# **Electric Actuators**

# LEPY/LEPS Series

Miniature Rod Type/Miniature Slide Table Type

RoHS

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

# Compact and • Maximum pushing force: 30 IN Positioning repeatability: ±0.05 mm lightweight

- Maximum pushing force: 50 N
- Possible to set position, speed and force. (64 points)







Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller/Driver

CC-Link direct input type LECPMJ Series

► EtherCAT®/EtherNet/IP™/ PROFINET/DeviceNet™/ IO-Link direct input type JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 Series

\* Not applicable to CE.



• 14 points positioning · Control panel setting

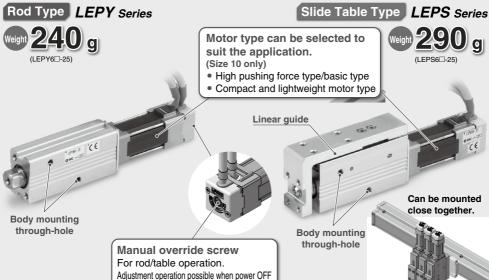


▶Page 547 ▶ Pulse input

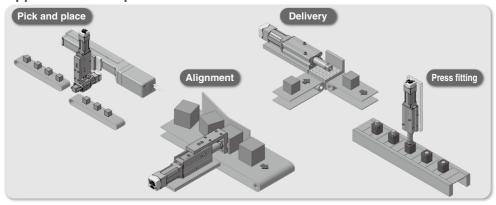
type **LECPA** Series



# Compact and lightweight



## **Application Examples**

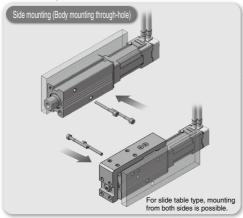


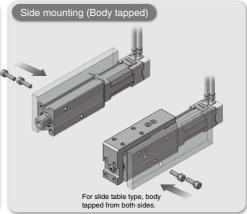
#### **Variations**

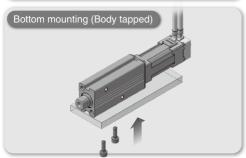
Туре	Size	Size Screw	Pushing force [N]		Max. work load [kg] (Horizontal)		Max. work load [kg] (Vertical)		Max. speed [mm/s] (Horizontal)		Stroke	Page
		leau	Basic	Compact	Basic	Compact	Basic	Compact	Basic	Compact	[mm]	
Rod type	6	4	14 to 20	_	2.0	_	0.5	-	150	_		Page 374
	6	8	7 to 10	_	1.0	_	0.25	_	300	_		
	10	5	25 to 50	24 to 40	6.0	4.0	1.5	1.5	200	200		
	10	10	12.5 to 25	12 to 20	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	350	350		
Slide table type LEPS Series	6	4	14 to 20	_	1.0	_	0.5	_	150	_	25 50	Page 383
		8	7 to 10	_	0.75	_	0.25	_	300	_		
	10	5	25 to 50	24 to 40	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	200	200		
	10	10	12.5 to 25	12 to 20	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	350	350		

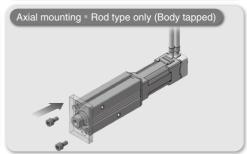
# **Mounting Variations**

### Mounting from various directions



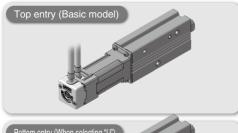






# **Motor Cable Entry Direction**

#### Can be selected from 4 directions.











#### Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

### Electric Actuator/Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series



Model Selection	- Page 374
How to Order	
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Construction	
Dimensions	· Page 381

#### Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

### Electric Actuator/Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series



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Dimensions	Page 393
Specific Product Precautions	····· Page 395

### Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller



Step Data Input Type/LECP6 Series	···· Page 560
Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	··· Page 569
Teaching Box/LEC-T11	··· Page 570
CC-Link Direct Input Type/LECPMJ Series	···· Page 600
Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	···· Page 603-2
Teaching Box/LEC-T1	···· Page 603-3
EtherCAT®/EtherNet/IP™/PROFINET/DeviceNet™/IO-L	
Direct Input Type/JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 Series ·····	···· Page 603-5
Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	···· Page 603-10
Teaching Box/LEC-T1	··· Page 605
Gateway Unit/LEC-G Series	··· Page 572
Programless Controller/LECP1 Series	···· Page 576
Step Motor Driver/LECPA Series	···· Page 590
Controller Setting Kit/LEC-W2	···· Page 597
Teaching Box/LEC-T11	···· Page 598

# 4-Axis Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller



Parallel I/O Type/JXC73/83 Series	:Page 606-1
EtherNet/IP™ Type/JXC93 Series	Page 606-1

# Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series



# Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series



# **Model Selection**

LEPY Series Pages 378, 379-1



#### **Selection Procedure**

#### **Positioning Control Selection Procedure**



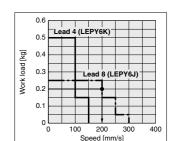
Check the work load-speed. (Vertical transfer)



#### Selection Example

# Operating conditions

- •Workpiece mass: 0.2 [kg]
- Speed: 200 [mm/s]
- Acceleration/Deceleration: 3000 [mm/s²]
- •Stroke: 40 [mm]
- Workpiece mounting condition: Vertical upward downward transfer



<Speed-Work load graph> (LEPY6/Step motor)

#### Step 1 Check the work load-speed. <Speed-Work load graph>

Select the target model based on the workpiece mass and speed with reference to the <Speed–Work load graph>.

Selection example) The **LEPY6J** is temporarily selected based on the graph shown on the right side.

\* It is necessary to mount a guide outside the actuator when used for horizontal transfer. When selecting the target model, refer to page 380 for the horizontal work load in the specifications, and page 380 for the precautions.

#### Step 2 Check the cycle time.

Calculate the cycle time using the following calculation method.

• Cycle time T can be found from the following equation.

•T1: Acceleration time and T3: Deceleration time can be obtained by the following equation.

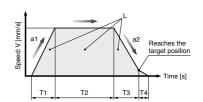
 T2: Constant speed time can be found from the following equation.

$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V}$$
 [s]

•T4: Settling time varies depending on the conditions such as motor types, load and in position of the step data. Therefore, calculate the settling time with reference to the following value.



T1 to T4 can be calculated as follows.



- L : Stroke [mm] ... (Operating condition)
- V : Speed [mm/s] ... (Operating condition)
- a1: Acceleration [mm/s²]  $\cdots$  (Operating condition)
- a2: Deceleration [mm/s2] ··· (Operating condition)
- T1: Acceleration time [s] ··· Time until reaching the set speed T2: Constant speed time [s] ··· Time while the actuator is
- operating at a constant speed T3: Deceleration time [s] ··· Time from the beginning of the
- constant speed operation to stop
- T4: Settling time [s] ··· Time until positioning is completed

T1 = V/a1 = 200/3000 = 0.067 [s], T3 = V/a2 = 200/3000 = 0.067 [s]

$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V} = \frac{40 - 0.5 \cdot 200 \cdot (0.067 + 0.067)}{200} = 0.133 \text{ [s]}$$

T4 = 0.2 [s]

Therefore, the cycle time can be obtained as follows.

$$T = T1 + T2 + T3 + T4 = 0.067 + 0.133 + 0.067 + 0.2 = 0.467 [s]$$

#### Selection Procedure

#### **Pushing Control Selection Procedure**



\* The duty ratio is a ratio at the time that can keep being pushed.

