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Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of “Caution,” “Warning” or “Danger.” They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)*1, and other safety regulations.

*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems
ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems
IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery -- Electrical equipment of machines (Part 1: General requirements)

etc.

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.
Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results.
The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product.
This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.
The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly.
The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/equipment until safety is confirmed.
1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.

4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.
1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
3. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.
Safety Instructions

Caution

1. The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries. The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries. If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary. If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer/Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following “Limited warranty and Disclaimer” and “Compliance Requirements”. Read and accept them before using the product.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer

1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered.\(^2\) Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.

2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.

3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.

\(^2\) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty. A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

Compliance Requirements

1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.

2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulation of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.
1. Confirm the specifications

Products represented in this manual are designed only for use in compressed air systems (including vacuum).
Do not operate at pressures or temperatures, etc., beyond the range of specifications, as this can cause damage or malfunction. (Refer to the specifications.)

Please contact SMC when using a fluid other than compressed air (including vacuum).

We do not guarantee against any damage if the product is used outside of the specification range.

2. Actuator drive

When an actuator, such as a cylinder, is to be driven using a valve, take appropriate measures (cover installation or approach prohibition) to prevent potential danger caused by actuator operation.

3. Intermediate stops

For 3 position closed center or double check valve style, it is difficult to make a piston stop at the required position accurately and precisely due to the compressibility of air.

Furthermore, since valves and cylinders are not guaranteed for zero air leakage, it may not be possible to hold a stopped position for an extended period of time.

Please contact SMC if it is necessary to hold a stopped position for an extended period of time.

4. Holding pressure (including vacuum)

Since the valves are subject to air leakage, they cannot be used for applications such as holding pressure (including vacuum) in a pressure vessel.

5. Not suitable for use as an emergency shutoff valve, etc.

The valves listed in this manual are not designed for safety applications such as an emergency shutoff valve. If the valves are used for the mentioned applications, additional safety measures should be adopted.

6. Release of residual pressure

For maintenance purposes install a system for releasing residual pressure. Especially in the case of 3-position closed center valve or double check valve type, ensure that the residual pressure between the valve and the cylinder is released.

7. Double solenoid type

When using the double solenoid type for the first time, actuators may travel in an unexpected direction depending on the switching position of the valve. Implement measures to prevent any danger from occurring when operating the actuator.

8. Ventilation

Provide ventilation when using a valve in a confined area, such as in a closed control panel. For example, install a ventilation opening, etc. in order to prevent pressure from increasing inside of the confined area and to release the heat generated by the valve.

9. Extended periods of continuous energization

- If a valve will be continuously energized for extended period of time, the temperature of the valve will increase due to the heat generated by the coil. This will likely adversely affect the performance of the solenoid valve and any nearby peripheral equipment. Therefore, when it is continuously energized or the energized period per day is longer than the de-energized period use a DC specification valve.

- For applications such as mounting a valve on a control panel, incorporate measure to limit the heat radiation so that it is within the operating temperature range. For example, the temperature will be high when a 3 station manifold or larger is put next to other valves and continuously energized.

10. Do not disassemble the product or make any modifications, including additional machining.

It may cause human injury and/or an accident.

1. Momentary energization

If a double solenoid valve is operated with momentary energization, it should be energized for at least 0.1 second. However, depending on the condition of the secondary load, it should be energized until the cylinder reaches the stroke end position, since there is a possibility of malfunction.
2. Leakage voltage
Take note that the leakage voltage will increase when a resistor is used in parallel with switching element or a C-R circuit (surge voltage suppressor) is used for protecting a switching device because of the passing leakage voltage through the C-R circuit. The suppressor residual leakage voltage should be as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DC coil</th>
<th>AC coil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3% or less of rated voltage</td>
<td>20% or less of rated voltage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Solenoid valve drive for AC with a solid state output (SSR, TRIAC output, etc.)

1) Current leakage
When using a snubber circuit (C-R element) for surge protection of the output, a very small amount of electrical current will continue to flow even during the OFF state.
This results in the valve not returning. In a situation where the tolerance is exceeded, as in the above case, take measures to install a bleeder resistor.

2) Minimum allowable load amount (Min. load current)
When the consumption current of a valve is less than the output's minimum allowable load volume or the margin is small, the output may not switch normally.
Please contact SMC.

