## Operation Manual

PRODUCT NAME

## Electric Actuator / Slider Type

## MODEL / Series <br> LEF Series



SMC Corporation
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## LEF Series / Slider type Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and /or equipment damage.
These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger."
They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO /IEC), Japan Industrial Standards (JIS)*1) and other safety regulations*2).
*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems
ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems
IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery -- Electrical equipment of machines (Part 1: General requirements)
ISO 10218-1992: Manipulating industrial robots -- Safety
JIS B 8370: General rules for pneumatic equipment.
JIS B 8361: General rules for hydraulic equipment.
JIS B 9960-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment for machines. (Part 1: General requirements)
JIS B 8433-1993: Manipulating industrial robots - Safety. etc.
*2) Labor Safety and Sanitation Law, etc.

## Caution

Warning
Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

## \. Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.
Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results.
The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product.
This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.
2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly.
The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.
3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery lequipment until safety is confirmed.

The inspection and maintenance of machinery lequipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
Before machinery /equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.

1) Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
2) Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
3) An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
4) Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.

# LEF Series / Slider type Safety Instructions 

## 1 Caution

The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.
The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries.
If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary.
If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

## Limited warranty and Disclaimer /Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".
Read and accept them before using the product.

## Limited warranty and Disclaimer

The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered.*3) Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.

For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided.
This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.

Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.
*3) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty.
A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered.
Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

## Compliance Requirements

When the product is exported, strictly follow the laws required by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law).

## 1. Procedure before operation/simple setting to use straight away

The controller is already set with the data of the actuator.
With the simple setting "easy mode", it can be operated and running parameters can be changed easily.

### 1.1 Preparation

(1) Items to be prepared

Please check what is written on the label, and the quantity of accessories, to confirm that it is the product that was ordered.

Table 1. LE Series (Note) The included items are changed by the order number.

|  | Part name | Qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Slider type | 1 |
|  | Controller | 1 |
|  | Power supply plug( Attached to controller) | 1 |
|  | Actuator cable | 1 |
|  | I/O cable | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 듬 } \\ & \frac{\partial}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | Teaching box or <br> Controller setting kit <br> [The controller setting software, The communication cable, USB cable and conversion unit are included.] | 1 |



Table 2. Items to be prepared by the customer

| Part name | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: |
| Power supply 24VDC Except "Inrush-current restraining type" | Refer to power consumption of each actuator / See 2.1Specification on p. 9 (Prepare the power supply that has capacity of "Moment max. power consumption" or more.) |
| Wire AWG20 (0.5mm²) | Stripped wire length |
| Power supply plug <br> Wiring | Connect the plus side of 24VDC to the C24V, M24V and EMG terminals of the power supply plug, and the minus side to the 0 V terminal. <br> Step motor (servo 24VDC) <br> Push the open/close lever and insert the wire into the electrical wire entry <br> Servo motor (24VDC) |



### 1.2 Controller setting software

## 1. Installation of software

With the controller setting software CD-ROM, install the communication unit software, following the "Software Installation procedure" (PDF)

## 2. Startup of software

After turning on the controller power supply, start up the ACT Controller.


## 3. JOG Drive

a. Driving preparation: Servo On $\rightarrow$ Return to ORIG
(2)


Select "Monitor"
b. JOG Drive

c. Driving stop: Servo Off

Select "test"



Select "OK"

(1)"SVRE" lighting is confirmed
(2) Select "Return to ORIG"


Select "OK"

## 1. Caution

## If an alarm is generated

(1) When "ALARM" is generated, release it by selecting (2)

In the case of an alarm code that cannot be released with "Reset", cycle the controller power supply.
(1)


Note) For details of alarm codes, refer to the separate Controller Operation Manual.
4. TEST Drive / Step No. $0 \rightarrow$ No. $1 \rightarrow$ No. $0 \cdot$..
a. Driving preparation: Servo On $\rightarrow$ Return to ORIG / Refer to 3.JOG Drive.
b. TEST Drive

c. Driving stop : Servo Off / Refer to 3.JOG Drive.

## 5. Step data change

<"Step No.0" / Positioning operation> At the time of shipment, Step No. 0 is set to positioning operation

| Step data |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Move M | Speed | Position | Pushing F | TriggLV | In pos |
|  |  | $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ | mm | \% | \% | mm |
| 0 | Absolute | 25 | 50.00 | 0 | 0 | 0.50 |

Change of positioning stop position Position: $50 \mathrm{~mm} \rightarrow 30 \mathrm{~mm}$


Input "30"


For details of operation, and relationship between operation procedure and input/ output signals, refer to 3.3 "Step Data" setting method p. 19 to 22.

## 6. Controller setting software screen explanation

Refer to "ACT Controller Help / Easy mode" on the desktop screen.

### 1.3 Teaching box

1. Name

2. JOG Drive

3. TEST Drive / Step No. $0 \rightarrow$ No. $1 \rightarrow$ No. $0 \cdot \cdot$


## 4. Step data change

"Step No.0" / Positioning operation / At the time of shipment, Step No. 0 is set to positioning operation



Method of ending "DATA" Press the (5)MENU key


For details of operation, and relationship between operation procedure and input/ output signals, refer to 3.3 "Step Data" setting method p. 19 to 22.

## 5. Teaching box detailed explanation

Please refer to the separate teaching box manual.

## 2. Specification

2.1 Slider type LEF Series / Ball screw drive Specification
(1) Step motor (servo 24VDC) Ball screw drive

| Model |  |  | LEFS 16 |  | LEFS 25 |  | LEFS 32 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stroke(mm) ${ }^{\text {Notele }}$ |  | 100,200,300,(400) |  | 100,200,300,(400),500, 600 |  | $\begin{gathered} 100,200,300,(400), 500 \\ (600,700,800) \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Work load(kg) ${ }^{\text {Note2) }}$ | Horizontal | 9 | 10 | 20 | 20 | 40 | 45 |
|  | Work load(kg) | Vertical | 2 | 4 | 7.5 | 15 | 10 | 20 |
|  | Speed (mm/s) | s) ${ }^{\text {Nole2) }}$ | 10 to 500 | 5 to 250 | 12 to 500 | 6 to 250 | 16 to 500 | 8 to 250 |
|  | Positioning repe | tability(mm) | +/-0.02 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Lead(m |  | 10 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 16 | 8 |
|  | Impact resistan resistance(m | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ce/ vibration } \\ & \left.1 / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right) \quad \text { Note3 } \end{aligned}$ | 50 / 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Drive me | thod | Ball screw |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Guide ty | ype | Linear guide |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operating tempera | ture range ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | 5 to 40 (No condensation or freezing) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operating humid | ity range (\%) | 35 to 85 (No condensation or freezing) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Motor size |  | $\square 28$ |  | $\square 42$ |  | $\square 56.4$ |  |
|  | Type of Motor |  | Step motor (Servo 24VDC) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Encoder |  | Incremental A/B phase (800 pulse/rotation) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rated voltage(VDC) |  | $24+/$ 10\% |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power consumpti | (ion(W) ${ }^{\text {Note4) }}$ | 22 |  | 38 |  | 50 |  |
|  | Standby power co operating | (V) Nomption when | 18 |  | 16 |  | 44 |  |
|  | Momentary max consumption | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nax. power } \\ & \text { (W) Note6) } \end{aligned}$ | 51 |  | 57 |  | 123 |  |
|  | Controller we | eight(kg) | 0.15 (Screw mounting type), $\quad 0.17$ (DIN rail mounting type) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Type |  | No excitation operating type |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Holding for | rce(N) | 20 | 39 | 78 | 157 | 108 | 216 |
|  | Power consumpti | ion(W) ${ }^{\text {Note8) }}$ | 3.6 |  | 5 |  | 5 |  |
|  | Rated voltag | e(VDC) | $24+/-10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Weight

