flow rate beyond the proper range may deteriorate performance or generate noise, causing the piping to break.
The values shown on the performance chart are not guaranteed, but typical. Allow margins for safety when selecting the model.
The values shown on the performance chart are not guaranteed, but typical. Allow margins for safety when selecting the model.

Heating Capacity

**HEC001**
- Circulating fluid: Tap water
- Facility water flow rate: 5 L/min
- Facility water: 10°C
- Facility water: 20°C
- Facility water: 30°C

**HEC003**
- Circulating fluid: Tap water
- Facility water flow rate: 5 L/min
- Facility water: 10°C
- Facility water: 20°C
- Facility water: 30°C

**HEC006**
- Circulating fluid: Tap water
- Facility water flow rate: 8 L/min
- Facility water: 10°C
- Facility water: 20°C
- Facility water: 35°C

**HEC012**
- Circulating fluid: Tap water
- Facility water flow rate: 10 L/min
- Facility water: 10°C
- Facility water: 20°C
- Facility water: 35°C
Pump Capacity (Thermo-con Outlet)

**HEC001/003** Since a DC pump is used, the unit is not affected by power requirements.

**HEC006** Since a DC pump is used, the unit is not affected by power requirements.

**HEC012**

---

**HEC-W Series**

---

**Pressure Loss in Facility Water Circuit**

**HEC001**

**HEC003**

**HEC006**

**HEC012**
Parts Description

HEC001/003

Display/Operation panel
Tank lid (with O-ring)
Circulating fluid inlet
Circulating fluid level gauge
Power switch
Handle
Facility water outlet
Facility water inlet
Circulating fluid outlet
Drain (Circulating fluid drain port)
Splashproof cover
External temperature sensor connector
Alarm output connector
Communication connector
RS-232C type 1 pc.
RS-485 type 2 pcs.
Power connector
(Connect the attached power cable.)

HEC006/012

Display/Operation panel
Tank lid (with gasket)
Circulating fluid level gauge
Power switch
Handle
Facility water outlet
Facility water inlet
Splashproof cover
Cooling fan
Communication connector
RS-232C type 1 pc.
RS-485 type 2 pcs.
Alarm output connector
External temperature sensor connector
Power connector
(Connect the attached power cable.)
Circulating fluid outlet
Drain (Circulating fluid drain port)
Circulating fluid inlet
**HEC-W Series**

### Dimensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HEC001-W5</td>
<td>HEC003-W5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Tank lid** (with O-ring)
- **Foot** (Accessory)
- **Warning/Caution label**
- **Display/Operation panel**
- **Power switch**
- **Circulating fluid level gauge**
- **Circulating fluid drain port** (Rc1/4 (With plug))
- **Facility water outlet** (Rc3/8)
- **Facility water inlet** (Rc3/8)
- **Circulating fluid outlet** (Rc3/8)
- **External temperature sensor connector**
- **Alarm output connector**
- **Communication connector**
- **Power connector**
- **Model no. label**
- **Electric supply inlet**
- **Facility water outlet** (Rc1/4 (With plug))

**Power Cable (Accessory)**

- **Connector**: IEC 60320 C13 or equivalent
- **Cable**: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire color</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>100 to 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green/Yellow</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For NPT thread specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.

---

For NPT thread specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.
For NPT thread specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.

### Dimensions

**HEC006-W2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Foot (Accessory)</th>
<th>Power switch</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>458</td>
<td>433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>24.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>24.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Display/Operation panel**

**Warning/Caution label**

**Foot (Accessory)**

**Circulating fluid level gauge**

**Tank lid with gasket**

**Handle**

**Air**

**Facility water inlet**

**Facility water outlet**

**Facility water outlet**

**Fan**

**Circulating fluid inlet**

**Circulating fluid outlet**

**Circulating fluid drain port**

**Facility water outlet**

**Facility water inlet**

**Power connector**

**External temperature sensor connector**

**Alarm output connector**

**Communication connector**

**Model no. label**

**28.5**

**146.5**

**198**

**168**

**128**

**73**

**304**

**133**

**32**

**336**

**HRSH**

**HRSH090**

**HRSH100/150**

**HEC-W Series**

**Peltier-Type Chiller**

**Thermo-con (Water-cooled)**

**HEC-W Series**

### Power Cable

**Connector: IEC 60320 C13 or equivalent**

**Cable: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire color</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green/Yellow</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Power cable (Accessory)**