#### Selection Example

#### Operating conditions

- Mounting condition: Horizontal (pushing)
- Jig weight: 0.05 [kg]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

- Duty ratio: 70 [%]
- Speed: 150 [mm/s]
- Stroke: 40 [mm]



#### Step 1 Check the duty ratio.

#### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>

Select the [Pushing force] from the duty ratio with reference to the <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>.

Selection example)

Based on the table below,

• Duty ratio: 70 [%]

Therefore, the set value of pushing force will be 80 [%].

#### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>

#### (LEPY10L)

Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

- \* [Set value of pushing force] is one of the step data input to the controller
- \* [Continuous pushing time] is the time that the actuator can continuously keep pushing.

#### Step 2 Check the pushing force. <Set value of pushing force–Force graph>

Select the target model based on the set value of pushing force and force with reference to the <Set value of pushing force-Force graph>.

Selection example)

Based on the graph shown on the right side,

- •Set value of pushing force: 75 [%]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

Therefore, the LEPY10LK is temporarily selected.

#### Step 3 Check the lateral load on the rod end. <Allowable lateral load on the rod end>

#### Confirm the allowable lateral load on the rod end of the actuator:

LEPY10L. which has been selected temporarily with reference to the

<Allowable lateral load on the rod end>.

Selection example)

Based on the table below

• Jig weight: 0.05 [kg] ≈ 0.5 [N]

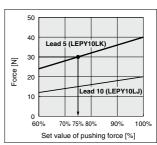
Therefore, the lateral load on the rod end is in the allowable range.

#### <Allowable lateral load on the rod end>

Model	Allowable lateral load on the rod end [N]
LEPY6 (Basic)	0.50
LEPY10 (Basic)	1.0
LEPY10L (Compact)	1.0

Pushing control Time Α В





<Set value of pushing force-Force graph> (LEPY10L)

Based on the above calculation result, the LEPY10LK-50 is selected.

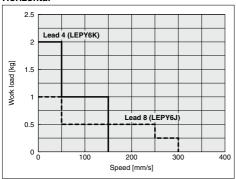


### Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)

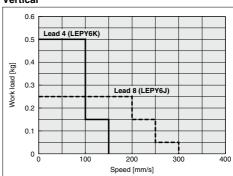
\* The following graph shows the values when moving force is 150%.

#### LEPY6 (Basic)



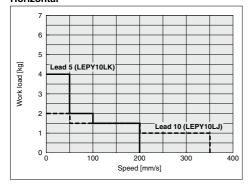


#### Vertical

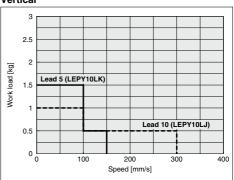


#### LEPY10L (Motor size: Compact)

#### Horizontal

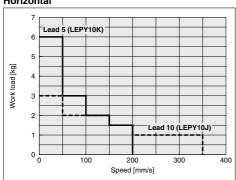


#### Vertical

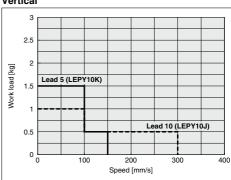


#### LEPY10 (Motor size: Basic)

#### Horizontal



#### Vertical

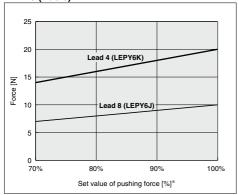


Note) The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. An external guide is necessary to support the load. The actual work load and transfer speed change according to the condition of the external guide.



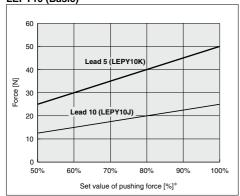
### Set Value of Pushing Force-Force Graph (Guide)

#### LEPY6 (Basic)



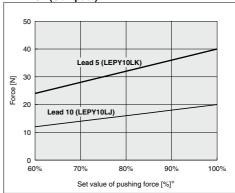
Set value of		Duty ratio	Continuous pushing
	pushing force [%]	[%]	time [minute]
	70	100	_
	80	70	10
	100	50	5

#### LEPY10 (Basic)



Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
60 or less	100	_
70	30	3
100	15	1

#### LEPY10L (Compact)



Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

<sup>\*</sup> Set values for the controller.

#### Allowable Lateral Load on the Rod End

Model	Allowable lateral load on the rod end [N]
LEPY6 (Basic)	0.50
LEPY10 (Basic)	1.0
LEPY10L (Compact)	1.0



# **Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type**

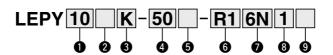
Applicable to the LEC□ series

LEPY Series LEPY6, 10



**How to Order** 

Refer to page 379-1 for the communication protocols EtherCAT®, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET, DeviceNet™, and IO-Link.



J



2 Motor size					
Symbol	Motor size	Applicable size			
Nil	Basic	6, 10			
L	Compact	10			

# | Screw lead | Symbol | Screw lead | LEPY10 | K | 4 | 5 |

10

8

4 Stroke [mm]	
Symbol	Stroke
25	25
50	50
75	75

5 Motor cable mounting direction

Nil	Top entry	L	Entry on the left side
U	Bottom entry	R	Entry on the right side

#### **∧** Caution

#### [CE-compliant products]

 EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LEP series and the controller LEC series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

2 CC-Link direct input type (LECPMJ) is not CE-compliant.

#### [UL-compliant products]

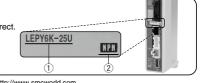
When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller/driver should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

#### The actuator and controller/driver are sold as a package.

Confirm that the combination of the controller/driver and the actuator is correct.

#### <Check the following before use.>

- ① Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller/driver.
- ② Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).



<sup>\*</sup> Refer to the operation manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

# Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)



#### 6 Actuator cable type/length

Nil	Without cable
S1	Standard cable 1.5 m
S3	Standard cable 3 m
S5	Standard cable 5 m
R1	Robotic cable 1.5 m
R3	Robotic cable 3 m
R5	Robotic cable 5 m
R8	Robotic cable 8 m*1
RA	Robotic cable 10 m*1
RB	Robotic cable 15 m*1
RC	Robotic cable 20 m*1

- \*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)
- \*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts.

For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

#### 9 Controller/Driver mounting

Controller/Driver injourning	
Nil	Screw mounting
D	DIN rail mounting*

\* DIN rail is not included. Order it separately.

#### Controller/Driver type\*1

Nil	Without controller/driver	
6N	LECP6	NPN
6P	(Step data input type)	PNP
1N	LECP1	NPN
1P	(Programless type)	PNP
MJ	LECPMJ*2 (CC-Link direct input type)	_
AN	LECPA*3	NPN
AP	(Pulse input type)	PNP

- \*1 For details about controller/driver and compatible motor, refer to the compatible controller/driver below.
- \*2 Not applicable to CE.
- \*3 When pulse signals are open collector, order the current limiting resistor (LEC-PA-R-□) on page 596 separately.

