



Low Friction Cylinders Metal Seal Type



Compact Low Friction Cylinder Series MQQ

Series	Bore size (mm)	Operating pressure range (MPa)	Actuation speed (mm/s)	
MQQT Standard type	10 16	0.005 to 0.5	0.3 to 300	
MQQL Lateral load	20 25			
resisting type (Built-in ball bushing)	30 40	0.005 to 0.7	0.5 to 500	



Lateral Load Resisting Low Friction Cylinder Series MQM

Series	Bore size (mm)	Operating pressure range (MPa)	Actuation speed (mm/s)
MQML Standard type	6(Standard only)	ø6: 0.02 to 0.7 ø10 to ø25: 0.005 to 0.7	0.5 to 1000
MQML H High speed/frequency	16 20 25	0.01 to 0.7	5 to 3000



Low Friction Cylinder (Single Acting) Series MQP

Series	Bore size (mm)	Operating pressure range (MPa)	Thrust control standard (N)
	ø4		0.01 to 8
	ø6	0.004.1.0.7	0.03 to 19
MQP	ø10	0.001 to 0.7 (Except for	0.08 to 50
	ø16	moving parts weight)	0.20 to 140
	ø20		0.30 to 200

Low pressure actuation

Minimal sliding resistance allows low pressure actuation at 0.005 MPa.

Contact SMC regarding vacuum applications.

Low Friction Cylinders Series MAA Series MQ

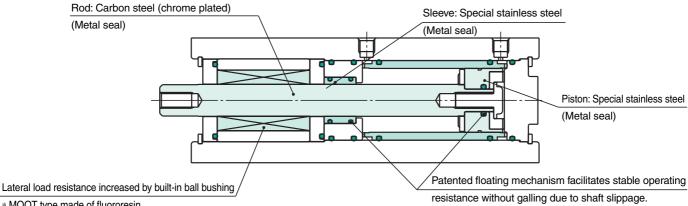
Metal seal structure with low sliding speed and an output control, which

Long service life

Long service life of 10,000 km or 100 million full cycles.

Low and uniform speed actuation

Smooth, uniform speed actuation ranges as low as 0.3 mm/s.



* MQQT type made of fluororesin.

Low friction

Low sliding resistance and high stability allow force control as low as 0.05 N.

(Based on cylinder Piston area x Pressure accuracy)

No increased sliding resistance after periods of non-operation.

ateral load

Lateral load resistance is increased by built-in ball bushing.

(MQQL/MQML)

Series Variation

Series MQQ

Compact low friction cylinders designed for low pressure, low speed, uniform speed or low friction applications



	Series	Bore size	Stroke (mm)						Operating pressure	Actuation speed				
S	Selles	(mm)	10	20	30	40	50	60	75	10	00	range (MPa)	(mm/s)	
	маат	10	•	•	•	•			-					
	Standard type	16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	-	<u></u>	•	-				0.3 to 300	
d ,	,,	20	<u> </u>	•	•	•	•	•	+					
	MQQL Lateral load	25	<u> </u>	•	•	<u></u>	•		•	_				
	resisting type	30	 	-	•	-	•		•	_		0.005 to 0.7	0.5 to 500	
	(Built-in ball bushing)	40	<u> </u>	-	<u></u>	-	<u></u>		•	_				

Series MQM

Lateral load resisting low friction cylinders for low pressure, low speed, uniform speed, low friction high pressure, high speed and high speed response (high frequency) actuation



	Series	Bore size	se Stroke (mm)					Operating pressure				
	0000	(mm)	1	5	30	45	60	75	10	0	range (MPa)	(mm/s)
	MQML	6(standard only)			•	+	•				ø6: 0.02 to 0.7	0.51.4000
	Standard type	10			•	•	+	+	-		ø10 to ø25: 0.005 to 0.7	0.5 to 1000
		16			•	•	•	•	-			
	MQML□□H High speed/frequency	20			•	•	•	•	-		0.01 to 0.7	5 to 3000
		25			•	•	•	•			-	

(Metal Seal Type)

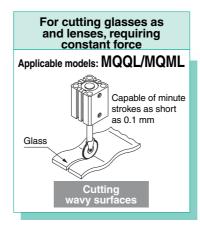
ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25, ø30, ø40

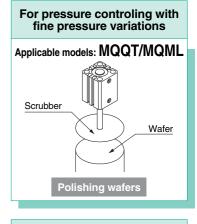
ø6, ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25

resistance enables to cover the range of a driving were not available with the general cylinder.

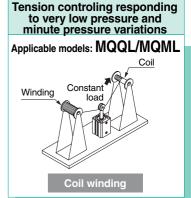
High speed, **High frequency actuation**

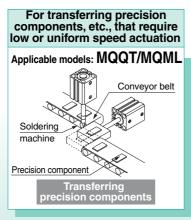
H type achieves speeds up to 3,000 mm/s (without fixed orifice), and continuous actuation up to 50 cycles per second. (MQML H)

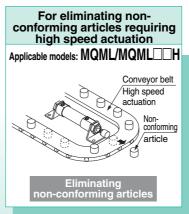


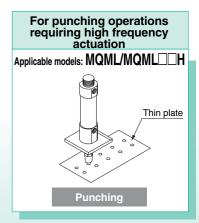


Application Examples



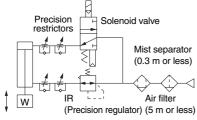






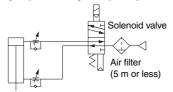
Recommended Circuit Examples

Example 1) Uniform & low speed actuation (no control of cylinder output)



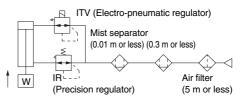
* When using a solenoid valve, use a metal seal type (Series VQ, VQZ, SQ, etc.).

Example 3) High speed & high frequency actuation



* When using a solenoid valve, use a metal seal type (Series VQ, VQZ, SQ, etc.).

Example 2) Low speed with output control



* When performing control of cylinder output, do not create a restriction circuit using a speed controller, etc. Pressure inside the cylinder will drop and control will become impossible. Always control actuation by means of pressure control.

Applications based on low friction specification

- 1) Operating resistance will vary with an offset load. Be sure to properly align the rod axis with the load and direction of movement when connecting. When an offset load is expected, provide a suitable mechanism such as a floating joint.
- 2) Use clean air (atmospheric pressure dew point temperature -10C or less). Using the AM series mist separator (nominal filtration rating of 0.3 m or less), or the AM + AMD series (nominal filtration rating of 0.01 m or less) is recommended





Low Friction Cylinder Series MQP

Fully covers a pressure force

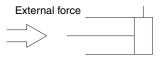


Even extremely small degree lurching such as 0.01 mm does not occur. In addition, special air supply to a bearing for fluid is unnecessary.

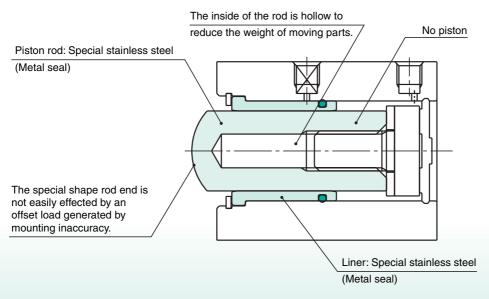
No piston

Sliding resistance is drastically decreased because the piston and the rod share the same shaft.

Special single acting/Piston retraction by external force



For force control



Reduced thrust dispersion

Dispersion of piston diameter: 3 m or less Readjusting thrust is not necessary when the cylinder is replaced.

Dispersion of thrust does not occur even more than one cylinder is connected to the same circuit, either. (Depends on the operation environment.)

Low friction and soft-touching

Possible to control the output in increments of 0.01 N. (Depends on the piston area of a cylinder x pressure accuracy)

In addition, sliding resistance does not change after periods of non-operation.

High-precision linear control

Delicate and precise linear movement control is possible.

Series MQP

Low friction cylinder suitable for low friction, force control.

Low modern cymraen canaa	10 101 1011 111	iotion, ioroo oontrol.		
Bore size [mm]	Stroke [mm]	Operating pressure range	Weight of moving parts	Thrust control standard
(Pressure receiving diameter)	Stroke [mm]	[MPa]	[g]	[N]
ø 4			4	0.01 to 8
ø 6		0.001 to 0.7	8	0.03 to 19
ø10	10	(Excluding the weight of	24	0.08 to 50
ø16		moving parts)	62	0.20 to 140
ø20			103	0.30 to 200

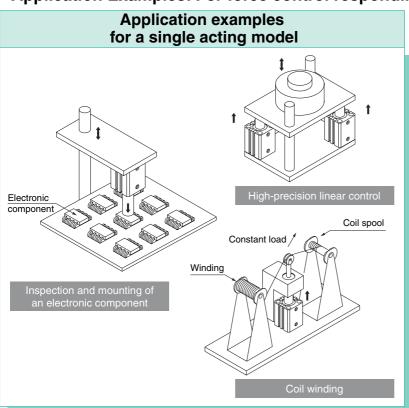


(Metal Seal Type/Single Acting)

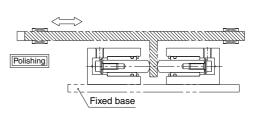
ø4, ø6, ø10, ø16, ø20

control range of 0.01 N to 200 N

Application Examples: For force control responding to a slight pressure fluctuation



Application example for a double acting model

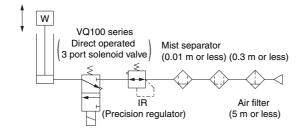


Using 2 MQP cylinders can improve the thrusting accuracy of an MQQ and/or MQM double acting metal cylinder.

Additionally, equal strength of both extension and retracting thrust can be obtained.

Recommended Circuit Examples

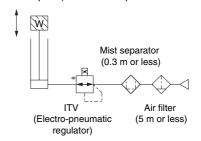
Example 1) Normal operation



1) When using a solenoid valve, SMC recommends you use the VQ100 series in which the lubricant in the main valve will not flow out.

2)Do not use a speed controller in the circuit. If it is used, accurate thrust control may not be possible because the internal pressure of a cylinder will drop. Be sure to employ pressure control for control operations.