For NPT thread specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.
**HEC-W Series**

**Dimensions**

**HEC012-W2**

- **Foot (Accessory)**
- **Power switch**
- **Display/Operation panel**
- **Warning/Caution label**
- **Circulating fluid level gauge**
- **Tank lid with gasket**
- **Handle**
- **Facility water outlet**
- **Facility water inlet**
- **Circulating fluid outlet**
- **Fan**
- **Communication connector**
- **Alarm output connector**
- **External temperature sensor connector**
- **Circulating fluid drain port**
- **Model no. label**

For NPT fitting specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.

**Power Cable**

Connector: DDK CE05-6A18-10SD-D-BSS or equivalent
Cable: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire color</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green/Yellow</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2000

Power cable (Accessory)
Connectors

**HEC006-W2□/001-W5□/003-W5□**

1. Power connector (AC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>PE</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IEC 60320 C14 or equivalent

HEC001-W5□

HEC003-W5□

2. Communication connector (RS-232C or RS-485)

D-sub 9 pin (socket)

Holding screw: M2.6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>RD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>SD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-9</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. External sensor connector (EXT.SENSOR)

D-sub 15 pin (socket)

Holding screw: M2.6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-2</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Terminal A of resistance temperature detector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Terminal B of resistance temperature detector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Terminal B of resistance temperature detector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-14</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>FG</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Alarm output connector (ALARM)

D-sub 9 pin (pin)

Holding screw: M2.6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Contact a for output cut-off alarm (open when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Common for output cut-off alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Contact b for output cut-off alarm (closed when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-5</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Contact a for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (open when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Common for upper/lower temp. limit alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Contact b for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (closed when alarm occurs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HEC012-W2□**

Power connector (AC)

DDK CE05-2A18-10PD-D or equivalent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>200 to 220 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>PE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other connectors are the same as those for the HEC006-W2□.
Alarm

This unit is equipped as standard with a function allowing 16 kinds of alarms to display on the LCD and can be read out by serial communication. Also, it can generate relay output for upper/lower temperature limit alarm and output cut-off alarm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm code</th>
<th>Alarm description</th>
<th>Operation status</th>
<th>Main reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRN</td>
<td>Upper/Lower temp. limit alarm</td>
<td>Continue</td>
<td>The temperature has exceeded the upper or lower limit of the target temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR00</td>
<td>CPU hung-up</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The CPU has crashed due to noise, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR01</td>
<td>CPU check error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The contents of the CPU cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR03</td>
<td>Back-up data error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The contents of the back-up data cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR04</td>
<td>EEPROM writing error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The data cannot be written to EEPROM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR05</td>
<td>EEPROM input over time error&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The number of times of writing to EEPROM has exceeded 1 million times.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR11</td>
<td>DC power supply failure</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The DC power supply has failed (due to abnormal high temperature) or an irregular voltage has occurred or the thermo-module has been short-circuited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR12</td>
<td>Internal temp. sensor high temp. error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the upper limit of cut-off temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR13</td>
<td>Internal temp. sensor low temp. error</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the lower limit of cut-off temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR14</td>
<td>Thermostat alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The thermostat has been activated due to insufficient of the facility water or high temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR15</td>
<td>Abnormal output alarm</td>
<td>Continue</td>
<td>The temperature cannot be changed even at 100% output due to overload or disconnection of the thermo-module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR16</td>
<td>Pump failure&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt; or low circulating fluid level alarm&lt;sup&gt;12&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The pump has been overloaded&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt; or the flow switch is activated&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR17</td>
<td>Internal temp. sensor disconnection alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The internal temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR18</td>
<td>External temp. sensor disconnection alarm</td>
<td>Continue</td>
<td>The external temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited. (Only detected when in learning control or external tune control.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR19</td>
<td>Abnormal auto tuning alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>Auto tuning has not been completed within 20 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERR20</td>
<td>Low fluid level alarm&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>The amount of circulating fluid in the tank has dropped and the level switch is activated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>1</sup> The HEC012 only  
<sup>2</sup> Optional for the HEC001 and HEC003 only (Not available for the HEC006)  
<sup>3</sup> Optional for the HEC001 and HEC003  
<sup>4</sup> The HEC001 and HEC003 only