#### 8 I/O cable length [m]\*1, Communication plug

Nil	Without cable (Without communication plug connector)*3
1	1.5
3	3*2
5	5* <sup>2</sup>
S	Straight type communication plug connector*3
Т	T-branch type communication plug connector*3

- \*1 When "Without controller/driver" is selected for controller/driver types, I/O cable cannot be selected. Refer to page 568 (For LECP6), page 582 (For LECP1) or page 596 (For LECPA) if I/O cable is required.
- \*2 When "Pulse input type" is selected for controller/driver types, pulse input usable only with differential. Only 1.5 m cables usable with open collector.
- \*3 For the LECPMJ, only "Nil", "S" and "T" are selectable since I/O cable is not included.

#### Compatible Controller/Driver

Туре	Step data input type	CC-Link direct input type	Programless type	Pulse input type
Series	LECP6	LECPMJ	LECP1	LECPA
Features	Value (Step data) input Standard controller	CC-Link direct input	Capable of setting up operation (step data) without using a PC or teaching box	Operation by pulse signals
Compatible motor	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)			
Maximum number of step data	64 points		14 points	_
Power supply voltage	24 VDC			
Reference page	Page 560	Page 600	Page 576	Page 590

# Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

# **Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type**

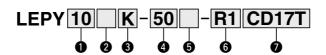
Applicable to the JXC□ series

LEPY Series LEPY6, 10



**How to Order** 

Refer to page 378 for the communication protocol CC-Link.



6 10

2 Motor size		
Symbol	Motor size	Applicable size
Nil	Basic	6, 10
L	Compact	10

3 Lead screw type [mm]

Lead screw type [mm]		
Symbol	Screw lead	
	LEPY6	LEPY10
K	4	5
J	8	10

4 Stroke [mm]

Symbol	Stroke
25	25
50	50
75	75

**5** Motor cable mounting direction

Nil	Top entry	L	Entry on the left side
U	Bottom entry	R	Entry on the right side

#### <u>∧</u> Caution

#### [CE-compliant products]

EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LE series and the JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

# Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series

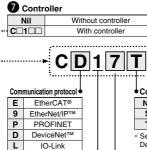


6 Actuator cable type/length

Nil	Without cable	
S1	Standard cable 1.5 m	
S3	Standard cable 3 m	
S5	Standard cable 5 m	
R1	Robotic cable 1.5 m	
R3	Robotic cable 3 m	
R5	Robotic cable 5 m	
R8	Robotic cable 8 m*1	
RA	Robotic cable 10 m*1	
RB	Robotic cable 15 m*1	
RC	Robotic cable 20 m*1	

- \*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)
- \*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts.

For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable.



For single axis

Communication plug connector for DeviceNet™

Nil	Without plug connector
S	Straight type
T	T-branch type

\* Select "Nil" for anything other than DeviceNet™.

Mounting
7 Screw mounting

8\* DIN rail mounting

\* The DIN rail is not included. It

 The DIN rail is not included. If must be ordered separately. (Refer to page 603-8.)

**Compatible Controller** 

Туре	EtherCAT® direct input type	EtherNet/IPTM direct input type	PROFINET direct input type	DeviceNet*M direct input type	IO-Link direct input type			
Series	JXCE1	JXC91	JXCP1	JXCD1	JXCL1			
Features	EtherCAT® direct input	EtherNet/IP™ direct input	PROFINET direct input	DeviceNet™ direct input	IO-Link direct input			
Compatible motor	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)							
Maximum number of step data		64 points						
Power supply voltage	24 VDC							
Reference page	Page 603-5							





#### Weight

Model	LEPY6			
Stroke [mm]	25	50	75	
Product weight [kg] Basic	0.24	0.29	0.34	

Mode	LEPY10			
Stroke [mm]	25	50	75	
Product	Basic	0.47	0.55	0.65
weight [kg]	Compact	0.41	0.49	0.59

#### **Specifications**

	Model		IF	PY6	LFF	Y10		
	Stroke [mm]	101		25, 50, 75				
	Screw lead [mm	1		4	8	5	10	
	Pushing force		Basic	14 to 20	7 to 10	25 to 50	12.5 to 25	
	[N] Note 1) Note 6)		Compact		_	24 to 40	12 to 20	
	L3		Basic	2.0	1.0	6.0	3.0	
	Work load	Horizontal	Compact		_	4.0	2.0	
	[kg] Note 2) Note 3) Note 6)		Basic	0.5	0.25	1.5	1.0	
ဖ		Vertical	Compact		_	1.5	1.0	
<u>.</u>			Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)	10 to 200	20 to 350 Note 4)	
at	Speed	Horizontal	Compact	_	_	10 to 200	20 to 350 Note 4)	
i iii	[mm/s] Note 3) Note 6)		Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)	
ě		Vertical	Compact	_	_	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)	
Actuator specifications	Pushing speed [	mm/s]	Note 5)	10	20	10	20	
at	Acceleration/Deceleration [mm/s <sup>2</sup> ]				30	00		
륁	Backlash [mm]			0.2 or less				
ĕ	Positioning repeatability [mm]			±0.05				
	Lost motion [mm] Note 7)			0.2 or less				
	Impact/Vibration r	mpact/Vibration resistance [m/s²] Note 8)			50/20			
	Actuation type			Slide screw				
	Guide type			Sliding bushing				
	Max. operating f	requen	cy [c.p.m]		6	0		
	Operating temper	erature	range [°C]	5 to 40				
	Operating humid	dity rar	ige [%RH]	90 or less (No condensation)				
	Motor size			□20 □28				
l si	Motor type				Step motor (S			
ă	Encoder			Increme	ntal A/B phas		rotation)	
ij	Rated voltage [V	]		24 VDC ±10%				
ec	Power		Basic	1	2		.8	
Electric specifications	consumption [W	_	Compact				2	
글	Standby power consu		Basic	1	1		2	
5	when operating [W] N		Compact				6	
▥	Max. instantaneous		Basic	2	22		5	
	consumption [W] N		Compact			4	5	

Note 1) Pushing force accuracy is LEPY6: ±30% (F.S.), LEPY10: ±25% (F.S.).

Refer to pages 396 and 397 for the detailed setting range and precautions.

The pushing force and the duty ratio change according to the set value. Check "Set Value of Pushing Force-Force In the pushing there are the out yrain or large according to the set value. Onex. Set value or Pushing Porce—Porce Graph (Guide)\* on page 377 and [14] on page 397.

Note 2) The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. An external guide is necessary to support the load. The actual work load and transfer speed change according to the condition of the external guide.

Note 3) Speed changes according to the work load. Check "Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)\* on page 376.

Note 4) When the stroke is 25 mm, the maximum speed will be 250 mm/sec.

Note 5) Set to the pushing force when pushing.

Note 5) Set to the pushing force when pushing.

Note 6) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m, then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5 m. (At 15 m: Reduced by up to 20%)

Note 7) A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation.

Note 8) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and

a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

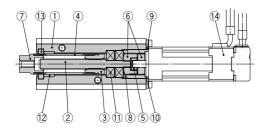
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 4 to 2000 Hz. Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

Note 9) The power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.