Example 2) Soft-touch operation



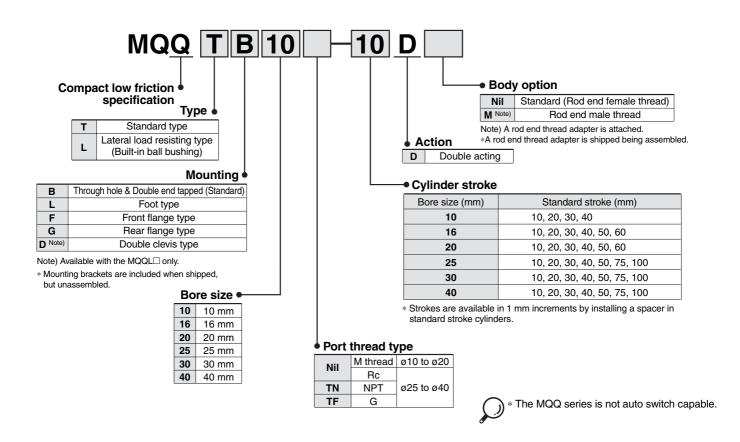
Made to Order

- Vacuum retraction cylinder
- Single acting, spring return type (Built-in springs)
- No exterior leakage (For clean rooms)
- Tubing with a maximum of ø40 (I.D.) is available.

Metal Seal

Compact Low Friction Cylinder Series NQQ ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25, ø30, ø40

How to Order



Mounting Bracket Part No.

Bore size (mm)	Foot Note 1)	Flange	Double clevis	Rod end thread adapter (with nut)
10	CQS-L016	CQS-F016	CQS-D016	MQ10-M
16	CQS-L020	CQS-F020	CQS-D020	MQ16-M
20	CQS-L025	CQS-F025	CQS-D025	MQ20-M
25	MQ-L032	MQ-F032	MQ-D032	MQ25-M
30	MQ-L040	MQ-F040	MQ-D040	M000 M
40	CQ-L050	CQ-F050	MQ-D050	MQ28-M

Note 1) When ordering a foot bracket, order 2 pcs. for each cylinder.

Note 2) The following parts are included with a bracket respectively.

Foot, Flange Body mounting bolts

Double clevis Clevis pin, C type snap ring for shaft, Body mounting bolts

Specifications: Standard Type/MQQT

Во	ore size (mm)	10	16	20	25	30	40		
Seal consti	ruction			Meta	l seal				
Action			De	ouble actin	g, Single r	od			
Fluid				A	ir				
Proof press	sure			1.05	MPa				
Maximum o	perating pressure			0.5	MPa				
Minimum op	perating pressure Note 1)			0.005	MРа				
Ambient an	d fluid temperature	-10 to 80C							
Cushion		Rubber bumper (Standard)							
Lubrication	Note 2)	Not required (Non-lube)							
Rod end th	read	Female thread							
Rod end th	read tolerance	JIS class 2							
Stroke leng	th tolerance	+1.0 0							
Piston spec	ed Note 3)		0.3 to 3	00 mm/s (Refer to pa	age 19.)			
Total	Supply pressure 0.1 MPa	150 cm ³ /min or less	200 cm ³ /n	nin or less	300 cm ³ /r	nin or less	400 cm ³ /min or less		
allowable	Supply pressure 0.3 MPa	800 cm ³ /min or less	1000 cm ³ /	min or less	1200 cm ³ /	min or less	1600 cm ³ /min or less		
leakage	Supply pressure 0.5 MPa	1500 cm ³ /min or less	2000 cm ³ /	min or less	3000 cm ³ /	min or less	4000 cm ³ /min or less		

Note 1) Value when horizontal. (Use clean, dry, and nonfreezing air) However, as the stroke increases, it will likely be affected by the weight of its moving parts and the pressure will likely increase by approx. 0.003 to 0.005 MPa due to an offset load from the weight of the rod.

Note 2) Refer to precautions on page 18 regarding lubrication.

Note 3) Control low speed actuation with differential pressure and a speed controller, etc. (Refer to recommended circuit examples for further details.)

Symbol Double acting, Single rod



Specifications: Lateral Load Resisting Type/MQQL

Вс	ore size (mm)	10	16	20	25	30	40		
Seal const	ruction	Metal seal							
Action			Do	ouble actin	g, Single r	od			
Fluid				Α	ir				
Proof press	sure			1.05	MPa				
Maximum o	operating pressure			0.7	МРа				
Minimum op	perating pressure Note 1)			0.005	МРа				
Ambient an	d fluid temperature	-10 to 80C							
Cushion			Ru	bber bump	er (Standa	ard)			
Lubrication	Note 2)	Not required (Non-lube)							
Rod end th	read	Female thread							
Rod end th	read tolerance	JIS class 2							
Stroke leng	gth tolerance	+1.0 0							
Piston spe	ed Note 3)		0.5 to 5	00 mm/s (Refer to pa	age 19.)			
Total	Supply pressure 0.1 MPa	150 cm ³ /min or less	200 cm ³ /r	nin or less	300 cm ³ /r	nin or less	400 cm ³ /min or less		
allowable	Supply pressure 0.3 MPa	800 cm ³ /min or less	1000 cm ³ /	min or less	1200 cm ³ /	min or less	1600 cm ³ /min or less		
leakage	Supply pressure 0.5 MPa	1500 cm ³ /min or less	2000 cm ³ /	min or less	3000 cm ³ /	min or less	4000 cm ³ /min or less		

Note 1) Value when horizontal. (Use clean, dry, and nonfreezing air) However, as the stroke increases, it will likely be affected by the weight of its moving parts and the pressure will likely increase by approx. 0.003 to 0.005 MPa due to an offset load from the weight of the rod.

Note 2) Refer to precautions on page 18 regarding lubrication.

Note 3) Control low speed actuation with differential pressure and a speed controller, etc. (Refer to recommended circuit examples for further details.)

OUT IN

Weight: Standard Type/MQQT

								Unit: g		
Bore size		Cylinder stroke (mm)								
(mm)	10	20	30	40	50	60	75	100		
10	94	118	142	166	_	_	_	_		
16	166	206	246	286	326	366	_	_		
20	228	290	352	414	476	538	_	_		
25	395	487	579	671	763	_	993	1223		
30	479 567 655		743	831		1052	1272			
40	728	846	964	1082	1200	_	1495	1790		

Weight: Lateral Load Resisting Type/ MQQL (Built-in Ball Bushing)

								Unit: g
Bore			Cylir	nder st	roke (mm)		
size (mm)	10	20	30	40	50	60	75	100
10	148	172	196	220	_	_	_	_
16	284	324	364	404	444	484	_	_
20	383	445	507	569	631	693	_	_
25	552	644	736	828	920	ı	1150	1380
30	911	999	1087	1175	1263		1485	1705
40	1337	1455	1573	1691	1809		2104	2399

Theoretical Output

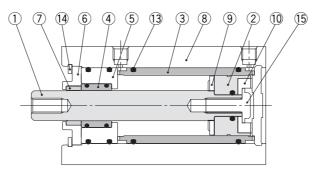
				<u> </u>							01111111
i	Bore	Rod		Piston			Operatir	ng pressui	re (MPa)		
	size (mm)	size (mm)	Direction	area (mm²)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
	10	6	IN	50.3	5.0	10.1	15.1	20.1	25.2	30.2	35.2
	10	0	OUT	78.5	7.9	15.7	23.6	31.4	39.3	47.1	55.0
	16	8	IN	145.8	14.9	29.2	43.7	58.3	72.9	87.5	102.1
	16	0	OUT	196.1	19.6	39.2	58.9	78.4	98.1	117.7	137.3
	20 1	10	IN	235.6	23.6	47.1	70.7	94.2	117.8	141.4	164.9
		10	OUT	314.2	31.4	62.8	94.3	125.7	157.1	188.5	219.9
	25	12	IN	377.8	37.8	75.6	113.3	151.1	188.9	226.7	262.5
	25	12	OUT	490.9	49.1	98.2	147.3	196.4	245.5	294.5	343.6
	30		IN	505.8	50.6	101.2	151.8	202.4	253.0	303.6	354.2
	30	16	OUT	706.9	70.7	141.4	212.1	282.8	353.5	424.2	494.9
	40	16	IN	1055.6	105.6	211.2	316.8	422.4	528.0	633.6	739.2
	40		OUT	1256.6	125.7	251.4	377.1	502.8	628.5	754.2	879.9

Unit: N

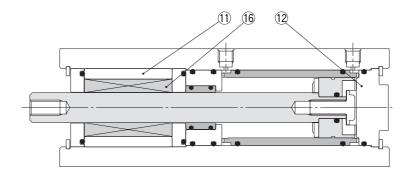
Series MQQ

Construction

Standard type: MQQT



Lateral load resisting type: MQQL (Built-in ball bushing)



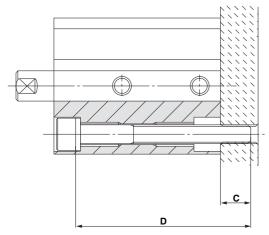
Component Parts

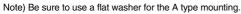
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Rod	Carbon steel	Hard chrome plated
2	Piston	Special stainless steel	
3	Liner	Special stainless steel	
4	Sleeve	Special stainless steel	
5	Sleeve retainer	Aluminum alloy	
6	Plate	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
7	Guide	Fluororesin	
8	Cylinder tube	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
9	Bumper A	Polyurethane	
10	Bumper B	Polyurethane	
11	Bushing	Aluminum alloy	
12	Bottom plate	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
13	O-ring	NBR	
14	Retaining ring	Carbon tool steel	Nickel plated
15	Bolt	Carbon tool steel	Nickel plated
16	Ball bushing		

