## **Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller**

## Thermo-chiller Standard Type







# Lightweight and Compact

Cooling capacity 9 kW

Weight

14.8 [377]

[mm]

Temperature stability  $\pm 0.9^{\circ}$  F [ $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C]

Set temperature range 41 to 9

Max. ambient temperature

Indoor use

Compatible power supplies in Europe, Asia, Oceania, North, Central and South America

- 3-phase 200 V
- 3-phase 400 V



Page 4

Water-cooled refrigeration

Air-cooled refrigeration

## With heating function

Heating method using discharged heat makes a heater unnecessary.

**Convenient functions** 

Timer operation function/Unit conversion function /Powerfailure auto-restart function /Anti-freezing operation function

and check display

41 types of alarm codes

**Environme tal friendly** Page 4 R410A as refrigerant

**Easy maintenance** 

Page 2

Tool-less maintenance of filter

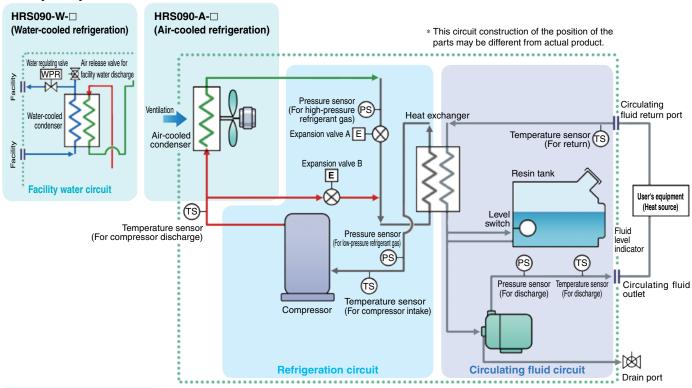
Communication function

Self diagnosis function

Equipped with serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) as standard.

# Compact and lightweight 136 kg

The precision temperature control method by expansion valve and temperature sensor, realized high temperature stability of  $\pm 0.9^{\circ}F$  [ $\pm 0.5^{\circ}C$ ] and a small-size tank.



#### Refrigeration circuit

- The compressor compresses the refrigerant gas, and discharges the high temperature and high pressure refrigerant gas.
- In the case of air-cooled refrigeration, the high temperature and high pressure refrigerant gas is cooled down by an air-cooled condenser with the ventilation of the fan, and becomes a liquid. In the case of water-cooled refrigeration, the refrigerant gas is cooled by a water-cooled condenser with the facility water in the facility water circuit, and becomes a liquid.
- The liquefied high pressure refrigerant gas expands and its temperature lowers when it passes through expansion valve A and vaporizes by taking heat from the circulating fluid in the heat exchanger.
- The vaporized refrigerant gas is sucked into the compressor and compressed again.
- When heating the circulating fluid, the high pressure and high temperature refrigerant gas is bypassed into the evaporator by expansion valve B, to heat the circulating fluid.

Point

The combination of precise control of expansion valve A for cooling, and expansion valve B for heating realized high temperature stability.

#### Circulating fluid circuit

- The circulating fluid discharged from the pump, is heated or cooled by the user's equipment and returns to the thermo-chiller.
- The circulating fluid is controlled to a set temperature by the refrigeration circuit, to be discharged to the user's equipment side again by the thermo-chiller.

**Point** 

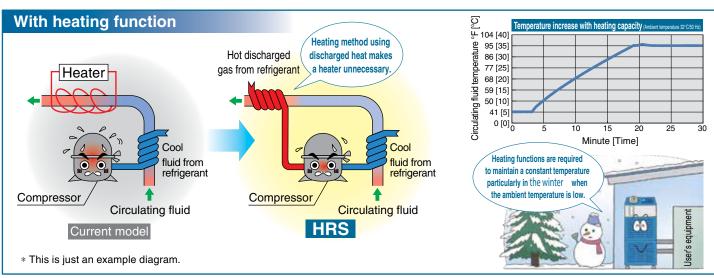
Since the refrigeration circuit is controlled by the signal from 2 temperature sensors (for return and discharge), precise temperature control of the circulating fluid can be performed. Therefore, there is no necessity of absorbing the temperature difference in the circulating fluid with a large tank capacity, and realizes high temperature stability even with a small-size tank. Also, contributes to space-saving.

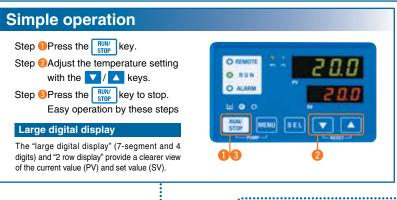
#### **Facility water circuit**

#### For water-cooled refrigeration HRS□-W-□

 The water regulating valve opens and closes to keep the refrigerant gas pressure consistent. The facility water flow rate is controlled by the water regulating valve.

#### Reduced-height double condenser structure 14.8 [377] 42.5 Conventional Achieved a maximum [1080] Aluminum air-cooled condenser reduction in the height Multiple air-cooled of the product while condensers are High heat transfer efficiency, Lightweight expanding the cooling arranged one above the other. capacity, by providing Compact tank 4.8gal (18L) overlapped air-cooled inch condensers. Temperature followability control reduced the tank capacity 38.2 [970] required as a buffer.

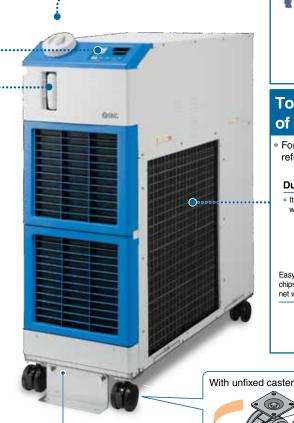




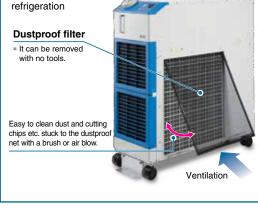








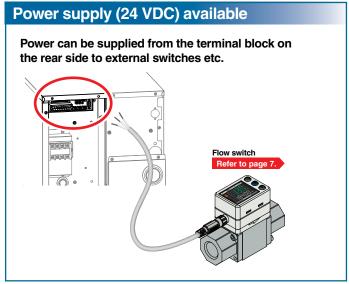
# Tool-less inspection and cleaning of air-cooled condenser \* For air-cooled

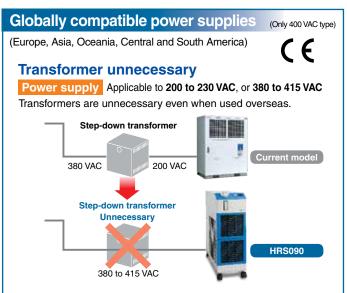


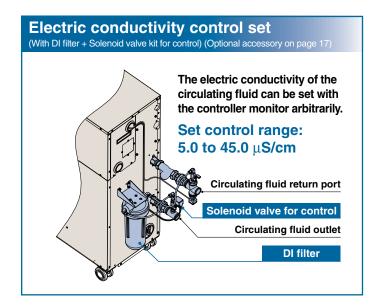
Locking lever
(front wheels only)

Anchor bolt fixing bracket

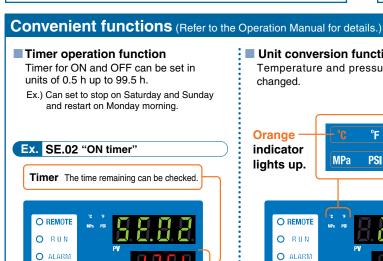
\* Remove bracket when moving,











changed. Temperature unit **Orange** indicator MPa **PSI** Pressure unit lights up. O REMOTE O RUN O ALARM **⊟ 9** C

Temperature and pressure units can be

Unit conversion function

#### Power failure auto-restart function

Automatic restart from stoppage due to power failure etc. is possible without pressing the key and remote operation.