Maintenance

Maintenance of this unit is performed only in the form of return to and repair at SMC’s site. As a rule, SMC will not conduct on-site maintenance. Separately, the following parts have a limited life and need to be replaced before the life ends.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Expected life</th>
<th>Possible failure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pump</td>
<td>3 to 5 years</td>
<td>The bearing is worn so the pump fails to transfer the circulating fluid, which results in temperature control failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fan</td>
<td>5 to 10 years</td>
<td>The bearing uses up lubrication and makes the fan unable to supply enough air, which increases the internal temperature of the thermo-con, and activates the overheat protection of the power supply and generates the alarm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC power supply</td>
<td>5 to 10 years</td>
<td>The capacity of the electrolytic condenser decreases, and causes abnormal voltage which results in DC power supply failure and stops the thermo-con.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display panel</td>
<td>50,000 hours</td>
<td>(approx. 5 years) The display turns off when the backlight of the LCD reaches the end of its life.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HEC-W Series

Options

F Option symbol

With Flow Switch

HEC□□□□-F

With flow switch

This is an ON/OFF switch detecting low levels of the circulating fluid. When the fluid volume is 1 L/min. or less, “ERR16” is displayed and the thermo-con stops. This switch is installed between the circulating fluid inlet and the tank, and built into the Thermo-con. Refer to page 312.

N Option symbol

NPT Thread

HEC□□□□-N

NPT thread

The connection parts of circulating fluid piping, facility water piping and circulating fluid drain port are NPT thread type.

L Option symbol

With Level Switch

HEC□□□□-L

With level switch

This switch is used to detect a LOW level of tank fluid. When the fluid level becomes below the LOW level, “ERR20” is displayed and the thermo-con stops. This switch is installed in the circulating fluid tank and built into the thermo-con. Refer to page 312.

Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-con. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.
HEC-W Series
Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 383 for safety instructions and pages 384 to 387 for temperature control equipment precautions.

⚠️ Warning

1. This catalog shows the specifications of the thermo-con.
   1. Check detailed specifications in the separate “Product Specifications”, and evaluate the compatibility of the thermo-con with user’s system.
   2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, the user is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.

⚠️ Warning

1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.
   Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.
2. If the set temperature is repeatedly changed by 10°C or more, the thermo-con may fail in short periods of time.

⚠️ Warning

1. Keep within the specified ambient temperature and humidity range.
   Also, if the set temperature is too low, condensation may form on the inside of the thermo-con or the surface of piping even within the specified ambient temperature range. Dew condensation can cause failure, and so must be avoided by considering operating conditions.
2. The thermo-con is not designed for clean room usage.
   The pump and fan generate dust.
3. Low molecular siloxane can damage the contact of the relay.
   Use the thermo-con in a place free from low molecular siloxane.

⚠️ Warning

4. Installation conditions
   If the space for the intake and discharge of air is insufficient, the amount of transferred air will decrease, which can impair the performance and life of the product. Therefore, keep the conditions illustrated below for installation. Also, if ambient temperature is expected to be over 35°C, vent or exhaust air to prevent the increase of ambient temperature over 35°C.

<HEC006/012>

⚠️ Warning

It is not necessary to leave space for ventilation. Install the product while taking working space for installation and maintenance into account. However, ventilation must be also considered so that ambient temperature does not excessively rise.

⚠️ Caution

1. If the temperature of the facility water is too low, it can cause formation of dew condensation inside the heat exchanger.
   Supply facility water with a temperature over the atmospheric dew point to avoid the formation of dew condensation.
2. If the facility water piping is connected to multiple machines, the facility water exchanges heat at the upstream side and its temperature will become higher as it goes downstream.
   Limit the number of connected thermo-cons to two per facility water system, and if more than two thermo-cons are to be connected, increase the number of systems.

⚠️ Caution

1. Use tap water or fluid which will not damage the wetted parts material as described in this catalog’s specifications.
   (PPE, PP glass 10%, Alumina ceramics, Carbon, EPDM, Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, PE, PP, NBR)
2. Deionized water (with an electric conductivity of approx. 1 µS/cm) can be used, but may lose its electric conductivity.
HEC-W Series
Specific Product Precautions 2
Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 383 for safety instructions and pages 384 to 387 for temperature control equipment precautions.