| Model | LEFS16 |  |  |  | LEFS25 |  |  |  |  |  | LEFS32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke(mm) ${ }^{\text {Note1 }}$ | 100 | 200 | 300 | (400) | 100 | 200 | 300 | (400) | 500 | (600) | 100 | 200 | 300 | (400) | 500 | (600) | (700) | (800) |
| Weight(kg) | 0.90 | 1.05 | 1.20 | 1.35 | 1.84 | 2.12 | 2.40 | 2.68 | 2.96 | 3.24 | 3.35 | 3.75 | 4.15 | 4.55 | 4.95 | 5.35 | 5.75 | 6.15 |
| Additional weight for lock(kg) | 0.12 |  |  |  | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1) The strokes shown in ( ) are produced upon receipt of order.
Note 2) The speed is dependent on the workload. Check the following "Speed-workload graphs" for the selected model.
Note 3) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz , when the actuator was tested in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Note 4) The "Power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
Note 5) The "Standby power consumption when operating" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation.
Note 6) The "Momentary max. power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.
Note 7) Only applies to actuators supplied with a lock.
Note 8) For the actuator with lock, please add the power consumption for the lock.

2) Servo motor (24VDC) Ball screw drive


Weight

| Model | LEFS16A |  |  |  | LEFS25A |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke $(\mathrm{mm})$ Note1) | 100 | 200 | 300 | $(400)$ | 100 | 200 | 300 | $(400)$ | 500 | $(600)$ |
| Weight(kg) | 0.90 | 1.05 | 1.20 | 1.35 | 1.84 | 2.12 | 2.40 | 2.68 | 2.96 | 3.24 |
| Additional weight <br> for lock(kg) | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1) The strokes shown in ( ) are produced upon receipt of order.
Note 2) The speed is dependent on the workload. Check the following "Speed-workload graphs" for the selected model.
Note 3) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz , when the actuator was tested in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Note 4) The "Power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
Note 5) The "Standby power consumption when operating" (including the controller) is for when the actuator which has the maximum workload is stopped in the set position during operation.
Note 6) The "Momentary max. power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.
Note 7) Only applies to actuators supplied with a lock.
Note 8) For the actuator with lock, please add the power consumption for lock.


### 2.2 Slider type LEF Series / Belt drive Specification

## (1) Step motor (servo 24VDC) Belt drive

| Model |  | LEFB 16 | LEFB 25 | LEFB 32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stroke (mm) ${ }^{\text {Note1) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} (300), 500,(600,700), \\ 800,(900), 1000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | (300),500,(600,700),800,(900), $1000,(1200,1500,1800,2000)$ | $(300), 500,(600,700), 800,(900)$, $1000,(1200,1500,1800,2000)$ |
|  | Work load(kg) ${ }^{\text {Noote2 }}$ ) Horizontal | , | 5 | 14 |
|  | Speed (mm/s) ${ }^{\text {Noole2) }}$ | 48 to 1100 | 48 to 1400 | 48 to 1500 |
|  | Positioning repeatability(mm) | +/-0.1 |  |  |
|  | Lead equivalent(mm) | 48 | 48 | 48 |
|  | Impact resistance/ vibration resistance $\left(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)^{\text {Note3) }}$ | 50/20 |  |  |
|  | Drive method | Belt |  |  |
|  | Guide type | Linear guide |  |  |
|  | Operating temperature range $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 5 to 40 (No condensation or freezing) |  |  |
|  | Operating humidity range (\%) | 35 to 85 (No condensation or freezing) |  |  |
|  | Motor size | $\square 28$ | $\square 42$ | $\square 56.4$ |
|  | Type of Motor | Step motor (Servo 24VDC) |  |  |
|  | Encoder | Incremental A/B phase ( 800 pulse/rotation) |  |  |
|  | Rated voltage(VDC) | 24 +/-10\% |  |  |
|  | Power consumption(W) ${ }^{\text {Nooe4) }}$ | 24 | 32 | 52 |
|  | Standby power consumption when operating(W) Note5) | 18 | 16 | 44 |
|  | Momentary max. power consumption(W) | 51 | 60 | 127 |
|  | Controller weight(kg) | 0.15 (Screw mounting type), 0.17 (DIN rail mounting type) |  |  |
|  | Type ${ }^{\text {Note7) }}$ | No excitation opening type |  |  |
|  | Holding force(N) | 4 | 19 | 36 |
|  | Power consumption(W) ${ }^{\text {Note8) }}$ | 3.6 | 5 | 5 |
|  | Rated voltage(VDC) | 24 +/-10\% |  |  |

Weight

| Model | LEFB16 |  |  |  |  |  |  | LEFB25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke(mm) | (300) | 500 | (600) | (700) | 800 | (900) | 1000 | (300) | 500 | (600) | (700) | 800 | (900) | 1000 | (1200) | (1500) | (1800) | (2000) |
| Weight(kg) | 1.19 | 1.45 | 1.58 | 1.71 | 1.84 | 1.97 | 2.10 | 2.39 | 2.85 | 3.08 | 3.31 | 3.54 | 3.77 | 4.00 | 4.46 | 5.15 | 5.84 | 6.30 |
| Additional weight for lock(kg) | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Model | LEFB32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stroke(mm) | (300) | 500 | (600) | (700) | 800 | (900) | 1000 | (1200) | (1500) | (1800) | (2000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight(kg) | 4.12 | 4.80 | 5.14 | 5.48 | 5.82 | 6.16 | 6.50 | 7.18 | 8.20 | 9.22 | 9.90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional weight for lock(kg) | 0.35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1) The strokes shown in ( ) are produced upon receipt of order.
Note 2) The speed is dependent on the workload. Check the following "Speed-workload graphs" for the selected model.
Note 3) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz , when the actuator was tested in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Note 4) The "Power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating
Note 5) The "Standby power consumption when operating" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation.
Note 6) The "Momentary max. power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.
Note 7) Only applies to actuators supplied with a lock.
Note 8) For the actuator with lock, please add the power consumption for the lock.
<Speed-Workload graph> Horizontal Transfer


## (2) Servo motor (24VDC) Belt drive

| Model |  | LEFB16A | LEFB25A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stroke(mm) ${ }^{\text {Note1) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} (300), 500,(600,700), 800, \\ (900), 1000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (300), 500, (600,700), 800, (900), } \\ & 1000,(1200,1500,1800,2000) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Work load(kg) ${ }^{\text {Note2 }}$ Horizontal | 1 | 2 |
|  | Speed (mm/s) ${ }^{\text {Note2) }}$ | 48 to 2000 | 48 to 2000 |
|  | Positioning repeatability(mm) | +/-0.1 |  |
|  | Lead equivalent(mm) | 48 | 48 |
|  | Impact resistance/ vibration resistance $\left(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)^{\text {Note3 }}$ | $50 / 20$ |  |
|  | Drive method | Belt |  |
|  | Guide type | Linear guide |  |
|  | Operating temperature range( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | 5 to 40 (No condensation or freezing) |  |
|  | Operating humidity range(\%) | 35 to 85 (No condensation or freezing) |  |
|  | Motor size | $\square 28$ | $\square 42$ |
|  | Motor output (W) | 30 | 36 |
|  | Type of Motor | Servo motor (24VDC) |  |
|  | Encoder | Incremental A/B phase (800 pulse/rotation) /Z phase |  |
|  | Rated voltage(VDC) | $24+/-10 \%$ |  |
|  | Power consumption(W) ${ }^{\text {Note4) }}$ | 78 | 69 |
|  | Standby power consumption when operating(W) Note5) | 4 | 5 |
|  | Momentary max. power consumption(W) Note6) | 87 | 120 |
|  | Controller weight(kg) | 0.15 (Screw mounting type), $\quad 0.17$ (DIN rail mounting type) |  |
|  | Type ${ }^{\text {Note7) }}$ | No excitation operating type |  |
|  | Holding force(N) | 4 | 19 |
|  | Power consumption(W) ${ }^{\text {Note8) }}$ | 3.6 | 5 |
|  | Rated voltage(VDC) | $24+/-10 \%$ |  |

