## Plate Cylinder



# Series MU 

Double Acting: Single Rod Type/Double Rod Single Acting: Spring Return/Spring Extend ฮ25, ø32, ø40, ø50, ø63
By adopting an elliptical piston design, a slim, square shaped body has been achieved, resulting in a space saving cylinder with unrestricted mounting directions.

## Elliptical design for space savings

A significant reduction in thickness has been achieved through the adoption of the elliptical piston design, enabling the cylinder to be installed in a smaller space (In-house comparison).
Various brackets are available to accommodate a wide range of applications.


Universal mounting:
Possible to mount directly on all sides except the port side.


Possible to install auto switches


## Non-rotating mechanism

Due to the nature of its construction, this cylinder contains a non-rotating function.

Variations




# Plate Cylinder/Double Acting Single Rod Series MU <br> ø25, ø32, ø40, ø50, ø63 

## How to Order



Mounting Bracket/Part No.

| Size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mounting bracket | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ |
| Foot $^{(1)}$ | MU-L02 | MU-L03 | MU-L04 | MU-L05 | MU-L06 |
| Flange $^{\text {Single clevis }}$ | MU-F02 | MU-F03 | MU-F04 | MU-F05 | MU-F06 |
| Double clevis | (3) | MU-D02 | MU-C03 | MU-C04 | MU-C05 |

Note 1) When ordering foot brackets, 2pcs. should be ordered for each cylinder.
Note 2) Parts attached with each mounting brackets are as follows
Foot, Flange, Single clevis/Body mounting bolt
Double clevis/A clevis pin, C shape snap rings for axis, body mounting bolts
Note 3) A clevis pin and snap rings are packed with the double clevis style.

Auto Switch Mounting Bracket/Part No.

| Size | Model | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 2}, \mathbf{4 0}, \mathbf{5 0}, \mathbf{6 3}$ | BMU1-025 | • Auto switch mounting screw (M3 $\times 0.5 \times 6.5 c)$ <br> • Switch mounting nut |

Follow (included nut) is provided. Use them with accordance to environment. (Auto switch interface is available. Order it separately.) BBA2: For D-A7/A8/F7/J7
When D-F7BAL mounted on cylinder is required, the stainless steel screw mentioned above is used at shipping. When auto switch unit is shipped, BBA2 is attached.

## $\triangle$ Precautions

「Be sure to read before handling. Refer to p.0-39 to 0-46
I for Safety Instructions and common precautions.

# Plate Cylinder／Double Acting Single Rod Series MU 

## Specifications

| Action | Double acting single rod |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Air |
| Proof pressure | 1.05 MPa |
| Max．operating pressure | 0.7 MPa |
| Min．operating pressure | 0.05 MPa |
| Ambient and fluid temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Lubrication | Not required（Non－lube） |
| Piston speed | 50 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{S}$ |
| Stroke length tolerance | +1.4 |
| Cushion | Rubber bumper |
| Thread tolerance | JIS Class 2 |
| Equivalent tube bore $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32, \varnothing 40, \varnothing 50, \varnothing 63$ |
| Mounting | Axial foot，Front flange，Rear flange， <br> Single clevis，Double clevis |
| Rod end shape | Rod end male thread，Rod end female thread |

## Rod Non－rotating Accuracy

| Model | MU25 | MU32 | MU40 | MU50 | MU63 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non－rotating accuracy | $\pm 1^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.8^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ |

## Standard Stroke

（mm）

| Size | Standard stroke | Allowable max．stroke |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 2 , 4 0}$ | $5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50$ | 300 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 , 6 3}$ | $75,100,125,150,175,200,250,300$ |  |

，
＊Contact SMC for any intermediate strokes that are not indicated above，as they will be produced upon receipt of order．
＊＊Strokes longer than 300 mm are not available
Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch Mounting （mm）

| Number of auto switches | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-F7■V } \\ & \text { D-J79C } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A7■ } \\ & \text { D-A80 } \\ & \text { D-A73C } \\ & \text { D-A80C } \end{aligned}$ | D－F7口WV | D－A7■H，A80H <br> D－F7■W，J79W <br> D－A79W <br> D－F7口，J79 <br> D－F7BA，F7NT <br> D－F7口F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| 1 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 15 |



Theoretical Force
Unit：N

| Size | Rod dia． （mm） | Operating direction | Piston area （ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ） | Operating pressure（ MPa ） |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| 25 | 12 | OUT | 491 | 98 | 147 | 196 | 246 | 295 | 344 |
|  |  | IN | 378 | 76 | 113 | 151 | 189 | 227 | 265 |
| 32 | 14 | OUT | 804 | 161 | 241 | 322 | 402 | 482 | 563 |
|  |  | IN | 650 | 130 | 195 | 260 | 325 | 390 | 455 |
| 40 | 16 | OUT | 1257 | 251 | 377 | 503 | 629 | 754 | 880 |
|  |  | IN | 1056 | 211 | 317 | 422 | 528 | 634 | 739 |
| 50 | 20 | OUT | 1963 | 393 | 589 | 785 | 982 | 1178 | 1374 |
|  |  | IN | 1649 | 330 | 495 | 660 | 824 | 989 | 1154 |
| 63 | 20 | OUT | 3117 | 623 | 935 | 1247 | 1559 | 1870 | 2182 |
|  |  | IN | 2803 | 561 | 841 | 1121 | 1402 | 1682 | 1962 |

Note）Theoretical force $(\mathrm{N})=$ Pressure $(\mathrm{MPa}) \times$ Piston area $\left(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right)$
Weight

| Size |  | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic weight | Basic | 0.18 | 0.28 | 0.42 | 0.80 | 1.20 |
|  | Axial foot | 0.25 | 0.42 | 0.63 | 1.14 | 1.83 |
|  | Flange／ <br> Front／Rear side | 0.28 | 0.42 | 0.65 | 1.26 | 2.03 |
|  | Single clevis | 0.24 | 0.40 | 0.64 | 1.20 | 1.88 |
|  | Double clevis（with pin） | 0.25 | 0.44 | 0.68 | 1.27 | 1.96 |
| Additional weight per 50 mm stroke |  | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.22 | 0.34 | 0.47 |
| Accessories | Single clevis <br> （Pivot bracket for double clevis） | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.22 | 0.40 | 0.68 |
|  | Double clevis（with pin） （Pivot bracket for single clevis） | 0.07 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 0.47 | 0.76 |
|  | Single knuckle joint | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.16 | 0.16 |
|  | Double knuckle joint（with pin） | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.29 |

Note）The weight of the single and double clevis bracket includes the weight of the 2 bolts for mounting the bracket．
Calculation：
Example：MUL32－100
－Basic weight： 0.42 （Foot style Ø32 equiv．）
－Added weight：0．16／50 stroke
－Stroke： 100 mm stroke
$0.42+100 / 50 \times 0.16=0.74 \mathrm{~kg}$

## Construction



| No． | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （1） | Rod cover | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| （2） | Head cover | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| （3） | Cylinder tube | Aluminum alloy | Hard anodized |
| （4） | Piston | Aluminum alloy | Chromated |
| （5） | Piston rod | Carbon steel | Hard chromated |
| （6） | Bushing | Oil impregnated sintered alloy |  |
| （7） | Hex．socket head cap screw | Stainless steel |  |
| （8） | Wearing | Resin |  |
| （9） | Magnet | Magnet material | Only built－in magnet style |
| （1） | Rod end nut | Rolled steel | Only male thread rod end |
| （11） | Piston seal | NBR |  |
| （12） | Rod seal | NBR |  |
| （13） | Bumper | Urethane |  |

Replacement Parts：Seal Kits

| Bore size（mm） | Kit No． | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | MUB25－PS | A set of above numbers （11），（12）and（13）． |
| 32 | MUB32－PS |  |
| 40 | MUB40－PS |  |
| 50 | MUB50－PS |  |
| 63 | MUB63－PS |  |

＊Seal kits consist of items（11），（12）and（13），contained in one kit，and can be ordered using the order number for each cylinder bore size．

## Series MU

Basic: MUB

Rod end male thread

MUB40, 50, 63


MUB25, 32


Rod end female thread



* Dimensions except mentioned above are same as male thread style. However, K and KA dimensions are same as male thread style.

| Model | Stroke range (mm) | A | AL | B | B1 | BS | BT | BX | BY | C | D | ET | EY | GX | GY | H | H1 | K |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUB25 | 5 to 300 | 22 | 19.5 | 24 | 17 | 37 | M5 X 0.8Depth7.5 | 9 | 7 | 54 | 12 | M5 X 0.8Depth 11 | 26 | 10 | 5 | 36 | 6 | 5.5 |
| MUB32 | 5 to 300 | 26 | 23.5 | 28 | 19 | 45 | M6 X 1Depth12 | 6.5 | 8 | 68 | 14 | M6 X 1Depth11 | 42 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 40 | 7 | 5.5 |
| MUB40 | 5 to 300 | 30 | 27 | 32 | 22 | 44 | M8 X 1.25Depth13 | 8 | 9 | 86 | 16 | M8 X 1.25Depth11 | 54 | 9 | 7 | 45 | 8 | 6 |
| MUB50 | 5 to 300 | 35 | 32 | 39 | 27 | 54 | M10 X 1.5Depth14.5 | 10 | 9 | 104 | 20 | M10 X 1.5Depth15 | 64 | 11.5 | 8 | 53 | 11 | 7 |
| MUB63 | 5 to 300 | 35 | 32 | 50 | 27 | 53 | M12 X 1.75Depth18 | 11 | 12 | 124 | 20 | M12 X 1.75Depth15 | 72 | 11.5 | 10 | 56 | 11 | 7 |


| Model | KA | MM | N | NC | ND | NE | NS | NX | NY | P | S | ZZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUB25 | 10 | M10 X 1.25 | 14 | 7.5Depth4.5 | M5 X 0.8 | 4.3 | 43 | 6 | 26 | M5 X 0.8 | 55 | 91 |
| MUB32 | 12 | M12 X 1.25 | 15.5 | 9Depth5.5 | M6 X 1 | 5.1 | 45 | 6.5 | 28 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 8}$ | 58 | 98 |
| MUB40 | 14 | M14 X 1.5 | 16 | 10.5Depth6.5 | M8 X 1.25 | 6.9 | 44 | 8 | 36 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 8}$ | 60 | 105 |
| MUB50 | 18 | M18 X 1.5 | 21.5 | 13.5Depth8.5 | M10 X 1.5 | 8.7 | 54 | 10 | 42 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 4}$ | 74 | 127 |
| MUB63 | 18 | M18 X 1.5 | 21.5 | 17Depth10.5 | M12 X 1.75 | 10.5 | 53 | 11 | 46 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 4}$ | 75 | 131 |

Rod end female thread (mm)

| Model | H | MM | ZZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUB25 | 14 | M6 X 1Depth12 | 69 |
| MUB32 | 14 | M8 X 1.25Depth13 | 72 |
| MUB40 | 15 | M8 X 1.25Depth13 | 75 |
| MUB50 | 18 | M10 X 1.5Depth15 | 92 |
| MUB63 | 21 | M10 X 1.5Depth15 | 96 |

## Axial foot



| (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | LD | LH | LS | LT | LX | LY | LZ | X | Y | ZZ |
| MUL25 | 5.5 | 29 | 79 | 3.2 | 11 | 56 | 23 | 12 | 6 | 109 |
| MUL32 | 6.6 | 37 | 90 | 4.5 | 12 | 71 | 27 | 16 | 8 | 122 |
| MUL40 | 9 | 46 | 96 | 4.5 | 15 | 89 | 31 | 18 | 10 | 133 |
| MUL50 | 11 | 57 | 116 | 5 | 18 | 109 | 37 | 21 | 11 | 159 |
| MUL63 | 13.5 | 67 | 123 | 6 | 22 | 129 | 48 | 24 | 14 | 169 |

Axial foot
MUL25…......SMU25, \#2 (\#1+\#2+\#11)
MUL32…......SMU32, \#2 (\#1+\#2+\#11)
MUL40….....SMU40, \#2 (\#1+\#2+\#11)
MUL50….....SMU50, \#2 (\#1+\#2+\#11)
MUL63.........SMU63, \#2 (\#1+\#2+\#11)
Front flange
Rear flange


Front flange
MUF25.........SMU25, \#3 (\#1+\#3+\#11) MUF32.........SMU32, \#3 (\#1+\#3+\#11) MUF40…......SMU40, \#3 (\#1+\#3+\#11) MUF50…......SMU50, \#3 (\#1+\#3+\#11) MUF63..........SMU63, \#3 (\#1+\#3+\#11)
Single clevis Double clevis


Single clevis
MUC25…......SMU25, \#5 (\#1+\#5+\#11)
CAD MUC32..........SMU32, \#5 (\#1+\#5+\#11) MUC40…......SMU40, \#5 (\#1+\#5+\#11) MUC50…......SMU50, \#5 (\#1+\#5+\#11) MUC63..........SMU63, \#5 (\#1+\#5+\#11)

Single clevis

$\square$
Double clevis


| Model | CDH10 | CX | CZ | L | Q | RR | Z | ZZ | Rotation $\left(\theta^{\circ}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUC25, MUD25 | $8_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 9 | 18 | 17 | 125 | 8 | 108 | 116 | 100 |
| MUC32, MUD32 | $10_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 11 | 22 | 22 | 142 | 10 | 120 | 130 | 90 |
| MUC40, MUD40 | $10_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 13 | 26 | 27 | 159 | 10 | 132 | 142 | 80 |
| MUC50, MUD50 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 16 | 32 | 32 | 191 | 14 | 159 | 173 | 80 |
| MUC63, MUD63 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 16 | 32 | 38 | 207 | 16 | 169 | 185 | 80 |

A clevis pin and snap ring are packed with the double clevis style.