Note 10) The standby oper consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.

Note 10) The standby oper consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation. Except during the pushing operation. Note 11) The maximum instantaneous power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

#### Construction

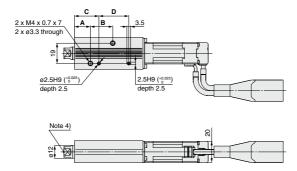


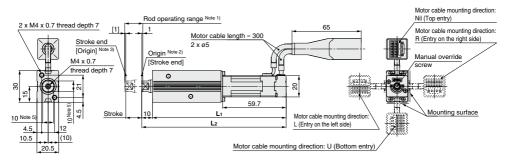
#### Commonant Douts

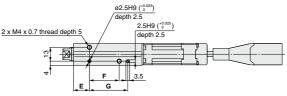
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
2	Screw shaft	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Specially treated
3	Screw nut	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Specially treated
4	Rod	Stainless steel	
5	Spider	NBR	
6	Hub	Hub Aluminum alloy	
7	Socket	Free cutting carbon steel	Nickel plating
8	Bearing stopper	Size 6: Aluminum alloy	
0	bearing stopper	Size 10: Carbon steel	
9	Motor plate	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
10	Guide ring	Aluminum alloy	Size 10 only
11	Bearing	_	
12	Bushing	Oil impregnated sintered copper alloy	
13	Soft wiper	_	
14	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)	_	

#### **Dimensions**

#### LEPY6







Note 1) Range within which the rod can move when it returns to origin.

Make sure a workpiece mounted on the rod does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the rod.

Note 2) Position after return to origin.

Note 3) [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed.

Note 4) Do not apply rotational torque to the rod end.

Note 5) The direction of rod end width across flats (□10) differs depending on the products.

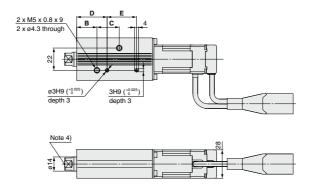
Dimensions									[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
LEPY6□-25□	125.6	135.6	15	21	23	28	15	28	36
LEPY6□-50□	156.6	166.6	22	45	30	52	22	52	60
LEPY6□-75□	188.6	198.6	29	70	37	77	29	77	85

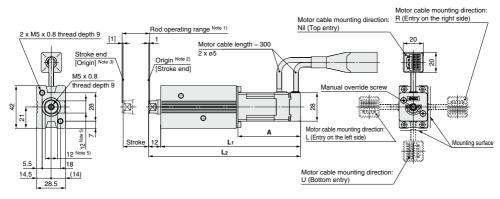


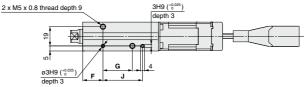


#### **Dimensions**

#### LEPY10







Note 1) Range within which the rod can move when it returns to origin.

Make sure a workpiece mounted on the rod does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the rod.

Note 2) Position after return to origin.

Note 3) [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed. Note 4) Do not apply rotational torque to the rod end.

Note 5) The direction of rod end width across flats (□12) differs depending on the products.

Dimensions										[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	J
LEPY10□-25□	138	150		20	22	30	29	20	29	39
LEPY10□-50□	163	175	61.8	24	43	34	50	24	50	60
LEPY10□-75□	198	210		30	72	40	79	30	79	89
LEPY10L□-25□	124	136		20	22	30	29	20	29	39
LEPY10L□-50□	149	161	47.8	24	43	34	50	24	50	60
LEPY10L□-75□	184	196		30	72	40	79	30	79	89

# Electric Actuator/Miniature Slide Table Type

#### LEPS Series

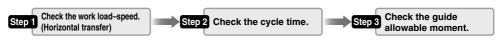
# **Model Selection**





#### **Selection Procedure**

#### Positioning Control Selection Procedure



#### Selection Example -

#### Operating conditions

- •Workpiece mass: 0.25 [kg]
- Speed: 200 [mm/s]
- Acceleration/Deceleration: 3000 [mm/s<sup>2</sup>]
- Stroke: 20 [mm]
- Workpiece mounting condition: Horizontal transfer

# d 4 (LEPS6K) Work load [kg] ead 8 (LEPS6J) 0.5

LEPS6 (Basic)

#### <Speed-Work load graph> (LEPS6/Step motor)

200 300

Speed [mm/s]

400

#### Step 1 Check the work load-speed. <Speed-Work load graph>

Select the target model based on the workpiece mass and speed with reference to the <Speed-Work load graph>.

Selection example) The LEPS6J is temporarily selected based on the graph shown on the right side.

#### Step 2 Check the cycle time.

Calculate the cycle time using the following calculation method.

• Cycle time T can be found from the following equation.

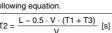
$$T = T1 + T2 + T3 + T4 [s]$$

•T1: Acceleration time and T3: Deceleration time can be obtained by the following equation.

•T2: Constant speed time can be found from the following equation.

$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V}$$
 [s]

•T4: Settling time varies depending on the conditions such as motor types, load and in position of the step data. Therefore, calculate the settling time with reference to the following value.



#### Calculation example)

T1 to T4 can be calculated as follows.

$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V} = \frac{20 - 0.5 \cdot 200 \cdot (0.067 + 0.067)}{200} = 0.033 [s]$$

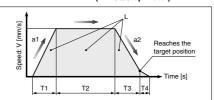
$$T4 = 0.2 [s]$$

Therefore, the cycle time can be obtained as follows.

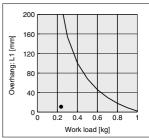
$$T = T1 + T2 + T3 + T4 = 0.067 + 0.033 + 0.067 + 0.2 = 0.367 [s]$$



Based on the above calculation result, the LEPS6J-25 is selected.



- L : Stroke [mm] ... (Operating condition)
- V: Speed [mm/s] ... (Operating condition)
- a1: Acceleration [mm/s2] ··· (Operating condition)
- a2: Deceleration [mm/s2] ... (Operating condition)
- T1: Acceleration time [s] ... Time until reaching the set speed
- T2: Constant speed time [s] ... Time while the actuator is operating at a constant speed
- T3: Deceleration time [s] ... Time from the beginning of the constant speed operation to stop
- T4: Settling time [s] ... Time until positioning is completed



Guide allowable moment



#### Selection Procedure

#### **Pushing Control Selection Procedure**



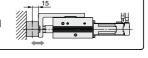
\* The duty ratio is a ratio at the time that can keep being pushed.

#### Selection Example

#### Operating conditions

- Mounting condition: Horizontal (pushing)
- Jig weight: 0.4 [kg]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

- Duty ratio: 70 [%]
- Speed: 150 [mm/s]
- •Stroke: 40 [mm]



Pushing control

Α

Duty ratio = A/B x 100 [%]

В

#### Step 1 Check the duty ratio.

#### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>

Select the [Pushing force] from the duty ratio with reference to the <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>.

Selection example)

Based on the table below,

• Duty ratio: 70 [%]

Therefore, the set value of pushing force will be 80 [%].

#### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>

#### (LEPS10L)

Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

- \* [Set value of pushing force] is one of the step data input to the controller.
- \* [Continuous pushing time] is the time that the actuator can continuously keep pushing.

#### Step 2 Check the pushing force. <Set value of pushing force-Force graph>

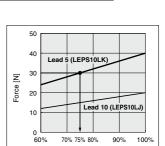
Select the target model based on the set value of pushing force and force with reference to the <Set value of pushing force-Force graph>.

Selection example)

Based on the graph shown on the right side,

- •Set value of pushing force: 75 [%]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

Therefore, the LEPS10LK is temporarily selected.

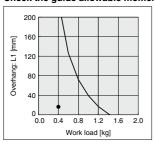


Time

<Set value of pushing force-Force graph> (LEPS10L)

Set value of pushing force [%]

#### Step 3 Check the guide allowable moment.



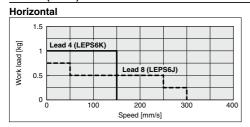
Based on the above calculation result, the LEPS10LK-50 is selected.

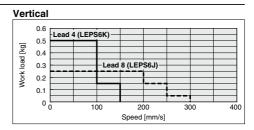


#### Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)

\* The following graph shows the values when moving force is 150%.

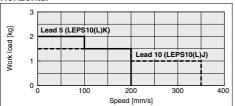
#### LEPS6 (Basic)



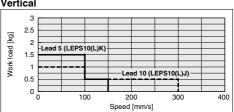


#### LEPS10(L) (Motor size: Basic/Compact)



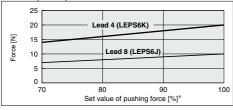


#### Vertical



#### Set Value of Pushing Force-Force Graph (Guide)

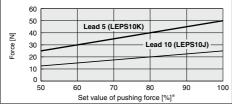
#### LEPS6 (Basic)



Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
70	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

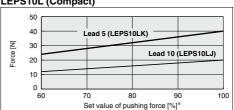
#### \* Set values for the controller.

#### LEPS10 (Basic)



Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
60 or less	100	_
70	30	3
100	15	1

#### LEPS10L (Compact)



Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5



#### **Dynamic Allowable Moment**

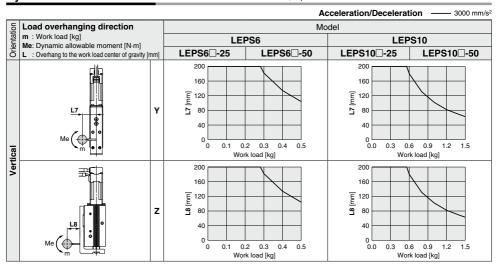
\* This graph shows the amount of allowable overhang (guide unit) when the center of gravity of the workpiece overhangs in one direction. When selecting the overhang, refer to the Electric Actuator Selection Software for confirmation, http://www.smcword.com

Acceleration/Deceleration 3000 mm/s<sup>2</sup> Load overhanging direction Model m : Work load [kg] LEPS6 LEPS10 Me: Dynamic allowable moment [N-m] LEPS6□-25 LEPS6□-50 LEPS10□-25 LEPS10□-50 L : Overhang to the work load center of gravity [mm] 160 160 160 150 [mm] [mm] E 120 120 120 Ξ 80 Ξ 80 Ξ 80 50 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Horizontal/Bottom 160 160 160 160 E E mm mm Υ 2 2 2 2 80 80 80 80 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 , 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 , 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] 300 200 300 200 250 250 160 160 € 200 150 200 m mm mm 120 120 150 ១ 100 z ក ក ក R٨ 80 100 50 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] 160 160 160 160 120 E 120 mm mm 120 X 4 4 4 4 80 80 80 80 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 , 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 , 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] 200 200 200 200 150 150 150 150 mm. mm mm mm 100 100 100 100 12 12 2 2 50 50 50 50 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 , 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 , 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] 160 160 160 160 120 m 120 120 mm 120 9 9 9 9 Z 80 80 R٨ 80 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 0.0 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 2.0 Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg] Work load [kg]



#### **Dynamic Allowable Moment**

This graph shows the amount of allowable overhang (guide unit) when the center of gravity of the workpiece overhangs in one direction. When selecting the overhang, refer to the Electric Actuator Selection Software for confirmation, http://www.smcworld.com





#### **Static Allowable Moment**

	А	llowable moment [N·r	n]
Model	Pitch moment	Yaw moment	Roll moment
	Мр	My	Mr
LEPS6	1.07	1.07	2.51
LEPS10	2.55	2.55	5.47

#### **Traveling Parallelism**

	Stroke [mm]		
Traveling parallelism	25	50	
paranensiii	0.05 mm or less	0.1 mm or less	

#### **Table Deflection (Reference Value)**

\* These values are initial guideline values.

Table displacement due to pitch moment load (marked with the arrow)

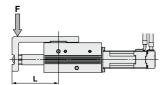


Table displacement due to yaw moment load (marked with the arrow)

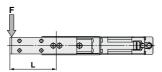


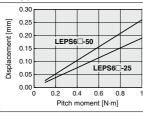
Table displacement due to roll moment load (marked with A)



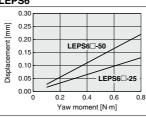
Distance L [mm]

Model	LEI	PS6	LEP	S10
Stroke [mm]	25	50	25	50
Distance L [mm]	53.0	77.0	59.5	82.0

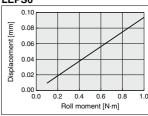




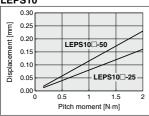
#### LEPS6



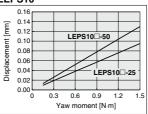
LEPS6



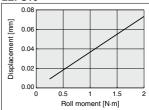
#### LEPS10



#### LEPS10



#### LEPS10



# **Electric Actuator** Miniature Slide Table Type (€ ₽ Sus

Applicable to the LEC□ series

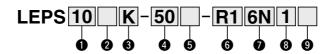
LEPS Series LEPS6, 10



RoHS

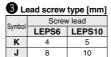
**How to Order** 

Refer to page 391-1 for the communication protocols EtherCAT®, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET, DeviceNet™, and IO-Link.





2 Motor size			
Symbol	Motor size	Applicable size	
Nil	Basic	6, 10	
L	Compact	10	



4 Stroke [mm]			
Symbol Stroke			
25	25		
<b>50</b> 50			

Motor cable mounting direction

Nil	Top entry	L	Entry on the left side
U	Bottom entry	R	Entry on the right side

#### 

#### [CE-compliant products]

1) EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LEP series and the controller LEC series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

2 CC-Link direct input type (LECPMJ) is not CE-compliant.

#### [UL-compliant products]

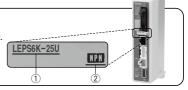
When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller/driver should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

#### The actuator and controller/driver are sold as a package.

Confirm that the combination of the controller/driver and the actuator is correct.

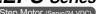
#### <Check the following before use.>

- (1) Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller/driver.
- 2 Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).



