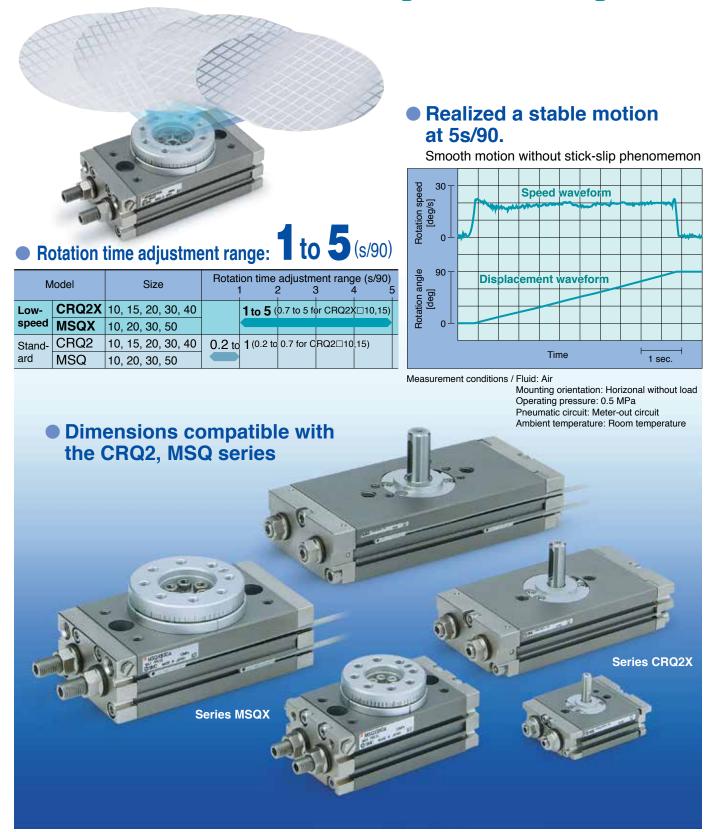
Low-Speed Rotary Actuator

Possible to transfer a workpiece at low-speed.

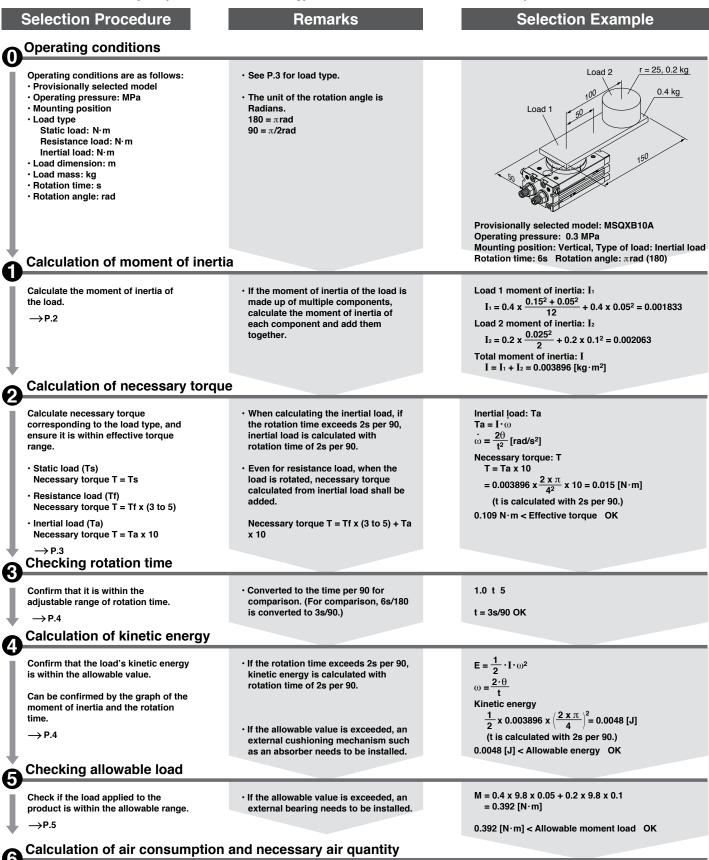


Series CRQ2X/MSQX



Series CRQ2X/MSQX Model Selection

* The selection procedure of the rotary for low-speed is the same as for an ordinary rotary. If the rotation time exceeds 2s per 90, however, the necessary torque and the kinetic energy are calculated with rotation time of 2s per 90.



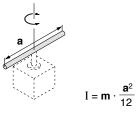
Calculate air consumption and necessary air quantity as required. fi P.6

1

Equation Table of Moment of Inertia (Calculation of moment of inertia I)

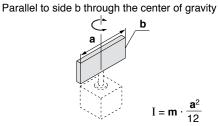
1. Thin shaft

Position of rotational axis: Perpendicular to the shaft through the center of gravity



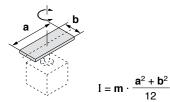
2. Thin rectangular plate

Position of rotational axis:



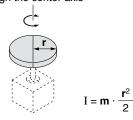
3. Thin rectangular plate (Including rectangular parallelepiped) Position of rotational axis:

Perpendicular to the plate through the center of gravity



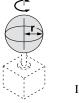
4. Round plate (Including column)

Position of rotational axis: Passing through the center axis



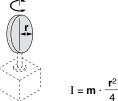
5. Solid sphere

Position of rotational axis: Passing through the diameter

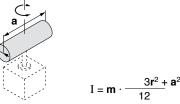




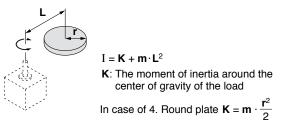
6. Thin round plate Position of rotational axis: Passing through the diameter



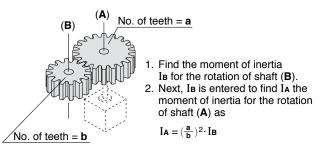
7. Cylindrical Position of rotational axis: Passing through the diameter and the center of gravity



8. When rotational axis and the center of the load are not concentric.



9. Gear transmission



Load Type

Calculation method of necessary torque depends on the load type. Refer the below table.

	Load type	
Static load: Ts	Resistance load: Tf	Inertial load: Ta
Only pressing force is necessary. (e.g. for clamping)	Weight or friction force is applied to rotating direction.	Rotate the load with inertia.
F	Gravity is applied. Gravity is applied. Friction force is applied.	Center of rotation and center of gravity of the load are concentric.
<pre>Ts = F ⋅ ℓ Ts: Static load (N ⋅ m) F : Clamping force (N) ℓ : Distance from the rotation center to the clamping position (m)</pre>	Gravity is applied in rotating direction. Tf = m ⋅ g ⋅ ℓ Friction force is applied in rotating direction. Tf = ⋅m ⋅ g ⋅ ℓ Tf : Resistance load (N ⋅ m) m : Load mass (kg) g : Gravitational acceleration 9.8 (m/s²) ℓ : Distance from the rotation center to the point of application of the weight or friction force (m) : Friction coefficient	$\label{eq:tau} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Ta} = I \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega} = I \cdot \frac{2\theta}{t^2} \\ \textbf{Ta}: \text{Inertial load } (N \cdot m) \\ I & : \text{Moment of inertia} \; (\text{kg} \cdot m^2) \\ \boldsymbol{\omega} & : \text{Angular acceleration } (\text{rad}/\text{s}^2) \\ \theta & : \text{Rotation angle } (\text{rad}) \\ \textbf{t} & : \text{Rotation time } (\textbf{s}) \\ \end{array}$
Necessary torque: T = Ts	Necessary torque: T = Tf x (3 to 5) ^{Note)}	Necessary torque: T = Ta x 10 ^{Note)}
load are not concentric. Ex. 2) Load moves by sliding on the floor	the rotation center and the center of gravity of the s the necessary torque. $\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{Tf} \mathbf{x} (3 \text{ to } 5) + \mathbf{Ta} \mathbf{x} 10$ ce is applied in rotating direction. rotation center and the center of gravity of the	Note) To adjust the speed, margin is necessary for Tf and Ta.

Effective Torque

1N·m = 0.	737 lb	f∙ft									Un	it: N∙m	CRQ2X		MSQX
Model	Size		-	-	Op	perating	g pressi	ure (MF	Pa)	-		-	Ē 7[10]		Ē 7 [10]
NOUEI	Size	0.1	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	z	40	z. 50
	10	-	0.09	0.12	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.36	0.42	_	_	_	[8] 6 [8] 1 [1] 6		
	15	_	0.22	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.90	1.04	_	-	—	4 [6]		4 [6]
CRQ2X	20	0.37	0.55	0.73	1.10	1.47	1.84	2.20	2.57	2.93	3.29	3.66	anbug 3[4]	30	anbuq 3[4] 30
	30	0.62	0.94	1.25	1.87	2.49	3.11	3.74	4.37	4.99	5.60	6.24		20	
	40	1.06	1.59	2.11	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.43	8.48	9.54	10.6	1.5 [2]	15	20 1.5 [2] 0 [0]
	10	0.18	—	0.36	0.53	0.71	0.89	1.07	1.25	1.42	1.60	1.78		10	
MSQX	20	0.37	_	0.73	1.10	1.47	1.84	2.20	2.57	2.93	3.29	3.66	0 29 5		0 29 58 87 116 145
WISQA	30	0.55	_	1.09	1.64	2.18	2.73	3.19	3.82	4.37	4.91	5.45	[0] [0.2] [0.	4] [0.6] [0.8] [1.0]	[0] [0.2] [0.4] [0.6] [0.8] [1.0]
	50	0.93	_	1.85	2.78	3.71	4.64	5.57	6.50	7.43	8.35	9.28	Operating pre	essure psi [MPa]	Operating pressure psi [MPa]

Note 1) Values of operating torque in the above table are representative values, and not guaranteed. Make use of the values as a reference when ordering.

Note 2) Except for cases when an external stopper is used, the holding torque at the operation

end is half of the table value.

Kinetic Energy/Rotating Time

In a rotational movement, the kinetic energy of a load may damage the internal parts, even if the required torque for a load is small. Consider the moment of inertia and rotation time before selecting a model. (For model selection, refer to the moment of inertia and rotation time graph as shown on the below table.)

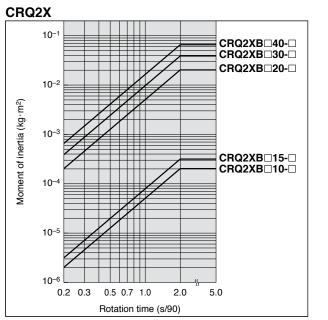
Allowable kinetic energy and rotation time adjustment range

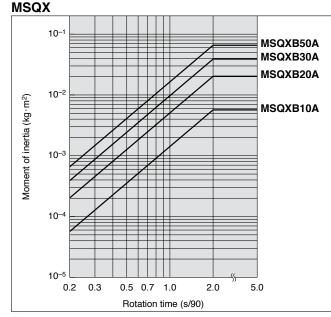
Set the rotation time, within stable operational guidelines, using the adjustment range specification table as detailed below. When operating at low-speeds which exceed the rotation time adjustment range, use caution as it may result in sticking or malfunction.

