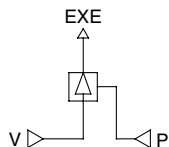


# Vacuum Ejector In-line Type Series ZU



Circuit diagram



## How to Order

ZU 05 S

• Maximum vacuum pressure

S	-85 kPa
L	-48 kPa

• Nozzle diameter

05	0.5 mm
07	0.7 mm

## Specifications

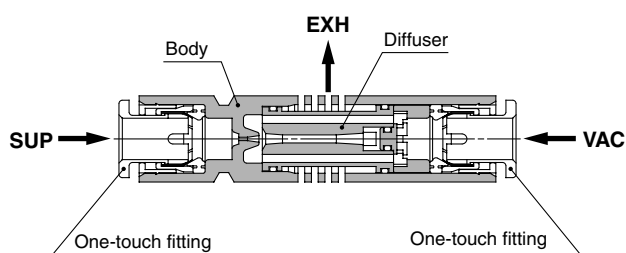
Fluid	Air
Maximum operating pressure	0.7 MPa
Standard supply pressure	0.45 MPa
Operating temperature range	5 to 60°C
Applicable tubing O.D.	SUP port: ø6 VAC port: ø6

## Model

Type	Model	Nozzle diameter (mm)ø	Max. vacuum pressure* (kPa)	Maximum suction flow rate (l/min(ANR))	Air consumption (l/min(ANR))	Weight (g)
High vacuum type	ZU05S	0.5	-85	7	9.5	6.5
	ZU07S	0.7	-85	12	19.0	7.0
Large flow type	ZU05L	0.5	-48	12	9.5	6.5
	ZU07L	0.7	-48	21	19.0	7.0

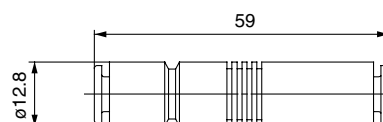
\* Supply pressure: 0.45 MPa

## Construction



## Dimensions

### ZU05S/ZU05L



### ZU07S/ZU07L



ZX  
ZR  
ZM  
ZH  
ZU  
ZL  
ZY  
ZQ  
ZF  
ZP  
ZCU  
AMJ  
Misc.

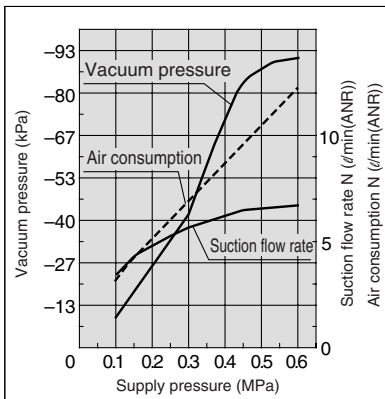
## Exhaust Characteristics/Flow Characteristics