<sup>\*</sup> Refer to the operation manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

# Electric Actuator Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series





6 Actuator cable type/length

	autor ounte typeriongui
Nil	Without cable
S1	Standard cable 1.5 m
S3	Standard cable 3 m
S5	Standard cable 5 m
R1	Robotic cable 1.5 m
R3	Robotic cable 3 m
R5	Robotic cable 5 m
R8	Robotic cable 8 m*1
RA	Robotic cable 10 m*1
RB	Robotic cable 15 m*1
RC	Robotic cable 20 m*1

- \*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)
- \*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts.

For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

#### Controller/Driver mounting

Controller/Driver injourning			
Nil	Screw mounting		
D	DIN rail mounting*		

\* DIN rail is not included. Order it separately.

#### Controller/Driver type\*1

Nil	Without controller/driver		
6N	LECP6	NPN	
6P	6P (Step data input type)		
1N	LECP1	NPN	
1P	1P (Programless type)		
MJ	LECPMJ*2		
IVIJ	(CC-Link direct input type)	_	
AN	LECPA*3	NPN	
AP (Pulse input type)		PNP	
.4 For details about controlled/disconnections			

- \*1 For details about controller/driver and compatible motor, refer to the compatible controller/driver below.
- \*2 Not applicable to CE.
- \*3 When pulse signals are open collector, order the current limiting resistor (LEC-PA-R-□) on page 596 separately.

#### 8 I/O cable length [m]\*1, Communication plug

Nil	Without cable (Without communication plug connector)*3	
1	1.5	
3	3*2	
5	5*2	
S	Straight type communication plug connector*	
Т	T-branch type communication plug connector*	

- \*1 When "Without controller/driver" is selected for controller/driver types, I/O cable cannot be selected. Refer to page 568 (For LECP6), page 582 (For LECP1) or page 596 (For LECPA) if I/O cable is required.
- \*2 When "Pulse input type" is selected for controller/driver types, pulse input usable only with differential. Only 1.5 m cables usable with open collector.
- \*3 For the LECPMJ, only "Nil", "S" and "T" are selectable since I/O cable is not included.

Compatible Controller/Driver

Туре	Step data input type	CC-Link direct input type	Programless type	Pulse input type
Series	LECP6	LECPMJ	LECP1	LECPA
Features	Value (Step data) input Standard controller	CC-Link direct input	Capable of setting up operation (step data) without using a PC or teaching box	Operation by pulse signals
Compatible motor	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)			
Maximum number of step data	64 p	oints	14 points	_
Power supply voltage	24 VDC			
Reference page	Page 560	Page 600	Page 576	Page 590

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

# **Electric Actuator** Miniature Slide Table Type

Applicable to the JXC□ series

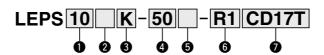
LEPS Series LEPS6, 10



RoHS

How to Order

Refer to page 390 for the communication protocol CC-Link.



1 Size 6

2 Motor size				
Symbol	Motor size	Applicable size		
Nil	Basic	6, 10		
	Compact	10		

Lead screw type [mm]								
Cumbal	Screw lead							
Symbol	LEPS6	LEPS10						
K	4	5						
J	8	10						

4 Stroke [mm]

Symbol	Stroke
25	25
50	50

6 Motor cable mounting direction

Nil	Top entry	L	Entry on the left side
U	Bottom entry	R	Entry on the right side

#### **∆** Caution

#### [CE-compliant products]

EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LE series and the JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

# Electric Actuator Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series

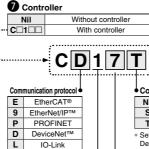


6 Actuator cable type/length

Nil	Without cable
S1	Standard cable 1.5 m
S3	Standard cable 3 m
S5	Standard cable 5 m
R1	Robotic cable 1.5 m
R3	Robotic cable 3 m
R5	Robotic cable 5 m
R8	Robotic cable 8 m*1
RA	Robotic cable 10 m*1
RB	Robotic cable 15 m*1
RC	Robotic cable 20 m*1

- \*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)
- \*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts.

For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable.



For single axis

**Communication plug connector for DeviceNet™** 

Nil	Without plug connector						
S	Straight type						
Т	T-branch type						

\* Select "Nil" for anything other than DeviceNet™

Mounting

7 Screw mounting 8\* DIN rail mounting

 The DIN rail is not included. It must be ordered separately. (Refer to page 603-8.)

Compatible Controller

Туре	EtherCAT® direct input type	EtherNet/IPTM direct input type	PROFINET direct input type	DeviceNet™ direct input type	IO-Link direct input type					
Series	JXCE1	JXC91	JXCP1	JXCD1	JXCL1					
Features	EtherCAT® direct input	EtherNet/IP™ direct input	PROFINET direct input	DeviceNet™ direct input	IO-Link direct input					
Compatible motor		Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)								
Maximum number of step data		64 points								
Power supply voltage			24 VDC							
Reference page		-	Page 603-5	-	-					





#### Weight

Model	LEPS6			
Stroke [mm]	25 50			
Product weight [kg] Basic	0.29	0.35		

Mod	LEPS10			
Stroke [mm]		25 50		
Product	Basic	0.56	0.65	
weight [kg]	Compact	0.50	0.59	

#### **Specifications**

	Mod	del		LE	PS6	LEF	PS10		
	Stroke [mm]				25,	50			
	Screw lead [mm] Pushing force			4	8	5	10		
	Pushing force		Basic	14 to 20	7 to 10	25 to 50	12.5 to 25		
	[N] Note 1) Note 6)		Compact	_	_	24 to 40	12 to 20		
		Horizontal	Basic	1.0	0.75	2.0	1.5		
	Work load [kg] Note 2) Note 3) Note 6)	norizoniai	Compact	_	_	2.0	1.5		
		Vertical	Basic	0.5	0.25	1.5	1.0		
တူ		vertical	Compact	_	_	1.5	1.0		
₫ [		Horizontal	Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)	10 to 200	20 to 350 Note 4)		
Sa	Speed		Compact	_	_	10 to 200	20 to 350 Note 4)		
등	[mm/s] Note 3) Note 6)	Vertical	Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)		
힘			Compact	_	_	10 to 150	20 to 300 Note 4)		
Actuator specifications	Pushing speed [mm/s		Note 5)	10	20	10	20		
육 [	Acceleration/De	ion [mm/s²]	3000						
딓	Backlash [mm]			0.2 or less					
4	Positioning repe			±0.05					
	Lost motion [mr			0.2 or less					
	Impact/Vibration r	esistan	ce [m/s <sup>2</sup> ] Note 8)	50/20					
	Actuation type			Slide screw					
	Guide type			Linear guide					
	Max. operating f				6				
	Operating tempe			5 to 40					
	Operating humid	dity rar	ige [%RH]	90 or less (No condensation)					
	Motor size				20		128		
=	Motor type			Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)					
a l	Encoder (Angular		ement sensor)	Increme	ntal A/B phas		/rotation)		
specifications	Rated voltage [V	1			24 VD0				
9	Power	Note 9)	Basic	1	2	28			
S	consumption [W]		Compact		_		22		
불	Standby power const when operating [W] N			1	1		22		
Electric			Compact	-	_		16		
□	Max. instantaneous consumption [W] N			2	22		55		
	consumption [w]		Compact			45			

Note 1) Pushing force accuracy is LEPS6:±30% (F.S.), LEPS10:±25%(F.S.).