Model	Size	Allowable kinetic energy (J)	Stable operational rotation time adjustment range (s/90)		
	10	0.00025	0.7 to 5		
	15	0.00039	0.7 to 5		
CRQ2X	20	0.025			
	30	0.048			
	40	0.081			
	10	0.007	1 to 5		
MSQX	20	0.025			
INISQX	30	0.048			
	50	0.081			

Model Selection Select a model based on the moment of inertia and rotation time as shown graph below.

SMC



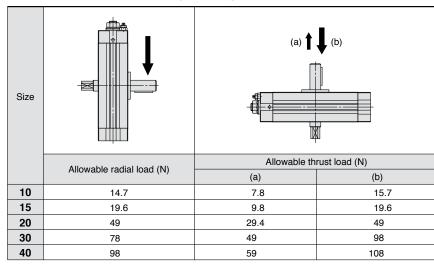


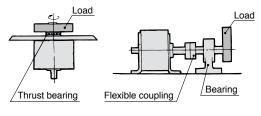
* If the rotation time exceeds 2s per 90, kinetic energy is calculated with rotation time of 2s per 90.

Allowable Load

CRQ2X

A load up to the allowable radial/thrust load can be applied provided that a dynamic load is not generated. However, applications which apply a load directly to the shaft should be avoided whenever possible. In order to further improve the operating conditions, a method such as that shown in the drawing on the right side is recommended so that a direct load is not applied to the shaft.





MSQX

Do not allow the load and moment applied to the table to exceed the allowable values shown in the below table. (Operation beyond the allowable values can cause adverse effects on service life, such as play in the table and loss of accuracy.)

Size		(a) †		
	Allowable radial load	Allowable th	rust load (N)	Allowable moment
	(N)	(a)	(b)	(N · m)
10	78	74	78	2.4
20	147	137	137	4.0
30	196	197	5.3	
50	314	296	451	9.7

Rotary Actuator Technical Data Air Consumption

[ℓ (ANR)]

[ℓ (ANR)]

[cm³]

[MPa]

[mm]

[mm²]

[ℓ (ANR)]

Air consumption is the volume of air which is expended by the rotary actuator's reciprocal operation inside the actuator and in the piping between the actuator and the switching valve, etc. This is necessary for selection of a compressor and for calculation of its running cost.

* The air consumption (QCR) required for one reciprocation of the rotary actuator alone is shown in the below table, and can be used to simplify the calculation.

Formulas

$$Q_{CR} = 2V \times \left(\frac{P+0.1}{0.1}\right) \times 10^{-3}$$
$$Q_{CP} = 2 \times a \times \ell \times \left(\frac{P}{0.1}\right) \times 10^{-6}$$
$$Q_{C} = Q_{CR} + Q_{CP}$$

QCR = Air consumption of rotary actuator

QCP = Air consumption of tubing or piping

V = Internal volume of rotary actuator

a = Internal cross section of piping

Qc = Air consumption required for one reciprocation

P = Operating pressure

of rotary actuator

 ℓ = Length of piping

When selecting a compressor, it is necessary to choose one which has sufficient reserve for the total air consumption of pneumatic actuators downstream. This is affected by factors such as leakage in piping, consumption by drain valves and pilot valves, etc., and reduction of air volume due to drops in temperature.

Formulas

Qc₂ = Qc x n x Number of actuators x Reserve factor

[*l*/min (ANR)]

Qc2 = Compressor discharge flow rate n = Actuator reciprocations per minute Reserve factor: 1.5 or greater

Internal Cross Section of Tubing and Steel Piping

		<u> </u>		
O.D. (mm)	I.D. (mm)	Internal cross section a (mm ²)		
4	2.5	4.9		
6	4	12.6		
8	5	19.6		
8	6	28.3		
_	6.5	33.2		
10	7.5	44.2		
12	8	50.3		
12	9	63.6		
_	9.2	66.5		
16	12	113		
_	12.7	127		
16	13	133		
_	16.1	204		
_	21.6	366		
—	27.6	598		
	4 6 8 8 10 12 12 12 16 	O.D. (mm) I.D. (mm) 4 2.5 6 4 8 5 8 6 6.5 10 7.5 12 8 12 9 9.2 16 12 12.7 16 13 16.1 21.6		

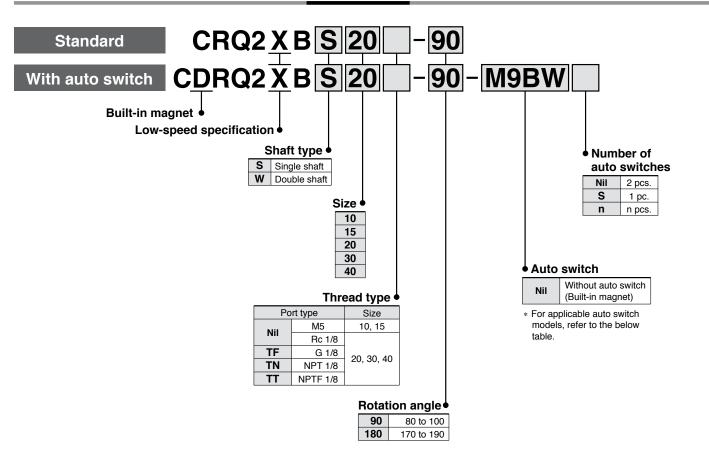
Air Consumption

Air Consu	mptior	า										Air cons	sumption: C	CR (ANR)			
Model	Size	Rotation angle	Internal volume					Operating	pressure	psi [MPa]							
		()	Ő	Ő	Ő	V (cm ³)	15 [0.1]	22 [0.15]	29 [0.2]	44 [0.3]	58 [0.4]	73 [0.5]	87 [0.6]	102 [0.7]	116 [0.8]	131 [0.9]	145 [1.0]
	10	90	1.2	_	0.006	0.007	0.009	0.012	0.014	0.016	0.018	-	-	_			
	10	180	2.2	—	0.011	0.013	0.018	0.022	0.026	0.031	0.035	_	—	—			
	15	90	2.9	_	0.015	0.017	0.023	0.029	0.035	0.041	0.046	—	—	-			
	15	180	5.5	—	0.028	0.033	0.044	0.055	0.066	0.077	0.088	_	—	-			
CRQ2X	20	90	7.1	0.028	0.036	0.043	0.057	0.071	0.085	0.099	0.114	0.128	0.142	0.156			
ChQZA	20	180	13.5	0.054	0.068	0.081	0.108	0.135	0.162	0.189	0.216	0.243	0.270	0.297			
	30	90	12.1	0.048	0.060	0.073	0.097	0.121	0.145	0.169	0.193	0.218	0.242	0.266			
		180	23.0	0.092	0.115	0.138	0.184	0.230	0.276	0.322	0.368	0.413	0.459	0.505			
	40	90	20.6	0.082	0.103	0.123	0.164	0.206	0.247	0.288	0.329	0.370	0.411	0.452			
	40	180	39.1	0.156	0.195	0.234	0.313	0.391	0.469	0.547	0.625	0.703	0.781	0.859			
	10		6.6	0.026	0.033	0.040	0.053	0.066	0.079	0.092	0.106	0.119	0.132	0.145			
MSQX	20	190	13.5	0.054	0.068	0.081	0.108	0.135	0.162	0.189	0.216	0.243	0.270	0.297			
WISQA	30	190	20.1	0.080	0.101	0.121	0.161	0.201	0.241	0.281	0.322	0.362	0.402	0.442			
	50		34.1	0.136	0.171	0.205	0.273	0.341	0.409	0.477	0.546	0.614	0.682	0.750			



Low-Speed Compact Rotary Actuator **Rack & Pinion Type** Series CRQ2X Size: 10, 15, 20, 30, 40

How to Order



Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to pages 24 through to 27 for further information on auto switches.

0	Oracial	Fleetsieel	r to	Minin a		Load v	oltage	Auto swite	oh modol	Lead	wire le	ngth (m)*		
Type	Special function	Electrical entry	Indicator light	Wiring (Output)		DC	AC	Perpendicular In-line		0.5 (Nil)	1 (M)	3 (L)	5 (Z)	Applic	able load
			-					· ·	-	. ,	(101)	(L)			1
				3-wire (NPN)		5 V,12 V		M9NV	M9N	•	-	•	0	IC	
	_			3-wire (PNP)		5 0,12 0		M9PV	M9P	•	-	•	0	circuit	
tch				2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B	•	-	•	0	—	
switch	Diagnostic			3-wire (NPN)		5 V,12 V		M9NWV	M9NW	•	•	•	0	IC	
state	indication	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (PNP)	24 V	5 0,12 0	-	M9PWV	M9PW	•		•	0	circuit	Relay, PLC
d st	(2-color)			2-wire		12 V		M9BWV	M9BW	•	•	•	0	_	
Solid	Water **			3-wire (NPN)		5 V,12 V		M9NAV	M9NA	0	0	•	0	IC	
	resistant			3-wire (PNP)	1	5 V, 12 V		M9PAV	M9PA	0	0	•	0	circuit	
	(2-color)			2-wire		12 V		M9BAV	M9BA	0	0	•	0	_	
ch			No	2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V or less	A90V	A90	•	-	•	-		Relay, PLC
Reed switch	—	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN equiv.)	_	5 V	-	A96V	A96	•	_	•	_	IC circuit	_
Re				2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V	A93V	A93	•	-	•	_	_	Relay, PLC

** Although it is possible to mount water resistant type auto switches, note that the rotary actuator itself is not of water resistant construction.

M9NW7

5 m 7 • Auto switches marked with "O" are manufactured upon a receipt of order.

• For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to "SMC Best Pneumatics 2004" Vol. 11 catalog.

· Auto switches are shipped together, (but not assembled).



* Lead wire length symbols:

Low-Speed Compact Rotary Actuator Rack & Pinion Type Series CRQ2X



Specifications

Size	10	15	20	30	40			
Fluid	Air (Non-lube)							
Max. operating pressure	102 psi [0.7 MPa] 145 psi [1 MPa]							
Min. operating pressure	22 psi [0).15 MPa]	14.5 psi [0.1 MPa]					
Ambient and fluid temperature	32 to 140°F [0 to 60°C] (No freezing)							
Cushion			Not attached					
Angle adjustment range		I	Rotation end	5				
Rotation angle		80 t	o 100, 170 to	190				
Port size	M5 :	M5 x 0.8 Rc 1/8, G 1/8, NPT 1/8, NPTF 1/8						
Output lbf·ft [N·m]*	0.22 [0.30]	0.55 [0.75]	1.3 [1.8]	2.3 [3.1]	3.9 [5.3]			

* Output under the operating pressure at 73 psi [0.5 MPa]. Refer to page 4 for further information.

Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

Size	Allowable kinetic energy (J)	Stable operational rotation time adjustment range (s/90)			
10	0.00025	0.7 to 5			
15	0.00039	0.7 to 5			
20	0.025				
30	0.048	1 to 5			
40	0.081	1			

Note) If operated where the kinetic energy exceeds the allowable value, this may cause damage to the internal parts and result in product failure. Please pay special attention to the kinetic energy levels when designing, adjusting and during operation to avoid exceeding the allowable limit.