#### Anti-freezing operation function

If the temperature approaches freezing point, e.g. in winter at night, the pump operates automatically and the heat generated by the pump warms the circulating fluid, preventing freezing.

#### Key-lock function

Can be set in advance to protect the set values from being changed by pressing keys by mistake.

#### Function to output a signal for completion of preparation

Notifies by communication when the temperature reaches the pre-set temperature range.

#### Independent operation of the pump

The pump can be operated independently while chiller is powered off. You can check piping leak and remove the air.

#### Self diagnosis function and check display

#### Display of individual alarm codes For details, refer to page 13.

Operation is monitored all the time by the integrated sensor.

Should any error occur, the self diagnosis result is displayed by the applicable alarm code.

This makes it easier to identify the cause of the alarm.

Can be used before requesting service.

#### Changeable alarm set values

Setting item	Set value
Circulating fluid discharge temperature rise	41 to 131°F [ 5 to 55°C]
Circulating fluid discharge temperature drop	34 to 93°F [1 to 34°C]
Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise	7.3 to 87 psi [0.05 to 0.6 MPa]
Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop	7.3 to 87 psi [0.05 to 0.6 MPa]



#### Alarm codes notify of checking times.

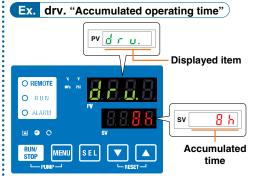
Notifies when to check the pump and fan motor. Helpful for facility maintenance.

\* The fan motor is not used in water-cooled refrigeration.



#### Check display

The internal temperature, pressure and operating time of the product are displayed.



Displayed item Circulating fluid outlet temperature Circulating fluid return temperature Circulating fluid flow rate\*1 Compressor gas temperature Circulating fluid outlet pressure Compressor gas discharge pressure Compressor gas return pressure Accumulated operating time Accumulated operating time of pump Accumulated operating time of fan\*2 Accumulated operating time of compressor Accumulated operation time of dustproof filter\*2

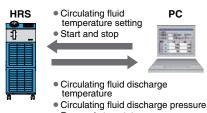
- \*1 This is not measurement value. Use it for reference.
- \*2 These are displayed only for air-cooled refrigeration.

#### Communication function

The serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) are equipped as standard. Communication with the user's equipment and system construction are possible, depending on the application. A 24 VDC output can be also provided, and is available for a flow switch (SMC's PF2W etc.).

#### Ex. 1) Remote signal I/O through serial communication

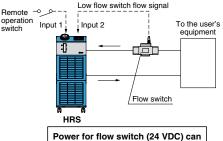
The remote operation is enabled (to start and stop) through serial communication.



- Run and stop status
- Alarm information
- Various setting information
- Preparation completion status

#### Ex. 2 Remote operation signal input

One of the contact inputs is used for remote operation and the other is used for a flow switch to monitor the flow, and their warning outputs are taken in.



be supplied from thermo-chiller.

#### Ex. 3 Alarm and operation status (start, stop, etc.) signal output

The alarm and status generated in the product are assigned to 3 output signals based on their contents, and can be output.



#### · Output setting example

Output 1: Temperature rise

Output 2: Pressure rise

Output 3: Operation status (start, stop, etc.)



## **Applications**

#### Laser beam machine/ Laser welding machine

Cooling of the laser oscillation part and power source



#### **Printing machine**

Temperature control of the roller



#### **Cleaning machine**

Temperature control of cleaning solution



#### Arc welding machine

Cooling of the torch



## Resistance welding machine (spot welding)

Cooling of the welding head electrodes, transformers and transistors (thyristors)

## High frequency induction heating equipment

Cooling of the heating coils, high frequency power source and around inverters



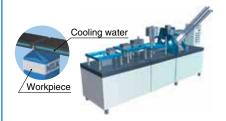
#### X-ray (digital) instrument

Temperature control of X-ray tube and X-ray light sensing part

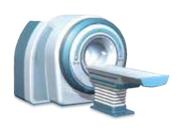


## Packaging line (sealing of film and paper package)

Cooling of workpieces for bonding



#### MRI



#### **Injection molding**



## **Atomizing device** (food and cosmetics)

Temperature control of sample and device



#### **Crushing machine**

Cooling of the jacket





## **Global Supply Network**

#### SMC has a comprehensive network in the global market.

We now have a presence of more than 400 branch offices and distributors in 78 countries world wide such as Asia, Oceania, North/Central/South America, and Europe. With this global network, we are able to provide a global supply of our substantial range of products with the best service. We also provide full support to local factories, foreign manufacturing companies and Japanese companies in each country.





## **SMC Thermo-chiller Variations**

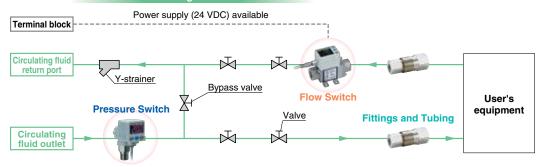
Lots of variations are available in response to the users' requirements.

Lots of variations are available in response to the users' requirements.																	
		Temperature	Set temperature				С	oolin	ıg ca	pacit	y [kV	V]					International
Si	eries	stability °F [°C]	range °F [°C]	1.2	1.2 1.8 2.4 3			5	5 6 9 10 15		15	20 25 28		28	Environment	standards	
	HRSE Basic type	±3.6 [2.0]	50 to 86 [10 to 30]	•	•	•										Indoor use	<b>( €</b> (Only 230 VAC type)
	HRS Standard type	±0.18 [±0.1]	41 to 104 [5 to 40]	•	•	•	•	•	•							Indoor use	<b>( €</b> . (Only 60 Hz)
	HRS090 Standard type	±0.9 [±0.5]	41 to 95 [5 to 35]							•						Indoor use	<b>( €</b> (400 V as standard)
	HRS100/150 Standard type	±1.8 [±1.0]	41 to 95 [5 to 35]								•	•				Outdoor installation IPX4	<b>( €</b> (400 V as standard)
	HRSH090 Inverter type	±0.18 [±0.1]	41 to 104 [5 to 40]							•						Indoor use	<b>( €</b> (400 V as standard, 200 V as an option)  (Only 200 V as an option)
	HRSH Inverter type	±0.18 [±0.1]	41 to 95 [5 to 35]								•	•	•	•	•	Outdoor installation IPX4	<b>( €</b> (400 V as standard, 200 V as an option) .⊞, (Only 200 V as an option)

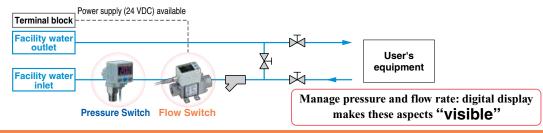


#### **Circulating Fluid/Facility Water Line Equipment**

#### **Circulating Fluid Line**



#### Facility Water Line (Water-cooled)



#### Flow Switch: Monitors flow rate and temperature of the circulating fluid.

3-Color Display Digital Flow Switch for Water PF3W



3-Color Display Electromagnetic Type Digital Flow Switch LFE



Digital Flow Switch for Deionized Water and Chemical Liquids PF2D 4-Channel Flow Monitor PF2 200





Refer to the WEB catalog or the Best Pneumatics No. 6 for details.