# Plate Cylinder/Double Acting Double Rod Series MUW <br> ø20, ø32, ø40, ø50, ø63 

## How to Order



Auto Switch Mounting Bracket/Part No.

Mounting Bracket/Part No.

| Bracket | Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foot $^{(1)}$ | MU-L02 | MU-L03 | MU-L04 | MU-L05 | MU-L06 |
| Flange | MU-F02 | MU-F03 | MU-F04 | MU-F05 | MU-F06 |

Note 1) When ordering foot brackets, 2pcs. should be ordered for each cylinder.
Note 2) Body mounting bolts are packed with the foot style and flange style.

| Size | Model | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 2}, \mathbf{4 0}, \mathbf{5 0 , 6 3}$ | BMU1-025 | • Auto switch mounting screw (M3 $\times 0.5 \times 6.5 \ell)$ <br>  |

*Mounting screw set made of stainless steel
Following stainless steel mounting screw set (included nut) is provided. Use them with accordance to environment. (Auto switch interface is available. Order it separately.) BBA2:For D-A7/A8/F7/J7
When D-F7BAL mounted on cylinder is required,the stainless steel screw mentioned above is used when shipping. When auto switch unit is shipped, BBA2 is attached.

## $\triangle$ Precautions



## Specifications

| Action | Double acting double rod style |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Air |
| Proof pressure | 1.05 MPa |
| Max．operating pressure | 0.7 MPa |
| Min．operating pressure | 0.05 MPa |
| Ambient and fluid temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Lubrication | Not required（Non－lube） |
| Piston speed | 50 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{S}$ |
| Stroke length tolerance | ${ }^{+1.4} 0$ |
| Cushion | Rubber bumper |
| Thread tolerance | JIS Class 2 |
| Equivalent tube bore（mm） | $\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32, \varnothing 40, \varnothing 50, \varnothing 63$ |
| Mounting | Foot，Flange |

Rod Non－rotating Accuracy

| Model | MU25 | MU32 | MU40 | MU50 | MU63 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non－rotating accuracy | $\pm 1^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.8^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ |

Standard Stroke
（mm）

| Size | Standard stroke | Max．stroke（mm） |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 2 , 4 0}$ | $5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50$ | 300 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 , 6 3}$ | $75,100,125,150,175,200,250,300$ |  |

＊Contact SMC for any intermediate strokes that are not indicated above，as they will be produced upon receipt of order．
＊＊Strokes longer than 300 mm are not available．
Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch Mounting（mm）

| Number of auto switches | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-F7口V } \\ & \text { D-J79C } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A7■ } \\ & \text { D-A80 } \\ & \text { D-A73C } \\ & \text { D-A80C } \end{aligned}$ | D－F7口WV | D－A7 $\square \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{A8OH}$ <br> D－F7ロW，J79W <br> D－A79W <br> D－F7口，J79 <br> D－F7BA，F7NT <br> D－F7 $\square$ F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 pcs． | 5 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| 1 pc ． | 5 | 5 | 10 | 15 |



Theoretical Force
Unit： N

| Size | Rod dia． （mm） | Operating direction | Piston area （ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ） | Operating pressure（ MPa ） |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| 25 | 12 | IN／OUT | 378 | 76 | 113 | 151 | 189 | 227 | 265 |
| 32 | 14 | IN／OUT | 650 | 130 | 195 | 260 | 325 | 390 | 455 |
| 40 | 16 | IN／OUT | 1056 | 211 | 317 | 422 | 528 | 634 | 739 |
| 50 | 20 | IN／OUT | 1649 | 330 | 495 | 660 | 824 | 989 | 1154 |
| 63 | 20 | IN／OUT | 2803 | 561 | 84 | 1121 | 1402 | 1682 |  |

Note）Theoretical force $(\mathrm{N})=$ Pressure $(\mathrm{MPa}) \times$ Piston area $\left(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right)$

| Weight |  |  |  |  |  | nit： kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size |  | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 |
| Standard weight | Basic | 0.19 | 0.32 | 0.48 | 0.91 | 1.38 |
|  | Foot | 0.26 | 0.46 | 0.69 | 1.25 | 2.01 |
|  | Flange | 0.29 | 0.46 | 0.71 | 1.37 | 2.21 |
| Additional weight per 50mm stroke |  | 0.16 | 0.23 | 0.31 | 0.48 | 0.59 |
| Accessories | Single knuckle joint | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.16 | 0.16 |
|  | Double knuckle joint（with pin） | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.29 |
| Calculation Depends on double acting single rod |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Example：MUWL32－100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| －Basic weight ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 0.46 （Foot style ø32 equiv．） |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| －Additional weight ．．．．．．．．． $0.23 / 50$ stroke |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| －Stroke ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 stroke |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $0.46+100 / 50 \times 0.23=0.92 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Construction

Component Parts

| No． | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| （1） | Rod cover | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| $(2)$ | Cylinder tube | Aluminum alloy | Hard anodized |
| （3） | Piston | Aluminum alloy | Chromated |
| （4） | Piston rod A | Carbon steel | Hard chrome plated |
| （5） | Piston rod B | Carbon steel | Hard chrome plated |
| （6） | Bushing | Oil impregnated sintered alloy |  |
| （7） | Hex．socket head cap screw | Stainless steel |  |
| （8） | Wearing | Resin |  |
| （9） | Magnet | Magnet material | Only built－in magnet style |
| （10） | Rod end nut | Rolled steel | Only male thread rod end |
| （11） | Rod seal | NBR |  |
| （12） | Piston seal | NBR |  |
| （13） | Bumper | NBR |  |

Replacement Parts：Seal Kits

| Bore size（mm） | Kit No． | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | MUW25－PS |  |
| 32 | MUW32－PS |  |
| 40 | MUW40－PS |  |
| 50 | MUW50－PS |  |
| 63 | MUW63－PS |  |

[^0] kit number for each cylinder bore size


## Series MUW



MUW40, 50, 63


MUW25, 32


Rod end female thread


* Dimensions except mentioned above are same as male thread style.
However, K and KA dimensions are same as male thread style.

| Model | Stroke range (mm) | A | AL | B | B1 | BS | BT | BX | BY | C | D | ET | EY | GX | GY | H | $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ | K |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUWB25 | 5 to 300 | 22 | 19.5 | 24 | 17 | 37 | M5 X 0.8 Depth 7.5 | 9 | 7 | 54 | 12 | M5 X 0.8 Depth 11 | 26 | 10 | 5 | 36 | 6 | 5.5 |
| MUWB32 | 5 to 300 | 26 | 23.5 | 28 | 19 | 45 | M6 X 1 Depth 12 | 6.5 | 8 | 68 | 14 | M6 X 1 Depth 11 | 42 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 40 | 7 | 5.5 |
| MUWB40 | 5 to 300 | 30 | 27 | 32 | 22 | 44 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 13 | 8 | 9 | 86 | 16 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 11 | 54 | 9 | 7 | 45 | 8 | 6 |
| MUWB50 | 5 to 300 | 35 | 32 | 39 | 27 | 54 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 14.5 | 10 | 9 | 104 | 20 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 15 | 64 | 11.5 | 8 | 53 | 11 | 7 |
| MUWB63 | 5 to 300 | 35 | 32 | 50 | 27 | 53 | M12 1.75 Depth 18 | 11 | 12 | 124 | 20 | M12 X 1.75 Depth 15 | 72 | 11.5 | 10 | 56 | 11 | 7 |


| (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | KA | MM | N | NC | ND | NE | NS | NX | NY | P | S | ZZ |
| MUWB25 | 10 | M10 X 1.25 | 14 | 7.5 Depth 4.5 | M5 X 0.8 | 4.3 | 43 | 6 | 26 | M5 X 0.8 | 55 | 127 |
| MUWB32 | 12 | M12 X 1.25 | 15.5 | 9 Depth 5.5 | M6 X 1 | 5.1 | 45 | 6.5 | 28 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 8}$ | 58 | 138 |
| MUWB40 | 14 | M14 X 1.5 | 16 | 10.5 Depth 6.5 | M8 X 1.25 | 6.9 | 44 | 8 | 36 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT}) 1 / 8$ | 60 | 150 |
| MUWB50 | 18 | M18 X 1.5 | 21.5 | 13.5 Depth 8.5 | M10 X 1.5 | 8.7 | 54 | 10 | 42 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT}) 1 / 4$ | 74 | 180 |
| MUWB63 | 18 | M18 X 1.5 | 21.5 | 17 Depth 10.5 | M12 X 1.75 | 10.5 | 53 | 11 | 46 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT}) 1 / 4$ | 75 | 187 |


| Rod end female thread (mm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | H | MM | ZZ |
| MUWB25 | 14 | M6 X 1 Depth 12 | 83 |
| MUWB32 | 14 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 13 | 86 |
| MUWB40 | 15 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 13 | 90 |
| MUWB50 | 18 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 15 | 110 |
| MUWB63 | 21 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 15 | 117 |

* The position of piston across 4 flats are different from above drawing. Position of piston across 4 flats of double rod is not same.


## Plate Cylinder/Double Acting Double Rod Series MUW

## Foot



| Model |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | LD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LH | LS | LT | LX | LY | LZ | X | Y |  |  |
| MUWL25 | 5.5 | 29 | 79 | 3.2 | 11 | 56 | 23 | 12 | 6 |
| MUWL32 | 6.6 | 37 | 90 | 4.5 | 12 | 71 | 27 | 16 | 8 |
| MUWL40 | 9 | 46 | 96 | 4.5 | 15 | 89 | 31 | 18 | 10 |
| MUWL50 | 11 | 57 | 116 | 5 | 18 | 109 | 37 | 21 | 11 |
| MUWL63 | 13.5 | 67 | 123 | 6 | 22 | 129 | 48 | 24 | 14 |

Flange


# Plate Cylinder/Single Acting Spring Return/Extend Series MU <br> ø25, ø32, ø40, ø50, ø63 

## How to Order



## Mounting Bracket/Part No.

Bracket

## Plate Cylinder/Single Acting Spring Return/Extend Series MU

Specifications

| Action | Single acting/Spring return, Spring extend |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Air |
| Proof pressure | 1.05 MPa |
| Max. operating pressure | 0.7 MPa |
| Min. operating pressure | 0.18 MPa |
| Ambient and fluid temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Lubrication | Not required (Non-lube) |
| Piston speed | 50 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{S}$ |
| Stroke length tolerance | ${ }^{+1.4} 0$ |
| Cushion | Rubber bumper |
| Thread tolerance | JIS Class 2 |
| Equivalent tube I.D. (mm) | $\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32, \varnothing 40, \varnothing 50, \varnothing 63$ |
| Mounting | Axial foot, Front flange, <br> Rear flange, Single clevis, <br> Double clevis |

## Rod Non-rotating Accuracy

| Model | MU25 | MU32 | MU40 | MU50 | MU63 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-rotating accuracy | $\pm 1^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.8^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ |

## Standard Stroke

| Action | (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ |
| Spring return/extend | 5,10 |  | $5,10,15,20$ |  |  |
| * Contact SMC for strokes not |  |  |  |  |  |

* Contact SMC for strokes not indicated.


## Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch Mounting

(mm)

| Number of <br> auto switches | D-F7 $\square$ V <br> D-J79C | D-A7 $\square$ <br> D-A80 <br> D-A73C <br> D-A80C | D-F7 $\square$ WV | D-A7 $\square \mathbf{H}$, A80H <br> D-F7 $\square \mathbf{W}$, J79W <br> D-A79W <br> D-F7 $\square$, J79 <br> D-F7BA, F7NT <br> D-F7 $\square F$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 pcs. | 5 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| 1 pc. | 5 | 5 | 10 | 15 |

## Construction

## Spring return


"B" section MU■25
Spring extend


Theoretical Force
Unit: N

| 들 | Size | Rod <br> diameter <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Operaing direction | $\begin{gathered} \text { Piston } \\ \text { area } \\ \left(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | Operating pressure (MPa) |  |  |  |  |  | Spring force |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 덩 } \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | 㨟 |
|  | 25 | 12 | OUT | 491 | 68 | 117 | 166 | 216 | 265 | 314 | 30 |  |
| $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ | 32 | 14 | OUT | 804 | 119 | 199 | 280 | 360 | 440 | 521 | 42 | 24 |
|  | 40 | 16 | OUT | 1257 | 195 | 321 | 447 | 573 | 698 | 824 | 56 | 30 |
| $\overline{0}$ | 50 | 20 | OUT | 1963 | 346 | 542 | 738 | 935 | 1131 | 1327 | 47 | 76 |
|  | 63 | 20 | OUT | 3117 | 510 | 822 | 1134 | 1446 | 1757 | 2069 | 113 | 61 |
|  | 25 | 12 | IN | 378 | 46 | 83 | 121 | 159 | 197 | 235 | 30 | 15 |
|  | 32 | 14 | IN | 650 | 88 | 153 | 218 | 283 | 348 | 413 | 42 | 24 |
|  | 40 | 16 | IN | 1056 | 155 | 261 | 366 | 472 | 578 | 683 | 56 | 30 |
| 를 | 50 | 20 | IN | 1649 | 283 | 448 | 613 | 777 | 942 | 1107 | 47 | 76 |
| $\omega$ | 63 | 20 | IN | 2803 | 448 | 728 | 1008 | 1289 | 1569 | 1849 | 113 | 61 |

Note) Theoretical force $(\mathrm{N})=$ Pressure $(\mathrm{MPa}) \times$ Piston area $\left(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right)$
Weight

| W |  |  |  |  | Unit: kg |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size |  | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 |
| Weight | 5 stroke | 0.22 | 0.27 | 0.57 | 1.06 | 1.55 |
|  | 10 stroke | 0.23 | 0.35 | 0.60 | 1.09 | 1.60 |
|  | 15 stroke | - | - | 0.62 | 1.12 | 1.64 |
|  | 20 stroke | - | - | 0.64 | 1.16 | 1.69 |
| Mounting bracket | Axial foot | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.21 | 0.34 | 0.63 |
|  | Flange/Front side, Rear side | 0.10 | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.46 | 0.83 |
|  | Single clevis | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.22 | 0.40 | 0.68 |
|  | Double clevis (with pin) | 0.07 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 0.47 | 0.76 |
| Accessories | Single clevis <br> (Pivot bracket for double clevis) | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.22 | 0.40 | 0.68 |
|  | Double clevis <br> (Pivot bracket for single clevis) | 0.07 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 0.47 | 0.76 |
|  | Single knuckle joint | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.16 | 0.16 |
|  | Double knucle joint (with pin) | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.29 |

Note) Weight of single clevis and double clevis as optional bracket includes 2pcs. brackets

Calculation
Example 1: MUB40-15S(T) • Additional weight (mounting bracket)…0.0.40

- Basic weight $\cdots \cdots . . . . . . . . . . . .0 .62 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 1.06+0.40=1.46 \mathrm{~kg}$

Component Parts

| No. | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | Rod cover | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| (2) | Head cover | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| $(3)$ | Cylinder tube | Aluminum alloy | Hard anodized |
| (4) | Piston | Aluminum alloy | Chromated |
| (5) | Piston rod | Carbon steel | Hard chrome plated |
| (6) | Bushing | Oil impregnated sintered alloy |  |
| (7) | Hex. socket head cap screw | Stainless steel |  |
| (8) | Wearing | Resin |  |
| (9) | Magnet | Magnet material | Only built-in magnet style |
| (10) | Return spring | Steel wire | Zinc chromated |
| (11) | Element | Bronze |  |
| (12) | Snap ring | Spring steel |  |
| (13) | Plug | Chromium molybdenum steel |  |
| (14) | Rod end nut | Rolled steel | Attached for only male thread rod end |
| (15) | Rod seal | NBR |  |
| (16) | Piston seal | NBR |  |
| (17) | Bumper | Urethane |  |
| (18) | Bumper B | Urethane |  |

Replacement Parts: Seal Kits

| Bore size (mm) | Kit No. |  | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spring return | Spring extend |  |
| 25 | MU25S-PS | MU25T-PS |  |
| 32 | MU32S-PS | MU32T-PS |  |
| numbers (15), (16), (17) |  |  |  |
| 40 | MU40S-PS | MU40T-PS |  |
| 50 | MU50S-PS | MU50T-PS | and (18). |
| 63 | MU63S-PS | MU63T-PS |  |

[^1]
## Spring return

MUB40, 50, 63


## Spring extend



Note1) Plug with bleeding hole is used instead of element for MUB25.


Rod end female thread


Spring return
MUB25...............SMU25, \#8 MUB32...............SMU32, \#8 MUB40...............SMU40, \#8 MUB50................SMU50, \#8
MUB63................SMU63, \#8

[^2]

* Dimensions except mentioned above are same
as male thread style.
However, K and KA dimensions are same as male thread style.

| Model | Standard stroke(mm) | A | AL | B | B1 | BS | BT | BX | BY | C | D | ET | EY | GX | GY | H | $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ | K |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUB25 | 5,10 | 22 | 19.5 | 24 | 17 | 42 | M5 X 0.8 Depth 7.5 | 9 | 7 | 54 | 12 | M5 X 0.8 Depth 11 | 26 | 10 | 5 | 36 | 6 | 5.5 |
| MUB32 | 5,10 | 26 | 23.5 | 28 | 19 | 50 | M6 X 1 Depth 12 | 6.5 | 8 | 68 | 14 | M6 X 1 Depth 11 | 42 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 40 | 7 | 5.5 |
| MUB40 | 5, 10, 15, 20 | 30 | 27 | 32 | 22 | 54 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 13 | 8 | 9 | 86 | 16 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 11 | 54 | 9 | 7 | 45 | 8 | 6 |
| MUB50 | 5, 10, 15, 20 | 35 | 32 | 39 | 27 | 64 | M10X 1.5 Deph 14.5 | 10 | 9 | 104 | 20 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 15 | 64 | 11.5 | 8 | 53 | 11 | 7 |
| MUB63 | 5,10,15,20 | 35 | 32 | 50 | 27 | 63 | M12 1.75 Depth 18 | 11 | 12 | 124 | 20 | M12 21.75 Depth 15 | 72 | 11.5 | 10 | 56 | 11 | 7 |


| Model | KA | MM | N | NC | ND | NE | NS | NX | NY | P | S | ZZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUB25 | 10 | M10 X 1.25 | 14 | 7.5 Depth 4.5 | M5 X 0.8 | 4.3 | 48 | 6 | 26 | M5 X 0.8 | 60 | 96 |
| MUB32 | 12 | M12 $\times 1.25$ | 15.5 | 9 Depth 5.5 | M6 X 1 | 5.1 | 50 | 6.5 | 28 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 8}$ | 63 | 103 |
| MUB40 | 14 | M14 X 1.5 | 16 | 10.5 Depth 6.5 | M8 X 1.25 | 6.9 | 54 | 8 | 36 | Rc(PT) $1 / 8$ | 70 | 115 |
| MUB50 | 18 | M18 X 1.5 | 21.5 | 13.5 Depth 8.5 | M10 X 1.5 | 8.7 | 64 | 10 | 42 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 4}$ | 84 | 137 |
| MUB63 | 18 | M18 X 1.5 | 21.5 | 17 Depth 10.5 | M12 $\times 1.75$ | 10.5 | 63 | 11 | 46 | $\mathrm{Rc}(\mathrm{PT})^{1 / 4}$ | 85 | 141 |

Rod end female thread (mm)

| Model | H | MM | ZZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MUB25 | 14 | M6 X 1 Depth 12 | 74 |
| MUB32 | 14 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 13 | 77 |
| MUB40 | 15 | M8 X 1.25 Depth 13 | 85 |
| MUB50 | 18 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 15 | 102 |
| MUB63 | 21 | M10 X 1.5 Depth 15 | 106 |

# Plate Cylinder/Single Acting Spring Return/Extend Series MU 

Dimensions

## Axial foot



Front flange

## Rear flange



## Single clevis

Double clevis


Single clevis Double clevis

# Series MDU <br> Auto Switch Specifications 

Refer to p.5.3-2 for auto switch specifications.


Applicable Auto Switch


| Auto switch model | Electrical entry | Page |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D-A7/A8 | Grommet (Perpendicular) | $5.3-14$ |
|  | D-A7 $\square \mathbf{H} / \mathbf{A 8 0 H}$ | Grommet (In-line) | $5.3-15$ |
|  | D-A73C/A80C | Connector | $5.3-16$ |
|  | D-A79W | Grommet (2 color, Perpendicular) | $5.3-26$ |
| Solid state <br> switch | D-F7 $\square \mathbf{V}$ | Grommet (Perpendicular) | $5.3-35$ |
|  | D-F7/J7 | Grommet (In-line) | $5.3-34$ |
|  | D-J79C | Connector | $5.3-36$ |
|  | D-F7 $\square \mathbf{W V}$ | Grommet (2 color, Perpendicular) | $5.3-45$ |
|  | D-7 $\square \mathbf{W} / \mathbf{J 7 9 W}$ | Grommet (2 color, In-line) | $5.3-44$ |
|  | D-F7BAL | Grommet (2 color, Water resistant, In-line) | $5.3-57$ |
|  | D-F79F | Grommet (2 color, With diagnostic output, In-line) | $5.3-53$ |
|  | D-F7LF | Grommet (2 color, Latch with diagnostic output, In-line) | $5.3-52$ |
|  | D-F7NTL | Grommet (With timer, In-line) | $5.3-60$ |

## . Precautions

[^3]
## With Auto Switch Series MDU

Auto Switch Mounting Position and Mounting Height


D-A79W, D-F7 $\square W V, D-F 7 \square V \quad 025,032$


๑40, ø50, ø63


Plate Cylinder Series MU

## Accessory Dimensions

## Single Knuckle Joint



| Model | L | LA | LB | LC | LD | LU | LX | RR | Z | ZZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MU $\square \mathbf{2 5}$ | 52.5 | 35.5 | 27 | 16 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 11 | $9_{-0.4}^{-0.2}$ | 8.5 | 107.5 | 116 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{3 2}$ | 59 | 41 | 31 | 18 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 14 | $111_{-0.4}^{0.2}$ | 10 | 117 | 127 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{4 0}$ | 67 | 47 | 36 | 20 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 15 | $13_{-0.4}^{-0.2}$ | 11 | 127 | 138 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{5 0}$ | 81 | 62 | 46 | 28 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 20 | $16_{-0.4}^{-0.2}$ | 16 | 155 | 171 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{6 3}$ | 84 | 62 | 46 | 28 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 20 | $16_{-0.4}^{-0.2}$ | 16 | 159 | 175 |

* Dimensions $L, Z$, and $Z Z$ are reference dimensions for installing a single knuckle joint, which may be used as a guide.