Weight

| Model | LEFB16A |  |  |  |  |  |  | LEFB25A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke(mm) | (300) | 500 | (600) | (700) | 800 | (900) | 1000 | (300) | 500 | (600) | (700) | 800 | (900) | 1000 | (1200) | (1500) | (1800) | (2000) |
| Weight(kg) | 1.19 | 1.45 | 1.58 | 1.71 | 1.84 | 1.97 | 2.10 | 2.39 | 2.85 | 3.08 | 3.31 | 3.54 | 3.77 | 4.00 | 4.46 | 5.15 | 5.84 | 6.30 |
| Additional weight for lock(kg) | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1) The strokes shown in ( ) are produced upon receipt of order.
Note 2) The speed is dependent on the workload. Check the following "Speed-workload graphs" for the selected model.
Note 3) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz , when the actuator was tested in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Note 4) The "Power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
Note 5) The "Standby power consumption when operating" (including the controller) is for when the actuator which has the maximum workload is stopped in the set position during operation. (except during the pushing operation.)
Note 6) The "Momentary max. power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply
Note 7) Only applies to actuators supplied with a lock.
Note 8) For the actuator with lock, please add the power consumption for the lock.
<Speed-Workload graph> Horizontal Transfer


### 2.3 How to Order

<Ball screw drive>

<Belt drive>


## $\triangle$ Caution

The actuator body and controller are sold as a package.
If when only the actuator is purchased separately, confirm that the combination of the controller, which you have and the actuator is compatible. / P. 30 Notes 5.3@Caution(1)
<Be sure to check the following before use.>
(1) Check that actuator label for model number.

This matches the controller.
(2) Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).
(1)

(2)
2.4 Construction

## <Ball screw drive>



A-A


Parts list

| No. | Description | Material | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Body | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 2 | Rail guide | - |  |
| 3 | Ball screw Ass' y | - |  |
| 4 | Connector shaft | Stainless steel |  |
| 5 | Table | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 6 | Blanking plate | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 7 | Seal band holder | Synthetic resin |  |
| 8 | Housing A | Aluminum die - cast | Chromating |
| 9 | Housing B | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 10 | Bearing holder | Aluminium alloy |  |


| No. | Description | Material | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | Motor mount | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 12 | Coupling | - |  |
| 13 | Motor cover | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 14 | End cover | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 15 | Motor | - |  |
| 16 | Rubber bushing | NBR |  |
| 17 | Band holder | Stainless steel |  |
| 18 | Dust seal band | Stainless steel |  |
| 19 | Bearing | - |  |
| 20 | Bearing | - |  |

## <Belt drive>



Parts list

| No. | Description | Material | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Body | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 2 | Rail guide | - |  |
| 3 | Belt | - |  |
| 4 | Belt holder A | Carbon steel | Chromating |
| 5 | Belt holder B | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 6 | Table | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 7 | Blanking plate | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 8 | Seal band holder | Synthetic resin |  |
| 9 | Housing A | Aluminum die-cast | Chromating |
| 10 | Pulley holder | Aluminium alloy |  |
| 11 | Pulley shaft | Stainless steel |  |
| 12 | End pulley | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 13 | Motor pulley | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |


| No. | Description | Material | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | Motor mount | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 15 | Motor cover | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 16 | End cover | Aluminium alloy | Anodized |
| 17 | Band holder | Stainless steel |  |
| 18 | Motor | - |  |
| 19 | Rubber bushing | NBR |  |
| 20 | Stopper | Aluminium alloy |  |
| 21 | Dust seal band | - |  |
| 22 | Bearing | - |  |
| 23 | Bearing | Stainless steel |  |
| 24 | Tension adjustment bolt | Chromium molybdenum steel | Nickel plating |
| 25 | Pulley holding bolt | Chromium molybdenum steel | Nickel plating |

## 3. Product Outline

### 3.1 System construction



## \ Warning

Refer to the operation manual of the LEC (controller) for detailed wiring.
See 4 on $p .28$ for the caution of "Wiring of cables".
Communication cable is to be connected to PC by USB cable through conversion unit. Do not connect the teaching box directly to the PC.
Use only specified cables otherwise there maybe fire risk and damage. The actuator and controller are sold as a package.
If when only the actuator is purchased separately, confirm that the combination of the controller, which you have and the actuator is compatible.
/ See 5.3 Caution (1) on p. 30
<Be sure to check the following before use.>
(1) Check that actuator label for model number.

This matches the controller.
(2) Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).


### 3.2 Setting Function

Refer to the operation manual of the controller (LEC series) for the detail of the setting function.

## Easy Mode for simple setting

## >Select "Easy mode" for instant operation

## Controller setting software

> Setting and operation, such as the step data setting, test drive and JOG / fixed-distance moving, can be performed on the same page.


## Teaching box

$>$ Setting and operation by the simple screen without scrolling.
$>$ Select function by the iconized menu at the first page.
$>$ Step data setting and monitoring at the second page.


It can be registered by "SET" after entering the values.

Example of setting the step data
Example of checking the operation status

Normal mode for the detailed setting
>Select "Normal mode" if the detailed setting are necessary.
> Step data can be set in detail.
> Parameters can be set.
> Signals and terminal condition can be monitored.
> JOG and fixed distance movement, return to origin position, test operation and testing of compulsory output can be done.

## Controller setting soft ware

$>$ Every function, step data, parameter, monitor and teaching are indicated in a different window.