4. Surge voltage suppressor
If a surge protection circuits contains nonstandard diodes, such as Zener diodes or varistor, a residual voltage that is in proportion to the protective circuit and the rated voltage will remain. Therefore, take into consideration the surge voltage protection of the controller.
In the case of diodes, the residual voltage is approximately 1V.

5. Operation in a low temperature condition
It is possible to operate a valve in extreme temperature, as low as -10°C. Take appropriate measures to avoid freezing of drainage, moisture etc. in low temperature.

6. Mounting orientation
Mounting orientation is free.
**VFR6000 Series**

5 Port Solenoid Valve / Precautions 3

Be sure to read before handling.

---

**Piping**

**Caution**

1. **Preparation before piping**
   Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

2. **Wrapping of pipe tape**
   When screwing piping or fittings into ports, ensure that chips from the pipe threads or sealing material do not enter the piping. Also, if pipe tape is used, leave 1 thread ridge exposed at the end of the threads.

- **Winding direction**
- **Exposure approx. 1 thread**

3. **Closed center type**
   For closed center type, check the piping to prevent air leakage from the piping between the valve and the cylinder.

4. **Connection of fittings**
   When screwing fittings into valves, tighten as follows.
   - **Rc**
     - Tighten with the proper torque shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connection thread</th>
<th>Proper tightening torque (N・m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rc1/8</td>
<td>7 to 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rc3/4</td>
<td>28 to 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rc1</td>
<td>36 to 38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Follow the procedure of the manufacturer when fittings other than SMC is used.

---

**Warning**

1. **Connection thread**
   - **Proper tightening torque**
     - Rc1/8: 7 to 9
     - Rc3/4: 28 to 30
     - Rc1: 36 to 38

---

**Wiring**

**Caution**

1. **Polarity**
   - There is no polarity.

2. **Applied voltage**
   - When electric power is connected to a solenoid valve, be careful to apply the proper voltage. Improper voltage may cause malfunction or coil damage.

3. **Check the connections**
   - Check if the connections are correct after completing all wiring.

---

**Lubrication**

1. **Lubrication**
   - 1) The valve has been lubricated for life by the factory, and does not require any further.
   - 2) If a lubricant is used in the system, use class 1 turbine oil (no additive), ISO VG32.
     - Once a lubricant is used in the system, lubrication must be continued because the original lubricant applied during manufacturing will be washed away.
     - If turbine oil is used, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) of the oil.
   - 3) Please contact SMC regarding class 2 turbine oil (with additives), ISO VG32.

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**Air Supply**

**Warning**

1. **Type of fluids**
   - Please consult with SMC when using the product in applications other than compressed air.

2. **When there is a large amount of drainage**
   - Compressed air containing a large amount of drainage can cause malfunction of pneumatic equipment. An air dryer or water separator should be installed upstream from filters.

3. **Drain flushing**
   - If condensation in the drain bowl is not emptied on a regular basis, the bowl will overflow and allow the condensation to enter the compressed air lines. It causes malfunction of pneumatic equipment.
   - If the drain bowl is difficult to check and remove, installation of a drain bowl with an auto drain option is recommended.
   - For compressed air quality, refer to SMC's Best Pneumatics catalog.

4. **Use clean air**
   - Do not use compressed air that contains chemicals, synthetic oils including organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.
1. When extremely dry air is used as a fluid, degradation of the lubrication properties inside the equipment may occur, resulting in reduced reliability (or reduced service life) of the equipment. Please consult with SMC.

2. Install an air filters.
   Install an air filter upstream near the valve. Select an air filter with a filtration size of 5 µm or smaller.

3. Take measures to ensure air quality, such as by installing an aftercooler, air dryer, or water separator.
   Compressed air that contains a large amount of drainage can cause malfunction of pneumatic equipment such as valves. Therefore, take appropriate measures to ensure air quality, such as by providing an aftercooler, air dryer, or water separator.

4. If excessive carbon powder is seen, install a mist separator on the upstream side of the valve.
   If excessive carbon powder is generated by the compressor, it may adhere to the inside of a valve and cause it to malfunction.
   For compressed air quality, refer to SMC’s Best Pneumatics catalog.

5. When the solenoid valve is mounted in a control panel or its energized for a long time, make sure ambient temperatures is within the specification of the valve.

6. Perform maintenance inspection according to the procedures indicated in the operation manual.
   If handled Improperly, malfunction and damage of machinery or equipment may occur.