## Single Clevis (Pivot Bracket for Double Clevis)



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No. | Size | CA | CB | CDH10 | CE | CF | CH | CI | CJ |
| MU-C02 | 25 | 53 | 23 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 4 | 11 | 17 | 7 |
| MU-C03 | 32 | 67 | 27 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 7 | 13 | 22 | 10 |
| MU-C04 | 40 | 85 | 31 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 10 | 13 | 27 | 10 |
| MU-C05 | 50 | 103 | 37 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 5.5 | 12 | 17 | 32 | 14 |
| MU-C06 | 63 | 122 | 48 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 6 | 14 | 19 | 38 | 16 |


| Part No. | CL | CR | CT | CX | CZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MU-C02 | 26 | 5.3 | 9.5 | 9 | 8 |
| MU-C03 | 42 | 6.4 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| MU-C04 | 54 | 8.4 | 14 | 13 | 10 |
| MU-C05 | 64 | 10.5 | 17 | 16 | 14 |
| MU-C06 | 72 | 13 | 20 | 16 | 16 |

2.4-16

Double Knuckle Joint


| Model | L | LA | LB | $\square$ LC | LD | LU | LX | RR | Z | ZZ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Appicabable } \\ \text { pin }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MU $\square \mathbf{2 5}$ | 52.5 | 35 | 27 | 18 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 13 | $9_{+0.4}^{+0.2}$ | 8 | 107.5 | 115.5 | CDDU02 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{3 2}$ | 59 | 41 | 31 | 22 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 14 | $11_{+0.4}^{+0.2}$ | 10 | 117 | 127 | CD-MUO3 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{4 0}$ | 67 | 46 | 36 | 26 | $10_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 17 | $13_{+0.4}^{+0.2}$ | 10 | 127 | 137 | CD-MU04 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{5 0}$ | 81 | 62 | 46 | 32 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 23 | $16_{+0.4}^{+0.2}$ | 16 | 155 | 171 | CD-MU05 |
| MU $\square \mathbf{6 3}$ | 84 | 62 | 46 | 32 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 23 | $16_{+0.4}^{+0.2}$ | 16 | 159 | 175 | CD-MU05 |

* Dimensions $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{Z}$, and ZZ are reference dimensions for installing a double knuckle joint, which may be used as a guide.


## Double Clevis (Pivot Bracket for Single Clevis)



| $(\mathrm{mm})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No. | Size | DA | DB | DDH10 | DE | DF | DH | DI | DJ |
| MU-D02 | 25 | 53 | 23 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 4 | 11 | 17 | 7 |
| MU-D03 | 32 | 67 | 27 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 7 | 13 | 22 | 10 |
| MU-D04 | 40 | 85 | 31 | $10_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 10 | 13 | 27 | 10 |
| MU-D05 | 50 | 103 | 37 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 5.5 | 12 | 17 | 32 | 14 |
| MU-D06 | 63 | 122 | 48 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 6 | 14 | 19 | 38 | 16 |


| Part No. | DL | DR | DT | DX | DY | DZ | Applicable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pU-D02 | 26 | 5.3 | 9.5 | 18 | 9 | 8 | CD-MU02 |
| MU-D03 | 42 | 6.4 | 11 | 22 | 11 | 10 | CD-MU03 |
| MU-D04 | 54 | 8.4 | 14 | 26 | 13 | 10 | CD-MU04 |
| MU-D05 | 64 | 10.5 | 17 | 32 | 16 | 14 | CD-MU05 |
| MU-D06 | 72 | 13 | 20 | 32 | 16 | 16 | CD-MU05 |

Clevis pin and snap ring are packed with the double clevis style.

Single Knuckle Joint


|  |  |  |  | (mm) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No. | Size | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{1}$ | L 1 | MM |
| I-MU02 | 25 | 10.5 | 16 | 27 | M10 X 1.25 |
| I-MU03 | 32 | 12 | 18 | 31 | M12 X 1.25 |
| I-MU04 | 40 | 14 | 20 | 36 | M14 X 1.5 |
| I-MU05 | 50,63 | 18 | 28 | 46 | M18 X 1.5 |


| Part No. | NDH10 | NL | NO | NX | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I-MU02 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 8.5 | 19.5 | 9 | 8.5 | 11 |
| I-MU03 | $10_{0}^{+0.058}$ | 10 | 24 | 11 | 10 | 14 |
| I-MU04 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 11 | 26 | 13 | 11 | 15 |
| I-MU05 | $14_{0}^{+0.070}$ | 16 | 36 | 16 | 16 | 20 |

Clevis Pin, Knuckle Pin


| (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No. | Size | Dd9 | L | d | $\ell$ |
| CD-MU02 | 25 | 8-0.0040 | 23 | 7.6 | 18.2 |
| CD-MU03 | 32 | $10^{-0.040}$ | 27 | 9.6 | 22.2 |
| CD-MU04 | 40 | $10^{-0.040}$ | 31 | 9.6 | 26.2 |
| CD-MU05 | 50, 63 | $14_{-0.093}^{-0.050}$ | 38 | 13.4 | 32.2 |


| Part No. | m | t | Snap ring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CD-MU02 | 1.5 | 0.9 | C shape for axis8 |
| CD-MU03 | 1.25 | 1.15 | C shape for axis10 |
| CD-MU04 | 1.25 | 1.15 | C shape for axis10 |
| CD-MU05 | 1.75 | 1.15 | C shape for axis14 |
| *hese are installed with double clevis <br> style and double knuckle joint style as <br> standard. |  |  |  |

## Double Knuckle Joint



| Part No. | NL | NO | NX | NZ | R1 | $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ | Applicable <br> pin |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y-MU02 | 8 | 21 | 9 | 18 | 3 | 13 | CD-MU02 |
| Y-MU03 | 10 | 24 | 11 | 22 | 4 | 14 | CD-MU03 |
| Y-MU04 | 10 | 27 | 13 | 26 | 5 | 17 | CD-MU04 |
| Y-MU05 | 16 | 39 | 16 | 32 | 6 | 23 | CD-MU05 |
| * Knuckle pin and snap ring are <br> clevis style. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Rod End Nut



| (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No. | Size | d | H | B | C | D |  |
| NT-03 | 25 | M10 $\times 1.25$ | 6 | 17 | 19.6 | 16.5 |  |
| NT-MU03 | 32 | M12 $\times 1.25$ | 7 | 19 | 21.9 | 18 |  |
| NT-04 | 40 | M14 $\times 1.5$ | 8 | 22 | 25.4 | 21 |  |
| NT-05 | 50,63 | M18 $\times 1.5$ | 11 | 27 | 31.2 | 26 |  |

* A nut is attached with rod end male thread as standard.
(Double rod style: 2 pcs.)

(1) To secure a workpiece to the end of the piston rod, make sure to retract the piston rod entirely. Place a wrench on the wrench flats at the end of the rod, and tighten it without applying torque to the piston rod in excess of the allowable installation torque.
(2) Operate in such a way that the load to the piston rod is always applied in the axial direction. Furthermore, avoid operations that could apply rotational torque to the piston rod. If rotational torque must be applied due to unavoidable circumstances, use the table below as a guide to make sure the allowable rotational torque is not exceeded.
Allowable Rotating Torque ( Nm )

| Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allowable <br> rotating torque | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.55 | 1.25 | 2.0 |
| Work mounting <br> allowable torque | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 4.9 | 7.3 |

(3) Operating the cylinder by connecting the piping directly to the cylinder can cause the piston speed to exceed the maximum operating speed of $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$. Therefore, to operate the cylinder, make sure to use an SMC speed controller and adjust the piston speed to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ or less.

## Auto Switch Precaution

## CU

Be sure to read before handling.
Refer to p.0-44 to 0-46 for auto , switch common precautions.

## \WWarning

(1) If multiple cylinders are operated adjacent to each other, the magnets that are enclosed in the adjacent cylinders could affect the operation of the auto switches, causing the switches to malfunction. Therefore, make sure that the mounting pitch of the cylinders is at least that indicated in the table below.


| Size | ■25 | ø32 | ø40 | ø50 | ø63 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L(d) | 33(10) | 32(5) | 36(5) | 38(0) | 49(0) |

If the cylinders must be operated with the mounting pitch less than indicated above, they must be
shielded with steel plates or magnetic shield plates (Part No.: MU-S025). Contact SMC for details.

# Plate Cylinder with Lock Series MLU <br> ø25, ø32, ø40, ø50 

How to Order


## Auto switch specifications

|  |  |  | 弚 |  |  | oad volta |  | Rail |  | Lead | wire le | ength | (m) * | Applicable load |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Special function | Electrical entry |  | (output) | DC |  | AC | Perpendicular | In-line | $0.5$ (Nil) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 \\ (\mathrm{~L}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (Z) \end{gathered}$ | None (N) |  |  |
|  | - | Grommet | Yes | 3-wire <br> (NPN equiv.) | - | 5 V | - | - | A76H | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | IC circuit | - |
|  |  |  |  | 2-wire |  | - | 200V | A72 | A72H | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | Relay, PLC |
|  |  |  |  |  | 24 V | 12 V | 100 V | A73 | A73H | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
|  |  |  | No |  |  | 5V, 12V | 100 V or less | A80 | A80H | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |  |
|  |  | Connector | Yes |  |  | - | - | A73C | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | No |  |  | $5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}$ | 24 V or less | A80C | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | Diagnostic indication (2-color display) | Grommet | Yes |  |  | - | - | A79W | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |  |
|  |  |  | Yes | 3-wire (NPN) | 24V | 5V, 12V | - | F7NV | F79 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | IC circuit | Relay, PLC |
|  |  | Grommet |  | 3-wire (PNP) |  |  |  | F7PV | F7P | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 12V |  | F7BV | J79 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |
|  |  | Connector |  | 2-wire |  |  |  | J79C | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | Diagnostic indication (2-color display) | Grommet |  | 3-wire (NPN) |  | 5V, 12V |  | F7NWV | F79W | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | IC circuit |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3-wire (PNP) |  |  |  | - | F7PW | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2-wire |  | 12V |  | F7BWV | J79W | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |
|  | Water resistant (2-color display) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | F7BA | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
|  | Water resistant (2-color display) |  |  |  |  |  |  | F7BAV | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
|  | With timer |  |  | 3-wire (NPN) |  | 5V, 12V |  | - | F7NT | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | IC circuit |  |
|  | With diagnostic output (2-color display) |  |  | 4-wire (NPN) |  | 5V, 12 V |  | - | F79F | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
|  | Latch type with diagnostic output (2-color display) |  |  |  |  | - |  | - | F7LF | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |
|  | Magnetic field resistant (2-color display) |  |  | 2-wire |  |  |  | - | P5DW | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |

[^4]
## Cylinder Specifications



| Size | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Action | Double acting single rod |  |  |  |
| Fluid | Air |  |  |  |
| Proof pressure | 1.05 MPa |  |  |  |
| Maximum operating pressure | 0.7 MPa |  |  |  |
| Minimum operating pressure | 0.2MPa Note) |  |  |  |
| Ambient and fluid temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no freezing) |  |  |  |
| Lubrication | Non-lube |  |  |  |
| Cushion | Rubber bumper (standard) |  |  |  |
| Rod end thread tolerance | JIS class 2 |  |  |  |
| Stroke length tolerance | ${ }_{0}^{+1.4}$ |  |  |  |
| Piston speed | 50 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |  |
| Cylinder port size | M5 x 0.8 |  |  | Rc, NPT, 1/4 |

Note) The minimum operating pressure of the cylinder is 0.1 MPa when the cylinder and lock are connected to separate ports.