Weight

		(g)					
Size	Standard weight*						
Size	90	180					
10	120	150					
15	220	270					
20	600	700					
30	900	1100					
40	1400	1600					

* Not including the weight of auto switch.

JIS Symbol



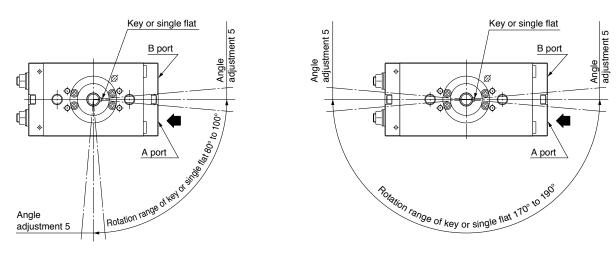
Series CRQ2X

Rotation Range

When pressurized from the port indicated by the arrow, the shaft will rotate in a clockwise direction.

Rotation angle: 90

Rotation angle: 180

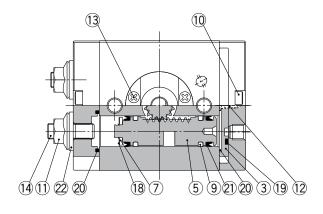


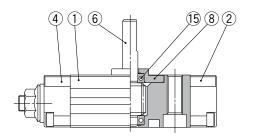
Low-Speed Compact Rotary Actuator Rack & Pinion Type Series CRQ2X

Standard

Construction

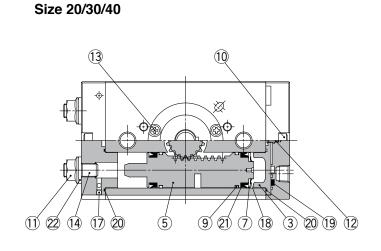
Standard Size 10/15

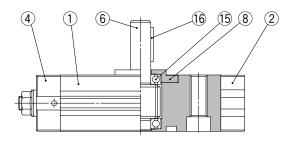




Component Parts

Descrip	Description					
Body	Aluminum alloy					
Cover		Aluminum alloy				
Plate	Plate					
End cover	End cover					
Piston	Stainless steel					
Size: 10, 15	01#	Stainless steel				
Size: 20, 30, 40	Snatt	Chrome molybdenum steel				
Seal retainer		Aluminum alloy				
Bearing retainer		Aluminum alloy				
Wear ring		Resin				
Hexagon socket head of	Stainless steel					
Hexagon nut with flang	Steel wire					
Cross recessed screw	Steel wire					
	Body Cover Plate End cover Piston Size: 10, 15 Size: 20, 30, 40 Seal retainer Bearing retainer Wear ring Hexagon socket head of Hexagon nut with flang	Body Cover Plate End cover Piston Size: 10, 15 Size: 20, 30, 40 Seal retainer Bearing retainer				





Component Parts

No.	D	escrip	tion	Material			
10	Size: 10, 15 0	Cross r	recessed screw No. 0	Steel wire			
13	Size: 20, 30, 40	Cross	recessed screw	Steel wire			
14	Hexagon socket h	head s	set screw	Chrome molybdenum steel			
15	Bearing	Bearing					
16	Size: 20, 30, 40 or	Carbon steel					
17	Size: 20, 30, 40 or	Stainless steel					
18	CS-type retaining	ı ring		Stainless steel			
19	Seal			NBR			
20	Gasket			NBR			
21	Piston seal	NBR					
22	Seal washer	NBR					
23	With auto switch	_					

Replacement Parts

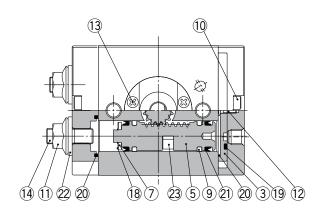
	Description				Note		
D	Jescription	10	15	20	40	Note	
	Seal kit	P473010-23	P473020-23	P473030-23	P473040-23	P473050-23	A set of above numbers (9), (19, (20, (21) and (22)

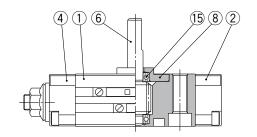


Series CRQ2X

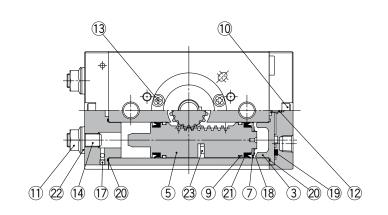
Construction

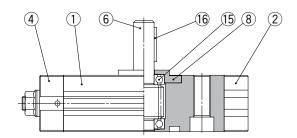
With auto switch Size 10/15





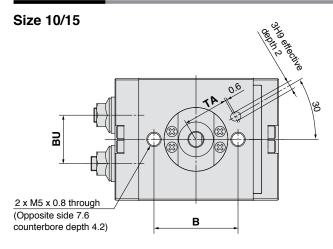
With auto switch Size 20/30/40

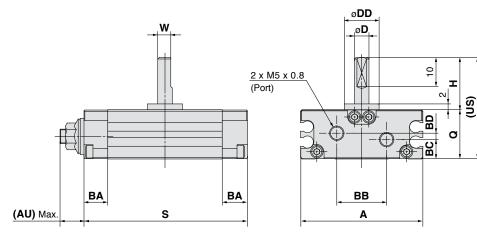


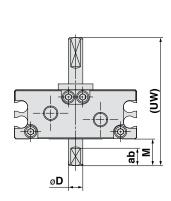


Low-Speed Compact Rotary Actuator Rack & Pinion Type Series CRQ2X

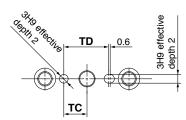
Dimensions







With double shaft



												(mm)
Size	Rotation angle	A	AU*	в	ва	BB	вс	BD	BU	D (g6)	DD (h9)	н
10	90, 180	42	(8.5)	29	8.5	17	6.7	2.2	16.7	5	12	18
15	90, 180	53	(9.5)	31	9	26.4	10.6	_	23.1	6	14	20

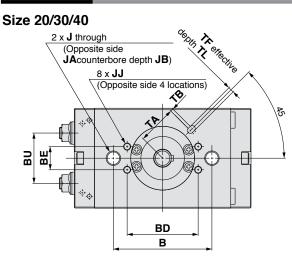
Size	Rotation angle	W	Q	S	US	UW	ab	М	TA	ТС	TD
10	90	4.5	17	56	35	44	6	9	15.5	8	15.4
10	180	4.5		69	- 55	44	0	5	15.5	0	15.4
15	90	5.5	20	65	40	50	7	10	16	9	17.6
15	180	5.5	20	82	40	50	<i>'</i>	10	10	9	17.0

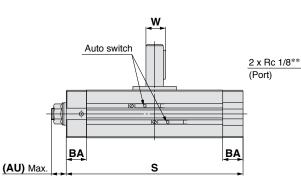
* The AU dimension is not the dimension at the time of shipment, since its dimension is for adjustment parts.

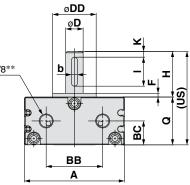
S: Upper 90, Lower 180

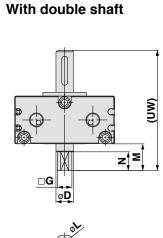
Series CRQ2X

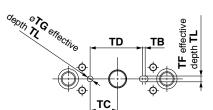
Dimensions











																			(mm)
Size	Rotation angle	A	AU*	в	ВА	BB	вс	BD	BE	BU	D (g6)	DD (h9)	F	н	J	JA	JB	JJ	к
20	90, 180	63	(11)	50	14	34	14.5	_	_	30.4	10	25	2.5	30	M8 x 1.25	11	6.5	-	3
30	90, 180	69	(11)	68	14	39	16.5	49	16	34.7	12	30	3	32	M10 x 1.5	14	8.5	M5 x 0.8 depth 6	4
40	90, 180	78	(13)	76	16	47	18.5	55	16	40.4	15	32	3	36	M10 x 1.5	14	8.6	M6 x 1 depth 7	5

Size	Rotation	Q	s	w	Keyway d	imensions	US	ТА	тв	тс	TD	TF	TG	TL	UW	G	м	N	L
	angle		-		b	I						(H9)	(H9)						
20	90	29	104	11.5	4 ⁰ _{-0.03}	20	59	24.5	4	13.5	27	4	4	2.5	74	8_0.1	15	11	9.6 0.1
20	180	29	130	11.5	4-0.03	20	59	24.0	1	13.5	21	4	4	2.5	74	O -0.1	15		9.0 -0.1
30	90	33	122	13.5	4 ⁰ _{-0.03}	20	65	27	2	19	36		4	2.5	83	10 ⁰ 0.1	18	13	11.4 ⁰ -0.1
30	180	33	153	13.5	4_0.03	20	05	21	2	19	30	4	4	2.5	03	10_0.1	10	13	11.4 -0.1
40	90	37	139	17	= ⁰	25	70	20 E	0	20	39.5	5	E	2 5	02	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	20	15	14 0
40	180	3/	177		5-0.03	20	73	32.5	2	20	39.5	5	5	3.5	93	II -0.1	20	15	14 _0.1

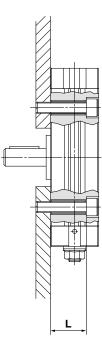
* The AU dimension is not the dimension at the time of shipment, since its dimension is for adjustment parts. ** In addition to Rc 1/8, G 1/8, NPT 1/8, NPTF 1/8 are also available.

S: Upper 90, Lower 180

Low-Speed Compact Rotary Actuator Rack & Pinion Type Series CRQ2X

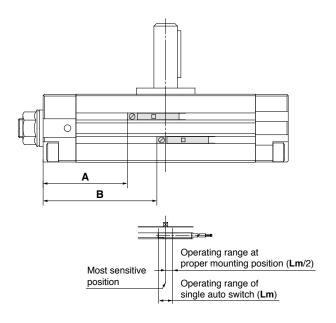
Unit Used as Flange Mount

The L dimensions of this unit are shown in the below table. When hexagon socket head cap bolt of the JIS standard is used, the head of the bolt will recess into the groove of actuator.