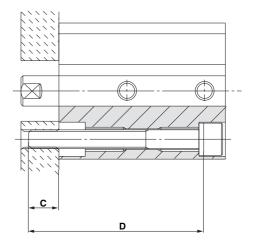
Mounting

Mounting bolts

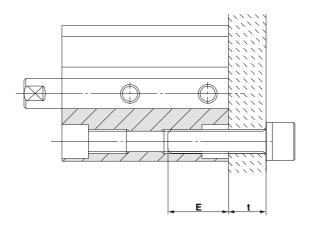
a) Mounting type A (when using the mounting plate threads)

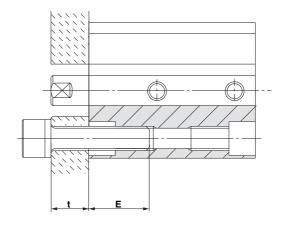






b) Mounting type B (when using the cylinder tube threads)





Compatible Mounting Bolt Dimensions

Made	- I	ı	Mounting type	A	Mounting	type B	
Mode	31	Mounting bolt size	C (mm)	D: Bolt length (mm)	Mounting bolt size	E (mm)	
	MQQTB10-□D	M3 x 0.5	7	35 + Stroke	M4 x 0.7	8 to 11	
	MQQTB16-□D		7	35 + Stroke		13 to 17	
Standard type	MQQTB20-□D	MEVOO	8.5	40 + Stroke	Me v 1		
MQQT	MQQTB25-□D	M5 x 0.8	9	45 + Stroke	M6 x 1		
	MQQTB30-□D		7.5	50 + Stroke			
	MQQTB40-□D	M6 x 1	6	50 + Stroke	M8 x 1.25	16 to 22	
	MQQLB10-□D	M3 x 0.5	7	65 + Stroke	M4 x 0.7	8 to 11	
Lateral load	MQQLB16-□D		5.5	70 + Stroke			
resisting type	MQQLB20-□D	M5 x 0.8	8	80 + Stroke	M6 x 1	13 to 17	
MQQL	MQQLB25-□D	O.U X CIVI	6.5	85 + Stroke	IVIO X I	13 10 17	
Built-in ball bushing)	MQQLB30-□D		7	105 + Stroke			
	MQQLB40-□D	M6 x 1	7	105 + Stroke	M8 x 1.25	16 to 22	

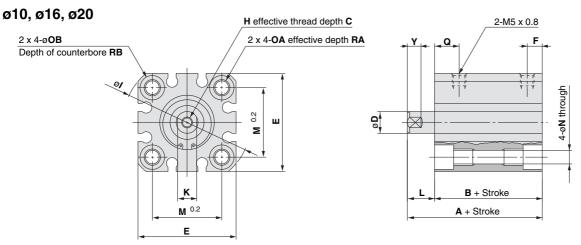
□: Stroke

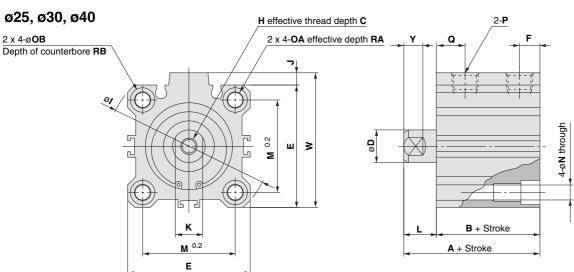


Series MQQ

Dimensions

Standard/Basic type (Through hole & Double end tapped): MQQTB

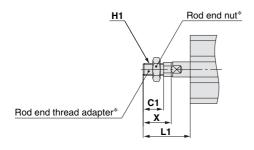




																							((mm)
Bore size	Stroke range		_		Note)		F	н			к		N/I	N	OA	OB		Р			RA	DD	w	
(mm)	(mm)	A	В	С	D	E	Г	п	'	J		_	M	IN	UA	ОВ	_	TN	TF	Q	KA	КD	VV	Ť
10	10 to 40	39.5	31.5	6	6 (5.8)	29	5.5	M3 x 0.5	38	_	5	8	20	3.5	M4 x 0.7	6.5		_		14.5	7	4		5
16	10 to 60	44	34	8	8 (7.8)	36	5.5	M4 x 0.7	47	_	7	10	25.5	5.4	M6 x 1.0	9	_	_	_	18	10	7	_	5
20	10 to 60	47.5	37.5	10	10 (9.8)	40	5.5	M5 x 0.8	52	_	8	10	28	5.4	M6 x 1.0	9	_	_	_	19.5	10	7	_	6
25	10 to 50, 75, 100	54	42	12	12 (11.8)	45	8.5	M6 x 1.0	60	4.5	10	12	34	5.5	M6 x 1.0	9	Rc1/8	NPT1/8	G1/8	23	10	7	49.5	7
30	10 to 50, 75, 100	60.5	48.5	13	16 (15.8)	52	8.5	M8 x 1.25	69	5	14	12	40	5.5	M6 x 1.0	9	Rc1/8	NPT1/8	G1/8	26	10	7	57	10
40	10 to 50, 75, 100	62	50	13	16 (15.8)	64	12	M8 x 1.25	86	7	14	12	50	6.6	M8 x 1.25	11	Rc1/4	NPT1/4	G1/4	26	14	8	71	10

Note) Figures in () are the dimensions for applying a wrench.

With rod end male thread: MQQ□-□DM

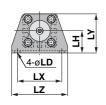


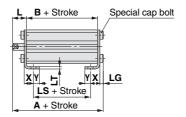
				(mm)
Bore size (mm)	L1	C1	H1	X
10	23.5	10.5	M5 x 0.8	15.5
16	26.5	11.5	M6 x 1.0	16.5
20	28.5	13.5	M8 x 1.25	18.5
25	34.5	16.5	M10 x 1.25	22.5
30	40.5	22.5	M14 x 1.5	28.5
40	40.5	22.5	M14 x 1.5	28.5

^{*} Refer to page 9 for details regarding the rod end thread adapter and the rod end nut.

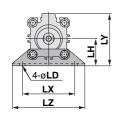


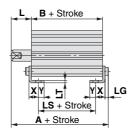
Foot type: MQQTL ø10, ø16, ø20





ø25, ø30, ø40

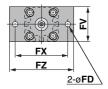




							(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	В	L	LD	LG	LH
10	10 to 40	44.3	31.5	8	4.5	2.8	19
16	10 to 60	51.2	34	10	6.6	4	24
20	10 to 60	54.7	37.5	10	6.6	4	26
25	10 to 50,75,100	61.2	42	12	6.6	4	30
30	10 to 50,75,100	67.7	48.5	12	6.6	4	33
40	10 to 50,75,100	70.2	50	12	9	5	39

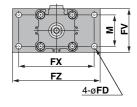
Bore size (mm)	LS	LT	LX	LY	LZ	х	Υ
10	19.5	2	38	33.5	48	8	5
16	22	3.2	48	42	62	9.2	5.8
20	22.5	3.2	52	46	66	10.7	5.8
25	26	3.2	57	57	71	11.2	5.8
30	32.5	3.2	64	64	78	11.2	7
40	27	3.2	79	78	95	14.7	8

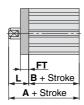
Front flange type: MQQTF ø10, ø16, ø20





ø25, ø30, ø40





							(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	В	FD	FT	FV	FX
10	10 to 40	49.5	31.5	4.5	5.5	30	45
16	10 to 60	54	34	6.6	8	39	48
20	10 to 60	57.5	37.5	6.6	8	42	52
25	10 to 50,75,100	64	42	5.5	8	48	56
30	10 to 50,75,100	70.5	48.5	5.5	8	54	62
40	10 to 50,75,100	72	50	6.6	9	67	76

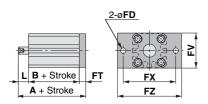
(mm) L 8

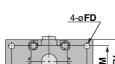
10

10 12 12

Bore size (mm)	FZ	L	М
10	55	18	
16	60	20	_
20	64	20	_
25	65	22	34
30	72	22	40
40	89	22	50

Rear flange type: MQQTG ø10, ø16, ø20





ø25, ø30, ø40

4-øFD			
≥ ≥ ≥	Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A
	10	10 to 40	45
FX	16	10 to 60	52
FZ	20	10 to 60	55.5
-	25	10 to 50,75,100	62
	30	10 to 50 75 100	68.5

40

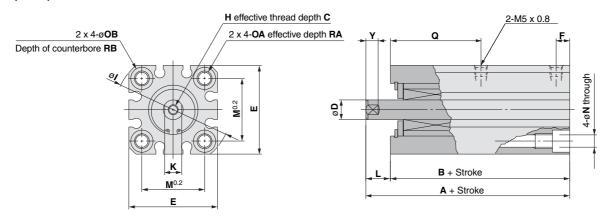
12 10 to 50,75,100 70 (Dimensions other than **A** and **L** are the same as the front flange type.)

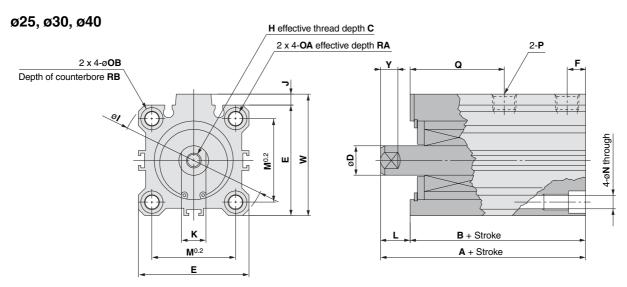


MQQ Series

Dimensions

Lateral load resisting/Basic type (Through hole & Double end tapped): MQQLB ø10, ø16, ø20

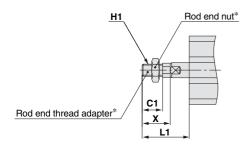




	(hill)																							
Bore size	Stroke range		В	С	Note)	Е	F	н			К		М	N	OA	ОВ		Р		Q	RA	DD	w	Υ
(mm)	(mm)	Α	В	C	U	Ц	Г	п	'	J	~	_	IVI	IN	UA	ОВ	_	TN	TF	Q	KA	КD	VV	T
10	10 to 40	69.5	61.5	6	6 (5.8)	29	9	M3 x 0.5	38	_	5	8	20	3.5	M4 x 0.7	6.5	_	_	_	39.5	7	4	_	5
16	10 to 60	80.5	70.5	8	8 (7.8)	36	11.5	M4 x 0.7	47	_	7	10	25.5	5.4	M6 x 1.0	9	_	_	_	48.5	10	7	_	5
20	10 to 60	89	79	10	10 (9.8)	40	12	M5 x 0.8	52	_	8	10	28	5.4	M6 x 1.0	9	_	_	_	55	10	7	_	6
25	10 to 50, 75, 100	96.5	84.5	12	12 (11.8)	45	13.5	M6 x 1.0	60	4.5	10	12	34	5.5	M6 x 1.0	9	Rc1/8	NPT1/8	G1/8	58	10	7	49.5	7
30	10 to 50, 75, 100	116	104	13	16 (15.8)	52	17.5	M8 x 1.25	69	5	14	12	40	5.5	M6 x 1.0	9	Rc1/8	NPT1/8	G1/8	71	10	7	57	10
40	10 to 50, 75, 100	116	104	13	16 (15.8)	64	17.5	M8 x 1.25	86	7	14	12	50	6.6	M8 x 1.25	11	Rc1/4	NPT1/4	G1/4	71	14	8	71	10

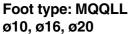
Note) Figures in () are the dimensions for applying a wrench.