## Lock Specifications

| Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | 50 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Locking action | Spring locking (exhaust locking) |  |  |  |
| Unlocking pressure | 0.2 MPa or more |  |  |  |
| Locking pressure | 0.05 MPa or less |  |  |  |
| Locking direction | One direction (extension locking, retraction locking, each type) |  |  |  |
| Maximum operating pressure | 0.7 MPa |  |  |  |
| Unlocking port connection size | M5 x 0.8 | RPT, $1 / 8$ |  |  |
| Holding force N (maximum static load) | 245 | 403 | 629 | 982 |

## Non-rotating Rod Accuracy

| Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-rotating rod accuracy | $\pm 1^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.8^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ | $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ |

## Standard Strokes

| Size | Standard stroke $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Max. manufacturable stroke |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 2}, \mathbf{4 0}, \mathbf{5 0}$ | $5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50$ | 300 |

*Strokes other than the above are produced upon receipt of order.
Weights
Unit: kg

|  | Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic <br> weight | Standard | 0.34 | 0.58 | 0.87 | 1.52 |
|  | Axial foot type | 0.41 | 0.72 | 1.08 | 1.86 |
|  | Flange type/Front, rear | 0.44 | 0.72 | 1.10 | 1.98 |
|  | Single clevis | 0.40 | 0.70 | 1.09 | 1.92 |
| Additional weight per 50mm of stroke | 0.41 | 0.74 | 1.13 | 1.99 |  |
| Attached <br> metal <br> weight | Single clevis <br> (Double clevis bracket) | Double clevis <br> (Single clevis bracket) | 0.06 | 0.16 | 0.22 |
|  | Single knuckle joint | 0.07 | 0.22 | 0.40 |  |
|  | Double knuckle joint (with pin) | 0.05 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 0.47 |

Note) The weights of the attached metal single clevis and double clevis include the weight of two pieces of mounting bolts.
Calculation method-Example: MDLUL32-100

- Basic weight................... 0.72 (axial foot type-size32)
- Additional weight $\cdot \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdot 0.16 / 50$ stroke
- Stroke $\cdot \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \cdot 100$ stroke
$0.72+100 / 50 \times 0.16=1.04 \mathrm{~kg}$


## Mounting Bracket Part No.

| Bracket | Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foot Note 1) | MU-L02 | MU-L03 | MU-L04 | MU-L05 |
| Flange | MU-F02 | MU-F03 | MU-F04 | MU-F05 |
| Single clevis | MU-C02 | MU-C03 | MU-C04 | MU-C05 |
| Double clevis Note 3) | MU-D02 | MU-D03 | MU-D04 | MU-D05 |

Note 1) When ordering foot brackets, order 2 pieces for each cylinder.
Note 2) The parts included with each bracket are shown below.
Foot, Flange, Single clevis/Body mounting bolt
Double clevis/Pins for clevis, C set ring for axis, Body mounting
Note 3) Clevis pin and snap ring are included with the double clevis type.

Auto Switch Mounting Bracket Part No.

| Size | Bracket no. | Note | Applicable switch |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Reed switch | Solid state switch |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 25,32, \\ 40,50 \end{array}\right\|$ | BMU1-025 | Auto switch mounting screw $(\mathrm{M} 3 \times 0.5 \times 6.5 \mathrm{l})$ <br> Auto switch mounting nut | $\begin{gathered} \text { D-A7 } \square, \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{A80} \\ \text { D-A7 } \square \text { H, D-A80H } \\ \text { D-A73C, D-A80C } \\ \text { D-A79W } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { D-F7 } \square, \text { D-J79 } \\ \text { D-F7 } \square \text { V, D-J79C } \\ \text { D-F7 } \square \text { W, D-J79W } \\ \text { D-F7 } \square \text { WV, D-F7 } \square \text { F } \\ \text { D-F7NTL } \\ \text { D-F7BAL, F7BAVL } \end{gathered}$ |
| 40, 50 | BMU2-040 | Auto switch mounting bracket Round head Philips screw $\text { (M3 x } 0.5 \times 14 \mathrm{I})$ <br> Hexagon socket head cap bolt $(\mathrm{M} 3 \times 0.5 \times 5 \mathrm{I})$ <br> Flat washer, Auto switch mounting nut | - | D-P5DWL |

*Stainless steel mounting screw kit
Use the following stainless steel mounting screw kit (includes nut) depending on the operating environment.
BBA2: D-A7/A8/F7/J7
The above stainless steel screw kit is used for auto switch D-F7BAL and D-F7BAVL when it is shipped mounted on a cylinder.
Also, BBA2 is included when a auto switch alone is shipped.

Construction


## Parts list

| No. | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Lock body | Aluminium alloy | Hard anodized |
| 2 | Cover | Aluminium alloy | Hard anodized |
| 3 | Head cover | Aluminium alloy | Hard anodized |
| 4 | Cylinder tube | Aluminium alloy | Hard anodized |
| 5 | Lock ring | Carbon steel | Heat treatment |
| 6 | Brake spring | Steel wire | Zinc chromated |
| 7 | Piston rod | Carbon steel | Hard chromium electro plating |
| 8 | Pivot | Carbon steel | Heat treatment, zinc chromated |
| 9 | Pivot key | Carbon steel | Heat treatment, zinc chromated |
| 10 | Dust proof cover | Stainless steel |  |
| 11 | Piston | Aluminium alloy | Chromate |
| 12 | Release piston | Special steel | Heat treatment |
| 13 | Bushing | Sinteringoil impregnated alloy | M(D)LUB25, 32 |
|  |  | Lead-bronze casting | M(D)LUB40, 50 |
| 14 | Hexagon socket head cap bolt A | Stainless steel |  |


| No. | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Hexagon socket head cap bolt B | Stainless steel |  |
| 16 | Hexagon socket head cap bolt C | Stainless steel |  |
| 17 | Hexagon socket head cap bolt D | Chrome molybdenum steel | Nickel plated |
| 18 | Hexagon socket head cap bolt E | Chrome molybdenum steel | Nickel plated |
| 19 | Spring pin | Carbon steel | JIS B2808 |
| 20 | Parallel pin | Stainless steel | JIS B1354 |
| 21 | Rod end nut | Rolling steel | Only for use with nickel <br> plated rod end male thread |
| 22 | Wear ring | Resin |  |
| 23 | Magnet | Magnet | Only for use with built-in magnet type |
| 24 | Rod seal | NBR | Use one piece with M(D)LUB25 |
|  | Use 2 pieces with M(D)LUB32~50 |  |  |
| 25 | Piston seal | NBR |  |
| 26 | Release piston seal | NBR | Only for use with M(D)LUB25 |
| 27 | Scraper | NBR |  |
| 28 | Bumper | Urethane rubber |  |

## Series MLU

## Dimensions

## Standard type

M(D)LUB40, 50


# Retraction locking 


M(D)LUB25,32

## (Extension locking)



| Model | Stroke range | A | AL | B | B1 | BA | BB | BP | BS | BT | BY | C | D | ET | EY | GA | GA1 | GB | GC | GC1 | GW | GY | H | $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MLUB25 | 5 to 300 | 22 | 19.5 | 24 | 17 | 8 | 9 | M5 x 0.8 | 73 | M5 $\times 0.8$ depth 7.5 | 7 | 54 | 12 | M5 $\times 0.8$ depth 11 | 26 | 45 | 45 | 10 | 15.5 | 32.5 | 2.5 | 5 | 36 | 6 |
| MLUB32 | 5 to 300 | 26 | 23.5 | 28 | 19 | 6.5 | 6.5 | Rc, NPT, 1/8 | 87 | M6 x 1 depth 12 | 8 | 68 | 14 | M6x 1 depth 11 | 42 | 50.5 | 51.5 | 8.5 | 17.5 | 37 | 0 | 5.5 | 40 | 7 |
| MLUB40 | 5 to 300 | 30 | 27 | 32 | 22 | 9 | 8 | Rc, NPT, 1/8 | 87 | M8 $\times 1.25$ depth 13 | 9 | 86 | 16 | M $8 \times 1.25$ depth 11 | 54 | 53 | 53 | 9 | 18.5 | 38.5 | 0 | 7 | 45 | 8 |
| MLUB50 | 5 to 300 | 35 | 32 | 39 | 27 | 12 | 10 | Rc, NPT, 1/8 | 102.5 | M10 1.5 depth 14.5 | 9 | 104 | 20 | M10 1.5 depth 15 | 64 | 62 | 62 | 11.5 | 23 | 43 | 6 | 8 | 53 | 11 |


| Model | $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ | K | KA | MM | MM1 | NA | NB | NC | ND | NE | NF | NG | NH | $\mathrm{NH}_{1}$ | NI | NJ | NS | NY | P | S | ZZ | ZZ1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MLUB25 | 14 | 5.5 | 10 | M10 $\times 1.25$ | M6 $\times 1$ depth 12 | 49 | 14 | 7.5 depth 4.5 | M5 x 0.8 | 4.3 | 8 | 6 | 30 | 19 | 3.5 | 6 | 76 | 26 | M5 x 0.8 | 90 | 126 | 104 |
| MLUB32 | 14 | 5.5 | 12 | M12 $\times 1.25$ | M8 $\times 1.25$ depth 13 | 57.5 | 15.5 | 9 depth 5.5 | M6 x 1 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 35.5 | 22 | 3.5 | 6 | 87 | 28 | Rc, NPT, 1/8 | 100 | 140 | 114 |
| MLUB40 | 15 | 6 | 14 | M14 $\times 1.5$ | M8 $\times 1.25$ depth 13 | 60 | 16 | 10.5 depth 6.5 | M8 x 1.25 | 6.9 | 9 | 8 | 37.5 | 22.5 | 3.5 | 9 | 87 | 36 | Rc, NPT, 1/8 | 104 | 149 | 119 |
| MLUB50 | 18 | 7 | 18 | M18 $\times 1.5$ | M10 1.5 depth 15 | 72 | 21.5 | 13.5 depth 8.5 | M10 $\times 1.5$ | 8.7 | 12 | 10 | 44 | 28 | 3.5 | 9 | 102.5 | 42 | Rc, NPT, 1/4 | 124.5 | 177.5 | 142.5 |

## Axial foot type



| Model |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | LD | LH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LS | LT | LX | LY | LZ | X | Y | ZZ |  |  |  |
| MLUL25 | 5.5 | 29 | 114 | 3.2 | 11 | 56 | 23 | 12 | 6 | 144 |
| MLUL32 | 6.6 | 37 | 132 | 4.5 | 12 | 71 | 27 | 16 | 8 | 164 |
| MLUL40 | 9 | 46 | 140 | 4.5 | 15 | 89 | 31 | 18 | 10 | 177 |
| MLUL50 | 11 | 57 | 166.5 | 5 | 18 | 109 | 37 | 21 | 11 | 209.5 |

## Front flange type



Rear flange


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Model | FD | FT | FV | FX | FY | FZ | ZZ |
| MLUF25, MLUG25 | 5.5 | 8 | 76 | 14 | 66 | 24 | 134 |
| MLUF32, MLUG32 | 7 | 8 | 94 | 16 | 82 | 28 | 148 |
| MLUF40, MLUG40 | 9 | 9 | 118 | 18 | 102 | 32 | 158 |
| MLUF50, MLUG50 | 11 | 12 | 144 | 22 | 126 | 39 | 189.5 |

Single clevis
Double clevis


| Model | CDH10 | CX | CZ | L | Q | RR | Z | ZZ | Rotation angle |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| MLUC25, MLUD25 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 9 | 18 | 17 | 160 | 8 | 143 | 151 | 100 |
| MLUC32, MLUD32 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 11 | 22 | 22 | 184 | 10 | 162 | 172 | 90 |
| MLUC40, MLUD40 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 13 | 26 | 27 | 203 | 10 | 176 | 186 | 80 |
| MLUC50, MLUD50 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 16 | 32 | 32 | 241.5 | 14 | 209.5223 .5 | 80 |  |

## Series MLU

Accessories

## Single knuckle joint



## Double knuckle joint



| Model | L | LA | LB | LC | LD | LU | LX | RR | Z | ZZ | Applicable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MLU $\square 25$ | 52.5 | 35 | 27 | 18 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 13 | ${ }_{1+0.2}^{+0.4}$ | 8 | 142.5 | 150.5 | CD-MU02 |
| MLU $\square 32$ | 59 | 41 | 31 | 22 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 14 | $11_{+0.2}^{+0.4}$ | 10 | 159 | 169 | CD-MU03 |
| MLU $\square 40$ | 67 | 46 | 36 | 26 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 17 | $13_{+0.2}^{+0.4}$ | 10 | 171 | 181 | CD-MU04 |
| MLU $\square 50$ | 81 | 62 | 46 | 32 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 23 | $16_{+0.2}^{+0.4}$ | 16 | 205.5 | 221.5 | CD-MU05 |

The $L, Z$ and $Z Z$ dimensions are reference dimensions when mounting a double knuckle joint. Please use them as guidelines.