Pressure Switch: Monitors pressure of the circulating fluid.



and temperature sensor

2-Color Display High-Precision Digital Pressure Switch ISE80











#### **Fittings and Tubing**



#### Metal One-touch Fittings KQB2



Stainless Steel 316 Insert Fittings KFG2





#### S Coupler/Stainless Steel (Stainless Steel 304) KKA



Stainless Steel 316 One-touch Fittings KQG2



Fluoropolymer Fittings LQ



#### Refer to the WEB catalog or the Best Pneumatics No. 6 for details.



Series	Material	
Т	Nylon	
TU	Polyurethane	
TH	FEP (Fluoropolymer)	
TD	Modified PTFE (Soft fluoropolymer)	
TL	Super PFA	
TLM	PFA	

# CONTENTS

## Series HRS090 Standard Type



#### Thermo-chiller Series HRS090

How to Order/Specifications	i	Optional Ac
Air-cooled 200 V/400 V	Page 9	① Piping Conv
Water-cooled 200 V/400 V	Page 10	②Bypass Pipir
Cooling Capacity	Page 11	③ Electric Con
Pump Capacity	Page 11	4 Particle Filte
Dimensions	Page 12	⑤ Filter for Circ
Operation Display Panel ·····	Page 13	
List of Function ·····	Page 13	Cooling Ca
Alarm ·····	Page 13	Required Cooli
Communication Function ····	Page 14	Precautions on
		Circulating Fluid
Options		
With Earth Leakage Breake	r Page 15	Specific Product F
With Automatic Fluid Fill Fu	nctionPage 15	
Applicable to Deionized Wa	ter Piping ····· Page 15	

#### cessories

	age 16
② Bypass Piping Set Pa	age 16
3 Electric Conductivity Control Set Pa	age 17
4 Particle Filter SetPa	age 17
5 Filter for Circulating Fluid Fill Port Pa	age 18
<ul><li>Cooling Capacity Calculation</li></ul>	
Required Cooling Capacity Calculation Pa	age 19
Required Cooling Capacity Calculation Parecautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation Parecautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation	_
	age 20
Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation ····· Pa	age 20

# Thermo-chiller Standard Type

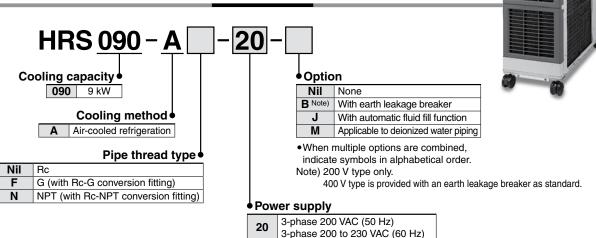


Air-cooled 200 V/400 V Type



Series HRS090

#### How to Order



3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)

#### **Specifications**

		Model		HRS090-A□-20-□	HRS090-A□-40-□		
Co	oling met	hod		Air-cooled refrigeration			
Refrigerant				R410A (HFC)			
	ntrol meti			PID control			
Am		nperature*1		41 to 113°F	41 to 113°F [5 to 45°C]		
		ng fluid*2		Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water			
		perature range*1		41 to 95°F	[5 to 35°C]		
=		capacity 50/60 Hz*3	kW	8.0/			
<u>ē</u>		capacity 50/60 Hz*4	kW	111,	2.2		
system		ture stability*5		±0.9°F [:			
		Rated flow 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6	g/min [L/min]	7.7/11.9	<u> </u>		
⊒	canacity	Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz	g/min [L/min]	14.5/18.0			
Circulating fluid		Maximum pump head		164 ft			
ੇ ਹੋ		n operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7	g/min [L/min]	7.7/11.9 [29/45]			
👸	Tank cap			4.8 gal [18L]			
<u>ક</u>		ng fluid outlet, circulating fluid r	eturn port	Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)			
Tank drain port				Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/	, ,		
Fluid contact material				Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE,			
$\square$				FKM, EPDM, PVC, NBR, POM, PE, PP, Carbon, Ceramic			
system	Power si	vlaqu		3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)			
\st				0 0 1	Allowable voltage range $\pm 10\%$ (No continuous voltage fluctuation)		
<del>   </del>		earth leakage Rated current	Α	30	20		
Electrical	breaker (St			30			
<u>8</u>		perating current 50/60 Hz*5	Α	16/18	8.4/9.1		
		ower consumption 50/60 Hz*5	kW (kVA)	4.3/5.4 (5.5/6.0)	4.4/5.6 (5.8/6.3)		
No	ise level (	Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5	dB (A)	73	75		
				Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (			
Acc	Accessories			Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.),			
Accessories				Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A,			
				Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including four M10 bolts)*8			
We	ight (dry	state)		Appro	x. 300 lbs [136 Kg]		

- \* 1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 50°F [10°C] or less.
- \* 2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.
  - Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994)
  - 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.
  - Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 mS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MW-cm
- \*3 ① Ambient temperature: 90°F [32°C], ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 68°F [20°C], (4) Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, (5) Power supply: 200/400 VAC
- \* 4 1 Ambient temperature: 90°F [32°C], 2 Circulating fluid: Tap water, 3 Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, 4 Power supply: 200/400 VAC
- \* 5 (1) Ambient temperature: 90°F [32°C], (2) Circulating fluid: Tap water, (3) Circulating fluid temperature: 68°F [20°C], 4 Load: Same as the cooling capacity, 5 Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, 6 Power supply: 200/400 VAC, 7 Piping length: Shortest
- \* 6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure = 73 psi [0.5 MPa].
- \* 7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 73 psi [0.5 MPa] or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
  - \* 8 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including four M10 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included.