Flow characteristics: at 0.45 MPa

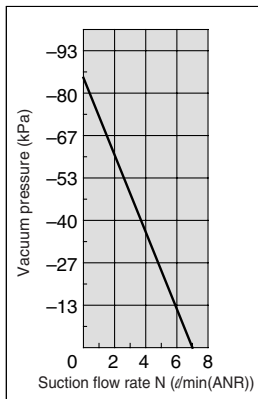
### ZU05S

Max. vacuum pressure: -85 kPa

#### Exhaust Characteristics



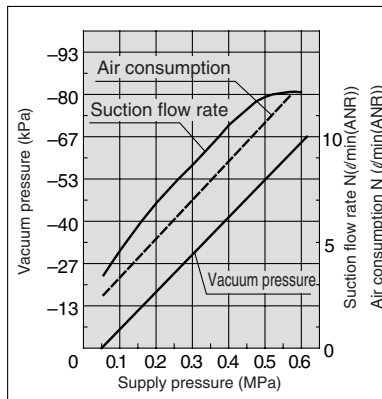
#### Flow Characteristics



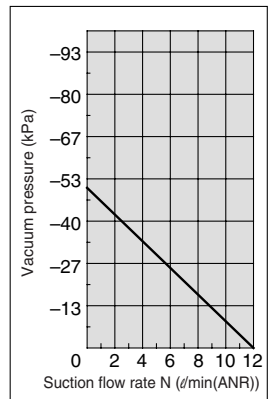
### ZU05L

Max. vacuum pressure: -48 kPa

#### Exhaust Characteristics



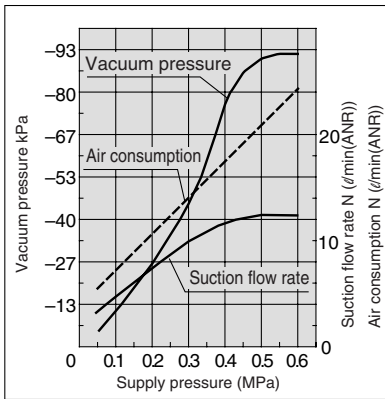
#### Flow Characteristics



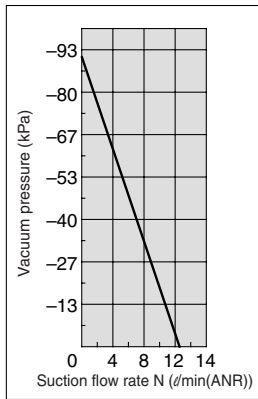
### ZU07S

Max. vacuum pressure: -85 kPa

#### Exhaust Characteristics



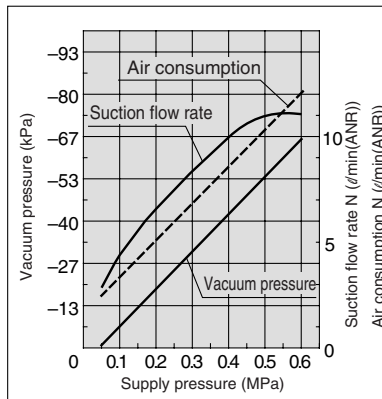
#### Flow Characteristics



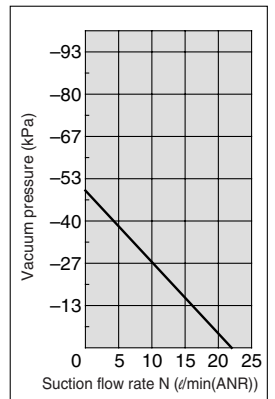
### ZU07L

Max. vacuum pressure: -48 kPa

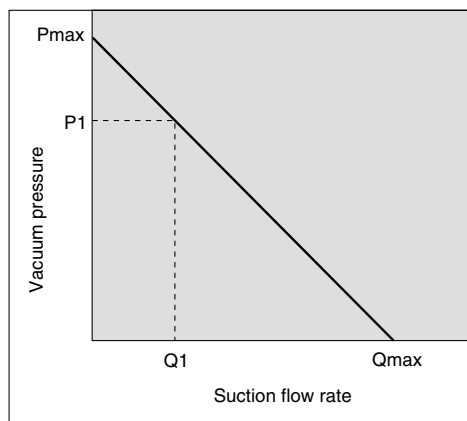
#### Exhaust Characteristics



#### Flow Characteristics



## How to Read Flow Characteristics Graph



Flow characteristics are expressed in ejector vacuum pressure and suction flow. If suction flow rate changes, a change in vacuum pressure will also be noticed. Normally this relationship is expressed in ejector standard use.

In the graph, Pmax is max. vacuum pressure and Qmax is max. suction flow. The values are specified according to the catalog.

Changes in vacuum pressure are expressed in the order below.

1. When ejector suction flow becomes 0, vacuum pressure is at maximum (Pmax).
2. When suction port is opened gradually, air can flow through, (air leakage), suction flow increases, but vacuum pressure decreases. (condition P1 and Q1)
3. When suction port is opened further, suction flow moves to maximum value (Qmax), but vacuum pressure approaches 0 (atmospheric pressure).

When vacuum port (vacuum piping) has no leakage, vacuum pressure becomes maximum. Vacuum pressure decreases as leakage increases. When leakage amount equals max. suction flow, vacuum pressure is near 0.

When ventrative or leaky work must be adsorbed, please note that vacuum pressure will not be high.