## Double clevis (Single clevis bracket)



| Part no. | Size | DA | DB | DDH10 | DE | DF | DH | DI | DJ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MU-D02 | 25 | 53 | 23 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 4 | 11 | 17 | 7 |
| MU-D03 | 32 | 67 | 27 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 7 | 13 | 22 | 10 |
| MU-D04 | 40 | 85 | 31 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 3.5 | 10 | 13 | 27 | 10 |
| MU-D05 | 50 | 103 | 37 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 5.5 | 12 | 17 | 32 | 14 |


| Part no. | DL | DR | DT | DX | DY | DZ | Applicable pin no. |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| MU-D02 | 26 | 5.3 | 9.5 | 18 | 9 | 8 | CD-MU02 |
| MU-D03 | 42 | 6.4 | 11 | 22 | 11 | 10 | CD-MU03 |
| MU-D04 | 54 | 8.4 | 14 | 26 | 13 | 10 | CD-MU04 |
| MU-D05 | 64 | 10.5 | 17 | 32 | 16 | 14 | CD-MU05 |

## Single knuckle joint



| Part no. | Size | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ | MM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I-MU02 | 25 | 10.5 | 16 | 27 | M10 x 1.25 |  |
| I-MU03 | 32 | 12 | 18 | 31 | $\mathrm{M} 12 \times 1.25$ |  |
| I-MU04 | 40 | 14 | 20 | 36 | M14 $\times 1.5$ |  |
| I-MU05 | 50 | 18 | 28 | 46 | M18 $\times 1.5$ |  |
| Part no. | ND ${ }_{\text {H10 }}$ | NL | NO | NX | R1 | $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ |
| I-MU02 | $8^{+0.058}$ | 8.5 | 19.5 | 9 | 8.5 | 11 |
| I-MU03 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 10 | 24 | 11 | 10 | 14 |
| I-MU04 | $10^{+0.058}$ | 11 | 26 | 13 | 11 | 15 |
| I-MU05 | $14^{+0.070}$ | 16 | 36 | 16 | 16 | 20 |

## Clevis pin and knuckle pin



| Part no. | Size |  | Dd9 | L | d | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CD-MU02 | 25 |  | $8_{-0.076}^{-0.040}$ | 23 | 7.6 | 18.2 |
| CD-MU03 | 32 |  | $10_{-0.076}^{0.040}$ | 27 | 9.6 | 22.2 |
| CD-MU04 | 40 |  | 10-0.076 | 31 | 9.6 | 26.2 |
| CD-MU05 | 50 |  | $14_{-0.093}^{0.005}$ | 38 | 13.4 | 32.2 |
| Part no. | m | t | Snap ring |  |  |  |
| CD-MU02 | 1.5 | 0.9 | C8 type |  |  |  |
| CD-MU03 | 1.25 | 1.15 | C10 type |  |  |  |
| CD-MU04 | 1.25 | 1.15 | C10 type |  |  |  |
| CD-MU05 | 1.75 | 1.15 | C14 type |  |  |  |

*Included with the double clevis and double knuckle joint as standard.

## Double knuckle joint



| Part no. | Size |  | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ | M |  | ND ${ }_{\text {H10 }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y-MU02 | 25 |  | 10.5 | 14 | 27 | M10 $\times$ | 1.25 | $8^{+0.058}$ |
| Y-MU03 | 32 |  | 12 | 18 | 31 | M12 $\times$ | 1.25 | $10^{+0.058}$ |
| Y-MU04 | 40 |  | 14 | 20 | 36 | M14 | 1.5 | $10^{+0.058}$ |
| Y-MU05 | 50 |  | 18 | 28 | 46 | M18 | 1.5 | $14^{+0.070}$ |
| Part no. | NL ${ }^{\text {NO }}$ |  |  | NZ | R1 | $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ | Applicable pin no. |  |
| Y-MU02 | 8 | 21 | 9 | 18 | 3 | 13 |  | MU02 |
| Y-MU03 | 10 | 24 | 11 | 22 | 4 | 14 |  | MU03 |
| Y-MU04 | 10 | 27 | 13 | 26 | 5 | 17 |  | MU04 |
| Y-MU05 | 16 | 39 | 16 | 32 | 6 | 23 |  | -MU05 |

*Knuckle pin and snap ring are included.

## Rod end nut



| Part no. | Size | d | H | B | C | D |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NT-03 | 25 | $\mathrm{M} 10 \times 1.25$ | 6 | 17 | 19.6 | 16.5 |
| NT-MU03 | 32 | $\mathrm{M} 12 \times 1.25$ | 7 | 19 | 21.9 | 18 |
| NT-04 | 40 | $\mathrm{M} 14 \times 1.5$ | 8 | 22 | 25.4 | 21 |
| NT-05 | 50 | $\mathrm{M} 18 \times 1.5$ | 11 | 27 | 31.2 | 26 |

*One piece is included with the rod end male thread as standard.

## Series MLU

Auto Switches/Proper Mounting Positions and Height for Stroke End Detection


D-A73C
D-A80C
$\varnothing 40, \varnothing 50$
$\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32$



D-A79W D-F7 $\square$ WV $\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32$

D-F7 $\square$ V
D-F7BAVL

$\varnothing 40, \varnothing 50$



Proper auto switch mounting position

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A7■ } \\ & \text { D-A80 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A7■H } \\ & \text { D-A80H } \\ & \text { D-F7 } \\ & \text { D-F7口V } \\ & \text { D-J79 } \\ & \text { D-F7 } \square W \\ & \text { D-F7 } \square W \mathrm{WV} \\ & \text { D-J79W } \\ & \text { D-F7BAL } \\ & \text { D-F7BAVL } \\ & \text { D-F79F } \end{aligned}$ | D-A73C <br> D-A80C <br> D-J79C | D-A79W | D-F7LF | D-F7NTL | D-P5DWL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size | A | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| 25 | 4.5 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 10 | - |
| 32 | 4.5 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 10 | - |
| 40 | 5 | 5.5 | 0 | 2.5 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 0.5 |
| 50 | 6.5 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 12 | 2 |

Auto switch mounting height

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A7 } \\ & \text { D-A80 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-A7口H } \\ & \text { D-80H } \\ & \text { D-F7■ } \\ & \text { D-J79 } \\ & \text { D-F7 } \square W \\ & \text { D-79W } \\ & \text { D-F7NTL } \\ & \text { D-F7■F } \\ & \text { D-F7BAL } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \text { D-A73C } \\ \text { D-A80C } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D-F7 } \square V \\ & \text { D-F7 } \\ & \text { D-F7BAV } \end{aligned}$ | D-J79C | D-A79W | D-P5DWL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hs | Hs | Hs | Hs | Hs | Hs | Hs |
| 32 | 33 | 39 | 35.5 | 37.5 | 34.5 | - |
| 39 | 40 | 46 | 42.5 | 44.5 | 41.5 | - |
| 47 | 48 | 54 | 50.5 | 52.5 | 49.5 | 56.5 |
| 56 | 57 | 63 | 59.5 | 61.5 | 58.5 | 66 |

## Operating range

| Auto switch model | Bore size |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 |
| D-A7 $\square$, A80 D-A7 $\square$ H, A80H D-A73C, A80C | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| D-A79W | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 |
| D-F7 $\square$, J79 D-F7 $\square \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{J79C}$ D-F7 $\square \mathrm{W}$, F7 $\square \mathrm{WV}$ D-J79W, F7NTL D-F7BAL, F7BAVL D-F79F | 6.5 | 7 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| D-F7LF | 7 | 7.5 | 7 | 7 |
| D-P5DWL | - | - | 5 | 5 |

*Hysteresis specifications are given as a guide, it is not a guaranteed range.
(Tolerance $\pm 30 \%$ )
Hysteresis may fluctuate due to the operating environment.

## Auto Switch Mounting

## Except for D-P5DWL



Tightening torque of auto switch mounting screws should be 0.5 to $0.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.

## D-P5DWL


*Only size 40 and 50 can be mounted.


# Series MLU Auto Switch Connections and Examples 

Basic Wiring


## Examples of Connection to PLC

Sink input specifications
3-wire, NPN


2-wire


Source input specifications
3-wire, PNP


2-wire


Connect according to the applicable PLC input specifications, as the connection method will vary depending on the PLC input specifications.

## Connection Examples for AND (Series) and OR (Parallel)

3-wire
AND connection for NPN output (using relays)


## 2-wire with 2 switch AND connection



When two switches are connected in series, a load may malfunction because the load voltage will decline when in the ON state. The indicator lights will light up if both of the switches are in the ON state.

AND connection for NPN output
OR connection for NPN output (performed with switches only)


The indicator lights will light up when both switches are turned ON.

## 2-wire with 2 switch OR connection


(Solid state) When two switches are connected in parallel, malfunction may occur because the load voltage will increase when in the OFF state.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Load voltage at OFF } & =\begin{array}{c}
\text { Leakage } \times 2 \mathrm{pcs} . \times \begin{array}{c}
\text { Load } \\
\text { current }
\end{array} \\
\\
\end{array}=1 \mathrm{~mA} \times 2 \mathrm{pcs} \times 3 \mathrm{k} \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$

$=6 \mathrm{~V}$
Example: Load impedance is $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
Leakage current from switch is 1 mA

## Series MLU

## Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by a label of "Caution", "Warning" or "Danger". To ensure safety, be sure to observe ISO 4414 Note 1), JIS B 8370 Note 2) and other safety practices.

[^5]Note 2) JIS B 8370: General Rules for Pneumatic Equipment

## © Warning

1. The compatibility of pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.
Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility for the specific pneumatic system must be based on specifications or after analysis and/or tests to meet your specific requirements.
2. Only trained personnel should operate pneumatically operated machinery and equipment.
Compressed air can be dangerous if an operator is unfamiliar with it. Assembly, handling or repair of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators.
3. Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until safety is confirmed.
4. Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after confirmation of safe locked-out control positions.
5. When equipment is to be removed, confirm the safety process as mentioned above. Cut the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system.
6. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent shooting-out of cylinder piston rod, etc. (Bleed air into the system gradually to create back pressure.)
7. Contact SMC if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions:
8. Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
9. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, press applications, or safety equipment.
10. An application which has the possibility of having negative effects on people, property, or animals, requiring special safety analysis.

Be sure to read before handling.

## . Warning

1. There is a danger of sudden action by air cylinders if sliding parts of machinery are twisted, etc., and changes in forces occur.
In such cases, human injury may occur; e.g., by catching hands or feet in the machinery, or damage to the machinery itself may occur. Therefore, the machine should be designed to avoid such dangers.
2. Attach a protective cover to minimize the risk of human injury.
If a driven object and moving parts of a cylinder pose a danger of human injury, design the structure to avoid contact with the human body.
3. Securely tighten all stationary parts and connected parts so that they will not become loose.
Especially when a cylinder operates with high frequency or is installed where there is a lot of vibration, ensure that all parts remain secure.
4. A deceleration circuit or shock absorber, etc., may be required.
When a driven object is operated at high speed or the load is heavy, a cylinder's cushion will not be sufficient to absorb the impact. Install a deceleration circuit to reduce the speed before cushioning, or install an external shock absorber to relieve the impact. In this case, the rigidity of the machinery should also be examined.
5. Consider a possible drop in circuit pressure due to a power outage, etc.
When a cylinder is used in a clamping mechanism, there is a danger of work pieces dropping if there is a decrease in clamping force due to a drop in circuit pressure caused by a power outage, etc. Therefore, safety equipment should be installed to prevent damage to machinery and/or human injury. Suspension mechanisms and lifting devices also require consideration for drop prevention.
6. Consider a possible loss of power source.