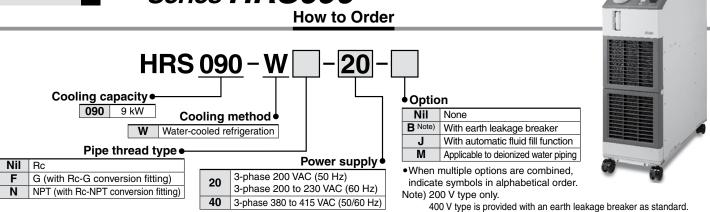


# Thermo-chiller Standard Type Water-cooled 200 V/400 V Type





Series HRS090



#### **Specifications**

		Model	HRS090-W□-20-□	HRS090-W□-40-□		
	oling met	inod	Water-cooled refrigeration			
	frigerant		R410A (HFC)			
	ntrol met		PID control			
An		nperature*1		41 to 113°F [5 to 45°C]		
		ing fluid*2		queous solution, Deionized water		
		perature range*1		41 to 95°F [5 to 35°C]		
E		capacity 50/60 Hz*3 kW		10.5		
system		capacity 50/60 Hz*4 kW		/2.2		
Š	Tempera	ature stability*5		[±0.5°C]		
<u>.</u>	Pump	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6	7.7/11.9 g/mir	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
I₽	capacity	Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz	14.5/18.0 g/mi			
0		Maximum pump head	164 ft			
Circulating fluid		n operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7		n [29/45 L/min]		
∣≝	Tank ca			I [18 L]		
ટ		ing fluid outlet, circulating fluid return port	Rc1 (Symbol F: G1			
၂၀	Tank dra	ain port		4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)		
	Fluid co	ntact material	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE, FKM, EPDM, PVC, NBR, POM, PE, PP, Carbon, Ceramic			
E Temperature range			41 to 104°F	[5 to 40°C]		
Temperature range Pressure range Required flow 50/60 Hz			44 to 73 psi [0	.3 to 0.5 MPa]		
ે	Require	d flow 50/60 Hz	5.5/5.5 g/min			
ate	Facility	water pressure differential	44 psi [0.3 N	MPa] or more		
<b>×</b>	Facility	water inlet/outlet	Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/	2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)		
Facility water	Fluid co	ntact material		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Brass PTFE. NBR. EPDM		
-			3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)			
Ę.	Power s	upply		Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation)		
sk	Annlinal	ole earth Rated current A	Allowable voltage range ±10% (NO continuous voltage nuctuation)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
78				0 20		
Power supply  Applicable earth leakage breaker*8 Sensitivity of leak current mA  Bated operating current 50/60 Hz*5 A  Bated power consumption 50/60 Hz*5 kW (kVA)			13/14	6.4/6.7		
<u>ĕ</u>				3.4/4.2 (4.4/4.7)		
Rated power consumption 50/60 Hz*5 kW (kVA)  Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5 dB (A)				5.4/4.2 (4.4/4.7)		
Noise level (Front Fin/Height Fin) UB (A)			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			l ·	(English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.),		
Ac	cessories	<b>S</b>	Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.),			
			Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A,			
			Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including four M10 bolts)*9			
We	eight (dry	state)	Approx. 273	lbs [124 Kg]		

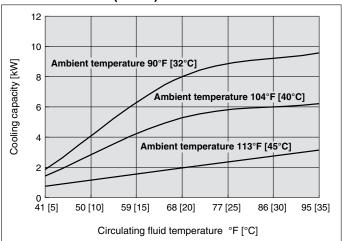
- \* 1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 50°F [10°C] or less.
- \* 2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.
- Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994)
  - 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.
- Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 mS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MW-cm or lower)
- \* 3 ① Ambient temperature: 90°F [32°C], ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 68°F [20°C], ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
- \* 4 ① Ambient temperature: 90°F [32°C], ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
- \* 5 ① Ambient temperature: 90°F [32°C], ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 68°F [20°C], ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200/400 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest
- \* 6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure = 73 psi [0.5 MPa].
- \* 7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 73 psi [0.5 MPa] or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
- \*8 To be prepared by user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker].
- \*9 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including four M10 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included.



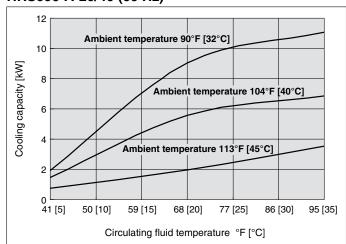
## Series HRS090 Standard Type

#### **Cooling Capacity**

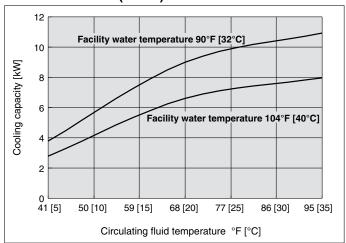
#### HRS090-A-20/40 (50 Hz)



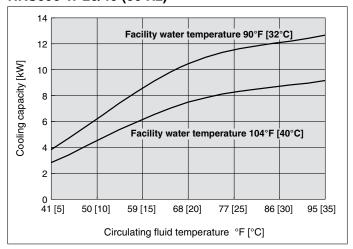
#### HRS090-A-20/40 (60 Hz)



#### HRS090-W-20/40 (50 Hz)

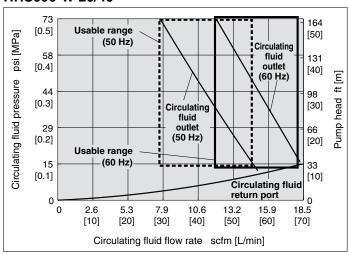


#### HRS090-W-20/40 (60 Hz)



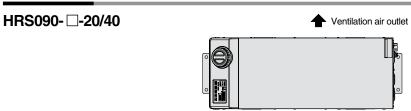
#### Pump Capacity

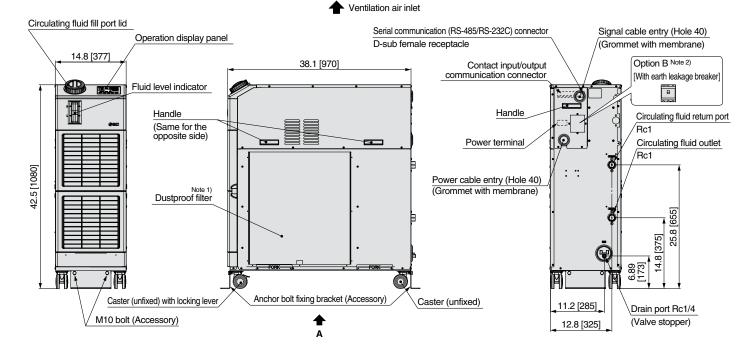
#### HRS090-A-20/40 HRS090-W-20/40

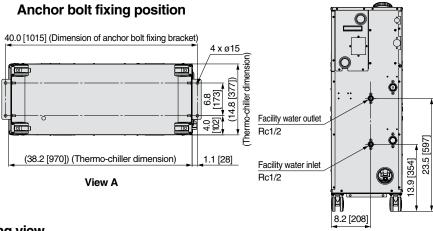




Dimensions inch [mm]

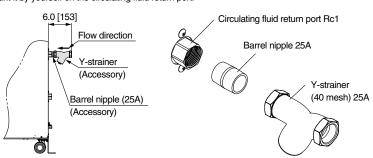






#### **Accessory: Y-strainer mounting view**

\* Mount it by yourself on the circulating fluid return port.



For water-cooled type



## Series HRS090 Standard Type

#### **Operation Display Panel**

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



	(10(15	<u> </u>					
No.	Description		Function				
1	Digital display	PV	Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes).				
	(7 segment, 4 digits)	sv	Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.				
2	[°C] [°F] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the of displayed temperature (default setting: °C).				
3	[MPa] [PSI] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the of displayed pressure (default setting: MPa).				
4	[REMOTE] lamp		Enables remote operation (start and stop) by communication. Lights up during remote operation.				
(5)	[RUN] lamp	Lights up when the product is started, and goes off when it is stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or anti-freezing function, or independent operation of the pump.					
6	[ALARM] lamp	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.					
7	[닐] lamp	Light	s up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level.				
8	[ 🕘 ] lamp	Equipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated.					
9	[O] lamp	Equipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which restarts the product automatically after stopped due to a power failure. Lights up when this function is operated.					
10	[RUN/STOP] key	Makes the product start or stop.					
11)	[MENU] key	Shifts the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature and pressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).					
12	[SEL] key	Cha	anges the item in menu and enters the set value.				
13	[▼] key	Decreases the set value.					
14)	[ <b>▲</b> ] key	Increases the set value.					
15	[PUMP] key		s the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts ing independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).				
16	[RESET] key		ss the [▼] and [▲] keys simultaneously. The alarm zer is stopped and the [ALARM] lamp is reset.				