## Teaching box

> The data in the controller can be saved / forwarded in this teaching box.
> Continuous test operation can be made after specifying five step data.


| Function |  | Content | Easy mode |  | Normal mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PC | TB | PC/TB |
| Step data | Movement method |  | Can be selected of absolute/relative position move | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Speed | Can be set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Position | Can be set in units of 0.01 mm . | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Acceleration Deceleration | Can be set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Pushing force | Can be set in units of $1 \%$./ <br> In case of positioning operation: Set to 0\%. <br> ( Not available in this product) | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |
|  | Trigger LV | Trigger level of target pushing force when pushing operation Can be set in units of $1 \%$. <br> ( Not available in this product) | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |
|  | Pushing speed | Can be set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$. ( Not available in this product) | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |
|  | Moving force | $100 \%$ at step motor, $250 \%$ at servo motor (Not changeable). | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Area output | Can be set in units of 0.01 mm . | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | In position | During positioning operation: Width to the target position. It should be set to 0.5 or more. | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Parameter (Excerpt) | Stroke(+) | + side limit of position. <br> (Can be set in units of 0.01 mm ). | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Stroke(-) | - side limit of position (Can be set in units of 0.01 mm ). | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | ORIG speed | Speed when returning to home position can be set. | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | ORIG ACC | Acceleration when returning to origin can be set. | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Test | JOG | It can make continuous operation at the set speed while the switch is being pressed | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | MOVE | It can make test operation at the set distance and speed from the current position when the switch is pressed. | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Return to ORIG | Test of return to origin can be done. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Test drive | The operation of the specified step data can be tested. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (Continuous) |
|  | Forced output | ON/OFF of the output terminal can be tested. | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Monitor | DRV mon | Current position, current speed, current force and the specified step data No. can be monitored. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | In/Out mon | Current ON/OFF status of the input and output terminal can be monitored. | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| ALM | Status | The alarm currently being generated can be confirmed. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | ALM Log record | The alarm generated in the past can be confirmed. | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| File | Save - Load | The step data and parameter of the objective controller can be saved, forwarded and deleted. | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Other | Language | Language can be changed to Japanese / English. | $\stackrel{\circ}{*}$ | $\begin{gathered} \circ \\ \star \\ * 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{* 2 * 3}$ |

[^0]
## 3．3 Step data setting

Refer to the operation manual of the controller（LEC series）for details．
This operation manual specifies the electric actuator slider type，if an actuator other than the slider type is used，refer to the operation manual of each type of actuator and controller（LEC series）regarding the description of step data．

## 4．Caution

The actuator body and controller are sold as a package．
If when only the actuator is purchased separately，confirm that the combination of the controller，which you have and the actuator is compatible．／P． 30 Notes 5．3仓Caution（1）
＜Be sure to check the following before use．＞
（1）Check that actuator label for model number．
This matches the controller．
（2）Check Parallel I／O configuration matches（NPN or PNP）．

（2）

## Positioning operation

In the positioning operation，the actuator transfers to and stops at the target position．
The following image shows the set items and operation．
＜Confirmation of reaching of target position at the positioning operation＞
When the table of actuator reaches the range of the target position，the target position reaching signal【INP】（in position）is outputted．
When the table of actuator enters the range of 【in position】，the INP output signal turns on．


|  | a | b | C | d | e | f | g | h | i | j |  | k |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. | Move M | Speed | Position | Accel | Decel | Pushing F | TriggLV | Pushing Sp | Moving F | Area1 | Area2 | In pos |
|  |  | $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ | mm | $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s} 2$ | $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s} 2$ | \% | \% | $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ | \% | mm | mm | mm |
| 0 | 0 Absolute | 250 | 50.00 | 3000 | 3000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 48.00 | 50.00 | 0.50 |
|  | 1 Absolute | 250 | 0.00 | 3000 | 3000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0.00 | 2.00 | 0.50 |

[ ©] Need to be set - [O] Need to be adjusted as required.
[ $\times$ ] Not used. Items don't need to be changed in positioning operation.
$\mathrm{a}<$ © Movement Method> When the absolute position is required, set Absolute When the relative position is required, set Relative
$\rightarrow$ Absolute: Distance from the origin position. / General setting method Relative: Feed from the current position. / This is used when simplified data.
$\mathrm{b}<$ ( $)$ Speed> Transfer speed to the target position.
C < © Position> Target position.
d < O Acceleration> The parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator reaches the speed set in $b$. The higher the set value, the faster it reaches the speed set in $b$.
$\mathrm{e}<\mathrm{O}$ Deceleration> The parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator comes to stop. The higher the set value, the quicker it stops.
$\mathrm{f}<$ © Pushing force> Set $\mathbf{0}$.
(If values other than 0 set the operation will be changed to the pushing operation.)
$\mathrm{g}<\times$ Trigger LV> For pushing operation only. Not applicable for this product.
h < x Pushing speed> For pushing operation only. Not applicable for this product.
$\mathrm{i}<\times$ Moving force> Max. Force at the positioning operation.
The force is automatically adjusted corresponding to the load.
Set [100] \% at step motor / [250]\% at servo motor. (Not changeable)

$\mathrm{k}<\mathrm{O}$ In position> This is the condition that turns on the INP (in position) output signal.
$\rightarrow$ When the electric actuator reaches the range of the target position, the INP output signal is output.
When it is necessary to output the target position reaching signal earlier, make the value larger.
Note) Set the value more than [0.50]: LEFS, [1]: LEFB (Default).
Example) In case of Step no. 0
Position: $0+\ln$ position: $0.5=[$ INP] is outputted from the value of 0.5 .

## Example of step data input（1）

〈 Positioning operation－【INP】output signal，【AREA】output signal 〉


## －Step data no．0：Positioning operation（It moves from Position：0［mm］to Position：100［mm］）

Condition 1）The【AREA】output signal is not used．


Condition 2）The 【AREA】output signal is used．
＊The 【AREA】output signal is a signal output when the table traverses through a certain range（The step data：from Area 1 to Area 2）．
This feature is useful when an output to check the table position at intermediate stroke is required．


## Example of step data input (2)

〈 Positioning operation-Relative 〉

*Absolute: Distance from the origin position. / General setting method
*Relative: Feed from the current position. / This is used when simplified data.
Condition 1) 30 mm position $\rightarrow$ Step no.0 $\rightarrow$ Step no. 0 (Move Method: Relative)


Attainment point: $50[\mathrm{~mm}]$

Condition 2) 30 mm position $\rightarrow$ Step no.1 $\rightarrow$ Step no. 1 (Move Method: Relative)


Attainment point: $10[\mathrm{~mm}]$

The input / output signal and the operation description for operating this electric actuator are as follows.

1) Signals along with the operation procedures In case the operation order is
1. Supply power to the motor $\rightarrow 2$. Return to origin $\rightarrow 3$. Step no. $1 \rightarrow 4$. Step no. 2 $\rightarrow$ 5.Cut power to the motor

| Procedure | Input signal | Output signal for the input signal | Operation description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SVON(Servo on)[ • ] | SVRE(Servo ready) [ • ] | Power is supplied to the motor, and detection of the magnetic pole position starts. => Completion. |
| 2 | SETUP [ • ] | $\begin{gathered} \text { SETON [ } \bullet] \\ \text { INP(In position) }[\bullet] \end{gathered}$ | Returning to the origin starts. =>Completion. |
| 3 |  |  | Step no. 1 is selected, and the operation starts. =>Complete. |
| 4 |  |  | Step no. 2 is selected, and the operation starts. <br> =>Complete. |
| 5 | SVON [ ] |  | Power to the motor is cut. |

Note 1) [•] means ON, [ ] means OFF.
Note 2) The origin has been recognized when the operation is repeated, so it can operate without the procedure item 2.

Note 3) The "OUT*" signals are reset during the rising edge of the Drive signal. The "OUT*" signal which follows the "IN*"signal are outputted at the falling edge of the "drive" signal.

Note 4) When the alarm is generated, the alarm group is displayed.
Please confirm the controller (LEC series) manual for a detailed content of the alarm.
Note 5) Leave an interval of 30 ms or more between input signals and maintain the state of the signal for 30 ms or more, because PLC processing delays and controller scanning delays can occur.