Size	L	Screw
10	13	M4
15	16	M4
20	22.5	M6
30	24.5	M8
40	28.5	M8

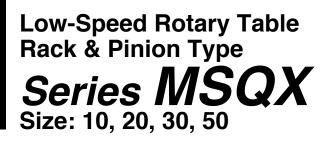
Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (at Rotation End Detection)



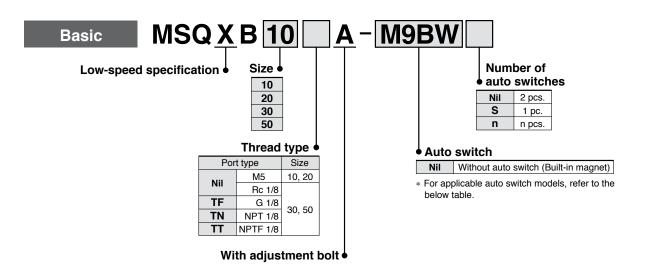
			Reed s	witch		S	olid stat	e switc	h
Size	Rotation angle	A	В	Operating angle (θ m)	Hystere- sis angle	A	В	Operating angle (θ m)	Hystere- sis angle
10	90	15	21.5	63	12	19	25.5	75	3
10	180	18	31	00	12	22	35	/5	
15	90	18.5	27	52	9	22.5	31	69	3
15	180	22.5	39.5	52	5	26.5	43.5	0.5	
20	90	36	48.5	41	9	40	52.5	56	4
20	180	42	67.5			46	71.5	50	-
30	90	43	59	32	7	47	63	43	3
00	180	51	82	02	/	55	86	-10	
40	90	50	69	24	5	54	73	36	4
-0	180	59.5	97.5	24	5	63.5	101.5	00	4

Operating angle θ **m**: Value of the operating range of single auto switch (Lm) as represented by rotation angle for shaft Hysteresis angle: Value of the auto switch hysteresis as represented by angle

Note) For actual setting, adjustment shall be made after checking the auto switch operating condition.



How to Order



Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to pages 24 through to 27 for further information on auto switches.

		_	or			Load v	oltage	Auto swite	ch model	Lead	d wire le	ength (r	n)*		
Type	Special function	Electrical entry	Indicator light	Wiring (Output)		DC	AC	Auto Switt	Innoder	0.5	1	3	5	Applic	able load
			<u>n</u>	、 I <i>`</i>		DC	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	(Nil)	(M)	(L)	(Z)		
				3-wire (NPN)		5 V,12 V		M9NV	M9N		-	•	0	IC	
	—			3-wire (PNP)		5 V,12 V		M9PV	M9P	•	-	•	0	circuit	
switch				2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B	•	-		0	_	
swi	Diagnostic			3-wire (NPN)		5 V,12 V		M9NWV	M9NW	•	•	•	0	IC	
state	indication	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (PNP)	24 V	5 V,12 V	-	M9PWV	M9PW	•			0	circuit	Relay, PLC
id st	(2-color)			2-wire		12 V		M9BWV	M9BW	•	•	•	0	_	
Solid	Water **			3-wire (NPN)		5 V,12 V		M9NAV	M9NA	0	0	•	0	IC	
	resistant			3-wire (PNP)	1	5 V, 12 V		M9PAV	M9PA	0	0	•	0	circuit	
	(2-color)			2-wire		12 V		M9BAV	M9BA	0	0	•	0	_	
ch			No	2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V or less	A90V	A90	•	-	•	-		Relay, PLC
Reed switch	—	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN equiv.)	_	5 V	_	A96V	A96	•	-	•	-	IC circuit	-
Re				2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V	A93V	A93		-	•	-	—	Relay, PLC

** Although it is possible to mount water resistant type auto switches, note that the rotary actuator itself is not of water resistant construction.

* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m ····· Nil (Example) M9NW 1 m …… M

3 m …… L M9NWL

5 m …… Z M9NWZ

· Auto switches marked with "O" are manufactured upon a receipt of order.

· For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to "SMC Best Pneumatics 2004" Vol. 11 catalog.

· Auto switches are shipped together, (but not assembled).

Made to Order → Refer to "SMC Best Pneumatics 2004" Vol. 11 catalog.

–50 Without indicator light

-61 Flexible lead wire

· Pre-wired connector

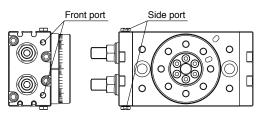
Low-Speed Rotary Table Rack & Pinion Type Series MSQX

Specifications



Size	Э	10	20	30	50					
Fluid		Air (Non-lube)								
Max. operating	pressure	145 psi [1 MPa]								
Min. operating	pressure	14.5 psi [0.1 MPa]								
Ambient and fluid	d temperature	32	32 to 140° F [0 to 60°C] (No freezing)							
Cushion		Not attached								
Angle adjustme	ent range	0 to 190								
Maximum rotat	ion angle		1	90						
Port size	End port	M5 x 0.8 Rc 1/8, G 1/8, NPT 1/8, NPTF 1/8								
FUITSIZE	Side port	M5 x 0.8								
Output (N·m)*		0.89	4.6							

* Output under the operating pressure at 73 psi [0.5 MPa]. Refer to page 4 for further information.



Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

Size	Allowable kinetic energy (J)	Stable operational rotation time adjustment range (s/90)
10	0.007	
20	0.025	1 to 5
30	0.048	1 10 5
50	0.081	

Note) If operated where the kinetic energy exceeds the allowable value, this may cause damage to the internal parts and result in product failure. Please pay special attention to the kinetic energy levels when designing, adjusting and during operation to avoid exceeding the allowable limit.

Weight

				(g)
Size	10	20	30	50
Basic	530	990	1290	2080

* Not including the weight of auto switch.

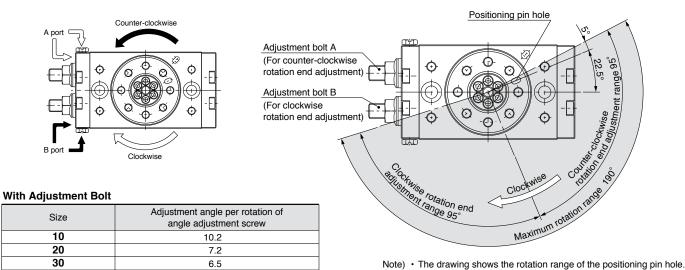
JIS Symbol



Series MSQX

Rotation Direction and Rotation Angle

The rotary table turns in the clockwise direction when the A port is pressurized, and in the counter-clockwise direction when the B port is pressurized.
By adjusting the adjustment bolt, the rotation end can be set within the range shown in the drawing for the desired rotation angle.



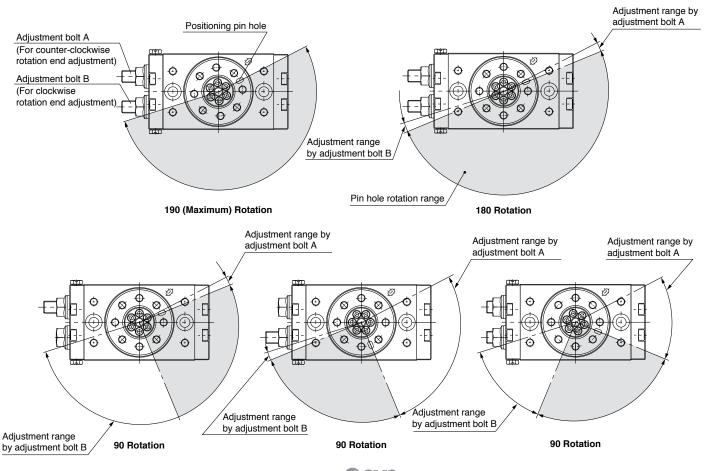
 The pin hole position in the drawing shows the counter-clockwise rotation end when the adjustment bolts A and B are tightened equally and the rotation is adjusted 180°.

Rotation Angle Range Example

50

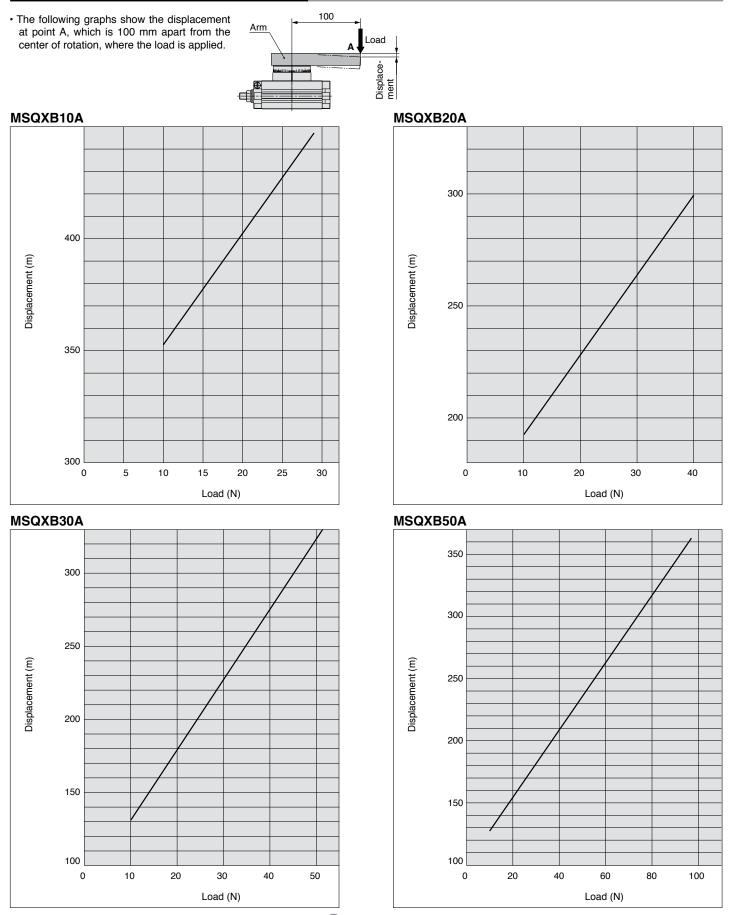
- Various rotation ranges are possible as shown in the drawings below using adjustment bolts A and B. (The drawings also show the rotation ranges of the positioning pin hole.)
- The rotation angle can also be set on a type with inertial absorber.