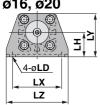
With rod end male thread: MQQ□-□DM

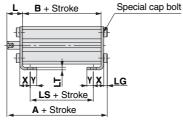


				(mm)
Bore size (mm)	L1	C1	Н1	X
10	23.5	10.5	M5 x 0.8	15.5
16	26.5	11.5	M6 x 1.0	16.5
20	28.5	13.5	M8 x 1.25	18.5
25	34.5	16.5	M10 x 1.25	22.5
30	40.5	22.5	M14 x 1.5	28.5
40	40.5	22.5	M14 x 1.5	28.5

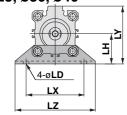
^{*} Refer to page 9 for details regarding the rod end thread adapter and the rod end nut.

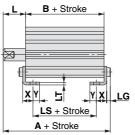




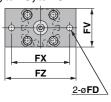


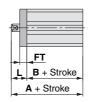
ø25, ø30, ø40



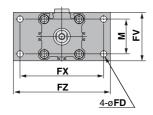


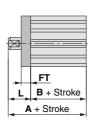
Front flange type: MQQLF ø10, ø16, ø20



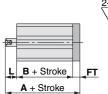


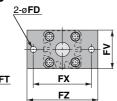
ø25, ø30, ø40

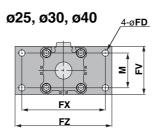




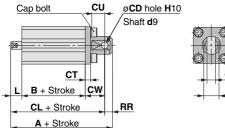
Rear flange type: MQQLG ø10, ø16, ø20







Double clevis type: MQQLD





Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	В	L	LD	LG	LH
10	10 to 40	74.3	61.5	8	4.5	2.8	19
16	10 to 60	87.7	70.5	10	6.6	4	24
20	10 to 60	96.2	79	10	6.6	4	26
25	10 to 50,75,100	103.7	84.5	12	6.6	4	30
30	10 to 50,75,100	123.2	104	12	6.6	4	33
40	10 to 50,75,100	124.2	104	12	9	5	39

(mm)

Bore size (mm)	LS	LT	LX	LY	LZ	х	Υ
10	49.5	2	38	33.5	48	8	5
16	58.5	3.2	48	42	62	9.2	5.8
20	64	3.2	52	46	66	10.7	5.8
25	68.5	3.2	57	57	71	11.2	5.8
30	88	3.2	64	64	78	11.2	7
40	81	3.2	79	78	95	14.7	8

<u> </u>	0.2		, , ,		/ 1 1.			
								(mm)
Stroke range (mm)			A	В	FD	FT	FV	FX
10 to 40			79.5	61.5	4.5	5.5	30	45
10 to 60			90.5	70.5	6.6	8	39	48
10 to 60			99	79	6.6	8	42	52
10 to 50,75,100			106.5	84.5	5.5	8	48	56
10 to 50,75,100			126	104	5.5	8	54	62
10 to	50,75,10	00	126	104	6.6	9	67	76
	Strok (100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Stroke rang (mm) 10 to 40 10 to 60 10 to 50,75,10 10 to 50,75,10	Stroke range (mm) 10 to 40 10 to 60 10 to 60 10 to 50,75,100	Stroke range (mm) 10 to 40 79.5 10 to 60 90.5 10 to 50,75,100 10 to 50,75,100 126	Stroke range (mm) 10 to 40 79.5 61.5 10 to 60 90.5 70.5 10 to 50,75,100 106.5 104	Stroke range (mm) A B FD 10 to 40 79.5 61.5 4.5 10 to 60 90.5 70.5 6.6 10 to 60 99 79 6.6 10 to 50,75,100 106.5 84.5 5.5 10 to 50,75,100 126 104 5.5	Stroke range (mm) A B FD FT 10 to 40 79.5 61.5 4.5 5.5 10 to 60 90.5 70.5 6.6 8 10 to 60 99 79 6.6 8 10 to 50,75,100 106.5 84.5 5.5 8 10 to 50,75,100 126 104 5.5 8	Stroke range (mm) A B FD FT FV 10 to 40 79.5 61.5 4.5 5.5 30 10 to 60 90.5 70.5 6.6 8 39 10 to 60 99 79 6.6 8 42 10 to 50,75,100 106.5 84.5 5.5 8 48 10 to 50,75,100 126 104 5.5 8 54

Bore size (mm)	FZ	L	М
10	55	18	_
16	60	20	
20	64	20	_
25	65	22	34
30	72	22	40
40	89	22	50

			(mm)
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	L
10	10 to 40	75	8
16	10 to 60	88.5	10
20	10 to 60	97	10
25	10 to 50,75,100	104.5	12
30	10 to 50,75,100	124	12
40	10 to 50,75,100	124	12

(Dimensions other than ${\bf A}$ and ${\bf L}$ are the same as the front flange type.)

same as the	same as the front flange type.)											
Bore size (mm)	Stroke range (mm)	A	В	CD	CL	СТ	CU					
10	10 to 40	90.5	61.5	5	84.5	4	10					
16	10 to 60	107.5	70.5	8	98.5	5	12					
20	10 to 60	119	79	10	109	5	14					
25	10 to 50,75,100	126.5	84.5	10	116.5	5	14					
30	10 to 50,75,100	148	104	10	138	6	14					
40	10 to 50,75,100	158	104	14	144	7	20					

Bore size (mm)	cw	сх	cz	L	RR
10	15	6.5	12	8	6
16	18	8	16	10	9
20	20	10	20	10	10
25	20	18	36	12	10
30	22	18	36	12	10
40	28	22	44	12	14

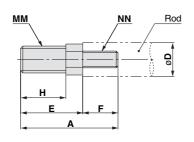


Series MQQ

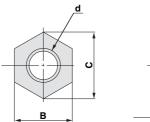
Accessory Dimensions

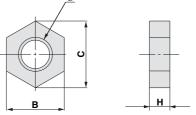
Rod end thread adapter





Rod end nut



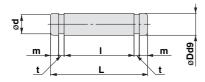


Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	Α	В	С	D	E	F
MQ10-M	10	20.5	8	9.2	6	15.5	5
MQ16-M	16	22.5	8	9.2	8	16.5	6
MQ20-M	20	24.5	8	9.2	10	18.5	6
MQ25-M	25	33.5	10	11.5	12	22.5	11
MQ28-M	30, 40	40.5	14	16	16	28.5	12

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	В	С	d	Н
/IQ10-M	10	20.5	8	9.2	6	15.5	5	NTJ-015A	10	8	9.2	M5 x 0.8	4
//Q16-M	16	22.5	8	9.2	8	16.5	6	NT-015A	16	10	11.5	M6 x 1.0	5
/IQ20-M	20	24.5	8	9.2	10	18.5	6	NT-02	20	13	15	M8 x 1.25	5
/IQ25-M	25	33.5	10	11.5	12	22.5	11	NT-03	25	17	19.6	M10 x 1.25	6
/IQ28-M	30, 40	40.5	14	16	16	28.5	12	NT-04	30, 40	22	25.4	M14 x 1.5	8
	Applicable bore												

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	н	ММ	NN
MQ10-M	10	10.5	M5 x 0.8	M3 x 0.5
MQ16-M	16	11.5	M6 x 1.0	M4 x 0.7
MQ20-M	20	13.5	M8 x 1.25	M5 x 0.8
MQ25-M	25	16.5	M10 x 1.25	M6 x 1.0
MQ28-M	30, 40	22.5	M14 x 1.5	M8 x 1.25

Clevis pin

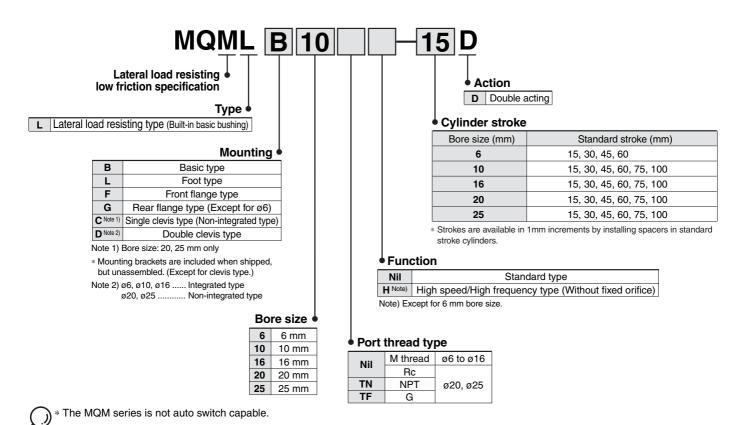


Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	Dd9	L	d	I	m	t	Applicable snap ring
IY-J015	10	5 ^{-0.030}	16.6	4.8	12.2	1.5	0.7	C type 5 for shaft
IY-G02	16	8 ^{-0.040} -0.076	21	7.6	16.2	1.5	0.9	C type 8 for shaft
IY-G03	20	10 ^{-0.040} _{-0.076}	25.6	9.6	20.2	1.55	1.15	C type 10 for shaft
IY-G04	25, 30	10 ^{-0.040} -0.076	41.6	9.6	36.2	1.55	1.15	C type 10 for shaft
IY-G05	40	14 ^{-0.050}	50.6	13.4	44.2	2.05	1.15	C type 14 for shaft

Metal Seal

Lateral Load Resisting Low Friction Cylinder Series MQM ø6, ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25

How to Order



Mounting Bracket/Accessories

Mounting bracket		B: Basic	L: Foot	F: Front flange	G: Rear flange	C: Single clevis	D: Double clevis	Note
	Mounting nut Note 1)	● (1 pc.)	● (2 pcs.)	● (1 pc.)	● (1 pc.)	Note 1)	Note 2)	
Standard	Rod end nut	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	Clevis pin	_	_	_	_	_	•	
Option	T-bracket	_	_	_	_	_	•	With pin

Note 1) Mounting nut is not included with the integral clevis, single clevis and double clevis types.