7. Removal of equipment, and supply/exhaust of compressed air
   When components are removed, first confirm that measures are in place to prevent workpieces from dropping, run-away equipment, etc. Then, cut off the supply pressure and electric power, and exhaust all compressed air from the system using the residual pressure release function.
   For 3-position closed center type, exhaust the residual pressure between the valve and the cylinder.
   When the equipment is operated after remounting or replacement, first confirm that measures are in place to prevent lurching of actuators, etc. Then, confirm that the equipment is operating normally.

8. Low frequency operation
   Valves should be operated at least once every 30 days to prevent malfunction. (Use caution regarding the air supply.)

9. Manual override
   When the manual override is operated, equipment will be actuated.
   Operate after safety is confirmed.

10. Drain flushing
    Remove drainage from the air filters regularly.

11. Lubrication
    In the case of rubber seals, once lubrication has been started, it must be continued.
    Use class 1 turbine oil (with no additive), ISO VG32 because if other lubricant oil is used, it may cause malfunction. Please contact SMC for suggested class 2 turbine oil (with additive), ISO VG32.
VFR6000 Series

Specific Product Precautions 1
Be sure to read before handling.

Lead Wire Connection

**Caution**

Plug-in type (With terminal block)

- If you remove the junction cover (1) on the sub-plate, you will see the plug-in terminal block (2) attached to the inside of sub-plate.

- Terminal block assembly is wired like the following figure. Connect it to each power supply side.

- Can be used as either "+COM", "-COM".

**Applicable terminal:**
1.25-4, 1.25-4M

**Applicable cable:**
Cross section of the wire: 0.5 to 1.5mm²
Cable O.D.: φ8 to φ10mm

**Applicable terminal:**
1.25Y-3L, 1.25-3.5S, 1.25-4M

**Terminal block type**
Remove cover (1), over terminal block (2) attached to the inside of body. Connect with corresponding power side. For a style with light and surge voltage suppressor, straightly pull out the light and surge voltage suppressor substrate (3) and then connect them.

**DIN terminal block type**
Male pin terminal of DIN terminal block of solenoid valves are wired as shown below. Connect to corresponding terminal on the connector. Can be used as either "+COM", "-COM"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal No.</th>
<th>Internal wiring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sol. A side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sol. B side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>COM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Applicable terminal:**
1.25-3L, 1.25-3.5S, 1.25-3M

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Left</th>
<th>Center</th>
<th>Right</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VFR610</td>
<td>A side</td>
<td>A side</td>
<td>COM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VFR620</td>
<td>A side</td>
<td>A side</td>
<td>COM</td>
<td>B side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VFR640</td>
<td>A side</td>
<td>A side</td>
<td>COM</td>
<td>B side</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Can be used as either "+COM" or "-COM".
- Applicable terminal:
  1.25-4, 1.25-4M
**VFR6000 Series**

**Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read before handling.

**Light / Surge Voltage Suppressor**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Light/ Surge voltage suppressor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single solenoid</td>
<td>![Image of single solenoid]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double solenoid</td>
<td>![Image of double solenoid]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24VDC or less</td>
<td>![Image of 24VDC or less]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double solenoid</td>
<td>![Image of double solenoid]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Plug-in type, Non plug-in type**

- **Plug-in type** (VFR6□□00)
- **Non plug-in type** (VFR6□□10)

**Used as 3 Port Valve**

Plugging one of the cylinder ports (A or B) enables use as a normally closed (N.C.) or normally open (N.O.) 3 port valve. It is convenient when 3 port valve is needed on a manifold, etc., but it can’t be used in special applications such as using as a non-leakage valve. Use it with the exhaust port leaving open.

**How to Exchange Solenoid Valve, Pilot Valve Assembly**

- **How to exchange solenoid valve**
  - Loosen set screw and take solenoid valve out vertically, otherwise it may cause damage to the solenoid valve. Never remove valve at an angle.
  - When mounting solenoid valve on to the base, plug pin assembly (base-side) into receptacle assembly (body-side) vertically.

- **How to Exchange Solenoid Valve, Pilot Valve Assembly**
  - Loosen set screw and take solenoid valve out vertically, otherwise it may cause damage to the solenoid valve. Never remove valve at an angle.
  - When mounting solenoid valve on to the base, plug pin assembly (base-side) into receptacle assembly (body-side) vertically.