8.2



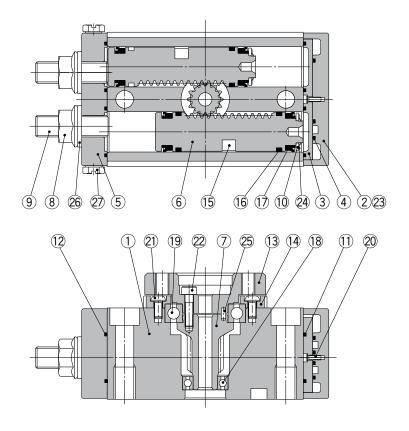
Low-Speed Rotary Table Rack & Pinion Type Series MSQX

Table Displacement (Reference values)



SMC

Construction



Component Parts

No.	Description	Material
1	Body	Aluminium alloy
2	Cover	Aluminium alloy
3	Plate	Resin
4	Seal	NBR
5	End cover	Aluminium alloy
6	Piston	Stainless steel
7	Pinion	Chrome molybdenum steel
8	Hexagon nut with flange	Steel wire
9	Adjustment bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel
10	Seal retainer	Aluminium alloy
11	Gasket	NBR
12	Gasket	NBR
13	Table	Aluminium alloy
14	Bearing retainer	Aluminium alloy

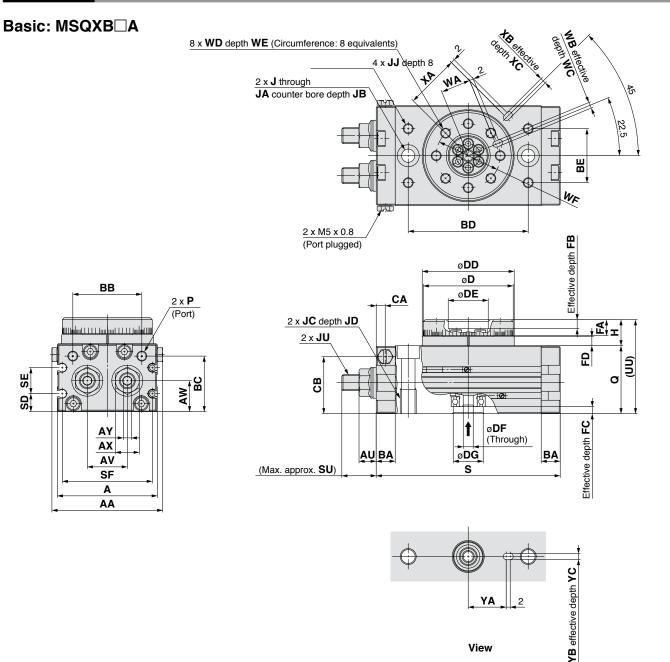
Component Parts

No.	Description		Material	
15	Magnet		_	
16	Wear ring		Resin	
17	Piston seal	NBR		
18	Deep groove ball bearing		Bearing steel	
19	Deep groove ball bearing		Bearing steel	
20	Cross recessed screw No.	Steel wire		
21	Cross recessed screw	Size: 10	Stainless steel	
21	Low head cap screw	Size: 20 to 50	Chrome molybdenum steel	
22	Hexagon socket head cap	screw	Stainless steel	
23	Hexagon socket head cap	screw	Stainless steel	
24	CS-type retaining ring		Spring steel	
25	Parallel pin	Size: 10 to 50	Carbon steel	
26	Seal washer		NBR	
27	Plug		Brass	

Replacement Parts

Description		Part	t no.	Note	
Description	10	20	30	50	Note
Seal kit	P523010-20	P523020-20	P523030-20	P523040-20	A set of above numbers (4), (1), (12, (16, (17) and (26)

Dimensions



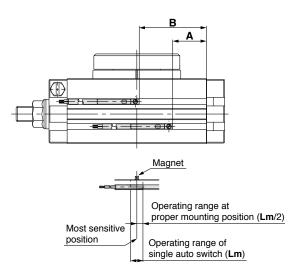
																											(mm)
Size	AA	Α	AU	AV	AW	AX	AY	BA	BB	BC	BD	BE	CA	СВ	D	DD	DE	DF	DG	FA	FB	FC	FD	Н	J	JA	JB
10	55.4	50	8.6	20	15.5	12	4	9.5	34.5	27.8	60	27	4.5	28.5	45h9	46h9	20H9	5	15H9	8	4	3	4.5	13	6.8	11	6.5
20	70.8	65	10.6	27.5	16	14	5	12	46	30	76	34	6	30.5	60h9	61h9	28H9	9	17H9	10	6	2.5	6.5	17	8.6	14	8.5
30	75.4	70	10.6	29	18.5	14	5	12	50	32	84	37	6.5	33.5	65h9	67h9	32H9	9	22H9	10	4.5	3	6.5	17	8.6	14	8.5
50	85.4	80	14	38	22	19	6	15.5	63	37.5	100	50	10	37.5	75h9	77h9	35H9	10	26H9	12	5	3	7.5	20	10.5	18	10.5
																										(n	nm)
		-						_													_						<u>,</u>

																								(mm)
Size	JC	JD	JJ	JU	Р	Q	S	SD	SE	SF	SU	UU	WA	WB	wc	WD	WE	WF	XA	ΧВ	XC	YA	YB	YC
10	M 8 x 1.25	12	M5 x 0.8	M 8 x 1	M5 x 0.8	34	92	9	13	45	17.7	47	15	3H9	3.5	M5 x 0.8	8	32	27	3H9	3.5	19	3H9	3.5
20	M10 x 1.5	15	M6 x 1	M10 x 1	M5 x 0.8	37	117	10	12	60	25	54	20.5	4H9	4.5	M6 x 1	10	43	36	4H9	4.5	24	4H9	4.5
30	M10 x 1.5	15	M6 x 1	M10 x 1	Rc 1/8**	40	127	11.5	14	65	25	57	23	4H9	4.5	M6 x 1	10	48	39	4H9	4.5	28	4H9	4.5
50	M12 x 1.75	18	M8 x 1.25	M14 x 1.5	Rc 1/8**	46	152	14.5	15	75	31.4	66	26.5	5H9	5.5	M8 x 1.25	12	55	45	5H9	5.5	33	5H9	5.5

** In addition to Rc 1/8, G 1/8, NPT 1/8, NPTF 1/8 are also available.

Series MSQX

Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (at Rotation End Detection)



	Rotation			Reed switch		Solid state switch					
Size	angle	Α	в	Operating angle (θ m)	Hysteresis angle	Α	в	Operating angle (θ m)	Hysteresis angle		
10	190	17	36	90	10	21	40	60	10		
20	190	23	50	80	10	27	54	50	10		
30	190	27	56	65	10	31	60	50	10		
50	190	33	68	50	10	37	72	40	10		

Operating angle θ **m**: Value of the operating range of single auto switch (Lm) as represented by rotation angle for shaft Hysteresis angle: Value of the auto switch hysteresis as represented by angle

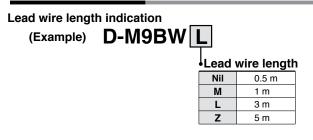
Note) For actual setting, adjustment shall be made after checking the auto switch operating condition.

Series CRQ2X/MSQX Auto Switch Specifications

Auto Switch Common Specifications

Туре	Reed switch	Solid state switch					
Leakage current	None	3-wire: 100 A or less 2-wire: 0.8 mA or less					
Operating time	1.2 ms	1 ms or less					
Impact resistance	300 m/s ²	1000 m/s ²					
Insulation resistance	50 M or more at 500 VDC Meg	a (between lead wire and case)					
Withstand voltage	1500 VAC for 1 minute (between lead wire and case)	1000 VAC for 1 minute (between lead wire and case)					
Ambient temperature	14 to 140°F	[-10 to 60°C]					
Enclosure	IEC60529 standard IP67, JIS C 0920 waterproof construction						
Standard	Conforming to CE Standards						

Lead Wire Length



Note 1) Applicable auto switch with 5 m lead wire "Z"

Solid state switch: Manufactured upon receipt of order as standard. Note 2) To designate solid state switches with flexible specifications, add "-61" after the lead wire length. Flexible cable is used for D-M9□(V), D-M9□W(V), D-M9□A(V) as standard. There is no need to place the suffix -61 to the end of part number.

Note 3) 1 m (M): D-M9⊡W, D-M9□A(V).

Note 4	4)	Lead	wire	length	tolerance

Lead wire length	Tolerance
0.5 m	15 mm
1 m	30 mm
3 m	90 mm
5 m	150 mm

Contact Protection Box: CD-P11, CD-P12

<Applicable switch model>

D-A9□(V) type

The above auto switch type does not have a built-in contact protection circuit.

- ① Where the operation load is an inductive load.
- 2 Where the wiring length to load is greater than 5 m.
- 3 Where the load voltage is 100 VAC.
- Therefore, use a contact protection box with the switch for any of the above cases:

The contact life may be shortened (due to permanent energizing conditions). Since the solid state auto switch is a semiconductor switch which has no contacts, no contact protection box is needed.

④ Where the load voltage is 110 VAC.

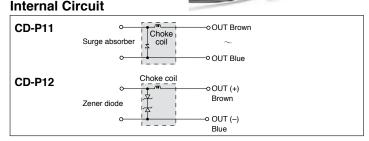
When the load voltage is increased by more than 10% to the rating of applicable auto switches above, use a contact protection box (CD-P11) to reduce the upper limit of the load current by 10% so that it can be set within the range of the load current range.

Specifications

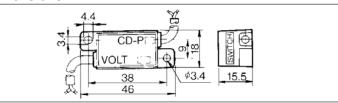
Part no.	CD-	CD-P12						
Load voltage	100 VAC	200 VAC	24 VDC					
Max. load current	25 mA	12.5 mA	50 mA					
* Lead wire length — Switch connection side 0.5 m								

Load connection side 0.5 m

Loud con



Dimensions



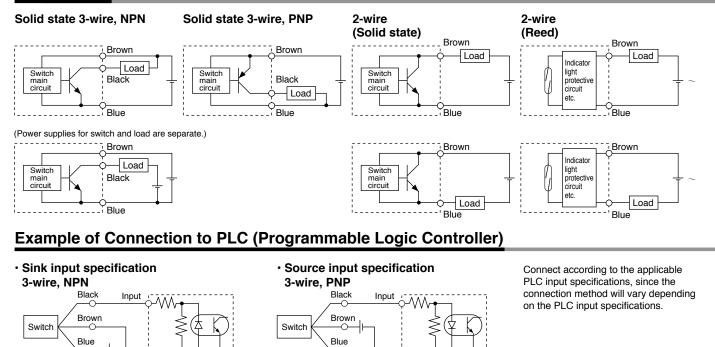
Connection

To connect a switch unit to a contact protection box, connect the lead wire from the side of the contact protection box marked SWITCH to the lead wire coming out of the switch unit. Keep the switch as close as possible to the contact protection box, with a lead wire length of no more than 1 meter.



Auto Switch Connections and Examples

Basic Wiring



Example of AND (Serial) and OR (Parallel) Connection

PLC internal circuit

PLC internal circuit

2-wire

Switch

Blue

Brown

• 3-wire

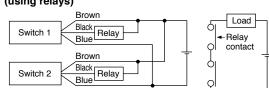
2-wire

Switch

AND connection for NPN output (using relays)

Brown

Blue

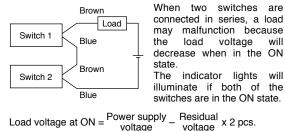


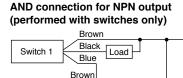
COM

Input :

СОМ

2-wire with 2-switch AND connection





COM

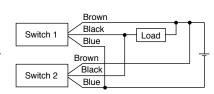
Input

COM

PLC internal circuit

PLC internal circuit

OR connection for NPN output

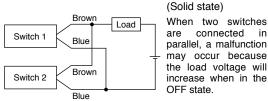


(Reed)

Black Switch 2 Blue

The indicator lights will illuminate when both switches are turned ON.

2-wire with 2-switch OR connection



Load voltage at OFF = Leakage current x 2 pcs. x Load impedance = 1 mA x 2 pcs. x 3 k = 6 VExample: Load impedance is 3 k.

SMC

Leakage current from switch is 1 mA.

connected in parallel, a malfunction may occur because the load voltage will increase when in the current leakage, the load voltage will not increase when turned OFF. However, depending on the number of switches in the ON state, the indicator lights may sometimes dim or not light because of the dispersion and reduction of the current flowing to the switches.