Note 2) Pin and snap ring are packed with the double clevis type.

Mounting Bracket Part No.

Bore size (mm)	Foot Note 1)	Flange	Single clevis	Double clevis (with pin) Note 2)	T-bracket Note 3)	
6	C IV I 016B	C IV FO16B	_	_	CJ-T010B	
10	CJK-L016B	CJK-F016B	_	_		
16	CLJ-L016B	CLJ-F016B	_	_	CJ-T016B	
20	CM-L020B	CM-F020B	CM-C020B	CM-D020B	_	
25	CM-L032B	CM-F032B	CM-C032B	CM-D032B	_	

Note 1) Two foot brackets and one mounting nut are included.

Note 2) Clevis pin and snap ring are included in package.

Note 3) T-bracket is applicable to the double clevis type (D).

Series MQM



Symbol Double acting, Single rod



Specifications

Во	re siz	ze (mm)	6	10	16	20	25			
Seal constr	uctio	on			Metal	seal				
Action			Double acting, Single rod							
Fluid			Air							
Proof press	ure				1.05 [ИРа				
Maximum o	pera	ating pressure			0.7 N	1Pa				
	Minimum Note 1) Standard type				0.005	МРа				
pressure H (High speed/ High frequency type)					0.01	MРа				
Ambient an	d flu	iid temperature	-10 to 80C							
Cushion			Rubber bumper (Standard)							
Lubrication	Note	2)	Not required (Non-lube)							
Rod end the	ead	tolerance			JIS cla	iss 2				
Stroke leng	th to	olerance			+1. 0	0				
Piston Note 3)		Standard type		0.5 to 1	000 mm/s (I	Refer to pag	ge 20.)			
speed	II/IIiah an a ad/		-	5	to 3000 mm	/s (Refer to	page 20.)			
Total	Total Supply pressure 0.1 MPa		150 cm ³ /n	nin or less	250 cm ³ /n	nin or less	300 cm ³ /min or less			
allowable	Sup	ply pressure 0.3 MPa	800 cm ³ /m	nin or less	1000 cm ³ /ı	min or less	1200 cm ³ /min or less			
івакаде	Supply pressure 0.5 MPa		1500 cm³/min or less 2500 cm³/min or less 3000 cm³/min or							

Note1)Value when horizontal. (Use clean, dry, and nonfreezing air) However, as the stroke increases, it will likely be affected by the weight of its moving parts and the pressure will likely increase by approx. 0.003 to 0.005 MPa due to an offset load from the weight of the rod.

Note2)Refer to precautions on page 18 regarding lubrication.

Note3)Control low speed actuation with differential pressure and a speed controller, etc. (Refer to recommended circuit examples for further details.)

Weight: Standard Type, High Speed/High Frequency Type

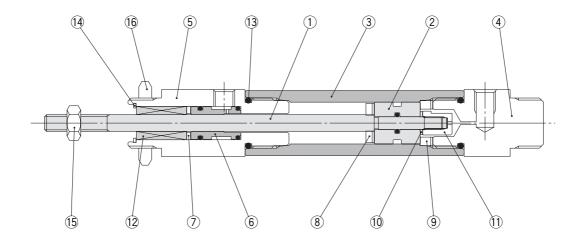
						Unit: g							
Bore size	Cylinder stroke (mm)												
(mm)	15	30	45	60	75	100							
6	52.5	60.7	68.9	77.1	_	_							
10	92.4	102.7	113.0	123.3	133.6	143.9							
16	152.4	175.2	198.0	220.8	243.6	266.4							
20	349.8	392.6	435.4	478.2	521.0	563.8							
25	460.8	510.0	559.2	608.4	657.6	706.8							

Theoretical Output

							-	OUT 🔫	— IN	Unit: N					
Bore size	Rod size	Direction	Piston area			Operatir	ng pressu	re (MPa)							
(mm)	(mm)	Direction	(mm ²)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7					
6	4	IN	15.7	1.6	3.2	4.7	6.3	7.9	9.4	11.0					
	+	OUT	28.3	2.8	5.7	8.5	11.3	14.2	17.0	19.8					
10	4	IN	66.0	6.6	13.2	19.8	26.4	33.0	39.6	46.2					
10	4	OUT	78.5	7.9	15.7	23.6	31.4	39.3	47.1	55.0					
16	5	IN	181.4	18.1	36.3	54.4	72.6	90.7	108.8	127.0					
10	5	OUT	201.1	20.1	40.2	60.3	80.4	100.6	120.7	140.8					
20		IN	263.9	26.4	52.8	79.2	105.6	132.0	158.3	184.7					
20	8	8	8	8	8	8	OUT	314.2	31.4	62.8	94.3	125.7	157.1	188.5	219.9
25	10	IN	412.3	41.2	82.5	123.7	164.9	206.2	247.4	288.6					
25	10	OUT	490.9	49.1	98.2	147.3	196.4	245.5	294.5	343.6					



Construction



Component Parts

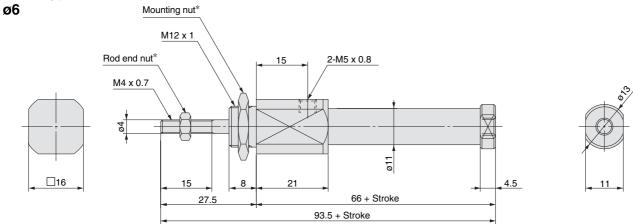
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Rod	Carbon steel	Hard chrome plated
2	Piston	Special stainless steel	
3	Tube	Special stainless steel	
4	Head cover	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
5	Rod cover	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
6	Sleeve	Special stainless steel	
7	Seat	NBR	
8	Bumper A	Polyurethane	
9	Bumper B	Polyurethane	
10	Bumper C	Polyurethane	
11	Nut	Aluminum alloy	
12	Ball bushing		
13	O-ring	NBR	
14	Snap ring	Carbon tool steel	Nickel plated
15	Rod end nut	Steel	Nickel plated
16	Mounting nut	Steel	

SMC

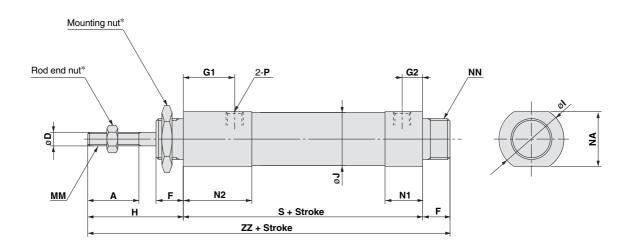
Series MQM

Dimensions

Basic type: MQMLB



ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25



																		(mm)
Bore size		_	_		00	l			2424	NI4	NO		A.N.		Р			
(mm)	Α	ט	F	G1	G2	Н	ı	J	ММ	N1	N2	NA	NN	_	TN	TF	S	ZZ
10	15	4	8	15	6	28	18.5	16	M4 x 0.7	11	20	16	M12 x 1	M5 x 0.8	_	_	65	101
16	15	5	10	15	6	30	22	22	M5 x 0.8	12	21	19.5	M14 x 1	M5 x 0.8	-	_	74	114
20	18	8	13	25	8.5	40.5	31.5	28.5	M8 x 1.25	20.5	33	29	M20 x 1.5	Rc1/8	NPT1/8	G1/8	97.5	151
25	18	10	13	30	8.5	44.5	34.5	32	M10 x 1.25	20.5	38	32	M26 x 1.5	Rc1/8	NPT1/8	G1/8	102.5	160

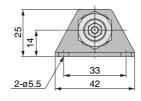
^{*} Refer to page 17 for details regarding the rod end nut and the mounting nut.

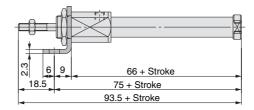
Dimensions

Refer to the basic type on page 13 for other dimensions.

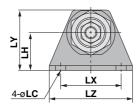
Foot type: MQMLL

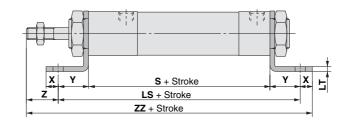
ø6





ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25

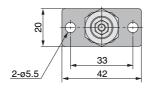


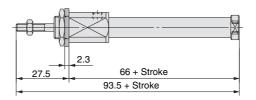


												(mm)
Bore size (mm)	LC	LH	LS	LT	LX	LY	LZ	s	х	Y	z	ZZ
10	5.5	14	83	2.3	33	25	42	65	6	9	19	108
16	5.5	18	92	2.3	42	30	54	74	6	9	21	119
20	6.8	25	137.5	3.2	40	40	55	97.5	8	20	20.5	166
25	6.8	28	142.5	3.2	40	47	55	102.5	8	20	24.5	175

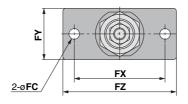
Front flange type: MQMLF

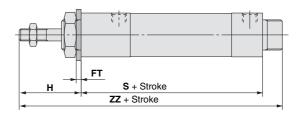
ø6





ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25





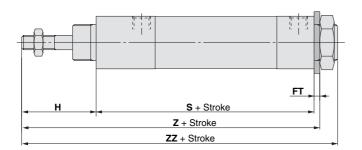
								(mm)
Bore size (mm)	FC	FT	FX	FY	FZ	н	s	ZZ
10	5.5	2.3	33	20	42	28	65	101
16	5.5	2.3	42	24	54	30	74	114
20	7	4	60	34	75	40.5	97.5	151
25	7	4	60	40	75	44.5	102.5	160

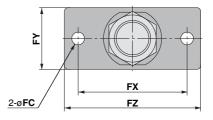
Dimensions

Refer to the basic type on page 13 for other dimensions.