Measures should be taken to protect against human injury and equipment damage in the event that there is a loss of power to equipment controlled by air pressure, electricity or hydraulics, etc.
7. Design circuitry to prevent sudden lurching of driven objects.
When a cylinder is driven by an exhaust center type directional control valve or when starting up after residual pressure is exhausted from the circuit, etc., the piston and its driven object will lurch at high speed if pressure is applied to one side of the cylinder because of the absence of air pressure inside the cylinder. Therefore, equipment should be selected and circuits designed to prevent sudden lurching because, there is a danger of human injury and/or damage to equipment when this occurs.
8. Consider emergency stops.

Design so that human injury and/or damage to machinery and equipment will not be caused when machinery is stopped by a safety device under abnormal conditions, a power outage or a manual emergency stop.
9. Consider the action when operation is restarted after an emergency stop or abnormal stop.
Design the machinery so that human injury or equipment damage will not occur upon restart of operation. When the cylinder has to be reset at the starting position, install safe manual control equipment.

Selection

## $\triangle$ Warning

## 1. Confirm the specifications.

The products advertised in this catalog are designed according to use in industrial compressed air systems. If the products are used in conditions where pressure, temperature, etc., are out of specification, damage and/or malfunction may be caused. Do not use in these conditions. (Refer to specifications.)
Consult SMC if you use a fluid other than compressed air.

## $\triangle$ Caution

1. Operate within the limits of the maximum usable stroke.
The piston rod will be damaged if operated beyond the maximum stroke. Refer to the air cylinder model selection procedures for the maximum usable stroke.
2. Operate the piston within a range such that collision damage will not occur at the stroke end.
Operate within a range such that damage will not occur when the piston having inertial force stops by striking the cover at the stroke end. Refer to the cylinder model selection procedure for the range within which damage will not occur.
3. Use a speed controller to adjust the cylinder drive speed, gradually increasing from a low speed to the desired speed setting.

## Mounting

## $\triangle$ Caution

1. Be certain to align the rod axis with the load and direction of movement when connecting.
When not properly aligned, twisting may occur in the rod and tube, and damage may be caused due to wear on the inner tube surface, bushings, rod surface and seals, etc.
2. When an external guide is used, connect the rod end and the load in such a way that there is no interference at any point within the stroke.
3. Do not scratch or gouge the sliding parts of the cylinder tube or piston rod, etc., by striking or grasping them with other objects.
Cylinder bores are manufactured to precise tolerances, so that even a slight deformation may cause malfunction. Also, scratches or gouges, etc., in the piston rod may lead to damaged seals and cause air leakage.
4. Prevent the seizure of rotating parts.

Prevent the seizure of rotating parts (pins, etc.) by applying grease.
5. Do not use until you can verify that equipment can operate properly.
Following mounting, maintenance or conversions, verify correct mounting by suitable function and leakage tests after compressed air and power are connected
6. Instruction manual

The product should be mounted and operated after thoroughly reading the manual and understanding its contents.
Keep the instruction manual where it can be referred to as needed.

## Piping

## . Caution

## 1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.
2. Wrapping of pipe tape

When screwing together pipes and fittings, etc., be certain that chips from the pipe threads and sealing material do not get inside the piping.
Also, when pipe tape is used, leave 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.


## Lubrication

## © Caution

## 1. Lubrication of non-lube type cylinder <br> The cylinder is lubricated at the factory and can be used without any further lubrication.

## Air Supply

## . Warning

1. Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air that includes chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.

## . Caution

## 1. Install air filters.

Install air filters at the upstream side of valves. The filtration degree should be $5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ or finer.
2. Install an after-cooler, air dryer or water separator, etc.
Air that includes excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an after-cooler, air dryer or water separator, etc.
3. Use the product within the specified range of fluid and ambient temperature.
Take measures to prevent freezing, since moisture in circuits can be frozen below $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and this may cause damage to seals and lead to malfunction.
Refer to SMC's "Best Pneumatics vol. 4" for further details on compressed air quality.

Operating Environment

## . Warning

1. Do not use in environments where there is a danger of corrosion.
2. In dusty locations or where water, oil, etc., splash on the equipment, take suitable measures to protect rod.
3. When using auto switches, do not operate in an environment with strong magnetic fields.

## Maintenance

## $\triangle$ Warning

1. Perform maintenance according to the procedure indicated in the instruction manual.
If handled improperly, malfunction and damage of machinery or equipment may occur.
2. Removal of equipment, and supply/exhaust of compressed air.
When equipment is removed, first check measures to prevent dropping of driven objects and run-away of equipment, etc. Then cut off the supply pressure and electric power, and exhaust all compressed air from the system.
When machinery is restarted, proceed with caution after confirming measures to prevent cylinder lurching.

## $\triangle$ Caution

1. Drain flushing

Remove drainage from air filters regularly.
(Refer to specifications.)

Series MLU
Auto Switch Precautions 1
Be sure to read before handling.

## Design and Selection

## . Warning

## 1. Confirm the specifications.

Read the specifications carefully and use this product appropriately. The product may be damaged or malfunction if it is used outside the range of specifications for load current, voltage, temperature or impact.
2. Take precautions when multiple cylinders are used close together.
When multiple auto switch cylinders are used in close proximity, magnetic field interference may cause the switches to malfunction. Maintain a minimum cylinder separation of 40 mm .
3. Pay attention to the length of time that a switch is ON at an intermediate stroke position.
When an auto switch is placed at an intermediate position of the stroke and a load is driven at the time the piston passes, the auto switch will operate, but if the speed is too great the operating time will be shortened and the load may not operate properly. The maximum detectable piston speed is:

$$
\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s})=\frac{\text { Auto switch operating range }(\mathrm{mm})}{\text { Load operating time }(\mathrm{ms})} \times 1000
$$

In case of high piston speed, the operating time of the load can be extended by using an auto switch (D-F7NT) with built-in OFF delay timer (approx. 200ms).
4. Keep wiring as short as possible.
<Reed switches>
As the length of the wiring to a load gets longer, the rush current at switching ON becomes greater, and this may shorten the product's life. (The switch will stay ON all the time.)
Use a contact protection box when the wire length is 5 m or longer.

## <Solid state switches>

Although wire length should not affect switch function, use a wire 100 m or shorter.
5. Pay attention to the internal voltage drop of the switch.
<Reed switches>

1) Switches with an indicator light (except D-A76H)

- If auto switches are connected in series as shown below, take note that there will be a large voltage drop because of internal resistance in the light emitting diodes. (Refer to internal voltage drop in the auto switch specifications.)
[The voltage drop will be " $n$ " times larger when " $n$ " auto switches are connected.]
Even though an auto switch operates normally, the load may not operate.

- In the same way, when operating below a specified voltage, although an auto switch may operate normally, the load may not operate. Therefore, the formula below should be satisfied after confirming the minimum operating voltage of the load.


2) If the internal resistance of a light emitting diode causes a problem, select a switch without an indicator light (model D-A80/A80H).
<Solid state switches>
3) Generally, the internal voltage drop will be greater with a 2 -wire solid state auto switch than with a reed switch. Take the same precautions as in 1).
Also, note that a 12VDC relay is not applicable.
6. Pay attention to leakage current.
<Solid state switches>
With a 2-wire solid state auto switch, current (leakage current) flows to the load to operate the internal circuit even when in the OFF state.

Operating current of load (OFF condition) > Leakage current
If the criteria given in the above formula are not met, it will not reset correctly (stays ON). Use a 3-wire switch if this specification will not be satisfied.
Moreover, leakage current flow to the load will be " n " times larger when " $n$ " auto switches are connected in parallel.
7. Do not use a load that generates surge voltage.
<Reed switches>
If driving a load such as a relay that generates a surge voltage, use a contact protection box.
<Solid state switches>
Although a zener diode for surge protection is connected at the output side of a solid state auto switch, damage may still occur if the surge is applied repeatedly. When a load such as a relay or solenoid which generates surge is directly driven, use a type of switch with a built-in surge absorbing element.
8. Cautions for use in an interlock circuit

When an auto switch is used for an interlock signal requiring high reliability, devise a double interlock system to avoid trouble by providing a mechanical protection function, or by also using another switch (sensor) together with the auto switch.
Also perform periodic maintenance and confirm proper operation.
9. Ensure sufficient clearance for maintenance activities.
When designing an application, be sure to allow sufficient clearance for maintenance and inspections.

Series MLU
Auto Switch Precautions 2
Be sure to read before handling.

## Mounting and Adjustment

## . Warning

## 1. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump or apply excessive impacts (300m/s² or more for reed switches and $1000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ or more for solid state switches) while handling. Although the body of the switch may not be damaged, the inside of the switch could be damaged and cause a malfunction.
2. Do not carry a cylinder by the auto switch lead wires.
Never carry a cylinder by its lead wires. This may not only cause broken lead wires, but it may cause internal elements of the switch to be damaged by the stress.
3. Mount switches using the proper tightening torque.
If a switch is tightened beyond the range of tightening torque, the mounting screws, mounting brackets or switch may be damaged. On the other hand, tightening below the range of tightening torque may allow the switch to slip out of position. (Refer to page 10 for switch mounting instructions and tightening torque.)
4. Mount a switch at the center of the operating range.
Adjust the mounting position of an auto switch so that the piston stops at the center of the operating range (the range in which a switch is ON). (The mounting position shown in the catalog indicates the optimum position at stroke end.) If mounted at the end of the operating range (around the borderline of ON and OFF), operation may be unstable.

## Wiring

## $\triangle$ Warning

1. Avoid repeatedly bending or stretching lead wires.
Broken lead wires can result from wiring patterns which repeatedly apply bending stress or stretching force to the lead wires.
2. Be sure to connect the load before power is applied.
<2-wire type>
If the power is turned ON when an auto switch is not connected to a load, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current.
3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Be certain that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch.
4. Do not wire with power lines or high voltage lines.
Wire separately from power lines or high voltage lines, avoiding parallel wiring or wiring in the same conduit with these lines. Control circuits containing auto switches may malfunction due to noise from these other lines.

## Wiring

## © Warning

## 5. Do not allow short circuit of loads.

<Reed switches>
If the power is turned ON with a load in a short circuited condition, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current flow into the switch.
<Solid state switches>
All models of PNP output type switches do not have built-in short circuit protection circuits.
Note that if a load is short circuited, the switch will be instantly damaged as in the case of reed switches.
Take special care to avoid reverse wiring of the brown [red] power supply line and the black [white] output line on 3-wire type switches.

## 6. Avoid incorrect wiring.

<Reed switches>
A 24VDC switch with indicator light has polarity. The brown [red] lead wire is (+), and the blue [black] lead wire is (-).

1) If connections are reversed, a switch will operate, however, the light emitting diode will not light up.
Also note that a current greater than that specified will damage a light emitting diode and it will no longer operate.
Applicable models: D-A73/A73H/A73C
2) Note however, that in the case of 2-color display auto switches (DA79W), the switch will be in a normally ON condition if the wiring is reversed.
<Solid state switches>
3) If connections are reversed on a 2-wire type switch, the switch will not be damaged if protected by a protection circuit, but the switch will be in a normally ON state. However, it is still necessary to avoid reversed connections, since the switch could be damaged by a load short circuit in this condition.
*2) If connections are reversed (power supply line + and power supply line -) on a 3-wire type switch, the switch will be protected by a protection circuit. However, if the power supply line $(+)$ is connected to the blue [black] wire and the power supply line ( - ) is connected to the black [white] wire, the switch will be damaged.