Because there is no

Reed Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-A90(V)/D-A93(V)/D-A96(V) (€

Grommet

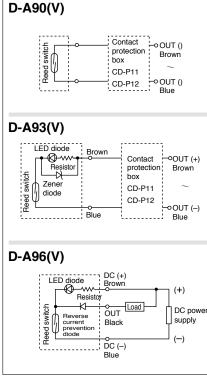


▲Caution

Precautions

Fix the switch with the existing screw installed on the switch body. The switch may be damaged if a screw other than the one supplied is used.

Auto Switch Internal Circuit



- Note) ① In a case where the operation load is an inductive load.
 - ② In a case where the wiring load is greater than 5 m.
 - ③ In a case where the load voltage is 100 VAC.

Use the auto switch with a contact protection box in any of the above mentioned cases. (For details about the contact protection box, refer to page 22.)

Auto Switch Specifications

				PLC: Progr	ammable Lo	gic Controller				
D-A90/D-A90V	(Without i	ndicator lig	ght)							
Auto switch part no.	D-A90	D-A90V	D-A90	D-A90V	D-A90	D-A90V				
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular				
Applicable load			IC circuit, I	Relay, PLC						
Load voltage	24 VAC/[DC or less	48 VAC/[DC or less	100 VAC/	DC or less				
Maximum load current	50	mA	40	mA	20	mA				
Contact protection circuit		None								
Internal resistance	1 or less (including lead wire length of 3 m)									
Standard Conforming to CE Standards										
D-A93/D-A93V/D-A96/D-A96V (With indicator light)										
Auto switch part no.	D-A93	D-A93V	D-A93	D-A93V	D-A96	D-A96V				
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular				
Applicable load		Relay	, PLC		IC c	ircuit				
Load voltage	24 \	VDC	100	VAC	4 to 8	3 VDC				
Load current range	5 to /	10 mA	5 to 2	20 mA	20	mA				
and max. load current	5 10 -	io IIIA	5 10 2		20					
Contact protection circuit			No	one						
Internal voltage	D-A93 — 2.4	D-A93 – 2.4 V or less (to 20 mA)/3 V or less (to 40 mA)								
drop	D-A93V – 2.7 V or less									
Indicator light	Red LED illuminates when turned ON.									
Standard	Conforming to CE Standards									

Lead wires

D-A90(V)/D-A93(V) — Oilproof heavy-duty vinyl cable: ø2.7, 0.18 mm² x 2 cores (Brown, Blue), 0.5 m D-A96(V) — Oilproof heavy-duty vinyl cable: ø2.7, 0.15 mm² x 3 cores (Brown, Black, Blue), 0.5 m

Note 1) Refer to page 22 for reed switch common specifications.

Note 2) Refer to page 22 for lead wire lengths.

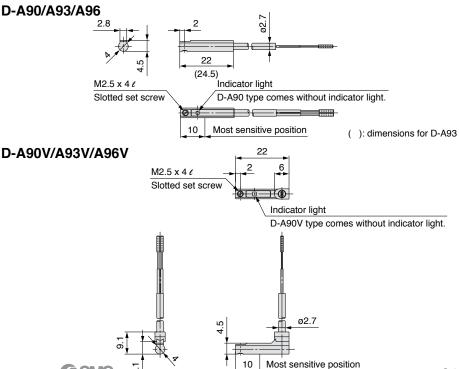
Note 3) If load current is less than 5 mA, the visibility of the indicator light is decreased. If less than 2.5 mA, the light may become invisible. From the point of view of contact output, however, it is not a problem as long as the load current is more than 1 mA.

Weight

Auto switch part no.		D-A90(V)	D-A93(V)	D-A96(V)
Lead wire length	0.5	6	6	8
(m)	3	30	30	41

Dimensions

⁄3 SM



Unit: g

Unit: mm

Solid State Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-M9N(V)/D-M9P(V)/D-M9B(V) (€

Grommet

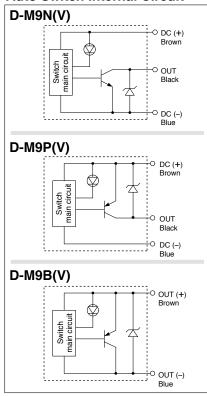
- 2-wire load current is reduced (2.5 to 40 mA).
- UL certified (style 2844) lead cable is used.
- Flexibility is 1.5 times greater than the conventional model (SMC comparison).
- Using flexible cable as standard spec.
 Brightness of indicator light is 2
- times greater than the conventional model (SMC comparison).



Precautions

Fix the switch with the existing screw installed on the switch body. The switch may be damaged if a screw other than the one supplied is used.

Auto Switch Internal Circuit



Auto Switch Specifications

				PLC: Progr	ammable Lo	gic Controller		
D-M9□/D-M9□\	/ (With inc	licator ligh	it)					
Auto switch part no.	D-M9N	D-M9NV	D-M9P	D-M9PV	D-M9B	D-M9BV		
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular		
Wiring type		3-w	vire		2-\	wire		
Output type	N	PN	P	NP	-	_		
Applicable load		IC circuit, Relay, PLC 24 VDC relay, PLC						
Power supply voltage	Ę	5, 12, 24 VDC	(4.5 to 28 V	')	-	_		
Current consumption		10 mA	or less		-			
Load voltage	28 VD0	C or less	-	_	24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC)			
Load current		40 mA	or less		2.5 to	40 mA		
Internal voltage drop		0.8 V d	or less		4 V c	or less		
Leakage current	100 A or less at 24 VDC 0.8 mA or less							
Indicator light	Red LED illuminates when turned ON.							
Standard		Conforming to CE Standards						

• Lead wires — Oilproof heavy-duty vinyl cable: ø2.7 x 3.2 ellipse

D-M9B(V) 0.15 mm² x 2 cores

D-M9N(V), D-M9P(V) 0.15 mm² x 3 cores

Note 1) Refer to page 22 for solid state switch common specifications.

Note 2) Refer to page 22 for lead wire lengths.

Weight

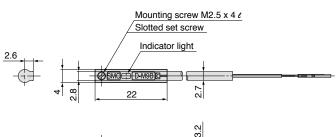
Unit: g

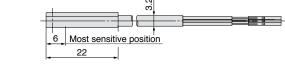
Unit: mm

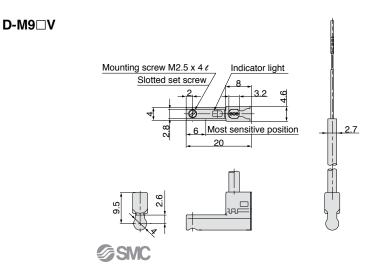
Auto switch part no.		D-M9N(V)	D-M9P(V)	D-M9B(V)
	0.5		8	7
Lead wire length (m)	3	41	41	38
	5	68	68	63

Dimensions

D-M9□







2-Color Indication Solid State Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-M9NW(V)/D-M9PW(V)/D-M9BW(V) 〔€

Grommet

- 2-wire load current is reduced (2.5 to 40 mA).
- UL certified (style 2844) lead cable is used.
- Flexibility is 1.5 times greater than the conventional model (SMC comparison).
- Using flexible cable as standard spec.
- The optimum operating position can be determined by the color of the light. (Red Æ Green " Red)
- Brightness of indicator light is 2 times greater than the conventional model (SMC comparison).



Auto Switch Internal Circuit

D-M9NW(V) DC (+) Brown OUT Switch Black nain DC (-) Blue D-M9PW(V) •DC (+) Brown main circuit Switch OUT Black ∅₡ ODC (-) Blue D-M9BW(V) 0UT (+) Brown circuit Switch main 00UT (-) Blue Indicator light / Display method Operating OFF range Display Green Red Red Optimum operating

position

Auto Switch Specifications

PLC: Programmable Logic Controller D-M9 W/D-M9 WV (With indicator light) D-M9NW D-M9NWV D-M9PW D-M9PWV D-M9BW D-M9BWV Auto switch part no Electrical entry direction In-line Perpendicular In-line Perpendicular In-line Perpendicular Wiring type 3-wire 2-wire NPN PNP Output type Applicable load IC circuit, Relay, PLC 24 VDC relay, PLC 5, 12, 24 VDC (4.5 to 28 V) Power supply voltage Current consumption 10 mA or less 28 VDC or less Load voltage 24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC) 2.5 to 40 mA Load current 40 mA or less Internal voltage drop 0.8 V or less at 10 mA (2 V or less at 40 mA) 4 V or less 100 A or less at 24 VDC 0.8 mA or less Leakage current Operating position Red LED illuminates. Indicator light Optimum operating position Green LED illuminates. Standard Conforming to CE Standards

Lead wires — Oilproof heavy-duty vinyl cable: ø2.7 x 3.2 ellipse

D-M9BW(V) 0.15 mm² x 2 cores

D-M9NW(V), D-M9PW(V) 0.15 mm² x 3 cores

Note 1) Refer to page 22 for solid state switch common specifications.

Note 2) Refer to page 22 for lead wire lengths.

Weight

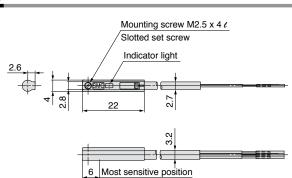
Unit: g

Auto switch part no.		D-M9NW(V)	D-M9PW(V)	D-M9BW(V)
Lead wire length	0.5	8	8	7
	1	14	14	13
(m)	3	41	41	38
	5	68	68	63

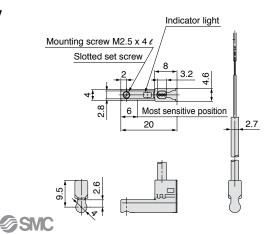
Dimensions

D-M9⊡W

Unit: mm



D-M9 WV



22

Water Resistant 2-Color Indication Solid State Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-M9NA(V)/D-M9PA(V)/D-M9BA(V) (€

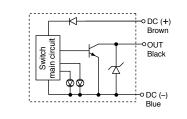
Grommet

- Water (coolant) resistant type
- 2-wire load current is reduced (2.5 to 40 mA).
- UL certified (style 2844) lead cable is used.
- The optimum operating position can be determined by the color of the light. (Red Æ Green ¨ Red)

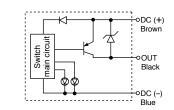


Auto Switch Internal Circuit

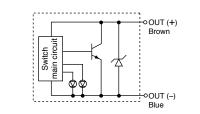
D-M9NA(V)



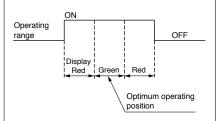
D-M9PA(V)



D-M9BA(V)



Indicator light / Display method



Auto Switch Specifications

PLC: Programmable Logic Controller

Unit: g

Unit: mm

D-M9□A/D-M9□AV (With indicator light)						
Auto switch part no.	D-M9NA	D-M9NAV	D-M9PA	D-M9PAV	D-M9BA	D-M9BAV
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular
Wiring type	3-wire			2-wire		
Output type	NPN		PNP		_	
Applicable load	IC circuit, Relay, PLC			24 VDC relay, PLC		
Power supply voltage	5, 12, 24 VDC (4.5 to 28 V)			—		
Current consumption	10 mA or less			-	-	
Load voltage	28 VDC or less –			24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC)		
Load current	40 mA or less			2.5 to 40 mA		
Internal voltage drop	0.8 V or less at 10 mA (2 V or less at 40 mA)			4 V or less		
Leakage current	100 A or less at 24 VDC			0.8 mA or less		
Indicator light	Operating position Red LED illuminates. Optimum operating position Green LED illuminates.					
Standard	Conforming to CE Standards					

• Lead wires - Oilproof heavy-duty vinyl cable: ø2.7 x 3.2 ellipse

D-M9BA(V) 0.15 mm² x 2 cores

D-M9NA(V), D-M9PA(V) 0.15 mm² x 3 cores

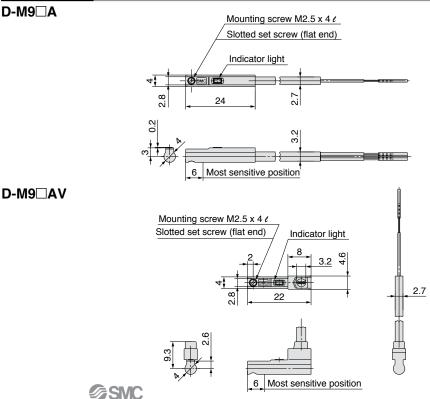
Note 1) Refer to page 22 for solid state switch common specifications.