Rear flange type: MQMLG (Except for ø6)

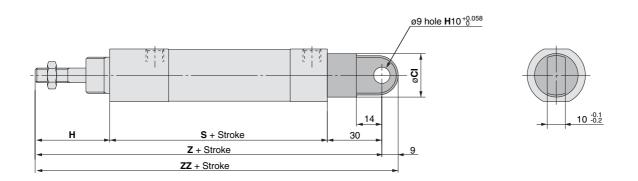
ø10, ø16, ø20, ø25





									(mm)
Bore size (mm)	FC	FT	FX	FY	FZ	н	s	z	ZZ
10	5.5	2.3	33	20	42	28	65	95.3	101
16	5.5	2.3	42	24	54	30	74	106.3	114
20	7	4	60	34	75	40.5	97.5	142	151
25	7	4	60	40	75	44.5	102.5	151	160

Single clevis type: MQMLC (ø20 and ø25 only) ø20, ø25 (Non-integrated type)

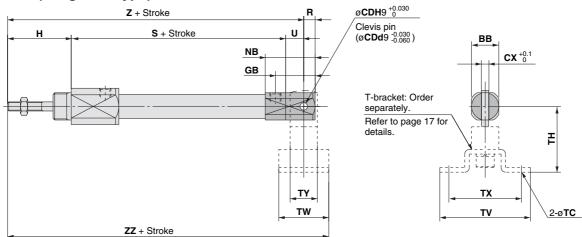


					(mm)
Bore size (mm)	CI	н	s	z	zz
20	24	40.5	97.5	168	177
25	30	44.5	102.5	177	186

Dimensions

Refer to the basic type on page 13 for other dimensions.

Double clevis type: MQMLD ø6, ø10, ø16 (Integrated type)



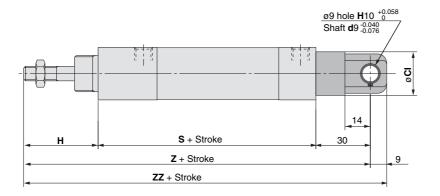
											(mm)
Bore size (mm)	вв	CD	сх	GВ	н	NB	R	s	U	z	zz
6	12	3.3	3.3	17.5	27.5	22	5	70.5	8	106	117
10	12	3.3	3.3	19	28	24	5	65	8	101	112
16	18	5	6.6	24	30	30	8	74	10	114	128

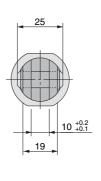
T-bracket Related Dimensions Note)

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	тс	тн	TV	TW	тх	TY
CJ-T010B	6, 10	4.5	29	40	22	32	12
CJ-T016B	16	5.5	35	48	28	38	16

Note) Refer to page 17 for details.

ø20, ø25 (Non-integrated type)



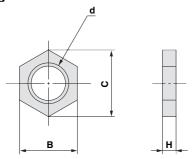


					(mm)
Bore size (mm)	CI	н	s	z	ZZ
20	24	40.5	97.5	168	177
25	30	44.5	102.5	177	186

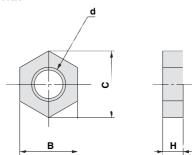
Series MQM

Accessory Dimensions

Mounting nut



Rod end nut



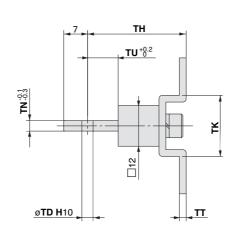
			Material: Carb	on ste
е	R	_	А	н

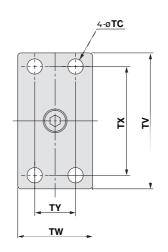
Part no.	Part no. Applicable bore size (mm)		С	d	Н
SNKJ-016B	6, 10	17	19.6	M12 x 1	4
SNLJ-016B	16	19	21.9	M14 x 1	5
SN-020B	20	20 26 30 M2		M20 x 1.5	8
SN-032B	25	32	37	M26 x 1.5	8

Material: Carbon steel

Part no.	Part no. Applicable bore size (mm)		С	D	Н
NTJ-010A	6, 10	7	8.1	M4 x 0.7	3.2
NTJ-015A	16	8	9.2	M5 x 0.8	4
NT-02	NT-02 20		15	M8 x 1.25	5
NT-03	25	17	19.6	M10 x 1.25	6

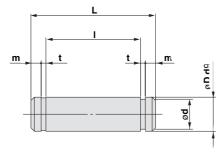
T-bracket





Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	тс	TD	TH	TK	TN	TT	TU	TV	TW	тх	TY
CJ-T010B	6, 10	4.5	3.3	29	18	3.1	2	9	40	22	32	12
CJ-T016B	16	5.5	5	35	20	6.4	2.3	14	48	28	38	16

Clevis pin



Material: Stainless steel

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	d	D	ı	L	m	t
CD-J010	6, 10	3	3.3	12.2	15.2	1.2	0.3
CD-Z015	16	4.8	5	18.3	22.7	1.5	0.7
CDP-1	20,25	8.6	9	19.2	25	1.75	1.15





Series MQQ/MQM Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 through to 3 for Safety Instructions and Actuators Precautions.

Operation

⚠ Caution

- When mounting, thoroughly flush out the connector piping and be sure that dirt and chips, etc., do not get inside the cylinder.
- Install an air filter with a filtration degree of 5 m or less on the air supply. Furthermore, when controlling for low speed or controlled output, use clean air (atmospheric pressure dew point temperature of -10C). Installation of a mist separator (filtration degree 0.3 m or less) is also recommended.
- Use a metal seal type when using solenoid valves for cylinder actuation. If a rubber seal type is used, there may be an increase in operating resistance due to grease sprayed from the main valve.
- 4. Operate so that the load applied to the piston rod is normally in the axial direction.

In the event that a lateral load is unavoidable, do not exceed the range of the allowable lateral load at the rod end (refer to pages 19 and 20). (Use outside of the operating limits may cause an adverse effect on the life of the unit through problems such as looseness in the guide unit and a loss of precision.)

- 5. Take care not to scratch or gouge the sliding portion of the rod. This may cause malfunction or shorten the unit's life.
- When attaching a work piece to the end of the rod, move the rod to the fully retracted position and use the wrench flats at the end of the rod. Fasten the work piece without applying a large amount of torque to the rod.
- Be certain to connect a load so that the rod axis is aligned with the load and its direction of movement.

Especially when a cylinder rod is connected directly to a guide function (such as bearings, etc.) on the equipment side, the following is likely to occur. Either an offset load will occur and the sliding resistance will not be stable or galling will occur on the metal seal parts. Therefore, be sure to use a floating joint or a spherical joint.

- When a piston rod is driven with a circuit from an external force such as force, control, tension control, etc., a stick-slip phenomenon will likely occur and sliding resistance will not be stable if the amount of displacement is 0.05 or less.
- When it is used in locations where a constant vibration is applied, such as a polishing machine, etc., consult with us.

Disassembly

⚠Caution

 The component parts of the metal seal cylinder are manufactured to precision tolerances, and therefore cannot be disassembled.

Lubrication

1. Lubrication of non-lube type cylinder

Do not apply lubrication when controlling for low speed or controlled output. If lubrication is applied, there may be changes in operating resistance due to factors such as the viscosity and surface tension of the oil. Also, use a metal seal type when using solenoid valves for cylinder actuation. If a rubber seal type is used, there may be an increase in operating resistance due to grease sprayed from the main valve.

Lubrication is also unnecessary for high speed actuation, but in the event that lubrication is applied, use turbine oil class 1 (with no additives) ISO VG32. (Do not use spindle oil or machine oil.)





Series MQQ/MQM **Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 through to 3 for Safety Instructions and Actuators Precautions.

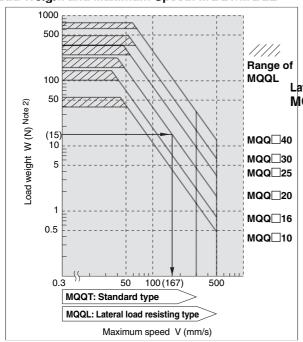
Selection

Series MQQ

∕!∕Caution

Operating Speed

Load Weight and Maximum Speed: MQQT/MQQL



Example) Driving a load of 15(N) using the MQQ□20 with a maximum speed of 167 (mm/sec)

Lateral load resisting type. MQQ□

Bore size (mm)	kinetic energy (J)
10	0.006
16	0.010
20	0.022
25	0.044
30	0.080
40	0.160

the rod end, adjust the speed so that the maximum speed is no more than that shown in the graph for the corresponding load weight

e 2) The weight of cylinder's moving parts is included in the load weight (Ser the graph on the right.)