## 2) Signals when Stopped: In the event when "EMG" is used

The operating sequence is 1. "Stop" $\rightarrow$ 2. Release the "Stop"

| Procedure | Input signal | Output signal for the input signal | Operation description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | EMG: Not energizing (TB / Stop switch: Locking | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { *ESTOP[ ] } \\ & \text { SVRE [ ] } \\ & \text { SETON [ }] \end{aligned}$ | Power to the motor is cut by the "Stop " command regardless of whether it is operating or stopping |
| 2 | EMG: Energizing (TB / Stop switch: Releasing | ```* ESTOP[\bullet] SVRE [\bullet] SETON [\bullet] Note 2)``` | The stop is released. |

Note 1) [•] means ON, [ ] means OFF and *means negative logic.
Note 2) SETON signal does not change after releasing the "STOP".

### 3.4 Parameter setting <br> Initial setting for the basic parameters

Refer to the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for detail.
As the "basic parameter" is unique data of each actuator, if an actuator other than the "electric actuator / slider type" is used, refer to the operation manual of each actuator and the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for the basic parameter.

| Description | Initial input value | Input range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Controller ID | 1 | 1 to 64 |
| IO pattern | 64 | - |
| Acceleration / <br> deceleration pattern | Trapezoidal acceleration <br> / deceleration | - |
| S-motion ratio | 0 | - |
| Stroke (+), note 1),2) | Stroke +2 | 10000 |
| Stroke (-), note 1),2) | -2 | -10000 |
| Maximum speed | Max. speed of each <br> product | Step data input limit: <br> Max. speed of each product |
| Maximum acceleration $/$ <br> deceleration | to 3000 |  |
| Default In positioning | LEFS: 0.5 <br> LEFB: 1 | LEFS: 0.5 to product stroke <br> LEFB: 1 to product stroke |
| Origin direction: CCW: |  |  |
| Origin offset | 0.00 | $-10000+$ "product stroke" to 9999 <br> Origin direction: CW |
| Maximum pushing <br> force | -9999 to +10000 - "product stroke" |  |

Note 1) Set the stroke setting value which has the additional distance. When inputting the product stroke, the "stroke limit"alarm may be generated. (Code 1-052). (Stroke +2 mm as recommended)

Note 2) The initial input value is when the origin direction is "CCW". When the origin direction set to "CW", input " 2 " to the "stroke(+)" and input "-2" to the "stroke(-)".

Note 3) The origin offset is used for the "return to origin". See <Origin offset> on P.27.

## Initial setting for the ORIG parameters

Refer to the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for detail.
As the "ORIG parameter" is unique data of each actuator, if an actuator other than the "electric actuator / slider type" is used, refer to the operation manual of each actuator and the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for the "ORIG parameters".

| Description | Initial input value |  | Input range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ORIG direction | note1) CCW |  | CW , CCW |
| ORIG mode | ORIG Press |  | - |
| ORIG limit | 100 |  | - |
| ORIG time | LEFS | 100 | - |
|  | LEFB | 200 |  |
| ORIG speed | LEFS | 30 | - |
|  | LEFB | 60 |  |
| ORIG ACC /DEC | 1000 |  | - |
| Creep speed | 10 |  | - |
| ORIG sensor | Disable |  | - |

Note1) CCW direction: motor side origin CW direction: end side origin

## <Return to origin>

It is necessary to establish the origin before commencing any other operation.

1) Sequence of return to origin
Input the origin signal $\rightarrow$ Move to the origin $\rightarrow$ Stop moving (pushing) $\rightarrow \underset{\text { Move to the opposite direction } \rightarrow \text { Origin }}{\text { (Moving distance } 2 \mathrm{~mm} / \text { not changeable) }}$

## $\triangle$ WARNING

Do not alter any parameter except the ones shown. Or else there is a possibility of damage.

## 2) Method of changing direction of origin

Use the following procedures when you change the direction of the origin. Initial setting of origin is motor side.

Procedure 1- In the [Parameter] 01 dialogue box select the ORIG tab.
And the direction of the origin is changed from CCW to CW.


Procedure 2- In the [Parameter] 01 dialogue box press the "Download All" radio button.

## <Origin offset>

The origin offset means the value of the origin. ("Origin offset"=The display value of origin)
When the parameter "Origin offset" is changed, the value of "Stroke(+)", "Stroke(-)" of basic parameter should be checked again.

When the parameter "Origin offset" is changed, the display value of origin is changed. The step data should be checked again.
Please refer to basic parameter on page 25 for changing of "Origin offset".
Initial input value: "Origin offset" $=0$. Move in the opposite direction (Moving distance $2 \mathrm{~mm} /$ Not changeable) by the return to origin becomes "origin $=0$ ".
a) In case of Origin direction: CCW

Example) Actuator stroke 50 mm
"Origin offset" $=0$ (Initial input value)


Changed to "Origin offset" $=10$

b) In case of Origin direction: CW Example) Actuator stroke 50 mm
"Origin offset" $=0$ (Initial input value)


Changed to "Origin offset" $=10$


Changed to "Origin offset" $=-10$


## 4. Wiring of cables / Common precautions

## \$ Warning

1. Adjusting, mounting or wiring change should never be done before disconnecting the power supply to the product.

Electrical shock, malfunction and damage can result.
2. Do not disassemble the cables.

Use only specified cables.
3. Do not connect or disconnect the wires, cables and connectors when the power is turned on.

## Caution

1. Wiring securely. Do not apply any voltage to the terminals other than those specified in the Operation Manual.
2. Wire the connector securely.
3. Take appropriate measures against noise.

Noise in a signal line may cause malfunction. As a countermeasure separate the high voltage and low voltage cables, and shorten the wiring lengths, etc.
4. Do not route input/output wires and cables together with power or high voltage cables.

The product can malfunction due to interference of noise and surge voltage from power and high voltage cables to the signal line. Route the wires of the product separately from power or high voltage cables.
5. Take care that actuator movement does not catch cables.
6. Operate with all wires and cables secured. Avoid bending cables at sharp angles where they enter the product.
7. Avoid twisting, folding, rotating or applying an external force to the cable.

Risk of electric shock, wire breakage, contact failure and loss of control of the product can happen.
8. Fix the motor cables protruding from the actuator in place before use.

The motor and lock cables are not robotic type cables and can be damaged when moved. Therefore do not place it in a flexible moving tube.
9. The actuator cables connecting the actuator and the controller are robotic type cables. But should not be placed in a flexible moving tube with a radius smaller than the specified value.( Min. 50 mm)

10. Confirm correct insulation of the product.

Poor insulation of wires, cables, connectors, terminals etc. can cause interference with other circuits. Also there is the possibility that excessive voltage or current may be applied to the product causing damage.
11. The Speed / pushing force may vary, depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions etc.
If the cable length exceeds 5 m , the speed / pushing force will be reduced by a maximum of $10 \%$ per 5 m . (If cable length is 15 m : Maximum $20 \%$ reduction.)

## [Transportation]

## Caution

1. Do not carry or swing the product by the cables.

## 5. Electric actuators / Common precautions

### 5.1 Design and selection

## Warning

1. Be sure to read the operation manual (this manual and the one for the controller: LEC series).

Handling or usage/operation other than that specified in the Operation Manual may lead to breakage and operation failure of the product.
Any damage attributed to the use beyond the specifications is not guaranteed.
2. There is a possibility of dangerous sudden action by the product if sliding parts of machinery are twisted due to external forces etc.

In such cases, human injury may occur, such as by catching hands or feet in the machinery, or damage to the machinery itself may occur. Design the machinery should be designed to avoid such dangers.
3. A protective cover is recommended to minimize the risk of personal injury.

If a driven object and moving parts of the product are in close proximity, personal injury may occur. Design the system to avoid contact with the human body.
4. Securely tighten all stationary parts and connected parts so that they will not become loose.