Refer to pages 396 and 397 for the detailed setting range and precautions. The pushing force and the duty ratio change according to the set value. Check "Set Value of Pushing Force—Force Graph (Guide)" on page 395 and [14] on page 397.

Note 2) The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. Check "Dynamic Allowable Moment" graph for the

Note 2) The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. Check "Dynamic Allowable Moment" graph for the allowable moment of the guide on pages 386 and 387.

Note 3) Speed changes according to the work load. Check "Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)" on page 385.

Note 4) When the stroke is 25 mm, the maximum speed will be 250 mm/sec.

Note 5) Set to the pushing force when pushing.

Note 6) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m, then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5 m. (At 15 m: Reduced by up to 20%) Note 7 A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation.

Note 8) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)

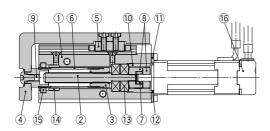
Note 9) The power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating, to the actuator is operating in the set.

Note 9) The power consumption (including the controller) is not when the actuator is operating.

Note 10) The standorby power consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation. Except during the pushing operation.

Note 11) The maximum instantaneous power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

#### Construction

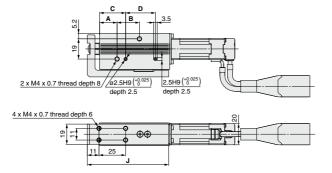


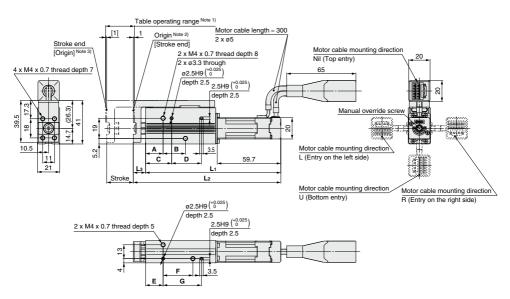
#### O---- --- ---- D----

Cor	component Parts									
No.	Description	Material	Note							
1	Body	Aluminum alloy	Anodized							
2	Screw shaft	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Specially treated							
3	Screw nut	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Specially treated							
4	Table	Aluminum alloy	Anodized							
5	Linear guide	_								
6	Rod	Stainless steel								
7	Spider	NBR								
8	Hub	Aluminum alloy								
9	Socket	Free cutting carbon steel	Nickel plating							
10	Bearing stopper	Size 6: Aluminum alloy								
10	bearing stopper	Size 10: Carbon steel								
11	Motor plate	Aluminum alloy	Anodized							
12	Guide ring	Aluminum alloy	Size 10 only							
13	Bearing	_								
14	Bushing	Oil impregnated sintered copper alloy								
15	Soft wiper	_								
16	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)	_								

#### **Dimensions**

#### LEPS6





Note 1) Range within which the table can move when it returns to origin.

Make sure a workpiece mounted on the table does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table.

Note 2) Position after return to origin.

Note 3) [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed.

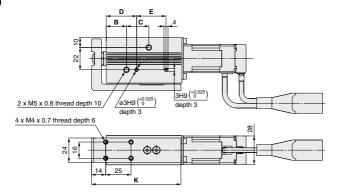
Dimensions											[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Lз	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	J
LEPS6□-25□	127.1	138.6	11.5	16.5	21	24.5	28	16.5	28	36	76.4
LEPS6□-50□	156.6	169.6	13	22	45	30	52	22	52	60	107.4

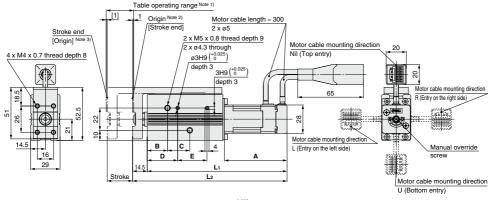


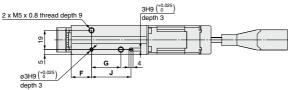


#### **Dimensions**

#### LEPS10







Note 1) Range within which the table can move when it returns to origin.

Make sure a workpiece mounted on the table does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table.

Note 2) Position after return to origin.

Note 3) [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed.

Dimensions											[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	J	K
LEPS10□-25□	138	152.5	61.8	20	22	30	29	20	29	39	88.2
LEPS10□-50□	163	177.5	61.6	24	43	34	50	24	50	60	113.2
LEPS10L□-25□	124	138.5	47.8	20	22	30	29	20	29	39	88.2
LEPS10L□-50□	149	163.5	47.6	24	43	34	50	24	50	60	113.2



# LEPY/LEPS Series Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 8 for Electric Actuator Precautions.

#### Design/Selection

## 

1. Do not apply a load in excess of the specification limits.

Select a suitable actuator by work load and allowable lateral load on the rod end. If the product is used outside of the specification limits, the eccentric load applied to the rod will be excessive and have adverse effects such as creating play on the sliding parts of the rod, degrading accuracy and shortening the life of the product.

Do not use the product in applications where excessive external force (including vibration) or impact force is applied to it.

Do not apply impact and vibration outside of the specifications; it may lead to a malfunction.

- If gravity acts on the workpiece due to vertical mounting, it may drop due to its own weight depending on the conditions when the product is not energized (SVON signal is OFF) or stopped (EMG is not energized).
- Power failure may result in a decrease in the pushing force; ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment.

When the product is used for clamping, the clamping force could be decreased due to power failure, potentially creating a hazardous situation in which the workpiece is released.

5. This product cannot be used as a stopper.

Excessive load acts on the actuator, which adversely affects the operation and the life of the product.

#### Mounting

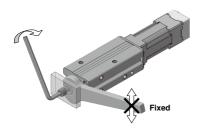
# **⚠** Warning

Do not drop or hit the actuator to avoid scratching and denting the mounting surfaces.

Even slight deformation can cause the deterioration of accuracy and operation failure.

When mounting workpieces or jigs to the rod end, hold the flats of the rod end with a wrench so that the rod does not rotate (Rod type only).

When attaching a nut or workpiece to the end of the rod, hold the flats of the rod end with a wrench (the rod should be fully retracted). Do not apply tightening torque to the rod non-rotating mechanism. The rod is manufactured to precise tolerances, so even a slight deformation may cause a malfunction and damage.



#### Mounting

# **⚠** Warning

When mounting a bolt, workpiece or jig to the rod end, the bolt should be tightened with a torque within the specified range (Rod type only).

Tightening to a torque higher than the specified value may cause a malfunction due to deformation of the component, whilst under-tightening can cause displacement of the mounting position or in extreme conditions detaching of the workpiece. If the bolt is screwed in more than the maximum depth, the lead screw will be damaged, leading to operation failure.



Model	Thread size	Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]	Rod end width across flats [mm]
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7	10
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	3.0	9	12

The angular position of the rod end flats cannot be changed because the rod has a non-rotating mechanism inside (Rod type only).

The angular position of the rod end flats is not specified; it depends on the actuator type.

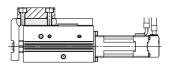
The rod rotates slightly due to the clearance of the non-rotating mechanism: Install the bolt or workpiece with consideration to the rotation.