Note 2) Refer to page 22 for lead wire lengths.

Weight

Auto switch part no.		D-M9NA(V)	D-M9PA(V)	D-M9BA(V)
	0.5	8	8	7
Lead wire length (m)	1	14	14	13
	3	41	41	38
	5	68	68	63

Dimensions







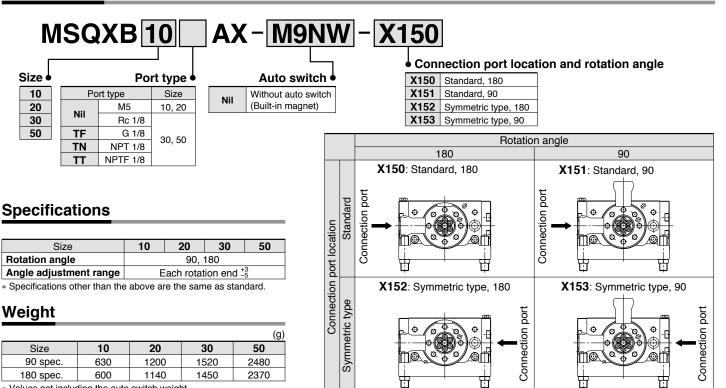
X150/X151/X152/X153

Symbol

With External Stopper

Prevent holding torque from being halved at the rotation end.

How to Order



* Values not including the auto switch weight.

Dimensions

Size

10

20

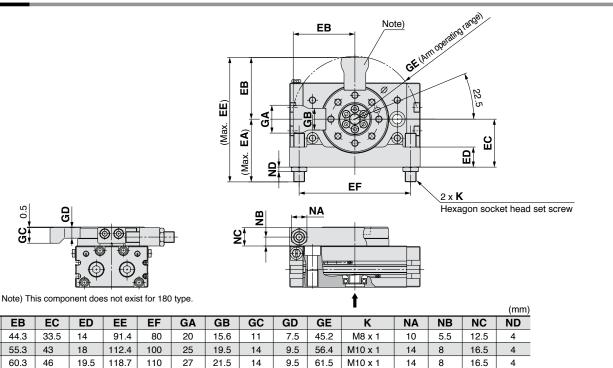
30

EA

47.1

57.1

58.4



50 74.4 71.4 56 22 145.8 130 32 * Dimensions other than the above are the same as standard.

11.5

72.9

M14 x 1.5

19

8.5

19.5

6

18

28

Series CRQ2X/MSQX Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by labels of **"Caution"**, **"Warning"** or **"Danger"**. To ensure safety, be sure to observe ISO 4414 ^{Note 1)}, JIS B 8370 ^{Note 2)} and other safety practices.

Explanation of the Labels

Labels	Explanation of the labels			
\land Danger	In extreme conditions, there is a possible result of serious injury or loss of life.			
\land Warning	Operator error could result in serious injury or loss of life.			
A Caution	Operator error could result in injury Note 3) or equipment damage. Note 4)			

Note 1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems

Note 2) JIS B 8370: General Rules for Pneumatic Equipment

Note 3) Injury indicates light wounds, burns and electrical shocks that do not require hospitalization or hospital visits for long-term medical treatment.

Note 4) Equipment damage refers to extensive damage to the equipment and surrounding devices.

Selection/Handling/Applications

1. The compatibility of the pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.

Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility for the specific pneumatic system must be based on specifications or post analysis and/or tests to meet the specific requirements. The expected performance and safety assurance are the responsibility of the person who has determined the compatibility of the system. This person should continuously review the suitability of all items specified, referring to the latest catalog information with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring a system.

- 2. Only trained personnel should operate pneumatically operated machinery and equipment. Compressed air can be dangerous if handled incorrectly. Assembly, handling or repair of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators. (Understanding JIS B 8370 General Rules for Pneumatic Equipment, and other safety rules are included.)
- 3. Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until safety is confirmed.
 - 1. Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed once measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - When equipment is removed, confirm that safety process as mentioned above. Turn off the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system, and release all the energy (liquid pressure, spring, condenser, gravity).
 Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent quick extension of a cylinder piston rod, etc.
- 4. If the equipment will be used in the following conditions or environment, please contact SMC first and be sure to take all necessary safety precautions.
 - 1. Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
 - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, or safety equipment.
 - 3. An application which has the possibility of having negative effects on people, property, requiring special safety analysis.
 - 4. If the products are used in an interlock circuit, prepare a double interlock style circuit with a mechanical protection function for the prevention of a breakdown. And, examine the devices periodically if they function normally or not.

Exemption from Liability

- 1. SMC, its officers and employees shall be exempted from liability for any loss or damage arising out of earthquakes or fire, action by a third person, accidents, customer error with or without intention, product misuse, and any other damages caused by abnormal operating conditions.
- 2. SMC, its officers and employees shall be exempted from liability for any direct or indirect loss or damage, including consequential loss or damage, loss of profits, or loss of chance, claims, demands, proceedings, costs, expenses, awards, judgments and any other liability whatsoever including legal costs and expenses, which may be suffered or incurred, whether in tort (including negligence), contract, breach of statutory duty, equity or otherwise.
- 3. SMC is exempted from liability for any damages caused by operations not contained in the catalogs and/or instruction manuals, and operations outside of the specification range.
- 4. SMC is exempted from liability for any loss or damage whatsoever caused by malfunctions of its products when combined with other devices or software.

}SW(



Be sure to read this before handling.

Design and Selection

AWarning

1. Confirm the specifications.

Read the specifications carefully and use this product appropriate-

The product may be damaged or malfunction if it is used outside the range of specifications of current load, voltage, temperature or impact. We do not guarantee any damage in any case the product is used outside of the specification range.

2. Pay attention to the length of time that a switch is on at an intermediate stroke position.

When an auto switch is placed at an intermediate position of the stroke and a load is driven at the time the piston passes, the auto switch will operate. However if the speed is too great, the operating time will be shortened and the load may not operate properly. The maximum detectable piston speed is:

 $V (mm/s) = \frac{Auto switch operating range (mm)}{Load operating time (ms)} \times 1000$

3. Keep wiring as short as possible.

<Reed switch>

As the length of the wiring to a load gets longer, the rush current at switching ON becomes greater, and this may shorten the product's life. (The switch will stay ON all the time.) Use a contact protection box when the wire length is 5 m or longer.

<Solid state switch>

Although wire length should not affect switch function, use a wire 100 m or shorter.

If the wiring is longer it will likely increase noise although the length is less than 100 m. When the wire length is long, we recommend attaching the ferrite core to the both ends of the cable to prevent excess noise. Since the solid state auto switch is a semiconductor switch which has no contacts, no contact protection box is needed.

 Do not use a load that generates surge voltage. If a surge voltage is generated, the discharge occurs at the contact, possibly resulting in the shortening of product life.

<Reed switch>

If driving a load such as a relay that generates a surge voltage, use a switch with a built-in contact protection circuit or use a contact protection box.

<Solid state switch>

Although a zener diode for surge protection is connected at the output side of a solid state auto switch, damage may still occur if the surge is applied repeatedly. When a load, such as a relay or solenoid, which generates surge is directly driven, use a type of switch with a built-in surge absorbing element.

5. Cautions for use in an interlock circuit

When an auto switch is used for an interlock signal requiring high reliability, devise a double interlock system to avoid trouble by providing a mechanical protection function, or by also using another switch (sensor) together with the auto switch. Also perform periodic maintenance and confirm proper operation.

6. Do not make any modifications (including exchanging the printed circuit boards) to the product. It may cause human injuries and accidents.

≜Caution

1. Use caution when multiple actuators are used and close to each other.

When two or more auto switch actuators are lined up in close proximity to each other, magnetic field interference may cause the switches to malfunction. Maintain a minimum cylinder separation of 40 mm. (When the allowable interval is specified for each cylinder series, use the indicated value.) Use of a magnetic screen plate (MU-S025) or magnetic screen tape can reduce the interference of magnetic force.

2. Take note of the internal voltage drop of the auto switch.

<Reed switch>

1) Auto switches with an indicator light (Model D-A96(V))

 If auto switches are connected in series as shown below, take note that there will be a large voltage drop because of internal resistance in the light emitting diodes. (Refer to internal voltage drop in the auto switch specifications.)

[The voltage drop will be "n" times larger when "n" auto switches are connected.]

Even though an auto switch operates normally, the load may not operate.



 In the same way, when operating under a specified voltage, although an auto switch may operate normally, the load may not operate. Therefore, the formula below should be satisfied after confirming the minimum operating voltage of the load.

Supply - Internal voltage - Minimum operating voltage - drop of switch - Voltage of load

2) If the internal resistance of a light emitting diode causes a problem, select a switch without an indicator light (Model D-A90).

<Solid state switch>

3) Generally, the internal voltage drop will be greater with a 2-wire solid state auto switch than with a reed switch. Take the same precautions as in 1).

Also, note that a 12 VDC relay is not applicable.



Be sure to read this before handling.

Design and Selection

3. Pay attention to leakage current.

<Solid state switch>

With a 2-wire solid state auto switch, current (leakage current) flows to the load to operate the internal circuit even when in the OFF state.

Operating current of load (OFF condition) > Leakage current

If the criteria given in the above formula are not met, it will not reset correctly (stays ON). Use a 3-wire switch if this specification will not be satisfied.

Moreover, leakage current flow to the load will be "n" times larger when "n" auto switches are connected in parallel.