When the product operates with high frequency or is installed where there is a lot of vibration, ensure that all parts remain secure.
5. Consider a possible loss of power source.

Take measures to prevent injury and equipment damage even in the case of a power source failure.
6. Consider behavior of emergency stop of whole system.

Design the system so that human injury and/or damage to machinery and equipment will not be caused, when it is stopped by a safety device for abnormal conditions such as a power outage or a manual emergency stop of whole system.
7. Consider the action when operation is restarted after an emergency stop or abnormal stop of whole system.

Design the system so that human injury or equipment damage will not occur upon restart of operation of whole system.
8. Disassembly and modification is prohibited

Do not modify or reconstruct (including additional machining) the product. An injury or failure can result.
9. Do not use the stop signal, "EMG" of the controller and stop switch on the teaching box as the emergency stop of system.

The stop signal, "EMG" of controller and the stop switch on the teaching box are for decelerating and stopping the actuator.
Design the system with an emergency stop circuit which is applied relevant safety standard separately.
10. When using it for vertical application, it is necessary to build in a safety device.

The table may fall due to the weight of work. The safety device should not interfere with normal operation of the machine.

## Caution

1. Operate within the limits of the maximum usable stoke.

The product will be damaged if it is used with the stroke which is over the maximum stroke. Refer to the specifications of the product.
2. When the product repeatedly cycles with partial strokes, operate it at a full stroke at least once every 10 strokes.

Otherwise, lubrication can run out.
3. Do not use the product in applications where excessive external force or impact force is applied to it.

The product can be damaged.
4. Returning to origin cannot be done during the operation.

It cannot be done during positioning operation, pushing operation and pushing.
5. Refer to a common auto switch /matter (Best Pneumatics No 2) when an auto switch is built in and used.
5.2 Mounting

## Warning

1. Install and operate the product only after reading the Operation Manual carefully and understanding its contents. Keep the manual in a safe place future reference.
2. Observe the tightening torque for screws.

Unless stated otherwise, tighten the screws to the recommended torque for mounting the product.
3. Do not make any alterations to this product.

Alterations made to this product may lead to a loss of durability and damage to the product, which can lead to human injury and damage to other equipment and machinery.
4. When an external guide is used, connect the moving parts of the product and the load in such a way that there is no interference at any point within the stroke.

Do not scratch or dent the sliding parts of the table or mounting face etc., by striking or holding them with other objects. The components are manufactured to precise tolerances, so that even a slight deformation may cause faulty operation or seizure.
5. Do not use the product until you verify that the equipment can be operated correctly.

After mounting or repair, connect the power supply to the product and perform appropriate functional inspections to check it is mounted correctly.
6. At the overhang mounted impeller fixation

There is a possibility that the power at the bending moment damages the actuator when moving it at high speed. In such case, the support metal fittings that suppress the vibration of the main body of the actuator are installed or use lower speed for the state that the actuator doesn't vibrate.
7. When attaching to the work piece, do not apply strong impact or large moment.

If an external force over the allowable moment is applied, it may cause looseness in the guide unit, an increase in sliding resistance or other problems.
8. Maintenance space

Allow sufficient space for maintenance and inspection.

### 5.3 Handling

## 4. Warning

1. Do not touch the motor while in operation.

The surface temperature of the motor can increase to approx. $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ due to operating conditions. Energizing alone may also cause this temperature increase. As it may cause burns, do not touch the motor when in operation.
2. If abnormal heating, smoking or fire, etc. occurs in the product, immediately turn off the power supply.
3. Immediately stop operation if abnormal operation noise or vibration occurs.

If abnormal operation noise or vibration occurs, the product may have been mounted incorrectly. Unless operation of the product is stopped for inspection, the product can be seriously damaged.
4. Never touch the rotating part of the motor or the moving part of the actuator while in operation.
5. When installing, adjusting, inspecting or performing maintenance on the product, controller and related equipment, be sure to turn off the power supply to each of them. Then, lock it so that no one other than the person working can turn the power on, or implement measures such as a safety plug.
6. In the case of the actuator that has a servo motor (24VDC), the "motor phase detection step" is done by inputting the servo on signal just after the controller power is turned on. The "motor phase detection step" operates the table/rod to the maximum distance of the lead screw. (The motor rotates in the reverse direction if the table hits an obstacle such as the end stop damper.) Take the "motor phase detection step" into consideration for the installation and operation of this actuator.

## Caution

1. Keep the controller and product combined as delivered for use.

The product is set in parameters for shipment. If it is combined with a different product parameter, failure can result.
2. Check the product for the following points before operation.
a) Damage to electric driving line and signal line.
b) Looseness of the connector to each power line and signal line.
c) Looseness of the actuator /cylinder and controller /driver mounting
d) Abnormal operation
e) Emergency stop of the total system
3. When more than one person is performing work, decide on the procedures, signals, measures and resolution for abnormal conditions before beginning the work. Also, designate a person to supervise work other than those performing work.
4. Actual speed of the product will be changed by the workload.

Before selecting a product, check the catalog for the instructions regarding selection and specifications.
5. Do not apply a load, impact or resistance in addition to a transferred load during return to origin.

In the case of the return to origin by pushing force, additional force will cause displacement of the origin position since it is based on detected motor torque.
6. Do not remove the nameplate.
7. Operation test should be performed by low speed. Start operation by predefined speed after confirming there are no problems.

## [Earth]

## 4. Warning

1. Please give the earth of the actuator.
2. Please make it to the earth of the exclusive use. The earth construction is $D$ seed. (Below earth resistance 100 )
3. Please shorten the distance until the actuator and earth.

## [Unpackaging]

## © Caution

1. Check the received product is as ordered.

If the different product is installed from the one ordered, injury or damage could result.

### 5.4 Operating environment

## Warning

1. Avoid use in the following environments.
a. Locations where a large amount of dusts and cutting chips are airborne.
b. Locations where the ambient temperature is outside the range (refer to specifications).
c. Locations where the ambient humidity is outside the range (refer to specifications).
d. Locations where corrosive gas, flammable gas, sea water, water and steam are present.
e. Locations where strong magnetic or electric fields are generated.
f. Locations where direct vibration or impact is applied to the product.
g. Areas that are dusty, or are exposed to splashes of water and oil drops.
h. Areas exposed to direct sunlight (ultraviolet ray).
2. Do not use in an environment where the product is directly exposed to liquid, such as cutting oils.

If cutting oils, coolant or oil mist contaminates the product, failure or increased sliding resistance can result.
3. Install a protective cover when the product is used in an environment directly exposed to foreign matters such as dust, cutting chips and spatter.

Play or increased sliding resistance can result.
4. Shade the sunlight in the place where the product is applied with direct sunshine.
5. Shield the valve from radiated heat generated by nearby heat sources.

When there is a heat source surrounding the product, the radiated heat from the heat source can increase the temperature of the product beyond the operating temperature range. Protect it with a cover, etc.
6. Grease oil can be decreased due to external environment and operating conditions and it deteriorates lubrication performance to shorten the life of the product.

## [Storage]

Warning

1. Do not store the product in a place in direct contact with rain or water drops or is exposed to
harmful gas or liquid.
2. Store in an area that is shaded from direct sunlight and has a temperature and humidity within the specified range $\left(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 35 to $85 \%$ No condensation or freezing).
3. Do not apply vibration and impact to the product during storage.