#### **List of Function**

No.	Function	Outline
1	Main display	Displays the current and set temperature of the circulating fluid, discharge pressure of the circulating fluid. Changes the circulating fluid set temperature.
2	Alarm display menu	Indicates alarm number when an alarm occurs.
3	Inspection monitor menu	Product temperature, pressure and accumulated operating time can be checked as daily inspection. Use these for daily inspection.
4	Key-lock	Keys can be locked so that set values cannot be changed by operator error.
5	Timer for operation start/stop	Timer is used to set the operation start/stop.
6	Signal for the completion of preparation	A signal is output when the circulating fluid temperature reaches the set temperature, when using contact input/output and serial communication.
7	Offset function	Use this function when there is a temperature offset between the discharge temperature of the thermo-chiller and user's equipment.
8	Reset after power failure	Start operation automatically after the power supply is turned on.
9	Key click sound setting	Operation panel key sound can be set on/off.
10	Changing temp. unit	Temperature unit can be changed. Centigrade (°C) ⇔ Fahrenheit (°F)
11	Changing pressure unit	Pressure unit can be changed. MPa ⇔ PSI
12	Data reset	Functions can be reset to the default settings (settings when shipped from the factory).
13	Accumulation time reset	Reset function when the pump, the fan or the compressor is replaced. Reset the accumulated time here.
14	Anti-freezing function	Circulating fluid is protected from freezing during winter or at night. Set beforehand if there is a risk of freezing.
15	Warming-up function	When circulating fluid temperature rising time at starting needs shortening during winter or at night, set beforehand.
16	Alarm buzzer sound setting	Alarm sound can be set to on/off.
17	Alarm customizing	Operation during alarm condition and threshold values can be changed depending on the alarm type.
18	Communication	This function is used for contact input/output or serial communication.

#### **Alarm**

This unit has alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Alarm message

Code	Alarm message
AL01	Low level in tank
AL02	High circulating fluid discharge temp.
AL03	Circulating fluid discharge temp. rise
AL04	Circulating fluid discharge temp. drop
AL05	High circulating fluid return temp.
AL06	High circulating fluid discharge pressure
AL07	Abnormal pump operation
AL08	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise
AL09	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop
AL10	High compressor intake temp.
AL11	Low compressor intake temp.
AL12	Low super heat temp.
AL13	High compressor discharge pressure
AL15	Refrigeration circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop
AL16	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise

Code	Alami message
AL17	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop
AL18	Compressor running failure
AL19	Communication error
AL20	Memory error
AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temp. sensor failure
AL23	Circulating fluid return temp. sensor failure
AL24	Compressor intake temp. sensor failure
AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL28	Pump maintenance
AL29	Fan maintenance
AL30	Compressor maintenance
AL31	Contact input 1 signal detection

Code	Alarm message				
AL32	Contact input 2 signal detection				
AL37	Compressor discharge temp. sensor failure				
AL38	Compressor discharge temp. rise				
AL40	Dustproof filter maintenance Note)				
AL41	Power stoppage				
AL42	Compressor waiting				
AL43	Fan failure <sup>Note)</sup>				
AL45	Compressor over current				
AL47	Pump over current				
AL50	Incorrect phase error				
AL51	Phase board over current				
Vota) Doos not occur on the product of water-cooled					

Note) Does not occur on the product of water-cooled refrigeration type.

\* For details, read the Operation Manual.





#### **Communication Function**

#### **Contact Input/Output**

Item		Specifications		
Connector type		M3 terminal block		
Insulation method		Photocoupler		
	Rated input voltage	24 VDC		
Input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 to 26.4 VDC		
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP		
	Input impedance	4.7 kΩ		
0	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less		
Contact output signal	Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (resistance load)		
Signal	Minimum load current	5 VDC 10 mA		
O	utput voltage	24 VDC ±10% 500 mA MAX (No inductive load)		
Circuit diagram		To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side  24 VDC output (500 mA MAX)  24 VCOM V 10  24 VCOM output  Signal description Default setting  Contact input signal 2  Contact input signal 1  Run/stop signal input  Alarm status signal output  Contact output signal 2  Remote status signal output  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 2  Contact output signal 2  Contact output signal 3  Alarm status signal output  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 2  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 1		

<sup>\*</sup> The pin numbers and output signals can be set by user. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.

#### **Serial Communication**

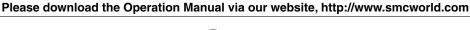
The serial communication (RS-485/RS-232C) enables the following items to be written and read out. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.

Writing
Run/Stop
Circulating fluid temperature
setting (SV)

Circulating fluid present temperature
Circulating fluid discharge pressure
Status information
Alarm occurrence information

Item	Specifications	
Connector type	D-sub 9-pin, Female connector	
Protocol	Modicon Modbus compliant/S	imple communication protocol
Standards	EIA standard RS-485 EIA standard RS-232C	
Circuit diagram	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side

<sup>\*</sup> The terminal resistance of RS-485 (120 Ω) can be switched by the operation display panel. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication. Do not connect other than in the way shown above, as it can result in failure.





# Series HRS090 Options

Note) Select the option when ordering the thermo-chiller because the option cannot be added after purchasing the unit.



Option symbol

With Earth Leakage Breaker

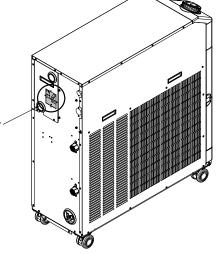
HRS090-□□-20-B

#### With automatic fluid fill function

A leakage breaker is built in to automatically stop the supply power when it has short-circuit, over current or electrical leakage. (For models with power supply specification '- 4 0 ', it is not necessary to select this option because an earth leakage breaker is equipped as standard.)

Applicable model	Rated current [A]	Sensitivity of leak current [mA]	Short circuit display method
HRS090-□□-20-B	30	30	Mechanical button

Earth leakage breaker



\* 400 V type is equipped as standard.



Option symbol

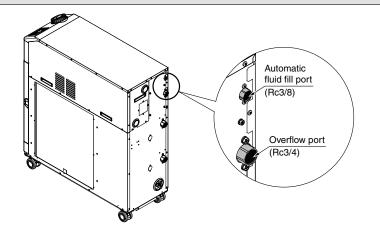
With Automatic Fluid Fill Function

HRS090-□□-<u>J</u>

With earth leakage breaker

By installing this at the automatic fluid fill port, the circulating fluid can be automatically supplied to the product using a built-in solenoid valve for filling fluid while the circulating fluid is decreasing.

Applicable model	HRS090-□□-□-J
Fluid fill method	Built-in solenoid valve for automatic fluid filling
Fluid fill pressure	29 to 73 psi [0.2 to 0.5 MPa]
Feed water temperature	41 to 104°F [5 to 40°C]





Option symbol

**Applicable to Deionized Water Piping** 

HRS090-□□-□-M

 Applicable to deionized water piping

Contact material of the circulating fluid circuit is made from non-copper materials.

Applicable model	HRS090-□□-□-M
Contact material for circulating fluid	Stainless steel (including heat exchanger brazing), SiC, Carbon, PP, PE, POM, FKM, NBR, EPDM, PVC, PTFE

<sup>\*</sup> No change in external dimensions.



## Series HRS090

## **Optional Accessories**

#### 1) Piping Conversion Fitting

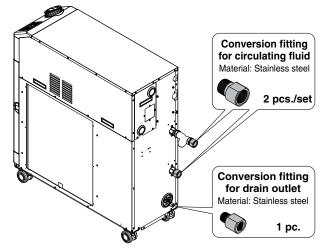
This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

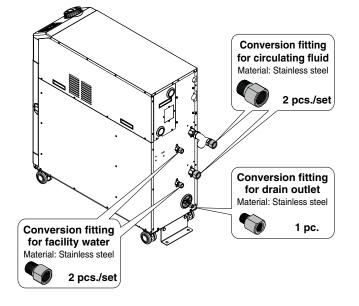
- $\cdot$  Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port Rc1  $\rightarrow$  NPT1 or G1
- $\cdot$  Drain port Rc1/4  $\rightarrow$  NPT1/4 or G1/4

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in "How to Order" since it is included in the product.)