## * Lead wire color changes

Lead wire colors of SMC switches have been changed in order to meet NECA Standard 0402 for production beginning September, 1996 and thereafter. Please refer to the tables provided.
Special care should be taken regarding wire polarity during the time that the old colors still coexist with the new colors.

| 2-wire |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Old | New |
| Output (+) | Red | Brown |
| Output (-) | Black | Blue |

## Solid state

with diagnostic output

|  | Old | New |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply | Red | Brown |
| GND | Black | Blue |
| Output | White | Black |
| Diagnostic output | Yellow | Orange |


| 3-wire |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Old | New |
| Power supply | Red | Brown |
| GND | Black | Blue |
| Output | White | Black |

Solid state with latch
type diagnostic output

|  | Old | New |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply | Red | Brown |
| GND | Black | Blue |
| Output | White | Black |
| Latch type <br> diagnostic output | Yellow | Orange |

## Operating Environment

## $\triangle$ Warning

1. Never use in an atmosphere of explosive gases.
The construction of auto switches is not intended to prevent explosion. Never use in an atmosphere with an explosive gas since this may cause a serious explosion.
2. Do not use in an area where a magnetic field is generated.
Auto switches can malfunction or magnets inside cylinders can become demagnetized. (Consult SMC regarding the availability of a magnetic field resistant auto switch.)
3. Do not use in an environment where the auto switch will be continually exposed to water.
Although switches satisfy IEC standard IP67 construction (JIS C 0920: watertight construction), avoid using switches in applications where continually exposed to water splash or spray. Poor insulation or swelling of the potting resin inside switches may cause malfunction.
4. Do not use in an environment with oil or chemicals.
Consult SMC if auto switches will be used in an environment with coolant, cleaning solvent, various oils or chemicals. If auto switches are used under these conditions for even a short time, they may be adversely affected by improper insulation, malfunction due to swelling of the potting resin, or hardening of the lead wires.
5. Do not use in an environment with temperature cycles.
Consult SMC if switches are used where there are temperature cycles other than normal air temperature changes, as there may be adverse effects inside the switches.
6. Do not use in an environment where there is excessive impact shock.
<Reed switches>
When excessive impact $\left(300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right.$ or more) is applied to a reed switch during operation, the contact point will malfunction and generate or cut off a signal momentarily ( 1 ms or less). Consult SMC regarding the need to use a solid state switch depending upon the environment.
7. Do not use in an area where surges are generated.
<Solid state switches>
When there are units (solenoid type lifter, high frequency induction furnace, motor, etc.) which generate a large amount of surge in the area around cylinders with solid state auto switches, this may cause deterioration or damage to the switches. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.
8. Avoid accumulation of iron waste or close contact with magnetic substances.
When a large amount of iron waste such as machining chips or spatter is accumulated, or a magnetic substance (something attracted by a magnet) is brought into close proximity with an auto switch cylinder, it may cause auto switches to malfunction due to a loss of the magnetic force inside the cylinder

## Maintenance

## §. Warning

1. Perform the following maintenance periodically in order to prevent possible danger due to unexpected auto switch malfunction.
1) Securely tighten switch mounting screws.

If screws become loose or the mounting position is dislocated, retighten them after readjusting the mounting position.
2) Confirm that there is no damage to lead wires.

To prevent faulty insulation, replace switches or repair lead wires, etc., if damage is discovered.
3) Confirm the lighting of the green light on the 2-color display type switch.
Confirm that the green LED is on when stopped at the established position. If the red LED is on, the mounting position is not appropriate. Readjust the mounting position until the green LED lights up.

## Other

## $\triangle$ Warning

1. Consult SMC concerning water resistance, elasticity of lead wires, and usage at welding sites, etc.

Refer to pages 12 through 17 for safety instructions, actuator precautions and auto switch precautions.

## Selection

## © Warning

1. Do not use for intermediate cylinder stops.

This cylinder is designed for locking against inadvertent movement from a stationary condition. Do not perform intermediate stops while the cylinder is operating, as this will shorten its service life.
2. Select the correct locking direction, as this cylinder does not generate holding force opposite to the locking direction.
The extension locking direction does not generate holding force in the cylinder's retracting direction, and the retraction locking direction does not generate holding force in the cylinder's extending direction (free).
3. Even when locked, there may be stroke movement of about 1 mm in the locking direction due to external forces such as the weight of the work piece.
Even when locked, if air pressure drops, stroke movement of about 1 mm may be generated in the locking direction of the lock mechanism due to external forces such as the work piece weight.
4. When locked, do not apply impact loads, strong vibration or rotational force, etc.
This will lead to lock mechanism damage and reduced service life, etc.
5. Operate so that load weight, maximum speed and eccentric distance are within the limiting ranges in the graphs below.
Operation beyond the limiting range will lead to cylinder damage and reduced service life, etc.

Allowable kinetic energy


Retraction locking direction
Selection

Allowable load weight
Horizontal (without switch and with switch)


## Pneumatic Circuits

## $\triangle$ Warning

## 1. Do not use 3 position valves.

The lock may be released due to inflow of the unlocking pressure.
2. Install speed controllers for meter-out control.
Malfunction may occur if meter-in control is used.
3. Be careful of reverse exhaust pressure flow from a common exhaust type valve manifold.
Since the lock may be released due to reverse exhaust pressure flow, use an individual exhaust type manifold or single type valve.
4. Branch off the compressed air piping for the lock unit between the cylinder and the speed controller.
Use of an external branch may cause a reduction in service life.
5. Perform piping so that the side going from the piping junction to the lock unit is short. If it is long, this may cause unlocking malfunction and reduce the lock's service life, etc.

F: Extension locking direction



B: Retraction locking direction

Refer to pages 12 through 17 for safety instructions, actuator precautions and auto switch precautions.
Mounting

## Caution

1. Be sure to connect the load to the rod end with the cylinder in an unlocked condition. If this is done when in a locked condition, it may cause damage to the lock mechanism.
2. When fixing a work piece at the end of the piston rod, first retract the piston rod to the back end. Use the spanner hook at the end of the rod to keep the torque below the allowable tightening torque.
3. Always apply the piston rod load in the axial direction. Avoid operation where rotational torque is applied. If it is the only possible way, be sure to use it within the allowable range shown in the table below.
Allowable rotational torque

| Size | $\mathbf{2 5} \cdot \mathrm{m})$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allowable rotational torque | 0.25 | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| Allowable torque for work piece mounting | 1.7 | 1.9 | 0.55 | 1.25 |

4. The piston speed may exceed the maximum operating speed of $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ if the piping is directly connected to the cylinder. Please use speed controllers by SMC to adjust the piston speed so that it will not exceed $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$.

## Preparing for Operation

## © Warning

1. When starting operation from the locked position, be sure to restore air pressure to the $B$ line in the pneumatic circuit.
It is very dangerous to apply pressure to the A line with the B line in an unpressurized state, because the cylinder will move suddenly when unlocked.
2. Shipped in the unlocked condition maintained by the unlocking bolt. Be sure to remove the unlocking bolt following the procedures below before operation.
The locking mechanism will not be effective without the removal of the unlocking bolt.

1) Confirm that there is no air pressure inside the cylinder, and remove dust cover 1 .
2) Supply air pressure of 0.2 MPa or more to unlocking port 2 shown in the drawing on the left.
3) Use a hexagon wrench (ø25, ø32: Width across flats $2.5, \varnothing 40, \varnothing 50$ : Width across flats 3 ) to remove unlocking bolt 3 .

## Manual Unlocking

## $\triangle$ Warning

1. Do not perform unlocking when an external force such as a load or spring force is being applied.
This is very dangerous because the cylinder will move suddenly. Take the following steps.
1) The lock after restoring the air pressure in the B line of the pneumatic circuit to operating pressure, and then reduce the pressure gradually.
2) In case air pressure cannot be used, release the lock after preventing cylinder movement with a lifting device such as a jack.
2. After confirming safety, operate the manual release following the steps shown below.
Carefully confirm that no one is inside the load movement range, etc., and that there is no danger even if the load moves suddenly.

Manual unlocking


Lock ring
Extension locking direction

1) Remove the dust cover.
2) Screw a manual unlocking bolt (a conventional bolt of $\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32$ : M3 $\times 0.5 \times 25$ I or more, $\varnothing 40, \varnothing 50$ : M4 $\times 0.7 \times 35$ l or more) into the lock ring threads as shown above, and lightly push the bolt in the direction of the arrow (head side) to unlock.


Lock ring
Retraction locking direction

1) Remove the dust cover.
2) Screw a manual unlocking bolt (a conventional bolt of $\varnothing 25, \varnothing 32$ : M3 $\times 0.5 \times 251$ or more, $\varnothing 40$, $\varnothing 50$ : M4 x $0.7 \times 35$ I or more) into the lock ring threads as shown above, and lightly push the bolt in the direction of the arrow (rod side) to unlock.

## Maintenance

## $\triangle$ Caution

1.In order to maintain good performance, operate with clean unlubricated air.
If lubricated air, compressor oil or drainage, etc., enter the cylinder, there is a danger of sharply reducing the locking performance.
2. Do not apply grease to the piston rod.

There is a danger of sharply reducing the locking performance.

## 3. Never disassemble the lock unit.

It contains a heavy duty spring which is dangerous. There is also a danger of reducing the locking performance.

# Series MLU <br> Specific Product Precautions 3 <br> Be sure to read before handling. 

Refer to pages 12 through 17 for safety instructions, actuator precautions and auto switch precautions.

## Holding the Unlocked Condition

## Warning

## 1. Sizes MLU can hold the unlocked condition.

<Holding the unlocked condition>

1) Remove the dust cover.
2) Supply air pressure of 0.2 MPa or more to the unlocking port, and set the lock ring to the perpendicular position.
3) Screw the unlocking bolt which is included (hexagon socket head screw ø25, ø32: M3 x 121, ø40, ø50: M4 x 16I) into the lock ring to hold the unlocked condition.


## 2. To use the locking mechanism again, be sure

 to remove the unlocking bolt.The locking mechanism will not function with the unlocking bolt screwed-in. Remove the unlocking bolt according to the procedures described in the section "Preparing for Operation".

## Auto Switch Handling Precautions

## Warning

1. If two or more cylinders are used in close proximity, the auto switches may malfunction affected by the magnets built in the nearby cylinder.
Please keep the cylinder mounting pitch larger than the values in the table below.

Minimum cylinder mounting pitch


|  |  |  |  | $(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| L (d) | $33(10)$ | $32(5)$ | $36(5)$ | $38(0)$ |

When the mounting pitch is equal to or smaller than the value shown above, it has to be shielded by an iron plate or a magnetic shielding plate (Part No. MU-S025) purchased separately. Please contact SMC for more information.


[^0]:    ＊Seal kits consist of items（11），（12）and（13）contained in one kit，and can be ordered using the

[^1]:    Seal kits consist of items (15), (16), (17) and (18) contained in one kit, and can be ordered using
    the kits number for each cylinder bore size

[^2]:    Spring extend
    MUB25................SMU25, \#9
    MUB32................SMU32, \#9
    MUB40...............SMU40, \#9
    MUB50................SMU50, \#9
    MUB63................SMU63, \#9

[^3]:    Be sure to read before handling. Refer to p.0-44 to 0-46 for auto switch common precautions.

[^4]:    *Lead wire length symbols $0.5 \mathrm{~m} \cdots \cdots$ Nil (Example) A73C
    
    *Solid state switches marked with a "○" symbol are produced upon receipt of order.
    *D-P5DWL type can only be mounted on the types for tubing of $ø 40$ and $ø 50$.
    Only D-P5DWL is mounted when shipped.

[^5]:    - 

    I
    ! CaUtion: Operator error could result in injury or equipment damage.
    t. Warning: Operator error could result in serious injury or loss of life.
    ! Danger : In extreme conditions, there is a possible result of serious injury or loss of life.
    
    Note 1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - Recommendations for the application of equipment to transmission and control systems.