### 5.5 Maintenance

## Warning

1. Do not disassemble or repair the product.

Fire or electric shock can result.
2. Before modifying or checking the wiring, the voltage should be checked with a tester 5 minutes after the power supply is turned off.
Electrical shock can result.

## Caution

1. Maintenance should be performed according to the procedure indicated in the Operating Manual.

Incorrect handling can cause an injury, damage or malfunction of equipment and machinery.
2. Removal of product

When equipment is serviced, first confirm that measures are in place to prevent dropping of work pieces and run-away of equipment, etc, and then cut the power supply to the system. When machinery is restarted, check that operation is normal with actuators in the proper positions.

## [Lubrication]

## Caution

1. The product has been lubricated for life at manufacturer, and does not require lubrication in service.
Contact SMC if lubrication will be applied.

### 5.6 Precautions for actuator with lock

## Warning

1. Do not use the lock as a safety lock or a control that requires a locking force.

The lock used for the product with a lock is designed to prevent dropping of work piece.
2. For vertical mounting, use the product with a lock.

If the product is not equipped with a lock, the product will move and drop the work piece when the power is removed.
3. "Measures against drops" means preventing a work piece from dropping due to its weight when the product operation is stopped and the power supply is turned off.
4. Do not apply an impact load or strong vibration while the lock is activated.

If an external impact load or strong vibration is applied to the product, the lock will lose it's holding force and damage to the sliding part of the lock or reduced lifetime can result. The same situation will happen when the lock slips due to a force higher than its holding force, as this will accelerate the wear to the lock.
5. Do not apply liquid or oil and grease to the lock or its surrounding.

When liquid or oil and grease is applied to the sliding part of the lock, its holding force will be reduced significantly.
6. Take "measures against drops" and check that safety is assured before mounting, adjustment and inspection of the product.

If the lock is released with the product mounted vertically, a work piece can drop due to its weight.

## 6. Electric actuators / Slider type Common precautions

### 6.1 Design and selection

## Warning

1. Do not apply a load in excess of the actuator specification.

A product should be selected based on the maximum work load and allowable moment.
If the product is used outside of the operating specification, eccentric load applied to the guide will become excessive and have adverse effects such as creating play in the guide, reduced accuracy and reduced product life.
2. Do not exceed the speed limit of the actuator specification.

Select a suitable actuator by the relationship of allowable work load and speed.
Noise or reduction of accuracy may occur if the actuator is operated in excess of its specification and could lead to reduced accuracy and reduced product file.
3. Do not use the product in applications where excessive external force or impact force is applied to it.
This can lead to premature failure of the product.
4. When the product repeatedly cycles with partial strokes (see the table below), operate it at a full stroke at least once every 10 strokes.
Otherwise, lubrication can run out.

| Model | Partial stroke |
| :---: | :---: |
| LEF $\square 16$ | 40 mm or less |
| LEF $\square 25$ | 65 mm or less |
| LEF $\square 32$ | 70 mm or less |

### 6.2 Handling

$\triangle$ Caution

1. INP output signal
1) Positioning operation

When the product comes within the set range by step data [In positon], output signal will be turned on. Set to [0.50] initial value, or higher.
2. Do not change the positioning force from initial setting.

If the positioning force is changed, it may cause a decrease in performance.
3. Do not operate by fixing the table and moving the actuator body.

An excessive load will be applied to the table, which could lead to damage to the actuator and reduced accuracy and reduced product life.
4. Belt drive actuator cannot be used for vertically mounted applications.
5. Check the specification for the minimum speed of each actuator.
6. In the case of the belt driven actuator, vibration may occur during operation at speeds within the actuator specification, this could be caused by the operating conditions. Change the speed setting to a speed that does not cause vibration.

1. Keep the flatness of mounting surace to within 0.1 mm or less.

Insufficient flatness of the work piece or the surface onto which the actuator body is to be mounted can cause play in the guide and increased sliding resistance.
2. When mounting the workpiece or other device to the actuator tighten the fixing screws with adequate torque within the specified torque range.
Tightening the screws with a higher torque than the maximum may cause malfunction, whilst tightening with a lower torque can cause the displacement of the mounting position or in extreme conditions detaching of the work piece.

Work piece mounting


| Model | Bolt size | Maximum <br> tightening <br> torque $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | e(Maximum thread <br> depth $[\mathrm{mm}])$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEF $\square 16$ | M4x0.7 | 2.1 | 6 |
| LEF $\square 25$ | M5x0.8 | 5.7 | 8 |
| LEF $\square 32$ | M6x1 | 7.4 | 9 |

Use screws with adequate length, but with length less than the maximum thread depth. The use of screws that are to long can touch the body and cause malfunction.
3. When mounting the actuator, use screws with adequate length and tighten them to the adequate torque. And use all mounting holes to maintain the catalogue performance.
Tightening the screws with a higher torque than recommended may cause malfunction, whilst the tightening with lower torque can cause the displacement of mounting position or in extreme conditions the actuator could become detached from its mounting position.

## Actuator mounting



| Model | Bolt size | $\varphi \mathrm{A}(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\boldsymbol{\ell}(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEF口16 | M3 | 3.4 | 20 |
| LEF口25 | M4 | 4.3 | 24 |
| LEF $\square 32$ | M5 | 5.5 | 30 |

4. When mounting the actuator, leave a gap of 40 mm or more to allow for bending of the actuator cable.

## Precaution on maintenance

Warning

1. Turn off the power supply before maintenance and replacement of the product.
2. Put on protective goggles when applying grease.
[Maintenance frequency]
Perform maintenance according to the table below. Contact SMC if any abnormality is found.

| Frequency | Appearance <br> check | Internal <br> check | Belt check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inspection before daily operation | $\circ$ |  |  |
| Inspection every six months / 1000km / <br> 500 million cycle * | $\circ$ | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |

[^1]
## [Items for visual appearance check]

1. Loose screws. Abnormal dirt.
2. Check of flaws/faults and cable connections.
3. Vibration, noise.

## [Items for internal check]

1. Lubricant condition on moving parts.
2. Loose or mechanical play in fixed parts or fixing screws.

## [Items for belt check]

Check the belt regularly as shown in "maintenance frequency".
Stop operation immediately and contact SMC when the belt appears to be like photographs shown below.
a. Tooth shape canvas is worn out

Canvas fiber becomes fuzzy.
Rubber is removed and the fiber becomes whitish.
Lines of fibers become unclear.


Teeth become fuzzy
b. Peeling off or wearing of the side of the belt

Belt corner becomes round and frayed thread sticks out.


## c. Belt partially cut

Belt is partially cut. Foreign matter caught in teeth other than cut part causes flaw.
d. Vertical line of belt teeth

Flaw, which is made when the belt runs on the flange.
e. Rubber back of the belt is softened and sticky.
f. Crack on the back of the belt


## How to detach and attach the dust seal band

For the internal-check as the maintenance, the method of detaching and attaching the dust seal band is shown as the following.

## <Dis-assembly>

1. Loosen the fixing bolts of end side of the "Band holder".
(The picture shows LEFB, but LEFS is same instruction as LEFB.)
Pay attention to not cut hand on the edges of the "Dust seal band".
Note: The "Dust seal band" can only be removed by loosening the "Band holder" bolts.