**Caution**

3. **If deionized water is used, bacteria and algae may grow in a short period.**
   If the thermo-con is operated with bacteria and algae, its heat exchanging capacity or the capacity of the pump may deteriorate. Exchange all deionized water regularly depending on the conditions (once a month as a guide).

4. **If using a fluid other than this catalog, please contact SMC beforehand.**

5. **The maximum operating pressure of circulating fluid circuit is 0.1 MPa.**
   If this pressure is exceeded, leakage from the tank in the thermo-con can result.

6. **Select a pipe with a length and diameter which allow a flow rate of 3 L/min or more for the circulating fluid.**
   If the flow rate is less than 3 L/min, the thermo-con cannot provide precise control, but also can fail because of the repeated cooling and heating operation.

7. **A magnet driven pump is used as a circulating pump.**
   A fluid which contains metal powders such as iron powder cannot be used.

8. **The thermo-con must not be operated without circulating fluid.**
   The pump can break due to idling.

9. **If the tank lid is opened after the supply of circulating fluid, the circulating fluid may spill out depending on the condition of external piping.**

10. **If an external tank is used, the circulating fluid may spill out from the internal tank lid depending on where the external tank is installed.**
    Check that the internal tank has no leakage if using an external tank.

11. **If there is a point where fluid is released to atmosphere externally (tank or piping), minimize the piping resistance at the circulating fluid return side.**
    If the piping resistance is too large, the piping may be crushed, or the built-in circulator tank may be deformed or cracked because the pressure in the piping for return will become negative. The built-in circulator tank is made of resin (PE). Therefore, the tank may be crushed if the pressure is negative. Special attention must be paid if the thermo-con is operated with bacteria and algae, causing damage or operation failure and loss of data of such as set temperature.

12. **If fluorinated fluid is used in the thermo-con (HEC006/012), static electricity will be generated by the flow of fluid.**
    This static electricity may be discharged to the board of the thermo-con, causing damage or operation failure and loss of data of such as set temperature.
    Ground pipe in order to remove static electricity.

13. **Avoid operation with cavitation or bubbles due to low fluid level in the tank. This may shorten the pump life.**

**Caution**

14. **If tap water is used, it should satisfy the quality standards shown below.**

   **Tap Water (as Circulating Water) Quality Standards**
   The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulating type – Supply water"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Standard value</th>
<th>Influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH (at 25°C)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>6.0 to 8.0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric conductivity (25°C)</td>
<td>[µS/cm]</td>
<td>1000 to 3000</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chloride ion (Cl⁻)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid ion (SO₄²⁻)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acid consumption amount (at pH4.5)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total hardness</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>70 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium hardness (CaCO₃)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>50 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ionic state silica (SiO₂)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>30 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron (Fe)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>0.3 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper (Cu)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>0.1 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfide ion (S₂⁻)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>Should not be detected</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium ion (NH₄⁺)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>0.1 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residual chlorine (Cl⁻)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>0.3 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free carbon (CO₂)</td>
<td>[mg/L]</td>
<td>4.0 or less</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **In the case of [ML/µm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.**
2. **Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.**
3. **Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.**

**Communication**

1. **The set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 1 million times.**
   In particular, pay attention to how many of times the writing is performed using the communication function.

**Maintenance**

1. **Prevention of electric shock and fire**
   Do not operate the switch with wet hands. Also, do not operate the thermo-con with water left on it.

2. **Action in the case of error**
   If any error such as abnormal sounds, smoke, or bad smell occurs, cut off the power at once, and stop supplying and conveying fluid. Please contact SMC or a sales distributor to repair the thermo-con.

3. **Regular inspection**
   Check the following items at least once a month. The inspection must be done by an operator who has sufficient knowledge and experience.
   a) Check of displayed contents.
   b) Check of temperature, vibration and abnormal sounds in the body of the thermo-con.
   c) Check of the voltage and current of the power supply system.
   d) Check for leakage and contamination of the circulating fluid and intrusion of foreign matter to it, and subsequent replacement of water.
   e) Check for leakage, quality change, flow rate and temperature of facility water.