4. Ensure sufficient clearance for maintenance activities.

When designing an application, be sure to allow sufficient clearance for maintenance and inspections.

5. Minimum stroke for auto switch mounting

The minimum stroke value for mounting one or two auto switches is obtained when the switch can detect at the cylinder stroke ends. However, even if the switch is mounted at the proper position within the minimum stroke range, it may not be able to detect when the piston stops in the middle of the stroke due to a stopper, etc. It may also turn on in the middle of a stroke.

6. When multiple auto switches are required.

"n" indicates the number of switch which can be physically mounted. Detection intervals depends on the switch mounting structure and set position therefore some required interval and set positions may not be available.

7. Limitations of detectable positioning

When using certain mounting brackets, the surface and position where an auto switch can be mounted maybe restricted due to physical interference (bottom side of foot bracket etc.). Please select the set position of the auto switch so that it does not interfere with the mounting bracket of the cylinder (trunnion or support ring etc.).

8. Use the cylinder and switch in proper combination.

The auto switch is pre-adjusted to activate properly for an auto-switch-capable SMC cylinder.

If the auto switch is mounted improperly, used for another brand of cylinder or used after the alternation of the machine installation, the switch may not activate properly.

Mounting and Adjustment

AWarning

1. Operating manual

Install the products and operate them only after reading the operating manual carefully and understanding its contents. Also keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

2. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump or apply excessive impacts (300 m/s² or more for reed switches and 1000 m/s² or more for solid state switches) while handling. Although the body of the auto switch may not be damaged, the inside of the auto switch could be damaged and cause a malfunction.

3. Mount auto switches using the proper fastening torque.

When a switch is tightened beyond the range of fastening torque, the mounting screws, auto switches, auto switch mounting bracket, etc. may be damaged. On the other hand, tightening below the range of fastening torque may allow the switch to slip out of position. (Refer to auto switch mounting for each series regarding auto switch mounting, moving, and fastening torque, etc.)

4. Mount an auto switch at the center of the operating range.

Adjust the mounting position of an auto switch so that the piston stops at the center of the operating range (the range in which a switch is ON). (The mounting position shown in a catalog indicates the optimum position at stroke end.) If mounted at the end of the operating range (around the borderline of ON and OFF), operation will be unstable or the service life will be shortened.

<D-M9□>

When the auto switch is used to replace old series auto switch, it may not activate depending on operating condition because of its shorter operating range.

Such as

- Application where the stop position of actuator may vary and exceed the operating range of the auto switch, for example, pushing, pressing, clamping operation, etc.
- Application where the auto switch is used for detecting an intermediate stop position of the actuator. (In this case the detecting time will be reduced.)

In these applications, set the auto switch to the center of the required detecting range.

5. Secure the space for maintenance.

When installing the products, please allow access for maintenance.

≜Caution

- 1. Do not carry an actuator by the auto switch lead wires. Never carry a cylinder (actuator) by its lead wires. This may not only cause broken lead wires, but it may cause internal elements of the auto switch to be damaged by the stress.
- 2. Fix the auto switch with appropriate screw installed on the auto switch body. If using other screws, auto switch may be damaged.





Be sure to read this before handling.

Wiring

A Warning

1. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Be certain that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch.

2. Do not wire with power lines or high-voltage lines. Wire separately from power lines or high-voltage lines, avoiding parallel wiring or wiring in the same conduit with these lines. Control circuits, including auto switches, may malfunction due to noise from these other lines.

∆Caution

1. Avoid repeatedly bending or stretching lead wires.

Broken lead wires will result from applying bending stress or stretching force to the lead wires.

Stress and tensile force applied to the connection between the cable and switch increases the possibility of disconnection.

Fix the cable in the middle so that it is not movable in the area where it connects with the switch.

2. Be sure to connect the load before power is applied. <2-wire type>

If the power is turned ON when an auto switch is not connected to a load, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current.

It is the same as when the 2-wire brown cord (+, output) is directly connected to the (+) power supply terminal.

3. Do not allow short circuit of loads.

<Reed switch>

If the power is turned ON with a load in a short circuited condition, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current flow into the switch.

<Solid state switch>

Model D-M9 \Box (V) except D-M9 \Box W(V) and all models of PNP output type switches do not have built-in short circuit prevention circuits. If loads are short circuited, the switches will be instantly damaged, as in the case of reed switches.

Take special care to avoid reverse wiring with the power supply line (brown) and the output line (black) on 3-wire type switches.

≜Caution

4. Avoid incorrect wiring.

<Reed switch>

A 24 VDC switch with indicator light has polarity. The brown lead wire is (+) and the blue lead wire or the second terminal are (-).

1) If connections are reversed, a switch will operate, however, the light emitting diode will not light up.

Also note that a current greater than that specified will damage a light emitting diode and it will no longer operate.

Applicable models: D-A93, D-A54

<Solid state switch>

- If connections are reversed on a 2-wire type switch, the auto switch will not be damaged if protected by a protection circuit, but the switch will always stay in an ON state. However, it is still necessary to avoid reversed connections, since the auto switch could be damaged by a load short circuit in this condition.
- 2) If connections are reversed (power supply line + and power supply line –) on a 3-wire type switch, the switch will be protected by a protection circuit. However, if the power supply line (+) is connected to the blue wire and the power supply line (–) is connected to the black wire, the auto switch will be damaged.

<D-M9□>

The D-M9 \Box does not have built-in short circuit protection circuit. Be aware that if the power supply connection is reversed (e.g. (+) power supply wire and (–) power supply wire connection is reversed), the auto switch will be damaged.

5. When the cable sheath is stripped, confirm the stripping direction. The insulator may be split or damaged depending on the direction. (D-M9⁻ only)



Recommended Tool

Model name	Model no.			
Wire stripper	D-M9N-SWY			
Chrisper for a round apple (20.0) can be used for a 0 wire type apple				

 \ast Stripper for a round cable (ø2.0) can be used for a 2-wire type cable.





Be sure to read this before handling.

Operating Environment

A Warning

- 1. Never use in an atmosphere of explosive gases. The construction of auto switches is not intended to prevent explosion. Never use in an atmosphere with an explosive gas since this may cause a serious explosion.
- 2. Do not use in an area where a magnetic field is generated.

Auto switches will malfunction or magnets inside actuators will become demagnetized.

3. Do not use in an environment where the auto switch will be continually exposed to water.

Although switches, satisfy IEC standard IP67 construction (JIS C 0920: waterproof construction), do not use switches in applications where continually exposed to water splash or spray. Poor insulation or swelling of the potting resin inside auto switches may cause malfunction.

4. Do not use in an environment with oil or chemicals.

Consult with SMC if auto switches will be used in an environment with coolant, cleaning solvent, various oils or chemicals. If auto switches are used under these conditions for even a short time, they may be adversely affected by improper insulation, malfunction due to swelling of the potting resin, or hardening of the lead wires.

5. Do not use in an environment with temperature cycles.

Consult with SMC if switches are used where there are temperature cycles other than normal temperature changes, as they may be adversely affected internally.

6. Do not use in an environment where there is excessive impact shock.

<Reed switch>

When excessive impact (300 m/s² or more) is applied to a reed switch during operation, the contact point will malfunction and generate or cut off a signal momentarily (1 ms or less). Consult with SMC regarding the need to use a solid state switch depending upon the environment.

7. Do not use in an area where surges are generated. <Solid state switch>

When there are units (solenoid type lifter, high-frequency induction furnace, motor, radio equipment etc.) which generate large surges or electromagnetic waves in the area around actuators with solid state auto switches, this may cause deterioration or damage to the auto switches. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.

≜Caution

1. Avoid accumulation of iron debris or close contact with magnetic substances.

When a large amount of ferrous debris such as machining chips or spatter is accumulated, or a magnetic substance (something attracted by a magnet) is brought into close proximity with an auto switch actuator, it may cause the auto switch (actuator) to malfunction due to a loss of the magnetic force inside the actuator.

- 2. Consult with SMC concerning water resistance, elasticity of lead wires, usage at welding sites, etc.
- 3. Do not use in direct sunlight.
- 4. Do not mount the product in locations where it is exposed to radiant heat.

Maintenance

MWarning

- 1. Perform the following maintenance periodically in order to prevent possible danger due to unexpected auto switch malfunction.
 - Securely tighten auto switch mounting screws.
 If screws become loose or the mounting position is dislocated, retighten them after readjusting the mounting position.
 - Confirm that there is no damage to lead wires.
 To prevent faulty insulation, replace auto switches or repair lead wires, etc., if damage is discovered.
 - 3) Confirm the lighting of the green light on the 2-color indicator type auto switch. Confirm that the green LED is on when stopped at the established position. If the red LED is on, the mounting position is not appropriate. Readjust the mounting position until the green LED lights up.

2. Maintenance procedures are outlined in the operation manual.

Not following proper procedures could cause the product to malfunction and could lead to damage to the equipment or machine.

3. Removal of equipment, and supply/exhaust of compressed air

Before any machinery or equipment is removed, first ensure that the appropriate measures are in place to prevent the fall or erratic movement of driven objects and equipment, then cut off the electric power and reduce the pressure in the system to zero. Only then should you proceed with the removal of any machinery and equipment.

When machinery is restarted, proceed with caution after confirming that appropriate measures are in place to prevent actuators from sudden movement.



Series CRQ2X/MSQX Specific Product Precautions

Be sure to read this before handling.

Selection

- 1. Changes in speed occur in applications in which there are changes to the load during operation, such as the load being lifted (lowered) against gravity.
- 2. The purpose of this product is stable rotation at low-speed.

It does not provide any function to cushion the impact at the operation start or end.

3. Speed may vary at the rotation end depending on operating conditions. (This phenomenon can be avoided by using the external stopper.)

Air Supply

ACaution

1. Do not use at dew point of -60C or lower. Operation at dew point of -60C or lower may adversely affect the lubricant used inside and can lead to operation failure.



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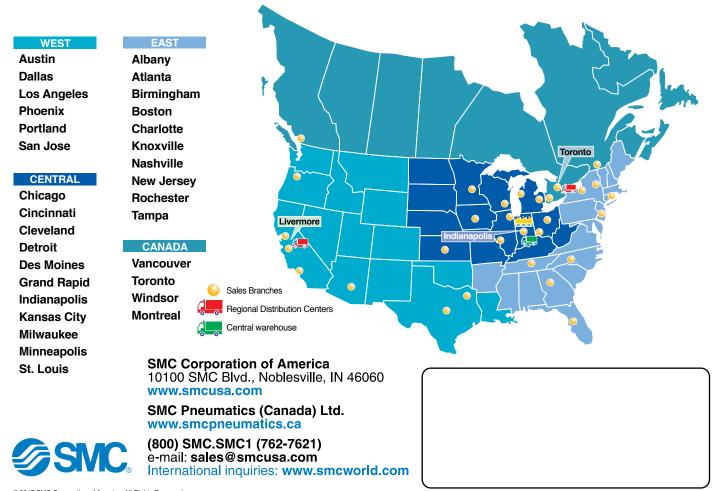
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