Moving Parts Weight

MQQ□□ Moving Parts Weight

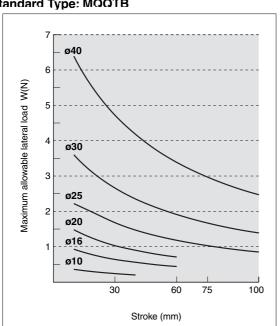
Bore size (mm)	MQQT□: Moving parts weight (g)	MQQL : Moving parts weight (g)
10	Weight = 8.9 + {3.1 x (stroke/10)}	Weight = 16.7 - {3.1 x (stroke/10)}
16	Weight = 22.9 + {4.0 x (stroke/10)}	Weight = 34.9 + {4.0 x (stroke/10)}
20	Weight = 34.8 + {6.6 x (stroke/10)}	Weight = 57.9 + {6.6 x (stroke/10)}
25	Weight = 66.9 + {8.8 x (stroke/10)}	Weight = 97.7 + {8.8 x (stroke/10)}
30	Weight = 115.0 + {15.8 x (stroke/10)}	Weignt = 190.2 + {15.8 x (stroke/10)}
40	Weight = 182.2 + {15.8 x (stroke/10)}	Weight = 257.4 + {15.8 x (stroke/10)}

Note) For the front flange type, add 10 mm to the stroke length of the MQQ F

Allowable Lateral Load at Rod End

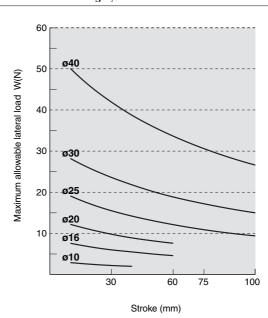
Mounting orientation 'Horizonta' supply pressure 0.5 MPa

Standard Type: MQQTB



Lateral Load Resisting Type MOOLB/Buill-in Ball Bushing

W



Note 1) The indicated allowable lateral load at the rod end is for the rod end female thread.

Note 2) The allowable lateral load varies depending on the size of a load (the distance to the load's center of gravity). Please contact SMC for further details



Series MQQ/MQM Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 through to 3 for Safety Instructions and Actuators Precautions.

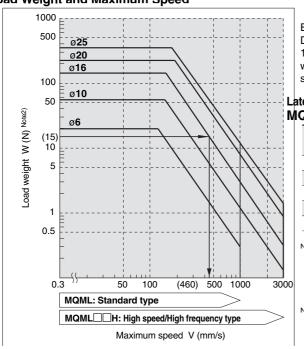
Selection

Series MQM

©aution

Operating Speed

Load Weight and Maximum Speed



Example)
Driving a loac of
15(N) using the MQM16
with a maximum
speed of 460 (mm/sec

Lateral load resisting type: MQML/MQML□□H

Bore size (mm)	kinetic energy (J)
6	0.015
10	0.059
16	0.161
20	0.386
25	0.597

Note 1) When a load is attacher to the roc end adjus the sneed so that the maximum sneed is no more than that shown in the graph for the corresponding load weight

Note 2) The weight of cylinder's moving parts is included in the load veright (See the graph or the right.)

Moving Parts Weight

MQM Moving Parts Weight

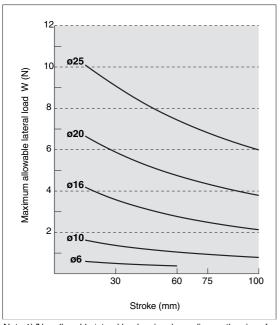
Bore size (mm)	Moving parts weight (g)
6	Weight = 8.2 + { ' .6 x (stroke/15)}
10	Weight = 12.0 + {1.6 x (stroke/15)}
16	Weignt = 28.6 + {2.2 x (stroke/15)}
20	Weight = 72.0 + {6.4 x (stroke/15)}
25	Weight = 17.6 + {9.2 x (stroke/ 5)}

'Mounting orientation 'Horizontal' \
supply pressure 0.5 MPa

IN - n ina kgr

Allowable Lateral Load at Rod End

Allowable Lateral Load at Rod End



Note 1) The allowable lateral load varies depending on the size of a load (the distance to the load's center of gravity).

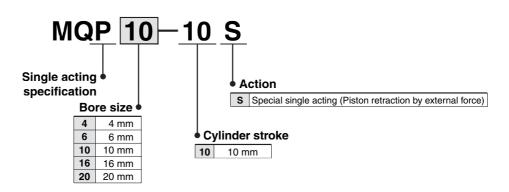
Please contact SMC for further details



Metal Seal

Low Friction Cylinder (Single Acting) Series NQP ø4, ø6, ø10, ø16 ø20

How to Order



* The MQP series is not auto switch capable.

Specifications



Bore size (mm)		4	6	10	16	20		
Seal cons	truction	Metal seal						
Action		Special single acting (Piston retraction by external force)						
Proof pressure 1.05 MPa								
Maximum	operating pressure	ating pressure 0.7 MPa						
Minimum o	perating pressure Note 1)	0.001 MPa						
Ambient a	nd fluid temperature	−5 to +80C						
Lubricatio	n Note 2)	Not required (Non-lube)						
Stroke len	gth tolerance	+1.0 0						
Total	Supply pressure 0.1 MPa	100 cm ³ /min or less						
allowable	Supply pressure 0.3 MPa		500	cm ³ /min or l	less			
leakage	Supply pressure 0.5 MPa	1000 cm ³ /min or less						
Note 1) Evaluating the weight of maying parts								

Note 1) Excluding the weight of moving parts

Note 2) Refer to precautions on page 22 regarding lubrication.

Moving Parts and Total Weight

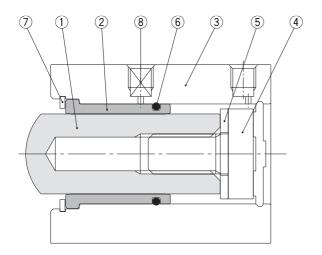
		l Init: g
Bore size (mm)	Moving parts weight	Total weight
4	4	43
6	8	55
10	24	96
16	62	161
20	103	239

Theoretical Output

								Unit: N		
Bore size	Piston area		Operating pressure (MPa)							
(mm)	(mm²)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7		
4	12.6	1.3	2.6	3.9	5.2	6.5	7.8	9.1		
6	28.3	2.8	5.6	8.4	11.2	14.0	16.8	19.6		
10	78.5	7.9	15.7	23.6	31.4	39.3	47.1	55.0		
16	196.1	19.6	39.2	58.9	78.4	98.1	117.7	137.3		
20	314.2	31.4	62.8	94.3	125.7	157.1	188.5	219.9		



Construction

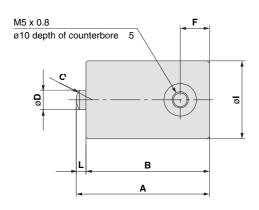


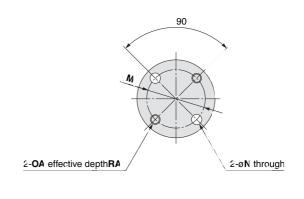
Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note			
1	Piston rod	Special stainless steel				
2	Liner	Special stainless steel				
3	Cylinder tube	Aluminum alloy	Harc anodized			
4	Bolt	Carbon tool steel				
5	Bumper	Fluororesin				
6	O-ring	NBR				
7	Retaining ring	Carbon tool steel	Nicke plated			
3	Plug	Carbon tool steel	Nicke plated			

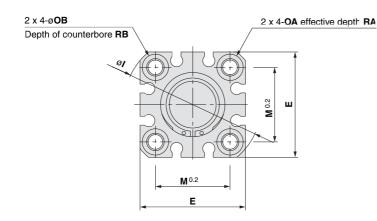
Dimensions

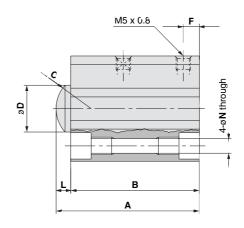






ø10, ø16, ø20





														(mm)
Bore size (mm)	A	В	С	Note)	E	F	ı	L	М	N	OA	ОВ	RA	RB
4	41	38	SR3	4	_	9	22	3	16	3.2	M3 x 0.5	_	6	
6	41	38	SR5	6	_	9	24	3	18	3.2	M3 x 0.5	_	6	_
10	46.5	41.5	SR8	10	29	5.5	38	5	20	3.5	M4 x 0.7	6.5	7	4
16	49	44	SR12	16	36	5.5	47	5	25.5	5.4	M6 x 1.0	9	10	7
20	52.5	47.5	SR15	20(19)	40	5.5	52	5	28	5.4	M6 x 1.0	9	10	7

Note) Figures in () are the diameter in the rod end part





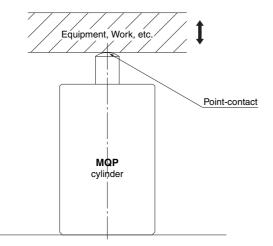
Series MQP Specific Product Precautions

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 through to 3 for Safety Instructions and Actuators Precautions.

Operation

⚠ Caution

- When mounting, thoroughly flush out the connector piping and be sure that dirt and chips, etc., do not get inside the cylinder.
 - 2. Install an air filter with a nominal filtration degree of 5 m or less on the air supply. Furthermore, when controlling for low speed or controlled output, use clean air (atmospheric pressure dew point temperature of -10C or less). Installation of a mist separator (nominal filtration degree 0.3 m or less) is also recommended.
- Use a metal seal type when using solenoid valves for cylinder actuation. If a rubber seal type is used, there may be an increase in operating resistance due to grease sprayed from the main valve.
- 4. This cylinder cannot be used at the end of its stroke. Use it with an intermediate stroke of 10 mm.
- The rod end should not come in direct contact with an equipment or workpiece. Also, make sure that the opposite side of the rod end is flat to make point-contact with the spherical surface of the rod end.



The material of the cylinder rod is heat-treated stainless steel (HRC60). The roughness of the spherical contact of the attaching part (Equipment, Work, etc) should be Rz6.3 and the material should be HB100 or greater (Aluminum material: 2000 line or 7000 line or equivalent) When higher precision or longer service life is required, we recommend using a heat-treated material + flat polished machined material (Rz0.8)

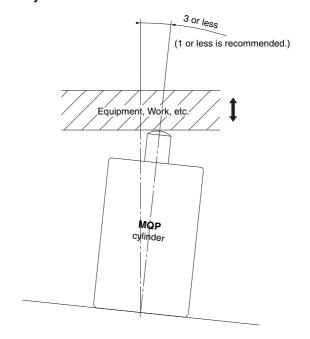
Also, although applying grease on the spherical contact parts will make the operation more smooth and reduce the abrasion, use caution to prevent any grease from being applied to the cylinder's sliding surface.

Operation

6. When connecting, be sure to align the rod axis with the load and the direction of movement.

The allowable angle of the cylinder's mounting surface in an equipment should be 3 or less.