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model	
HRS-EP018	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-A-20	
HRS-EP019	G thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-A-20	

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP022	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-W-20
HRS-EP023	G thread conversion fitting set	HN3030-W-20





When option J (With automatic fluid fill function) is included, use the following part numbers.

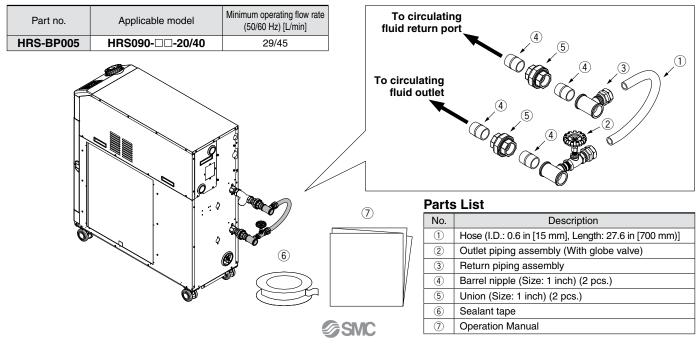
- · Automatic fluid fill port Rc3/8 → NPT3/8 or G3/8
- · Overflow port Rc3/4 → NPT3/4 or G3/4
- \* The conversion fittings for circulating fluid outlet/return port, drain port, facility water inlet/outlet (for water-cooled refrigeration) are also included.

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP020	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-A-J
HRS-EP021	G thread conversion fitting set	HINGUSU-A-U

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP024	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-W-J
HRS-EP025	G thread conversion fitting set	HU2030-M-2

### **② Bypass Piping Set**

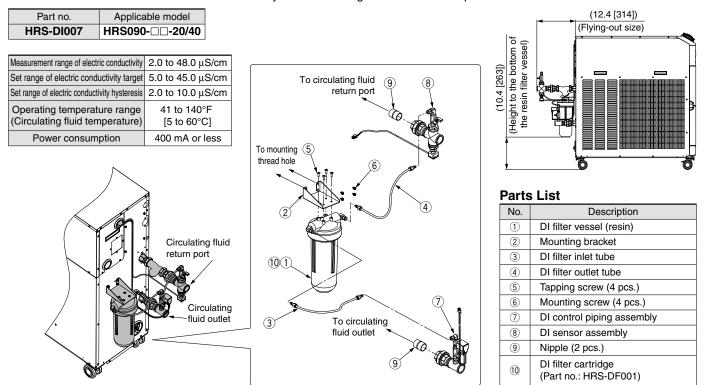
When the circulating fluid goes below the minimum operating flow rate (as shown below), cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. Use the bypass piping set to ensure a circulating fluid flow rate of the minimum operating flow rate or more.



#### **3 Electric Conductivity Control Set**

inch [mm]

The set indicates and controls the electric conductivity of the circulating fluid. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.



#### **4** Particle Filter Set

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.

## Particle Filter Set

HRS-PF005-H

Accessory	
Symbol	Accessory
Nil	None

Н

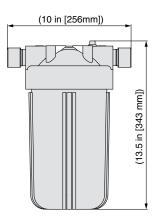
Fluid	Tap water
Max. operating pressure	94 psi [0.65 MPa]
Operating temperature range	41 to 95°F [5 to 35°C]
Nominal filtration accuracy	5 μm
Installation environment	Indoors

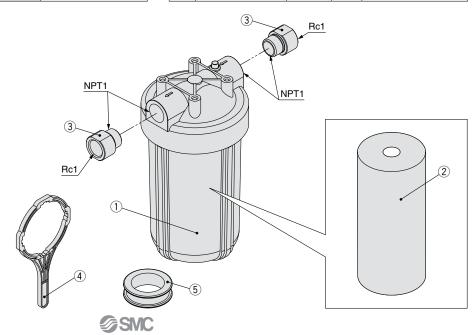
#### **Parts List**

No.	Description	Material	Q'ty	Note
1	Body	PC, PP	1	_
2	Element	PP	1	_
3	Extension piece	Stainless steel	2	Conversion from NPT to Rc
4	Handle	_	1	When -H is selected
(5)	Sealant tape	PTFE	1	_

## Replacement Element HRS-PF006

With handle



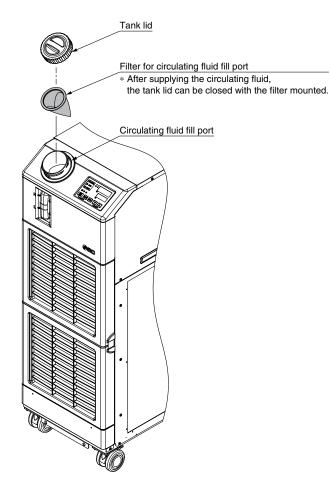


#### **5** Filter for Circulating Fluid Fill Port

Prevents foreign matter from entering the tank when supplying the circulating fluid. Can be used just by fitting into the circulating fluid fill port.

## ■ Filter for circulating fluid fill port HRS-PF007

Material	Stainless steel 304, Stainless steel 316
Mesh size	200



## Series HRS090

## **Cooling Capacity Calculation**

**Required Cooling Capacity Calculation** 

#### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the user's equipment.\*

1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 7 [kW]

$$Q = P = 7 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 7 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.4 [kW]

V: Power supply voltage

Power consumption

amount
User's equipment

V: Power supply voltage

Q: Heat generation

② Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 8.8 [kVA]

 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$ 

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

$$= 8.8 [kVA] \times 0.85 = 7.5 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

3 Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power etc.) W: 13 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{5.1}{0.7}=7.3$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

#### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the user's equipment.

Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q**: Unknown [W] ([J/s])

Circulating fluid: Tap water\*

Circulating fluid mass flow rate **qm** :  $(= \rho x qv \div 60) [kg/s]$ 

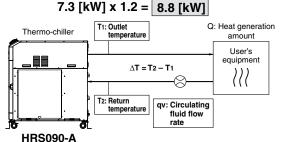
 $\label{eq:continuity} \begin{array}{ll} \text{Circulating fluid density } \rho & : 1 \text{ [kg/L]} \\ \text{Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate } \textbf{qv} & : 35 \text{ [L/min]} \end{array}$ 

Circulating fluid specific heat **C** :  $4.186 \times 10^3 \, [\text{J/(kg·K})]$  Circulating fluid outlet temperature **T1** :  $293 \, [\text{K}] \, (20 \, [^{\circ}\text{C}])$  Circulating fluid return temperature **T2** :  $296 \, [\text{K}] \, (23 \, [^{\circ}\text{C}])$  Circulating fluid temperature difference  $\Delta T$  :  $3 \, [\text{K}] \, (= \text{T2} - \text{T1})$  Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units) :  $60 \, [\text{s/min}]$ 

\* Refer to page 11 for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

Q = qm x C x (T<sub>2</sub>-T<sub>1</sub>)  
= 
$$\frac{\rho x \text{ qv x C x}\Delta T}{60}$$
 =  $\frac{1 \times 35 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 3.0}{60}$   
= 7325 [J/s]  $\approx$  7325 [W] = 7.3 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,