- **Tightening Torque for Mounting Bolt:** 16 N-m

- **Varistor**

- **B port - N.C.**
  - ![Diagram of B port - N.C.]

- **A port - N.O.**
  - ![Diagram of A port - N.O.]

- **4V**
  - ![Diagram of 4V]

- **5V**
  - ![Diagram of 5V]

- **12V**
  - ![Diagram of 12V]

- **24VDC or less**
  - ![Diagram of 24VDC or less]
How to Exchange Solenoid Valve, Pilot Valve Assembly

Possible to exchange pilot valve assembly like the following figure.

Note) Do not change the rated voltage.

Change Direction of DIN Connector/Cable Entry

Unscrew retaining screw, pull off outer cover, rotate connector block through 180°. Replace cover and tighten screw.
TROUBLE SHOOTING

Should any trouble be found during operation, trace the source of the trouble in the following order and take corrective action.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trouble phenomenon</th>
<th>Cause expected</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Faulty operation</td>
<td>Spool valve has not completely shifted.</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot valve is not operated.</td>
<td>Low line voltage</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign matter caught in core</td>
<td>Poor seal on actuator (cylinder, etc.) side</td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air leaks through EXH. port (PE port) of pilot valve</td>
<td>Foreign matter caught in pilot valve packing</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abbing continuous buzzing sound is emitted when the power is turned on.</td>
<td>Worn coil</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leakage</td>
<td>Insufficient bolt tightening</td>
<td>(6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air leaks through gasket.</td>
<td>Excessive supply oil amount</td>
<td>(7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air leaks through EXH. port [3(EB), 5(EA) port] of main valve.</td>
<td>Low pilot pressure</td>
<td>(8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burnt coil</td>
<td>Swollen spool packing</td>
<td>(9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low pilot pressure</td>
<td>In intrusion of foreign matter</td>
<td>(10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swollen spool packing</td>
<td>Foreign matter caught in core</td>
<td>(11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low voltage</td>
<td>Extrusive supply oil amount</td>
<td>(12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air leaks through gasket.</td>
<td>Foreign matter caught in pilot valve packing</td>
<td>(13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insufficient bolt tightening</td>
<td>Broken coil wire</td>
<td>(14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coiled splashed by water</td>
<td>Low line voltage</td>
<td>(15)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## REMEDY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Regulate voltage, so that the voltage at the time of the operation becomes specifications range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Re-wire correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Replace part.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>Replace part or re-wire positively.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>Replace valve.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>Replace pilot valve assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>Adjust pressure so that pilot pressure will fall within operating pressure range during operation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| (8) | - If wrong oil used, completely air blow to remove oil and replace valve. After valve is replaced, use turbine oil class 1 (ISO VG32).  
   - When a large quantity of drain is given and cannot carry out drain omission surely, install either an auto-drain or a dryer. The valve should be replaced. |
| (9) | Check voltage. Replace pilot valve assembly. |
| (10) | Protect the valve so that water does not splash the coil. Replace pilot valve assembly. |
| (11) | To remove foreign matter, clean the pipe by air blow. Replace valve. |
| (12) | Repair or replace actuators. |
| (13) | Isolate the valve and re-tighten the bolts. |
| (14) | Lessen the oil supply amount to the degree that oil does not spout out of the exhaust port [3(EB), 5(EA), PE port]. *In the case of N.O. specification, 1(P) port. |
| (15) | Supply specified pressure to X port.  
  (Single solenoid, 3 position: 0.2 to 0.9 MPa, Double solenoid: 0.1 to 0.9 MPa) |

If no improvement is achieved in spite of the above countermeasure, inside of the valve may have some abnormality. In this case, stop using the valve immediately.

If any of followings are carried out, inside of the valve may have some failure. In this case, stop using the valve immediately:

1. Voltage out of rated voltage has been used.
2. Oil other than specified one has been lubricated.
3. Lubrication has been stopped intermittently, or lubrication was suspended temporarily.
4. Water splashed directly.
5. Strong impact was given.
6. Alien substance such as drain and particle got into. Drain or garbage invaded a valve.
7. Prohibited way of using the valve which is written at "Precautions" section in this operation manual was carried out excluding above-mentioned.

In addition, in the case of trouble, please send it back to the supplier for repair or replacement.