2. Remove the "Seal band holder" and the "plate" as shown.

3. Loosen the fixing bolts of motor side of the "Band holder" and then remove the "Dust seal band".


## <Re-assembly>

The re-assembly is completed by the reverse procedure of "Dis-assembly" sections 1, 2 and 3.

| (A) | Model | Type of bolt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bolt size |  |  |
| LEF $\square 16$ | Round head <br> combination screw | M2.5x5 |
| LEF $\square 25$ | Round head <br> combination screw | M3x6 |
| LEF $\square 32$ | Round head <br> combination screw | M3x6 |

(B)

| Model | Type of bolt | Bolt size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEF $\square 16$ | Cross recessed round <br> head screw | M2.5x16 |
| LEF $\square 25$ | Cross recessed round <br> head screw | M3x20 |
| LEF $\square 32$ | Cross recessed round <br> head screw | M4×30 |

## 7. Troubleshooting

## Alarms below are abstract of representative examples.

For other alarms, see operation manual of controller.

| No. | Phenomenon | Cause | Countermeasure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Fail to operate <br> / Initial stage | 1) The cable is not connected or has been disconnected. | Check if the cable is properly installed / /See 4. Wiring of cable on p. 28 |
|  | When power is supplied, alarm for "Phase Det ALM /code: 1-193" is generated. | 2) The load/resistance being applied to the actuator constantly exceeds the actuators specification | Keep load and resistance within specification range. <br> /See 2.1 Specifications on p. 9 |
|  | <Procedure of restart> "Turn the power supply off." <br> "Turn the power supply on" | 3) The combination of the controller and actuator is not correct. | The controller and the actuator combination at the time of shipment should not be changed. <br> /See 5.3 \Caution (1) on p. 30 |
|  |  | 4) Excessive external force is being applied, (including vibration) or impact load. | Operate within the specified range. <br> /See 2.1 Specifications on p. 9 |
|  | Alarm for "Step data ALM1/code: $1-048$ " is generated <br> <Procedure of restart> Input the "RESET" signal. | Setting condition for step data is not correct. <br> < Correct set condition > <br> (1)Area 1 < Area 2 | Review the content of step data. <br> / Refer to the LEC controller operation manual. |
|  | Alarm for "Servo off ALM/code: $1-098$ " is generated <br> <Procedure of restart> <br> Input the "RESET" signal. | Perform the "Return to origin", the positioning operation and JOG operation during the "SVON": OFF. | Restart operation after "SVON":ON |
|  | Alarm for "Drive ALM/code: <br> 1 -099" is generated. <br> <Procedure of restart> <br> Input the "RESET" signal. | Perform positioning operation before the "return to origin". | Restart operation after the completion of the "return to origin". |



| No. | Phenomenon | Cause | Countermeasure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Operation not completed / Operation continue | 1) If the power supply is an "inrush-current restraining type", the alarm may be generated due to voltage drop. | Replace the power supply with a non "inrush-current restraining type" power supply. <br> / Refer to the LEC controller operation manual. |
|  | <Procedure of restart> <br> Controller version /SV1.0 or later <br> 1. Input the "reset signal." <br> $\rightarrow$ "SVRE": Automatically ON <br> Controller version /SV0.8* or before <br> 1. Input the "reset signal." <br> $\rightarrow$ "SVRE": Automatically ON <br> 2. Input the "setup signal." <br> $\rightarrow$ Restart operation after the completion of the "retun to origin". <br> Label position for controller version <br> Position : Bottom SV1.0* | 2) The Power supply does not have sufficient capacity. | Check the power consumption for each actuator and controller: <br> If necessary replace the existing power supply with a power supply with sufficient capacity. <br> ISee 2.1 Specification P.9, 10forLEFS /See 2.2 SpecificationP.11, 12forLEFB |
|  | Alarm for "Err overflow/code: <br> $1-196$ " is generated. <br> <Procedure of restart> <br> "Turn the power supply off." <br> "Turn the power supply on" | 1) Added excessive external force (including vibration) or impact load. | Operate within the specified range. <br> ISee2.1 Specification P.9, 10forLEFS <br> /See 22 SpecificationP.11, 12forLEFB |
|  |  | 2) The Power supply does not have sufficient capacity. | Check the power consumption for each actuator and controller: If necessary replace the existing power supply with a power supply with sufficient capacity. <br> See2.1 Specification P.9, 10forLEFS /See2.2SpecaificationP.11, 12forLEFB |
|  |  | 3) Load/resistance more than specified range is being applied to the actuator. | Use within specification range. <br> /See2.1 SpecificationP.9, 10forLEFS <br> /See 2.2 SpecificationP.11, 12 for LEFB |
|  |  | 4) The pushing operation is performed at the "Positioning operation position" | Review the content of the step data. |


| No. | Phenomenon | Cause | Countermeasure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 5) The cable is not connected or has been disconnected. | Confirm that the cable is connected correctly. <br> /See 4. Wiring of cable on p. 28 |
| 2 | Operation not completed <br> / During operation (Not always, but may happen occasionally) | 1) Command invalid (unregistered) step data. | Check if the step data is valid (registered). |
|  | Alarm for "Step data ALM2/code: $1-051$ " is generated. <br> <Procedure of restart> | 2) Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because of a too short an interval between the input signal of "IN"" and the "Drive" or inputting the signals at the same time. | Add an interval of 30 msec or more between the input signals. <br> / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P. 23 |
|  | Input the "reset" signal. | 3) Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because the input signal time was too short. | Add an interval of 30 msec or more between the input signals. <br> / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on |
|  |  | 4) Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, caused by PLC or other device. | Check that the step number is inputted correctly for the required motion. |
|  | - Operation completed by unexpected motion. <br> - No alarm <br> / During operation <br> (Not always, but may happen occasionally) | 1) Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because of a too short an interval between the input signal of the "IN*" and the "Drive" or inputting the signals at the same time. | Add an interval of 30 msec or more between the input signals. <br> / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P. 23 <br> Note) Recommend to check the "OUT" output signal for more secure operation. |
|  |  | 2) Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because the input signal time was too short. | Add an interval of 30 msec or more between the input signals. <br> / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on <br> P. 23 <br> Note) Recommend to check the "OUT" output signal for more secure operation. |
|  |  | 3) Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, caused by PLC or other device. | Check that the step number is inputted correctly for the required motion. <br> I See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P. 23 <br> Note) Recommend to check the "OUT" output signal for more secure operation. |


| No. | Phenomenon | Cause | Countermeasure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | "INP" output signal is unstable. <br> "INP" output signal is unstable even after the positioning operation is completed. | 1) The value of [In position] in step data is too small. | Increase [In position] value as the following. <br> LEFS: [0.5] or more <br> LEFB: [1] or more |
| 4 | Positioning repeatability is out of specified range. | 1) It shifts to the next operation by receiving the "INP" output signal. | Shift to the next operation after receiving the "BUSY" output signal is outputted. |
|  |  | 2) The belt is loosened. | Readjust belt tension to the appropriated value. |
| 5 | Damage | 1) Abnormal external force | Interference of mechanism, eccentric load or excess load leads to cause deformation or damage of the actuator. Eliminate these factors. |
| 6 | The table of the actuator with vertical mounting vibrates repeated up and down. | 1) Actuator carries excess load. | Check if the workload is within the specification range. |

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[^2]
[^0]:    *1 Every parameter is set to the recommended condition before shipment from the factory. Only change the setting of the items which require adjustment.
    *2 Teaching box: In the Normal mode the teaching box can be set to work in English or Japanese.
    *3 Controller setting software: Can be installed by selecting English version or Japanese version.

[^1]:    *Whichever occurs first.

[^2]:    Note: Specifications are subject to change without prior notice and any obligation on the part of the manufacturer © 2010 SMC Corporation All Rights Reservedd