(1 or less is recommended.) When not properly aligned, a lateral load will likely be applied to the rod and the spherical surface will likely skid. This will result in a reduction or dispersion of thrust and likely a malfunction.



Disassembly

 The component parts of the metal seal cylinder are manufactured to precision tolerances, and therefore cannot be disassembled.

Lubrication

△Caution

1. Lubrication of non-lube type cylinder

Do not apply lubrication when controlling for low speed or controlled output. If lubrication is applied, there may be changes in operating resistance due to factors such as the viscosity and surface tension of the oil. Also, use a metal seal type when using solenoid valves for cylinder actuation. If a rubber seal type is used, there may be an increase in operating resistance due to grease sprayed from the main valve.

Lubrication is also unnecessary for high speed actuation, but in the event that lubrication is applied, use turbine oil class 1 (with no additives) ISO VG32. (Do not use spindle oil or machine oil.)





Series MQQ/MQM/MQP Safety Instructions

The following safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. The instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by labels of "Caution", "Warning" or "Danger". To ensure safety, please observe all safety practices, including ISO 4414 Note 1) and JIS B 8370 Note 2).

↑ Caution: Operator error could result in injury or equipment damage.

Warning: Operator error could result in serious injury or loss of life.

⚠ Danger: In extreme conditions, there is a possible result of serious injury or loss of life.

Note 1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems

Note 2) JIS B 8370: General Rules for Pneumatic Equipment

Marning

1. The compatibility of pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.

Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility with a specific pneumatic system must be based on specifications, post analysis and/or tests to meet a specific requirement. The expected performance and safety assurance is the responsibility of the person who determines the compatibility of the system. This person should continuously review the suitability of all specified items by referring to the latest information in the catalog and by taking into consideration the possibility of equipment failure when configuring the system.

- 2. Only trained personnel should operate pneumatic machinery and equipment.

 Compressed air can be dangerous if an operator is unfamiliar with it. Assembly, handling or repair of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators.
- 3. Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until the safety of the worker is confirmed.
 - 1. Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed once measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - 2. When equipment is to be removed, confirm that all safety precautions have been followed. Turn off the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system.
 - Before restarting any machinery/equipment excercise caution to prevent quick extension of a cylinder piston rod, etc.
- 4. Contact SMC if the product will be used in any of the following conditions:
 - 1. Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
 - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, or safety equipment.
 - An application which has the possibility of having a negative affect on people, property, requiring special safety analysis.



Caution on Design

Marning

 There is a possibility of dangerous sudden action by air cylinders if sliding parts of machinery are twisted due to external forces, etc.

In such cases, human injury may occur; e.g., by catching hands or feet in the machinery, or damage to the machinery itself may occur. Therefore, the machine should be adjusted to operate smoothly and designed to avoid such dangers.

A protective cover is recommended to minimize the risk of personal injury.

If a stationary object and moving parts of a cylinder are in close proximity, personal injury may occur. Design the structure to avoid contact with the human body.

3. Securely tighten all stationary parts and connected parts so that they will not become loose.

Especially when a cylinder operates with high frequency or is installed where there is a lot of vibration, ensure that all parts remain secure.

4. A deceleration circuit or shock absorber may be required.

When a driven object is operated at high speed or the load is heavy, a cylinder's cushion will not be sufficient to absorb the impact. Install a deceleration circuit to reduce the speed before cushioning, or install an external shock absorber to relieve the impact. In this case, the rigidity of the machinery should also be examined.

5. Consider a possible drop in circuit pressure due to a power outage, etc.

When a cylinder is used in a clamping mechanism, there is a danger of workpieces dropping if there is a decrease in clamping force due to a drop in circuit pressure caused by a power outage, etc. Therefore, safety equipment should be installed to prevent damage to machinery and human injury. Suspension mechanisms and lifting devices also require consideration for drop prevention.

6. Consider a possible loss of power source.

Measures should be taken to protect against bodily injury and equipment damage in the event that there is a loss of power to equipment controlled by pneumatics, electricity, or hydraulics.

7. Design circuitry to prevent sudden lurching of driven objects.

When a cylinder is driven by an exhaust center type directional control valve or when starting up after residual pressure is exhausted from the circuit, etc., the piston and its driven object will lurch at high speed if pressure is applied to one side of the cylinder because of the absence of air pressure inside the cylinder. Therefore, equipment should be selected and circuits designed to prevent sudden lurching, because there is a danger of human injury and/or damage to equipment when this occurs.

8. Consider emergency stops.

Design so that human injury and/or damage to machinery and euqipment will not be caused when machinery is stopped by a safety device under abnormal conditions, a power outage or a manual emergency stop.

9. Consider the action when operation is restarted after an emergency stop or abnormal stop.

Design the machinery so that human injury or equipment damage will not occur upon restart of operation.

When the cylinder has to be reset at the starting position, install manual safely equipment.

Selection

Marning

1. Confirm the specifications.

The products featured in this catalog are designed for use in industrial compressed air systems. If the products are used in conditions where pressure and/or temperature are outside the range of specifications, damage and/or malfunctions may occur. Do not use in these conditions. (Refer to the specifications.)

Please consult with SMC if you use a fluid other than compressed air.

2. Intermediate stops

When intermediate stopping of the cylinder piston is performed by a 3 position closed center type directional control valve, it is not possible to maintain the stop position for an extended time due to the construction of the metal seal cylinder.

. Caution

- 1. Operate the piston within a range such that collision damage will not occur at the stroke end.
- When controlling cylinder output, do not create a restricting circuit by using a speed controller, etc. Pressure inside the cylinder will drop and control will become impossible. Be sure to control actuation through pressure control.

Mounting

⚠ Caution

1. Be certain to match the rod shaft center with the direction of the load and movement when connecting.

When not properly matched, problems may arise with the rod and tube, and damage may be caused due to friction on areas such as the inner tube surface, bushings, rod surface and seals

- When an external guide is used, connect the rod end and the load in such a way that there is no interference at any point within the stroke.
- 3. Do not scratch or gouge the sliding parts of the cylinder tube or tube rod, etc., by striking or grasping them with other objects.

Cylinder bores are manufactured to precise tolerances, so that even a slight deformation may cause malfunction. Also, scratches or gouges, etc., in the tube rod may lead to damaged seals and cause air leakage.

4. Prevent the seizure of rotating parts.

Prevent the seizure of rotating parts (pins, etc.) by applying grease.





Actuators Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling.

Mounting

Caution

5. Do not use until you verify that the equipment can operate properly.

After mounting, repairs, or modification, etc., connect the air supply and electric power, and then confirm proper mounting by means of appropriate function and leak tests.

6. Instruction manual

Install the products and operate them only after reading the instruction manual carefully and understanding its contents. Also keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

Piping

⚠ Caution

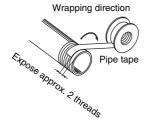
1. Preparation before pipig

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

2. Wrapping of pipe tape

When screwing in pipes and fittings, etc., be certain that chips from the pipe threads and sealing material will not ingress inside the piping.

Also, when pipe tape is used, leave 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.



Lubrication

△Caution

Lubrication of non-lube type cylinder

Do not apply lubrication when controlling for low speed or controlled output. If lubrication is applied, there may be changes in operating resistance due to factors such as the viscosity and surface tension of the oil. Also, use a metal seal type when using solenoid valves for cylinder actuation. If a rubber seal type is used, there may be an increase in operating resistance due to grease sprayed from the main valve.

Lubrication is also unnecessary for high speed actuation, but in the event that lubrication is applied, use turbine oil class 1 (with no additives) ISO VG32. (Do not use spindle oil or machine oil.)

Air Supply

Marning

1. Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air which contains chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salts or corrosive gases, etc., as this can cause damage or malfunction.

Air Supply

⚠ Caution

1. Install air filters.

Install air filters near valves on their upstream side. The nominal filtration degree should be 5 m or less. Furthermore, when controlling for low speed or controlled output, use clean air (atmospheric pressure dew point temperature of -10C or less). Installation of mist separator AM series (nominal filtration degree 0.3 m or less) or AM + AMD series (nominal filtration degree 0.01 m or less) is also recommended.

2. Install an aftercooler, air dryer, or water separator.

Air that includes excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an air dryer, aftercooler or water separator, etc.

3. Use the product within the specified range of fluid and ambient temperature.

Take measures to prevent freezing when below 5C, since moisture in circuits can freeze and cause damage to seals and lead to malfunctions.

For compressed air quality, refer to "Best Pneumatics 2004 Vol.14" catalog.

Operating Environment

Marning

- Do not use in atmospheres or locations where corrosion hazards exist.
- 2.In dusty locations or where water or oil, etc., splash on the equipment, take suitable measures to protect the rod.

Maintenance

1. Perform maintenance procedures as shown in the instruction manual.

If it is handled improperly, malfunction or damage of machinery or equipment may occur.

Removal of equipment, and supply/exhaust of compressed air

Before any machinery or equipment is removed, first ensure that the appropriate measures are in place to prevent the fall or erratic movement of driven objects and equipment, then cut off the electric power and reduce the pressure in the system to zero. Only then should you proceed with the removal of any machinery and equipment.

When machinery is restarted, proceed with caution after confirming that appropriate measures are in place to prevent cylinders from sudden movement.

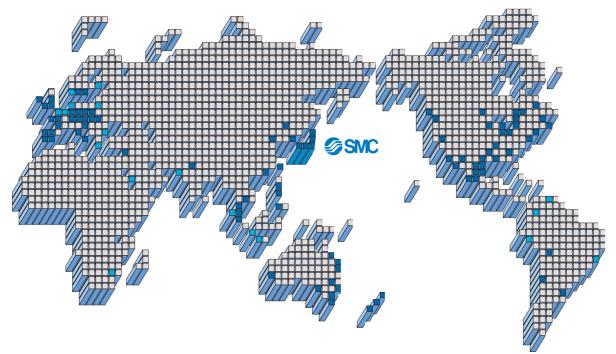
1. Drain flushing

Remove drainage from air filters regularly. (Refer to the specifications.)





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