#### Example of conventional measurement units (Reference) Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q**: Unknown [cal/h] → [W] Circulating fluid : Tap water\* Circulating fluid weight flow rate **qm** : (= $\rho \times \mathbf{qv} \times 60$ ) [kgf/h] Circulating fluid weight volume ratio $\gamma$ : 1 [kgf/L] Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 35 [L/min] Circulating fluid specific heat C : 1.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> [cal/(kgf.°C)] Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1:20 [°C] Circulating fluid return temperature T2: 23 [°C] Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta T$ : 3 [°C] (= $T_2 - T_1$ ) Conversion factor: hours to minutes: 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W] $Q = \frac{qm \times C \times (T_2 - T_1)}{}$ $= \frac{\gamma \times qv \times 60 \times C \times \Delta}{T}$ $= \frac{1 \times 35 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 1.0^{3} \times 3.0}{1000}$ ≈ 7325 [W] = 7.3 [kW] Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 7.3 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.8 [kW]



<sup>\*</sup> The above examples calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the user's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time)  $\boldsymbol{Q}\,$  : Unknown [W] ([J/s])

Cooled substance : Water

Cooled substance total volume V : 150 [L]
Cooled substance specific heat C : 4.186 x

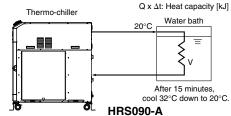
Cooled substance specific heat **C** : 4.186 x 10<sup>3</sup> [J/(kg·K)]
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins **To**: 303 [K] (30 [°C])
Cooled substance temperature after thour **T**t : 293 [K] (20 [°C])

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Cooled substance temperature after t hour $T$t} & : 293 \mbox{ [K] (20 [^{\circ}C])} \\ \mbox{Cooling temperature difference $\Delta T$} & : 10 \mbox{ [K] (= $T_0 - T_t)} \\ \mbox{Cooling time $\Delta t$} & : 900 \mbox{ [s] (= 15 [min])} \\ \end{array}$ 

\* Refer to the following for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

Q = 
$$\frac{\text{m x C x (To x Tt)}}{\Delta t} = \frac{\rho \text{ x V x C x } \Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
  
=  $\frac{1 \text{ x 150 x 4.186 x 10}^3 \text{ x 10}}{0.00} = 6977 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 7.0 \text{ [kW]}$ 

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,



#### Example of conventional measurement units (Reference)

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time)  $\mathbf{Q}$ : Unknown [cal/h]  $\rightarrow$  [W]

Cooled substance weight volume ratio  $\gamma$  :1 [kgf/L] Cooled substance total volume **V** : 150 [L]

Cooled substance specific heat  $\bf C$  : 1.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> [cal/(kgf·°C)]

Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins **To**: 30 [°C] Cooled substance temperature after t hour **Tt**: 20 [°C]

Cooling temperature difference  $\Delta T$  : 10 [°C] (= To - Tt)

Cooling time  $\Delta t$  : 15 [min] : 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h] : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10_3 \times 10}{15 \times 860}$$

$$\approx 6977 [W] = 7.0 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

7.0 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.4 [kW]

Note) This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only.

Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

#### **Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### 1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the user's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

#### 2. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the user's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the user's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

#### **Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values**

#### 1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity.

Density  $\rho$ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional unit system, weight volume ratio  $\gamma = 1$  [kgf/L] ) Specific heat **C**: 4.19 x 10<sup>3</sup> [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional unit system, 1 x 10<sup>3</sup> [cal/(kgf·°C)])

#### 2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

#### Water

Water							
Physical property	- 0o.t, p	Specific heat C		l unit system			
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]			
41°F [5°C]	1.00	4.2 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
50 [10]	1.00	4.19 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
59 [15]	1.00	4.19 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
68 [20]	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
77 [25]	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
86 [30]	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
95 [35]	0.99	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.99	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
104 [40]	0.99	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.99	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>			

Physical property	<b>Density</b> ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional unit system	
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]
41°F [5°C]	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
50 [10]	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
59 [15]	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
68 [20]	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
77 [25]	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
86 [30]	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
95 [35]	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
104 [40]	1.01	3.92 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>

Note) The above shown are reference values. Contact circulating fluid supplier for details.







Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smcworld.com

#### Design

## ⚠ Warning

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.
  - Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the user's system and this unit.
  - Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the user's operating condition. Also, the user is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.
- 2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks, and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

3. Use non-corrosive materials for fluid contact parts of circulating fluid.

Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid (facility water) circuits. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

4. The facility water outlet temperature (water-cooled type) may increase up to around 140°F [60°C].

When selecting the facility water pipings, consider the suitability for temperature.

Selection

#### Selection

## **Marning**

#### Model selection

For selecting a model of thermo-chiller, it is required to know the heat generation amount of the user's equipment. Obtain the heat generation amount, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 19 and 20 before selecting a model.

Handling

#### Handling

## **Marning**

Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

#### **Operating Environment / Storage Environment**

## ⚠ Warning

- Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.
  - 1. Outdoors
  - In locations where water, water vapor, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
  - 3. In locations where there are dust and particles.
  - In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
  - In locations where the ambient temperature/humidity exceeds the limits as mentioned below or where condensation occurs.

**During transportation/storage:** 5 to 122°F [-15°C to 50°C], 15% to 85% (But as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

**During operation:** 41 to 113°F [5°C to 45°C], 30% to 70% (However, use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 50°F [10°C] or less.)

- 6. In locations where condensation may occur.
- 7. In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 9. In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- 10. In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.

(In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)

- In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 12. In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 13. In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- In locations at altitude of 9542 ft [3000 m] or higher (Except during storage and transportation)
- \* For altitude of 3280 ft [1000 m] or higher

Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will lower according to the descriptions in the table below.

Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.

- ① Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
- ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude ft [m]	①Upper limit of ambient temperature	2 Cooling capacity
Less than 3280 [1000]	113°F [45°C]	1.00
Less than 4921 [1500]	108°F [42°C]	0.85
Less than 6562 [2000]	100°F [38°C]	0.80
Less than 8202 [2500]	95°F [35°C]	0.75
Less than 9842 [3000]	90°F [32°C]	0.70

- 15. In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- 16. In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 17. In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 18. Bevelled place
- 19. Insects or plants may enter the unit.
- 2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smcworld.com

#### Transportation / Carriage / Movement

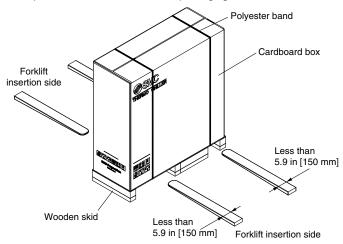
## 

- This product is heavy. Pay attention to safety and position of the product when it is transported, carried and moved.
- 2. Read the Operation Manual carefully to move the product after unpacking.

### 

 Never put the product down sideway as this may cause a failure.

The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.

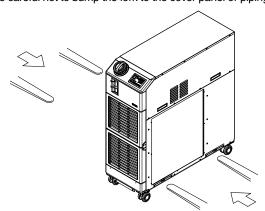


#### <When packaged>

Model	Weight lbs [kg]	Dimensions inch [mm]
HRS090-A-20/40	359 [163]	Height 50.8 x Width 18.5 x Depth 46.5
HRS090-W-20/40	333 [151]	[Height 1290 x Width 470 x Depth 1180]

#### 2. Moving with forklift

- 1. A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2. Insert the fork to the place specified on the label. The fork should reach through to the other side of the product.
- 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.