When attaching the workpiece to the table, hold the table and tighten the screws with a torque within the specified range (Slide table type only).

The table is supported by a linear guide, do not apply impact or moment when mounting the work load.

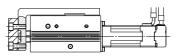
If the screws are screwed to more than the maximum screw-in depth, it may lead to a malfunction due to damage of the linear quide or body.

#### Top mounting



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPS6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	6
LEPS10	M4 x 0.7	1.4	6

#### Front mounting



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPS6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7
LEPS10	M4 x 0.7	1.4	8



# LEPY/LEPS Series Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 8 for Electric Actuator Precautions.

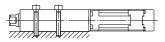
#### Mounting

# **⚠** Warning

6. When mounting the product, tighten the mounting screws within the specified torque range.

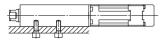
Tightening the screws with a higher torque than recommended may cause a malfunction, whilst the tightening with a lower torque can cause the displacement of the mounting position or in extreme conditions the actuator could become detached from its mounting position.

#### Side mounting (Body mounting through-hole)



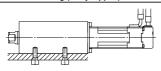
Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N-m]
LEPY6	M3 x 0.5	0.9
LEPS6	IVI3 X U.5	0.9
LEPY10	M4 x 0.7	1.4
LEPS10	IVI4 X U. /	1.4

#### Side mounting (Body tapped)



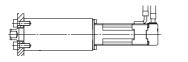
Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N-m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7
LEPS6			
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	3.0	9
LEPS10			

#### Bottom mounting (Body tapped)



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N-m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPY6	M4 v 0 7	1.4	5
LEPS6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	5
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	0.0	9
LEPS10		3.0	9

#### Rod side mounting (Rod type only)



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N-m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	3.0	9

When it is necessary to operate the product by the manual override screw, check the position of the manual override and leave necessary space.

Do not apply excessive torque to the manual override screw. This may lead to damage and malfunction.

#### When an external guide is used, connect it in such a way that no impact or load is applied to it.

This may cause a malfunction due to an increase in sliding resistance, or use a freely moving connector (such as a floating joint).

#### Handling

#### **⚠** Caution

1. When the pushing operation is used, be sure to set to [Pushing operation].

Also, do not hit the workpiece in positioning operation or in the range of positioning operation.

It may damage and malfunction. If the operation is interrupted or stopped during the cycle: When the pushing operation command is output immediately after restarting the operation, the direction of movement depends on the position of restart.

Use the product within the specified pushing speed range for the pushing operation.

It may lead to damage and malfunction.

Model	Lead	Pushing speed [mm/sec]
LEPY6	4	10
LEPS6	8	20
LEPY10	5	10
LEPS10	10	20

- 3. For the pushing operation, ensure that the force is applied in the direction of the rod axis.
- 4. The moving force should be the initial value.

If the moving force is set below the initial value, it may cause an alarm.

Model	Motor size	Moving force [%]	
LEPY	l Basic	150	
LEPY1	0 Basic	150	
LEPS1	0 Compact	150	

The actual speed of this actuator is affected by the load.

Check the model selection section of the catalog.

Do not scratch or dent the sliding parts of the rod, by striking or attaching objects.

The rod is manufactured to precise tolerances, even a slight deformation may cause malfunction.

7. Avoid using the electric actuator in such a way that rotational torque would be applied to the rod.

It may cause deformation of the non-rotating sliding part, leading to clearance in the internal guide or an increase in the sliding resistance. Refer to the table below for the approximate values of the allowable range of rotational torque.

Allowable rotational	LEPY6□	LEPY10□
torque [N·m] or less	0.04	0.08





# LEPY/LEPS Series Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 3 to 8 for Electric Actuator Precautions.

#### Handling

#### 

Do not operate by fixing the rod and moving the actuator body.

Excessive load will be applied to the rod, leading to damage to the actuator and reduced the life of the product.

#### 9. Return to origin

- 1) Do not apply a load, impact or resistance in addition to the transferred load during return to origin.
  - Additional force will cause the displacement of the origin position since it is based on detected motor torque.
- When the return to origin is set with <Basic parameter> [Origin offset], it is necessary to change the current position of the product. Recheck the value of step data.
- it is recommended to set the directions of return to origin and pushing in the same direction in order to enhance the measurement accuracy during pushing operation.

#### 10. There is no backlash effect in pushing operation.

The return to origin is done by the pushing operation.

The position can be displaced by the effect of the backlash during the positioning operation.

Take the backlash into consideration when setting the position.

#### <Backlash>

Model	Backlash [mm]
LEPY6	0.2 or less
LEPS6	0.2 or less
LEPY10	0.2 or less
LEPS10	0.2 or less

#### Do not hit at the stroke end except during return to origin.

This may damage the inner parts.

#### 12. INP output signal

1) Positioning operation

When the product comes within the set range by step data [In position], the INP output signal will turn on. Initial value: Set to [0.50] or higher.

2) Pushing operation

When the effective pushing force exceeds the step data [Trigger LV], the INP output signal will turn on.

When [Pushing force] setting and [Trigger LV] are set less than [Pushing force], use the product within the specified range of [Pushing force] and [Trigger LV].

- a) To ensure that the actuator pushes the workpiece with the set [Pushing force], it is recommended that the [Trigger LV] be set to the same value as the [Pushing force].
- b) If the Trigger LVI is set lower than the [operation pushing force (current pushing force) for the pushing operation], the pushing force will exceed the trigger LV from the pushing start position and the INP output signal will turn on before pushing the workpiece. Increase the pushing force, or change the work load so that the current pushing force becomes smaller than the trigger LV.

<Pushing force and trigger LV range>

Model	Motor size	Set value of pushing force [%]
LEPY6 LEPS6	Basic	70 to 100
LEPY10	Basic	50 to 100
LEPS10	Compact	60 to 100

13. In pushing operation, set the product to a position of at least 0.5 mm away from a workpiece. (This position is referred to as a pushing start position.)

The following alarms may be generated and operation may become unstable.

a. "Posn failed" alarm is generated.

The product cannot reach a pushing start position due to variation in the width of workpieces.

b. "Pushing ALM" alarm is generated.

The product is pushed back from a pushing start position after starting to push.

c. "Deviation over flow" alarm is generated.

Displacement exceeding the specified value is generated at the pushing start position.

For the pushing operation, use the product within the duty ratio range below.

The duty ratio is a ratio at the time that can keep being pushed.

Model	Motor size	Set value of pushing force [%]		Continuous pushing time [minute]
LEPY6 LEPS6	Basic	70	100	_
		80	70	10
		100	50	5

Model	Motor size	Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
LEPY10	Basic	60 or less	100	
LEPY10		70	30	3
LEPSIU		100	15	1

	Model	Motor size	Set value of pushing force [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [minute]
	LEPY10 LEPS10	Compact	70 or less	100	
			80	70	10
			100	50	5

15. When mounting the product, keep a 40 mm or longer diameter for bends in the motor cable.

#### Maintenance

## **⚠** Warning

 Ensure that the power supply is stopped and the workpiece is removed before starting maintenance work or replacement of the product.