#### 3. Moving with casters

- This is a heavy product. Make sure this product is lifted by at least two people to avoid falling.
- 2. Do not grip the piping port on the back side or the handles of the panel.
- 3. Do not pass over bumps etc. with the casters.

#### Installation

## **⚠** Warning

- 1. Do not use the product outdoors.
- Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it.

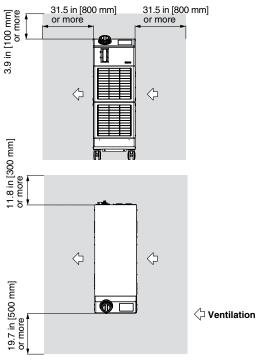
The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

#### 

- 1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- Refer to the Operation Manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.

#### <Air-cooled refrigeration>

- 1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45°C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
- For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.



3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

#### <Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

<u> </u>						
		Required ventilatio	n rate ft³/min[m³/min]			
Model	Heat	Differential temp.	Differential temp. of 10.8°F [6°C]			
		of 5.4°F [3°C]	between inside			
		between inside and outside	and outside of installation			
HRS090-A-20/40	17	10241 [290]	5121 [145]			





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smcworld.com

#### **Piping**

#### 

1. Regarding the circulating fluid and facility water pipings, consider carefully the suitability for temperature, circulating fluid.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid and facility water circuits. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

- 2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow. For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- 3. When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 5. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

## **⚠** Caution

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. When water is used as a circulating fluid, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

#### Tap Water (as Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"

			0	Influ	uence
	Item	Unit	Standard value	Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 77°F [25°C])	_	6.0 to 8.0	0	0
_	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 300*	0	0
item	Chloride ion (CI-)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
5	Sulfuric acid ion (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> )	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
Standard	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
tar	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less		0
00	Calcium hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	30 or less		0
Ε	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
<u>8</u>	Sulfide ion (S <sub>2</sub> -)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
Reference	Ammonium ion (NH <sub>4</sub> +)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
efe	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
<u> </u>	Free carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	Ó	

- \* In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
- 3. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 4. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15%.

Overly high concentrations can cause a pump overload.

Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing when circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or lower and cause the thermo-chiller to break down.

#### Circulating Fluid

## 

5. When deionized water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 MΩ-cm or lower).

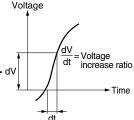
#### **Electrical Wiring**

## **Marning**

Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

## **⚠** Caution

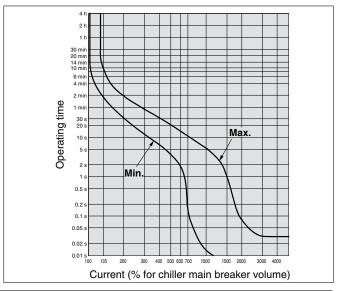
- 1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by user.
- 2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion. dV If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 µsec., it may result in a malfunction.



<For option B [With earth leakage breaker]>

3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the user's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the user's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.



#### **Facility Water Supply**

## **<b>∆**Warning

#### <Water-cooled refrigeration>

- The water-cooled refrigeration type thermo-chiller radiates heat to the facility water. Prepare the facility water system that satisfies the heat radiation and the facility water specifications below.
  - Required facility water system
- <Heat radiation amount/Facility water specifications>

Model	Heat radiation	Facility water specifications
HRS090-W□-□	17	Refer to "Facility water system" in the specifications on page 10.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smcworld.com

#### **Facility Water Supply**

## **⚠** Warning

2. When using tap water as facility water, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below.

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Circulating water"

		_			
	Item	Unit	Standard value	Influence	
	1.0111	Crint	Ciandara value	Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 77°F [25°F])	_	6.5 to 8.2	0	0
_	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 800*	0	0
item	Chloride ion (Cl-)	[mg/L]	200 or less	0	
	Sulfuric acid ion (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> )	[mg/L]	200 or less	0	
Standard	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	100 or less		0
tar	Total hardness	[mg/L]	200 or less		0
0)	Calcium hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	[mg/L]	150 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
E	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
Se Se	Sulfide ion (S <sub>2</sub> -)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
Reference	Ammonium ion (NH <sub>4</sub> +)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	0	
efe	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
æ	Free carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

- \* In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.001 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.

# Set the supply pressure between 44 to 73 psi [0.3 to 0.5 MPa.] Ensure a pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet of 44 psi [0.3 MPa] or more.

If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage. If the supply pressure and pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet is low, it will cause an insufficient flow rate of the facility water, and poor temperature control.

#### Operation

## 

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

- The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of H (High) and L (Low). When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.
- 2) Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level.

Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the user's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed.

Pump can be operated independently.

#### 2. Confirmation during operation

• Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 41 to 95°F [ 5 and 35°C].

When the amount of heat generated from the user's equipment is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

#### 3. Emergency stop method

When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately.
 After stopping operation, disconnect the power supply from the user's equipment.

#### **Operation Restart Time**

#### 

Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.

#### **Protection Circuit**

### Caution

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will ston

- Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of  $\pm 10\%$ .
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- · Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the user's equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is too high. (Check the ambient temperature in the specifications.)
- Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt.

#### Maintenance

## **⚠** Caution

## <Periodical inspection every one month> Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result.

In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

#### <Periodical inspection every three months> Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. When using tap water or deionized water
- Replacement of circulating fluid

Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.

• Tank cleaning (same as the HRS series)

Consider whether dirt, slime or foreign objects may be present in the circulating fluid inside the tank, and carry out regular cleanings of the tank

2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution

Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

#### <Periodical inspection during the winter season>

#### 1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid and facility water freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid and facility water in advance.

#### 2. Consult a professional.

This product has an "anti-freezing function" and "warming-up function." Read the Operation Manual carefully, and if any additional anti-freezing function (e.g. tape heater) is needed, ask for it from the vendor.



## **⚠** Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)\*1), and other safety regulations.

⚠ Caution: Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, If not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

**Warning:** Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, ⚠ Danger: Danger indicates a nazard with a high rever of his if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

\*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power – General rules relating to systems. ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power - General rules relating to systems. IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)

ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots - Safety.

#### **△** Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

- 3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/ equipment until safety is confirmed.
  - 1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
  - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
  - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
- 4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.
  - 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
  - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
  - 3. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
  - 4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.

#### **⚠** Caution

1. The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.

The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries.

If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary.

If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

#### Limited warranty and Disclaimer/ Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".

Read and accept them before using the product.

#### **Limited warranty and Disclaimer**

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered, whichever is first.\*2) Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.
  - \*2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty.

A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

#### Compliance Requirements

- 1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.

#### 

SMC products are not intended for use as instruments for legal metrology.

Measurement instruments that SMC manufactures or sells have not been qualified by type approval tests relevant to the metrology (measurement) laws of each country. Therefore, SMC products cannot be used for business or certification ordained by the metrology (measurement) laws of each country.

Nafety Instructions Be sure to read the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) and "Operation Manual" before use.



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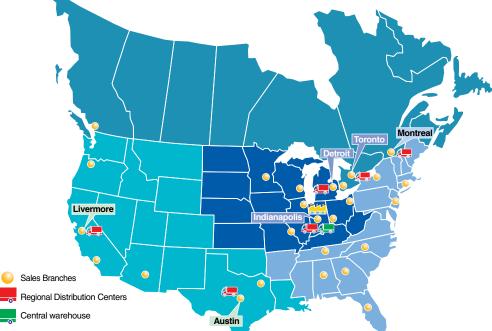
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